			Goods pro	Service providing										
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources & mining ^{2,3}	Constr- uction	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, & utilities ⁴	Inform- ation	Finan- cial activi- ties	Profes- sional & business services	Educa- tional & health services	Leisure & hospi- tality	Other services	Public Admini- stration
Total	127.2	130.1	57.2	235.1	142.8	125.7	136.3			59.5	176.5	148.5	68.6	
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	13.3	15.7	14.6		18.6	12.2	8.2				9.0	29.3		
Sprains, strains, tears	53.8	39.4	17.3	68.5	49.3	61.0	70.7			28.9	108.3	44.4		
Amputations	.8													
Bruise, contusions	12.8	16.6	4.9	39.9		10.9	15.1				15.4			
Chemical burns & corrosions														
Heat (thermal) burns	3.2					4.0						13.8		
Soreness, pain	10.4	10.8				10.3	10.7				21.2	14.3		
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	9.8				24.7	7.5	6.2				8.3			
Cuts, lacerations	7.4					6.0	5.3					14.8		
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	2.4	4.3				1.5								
Carpal tunnel syndrome														
Tendonitis														
Multiple traumatic injuries	4.0	6.7				2.7	4.2							
With sprains & other injuries														
With fractures & other injuries	1.7					1.9								
Part of body affected:														
Head	6.4	6.4	5.6			6.4	7.7				11.5	7.0		
Eye	1.7					1.5								
Neck	2.4					3.1	3.3							
Trunk	30.5	27.3	13.4	46.8	31.1	32.1	31.4				52.4	35.1		
Back	21.4	16.3	5.0	33.1	17.0	23.9	27.3				42.0	24.5		
Upper extremities	40.6	46.0	20.0	80.2	57.9	37.9	37.8			26.2	45.5	51.8		
Shoulder	13.6	11.2			17.1	14.7	19.8				19.4			
Arm	4.6	5.1				4.4	4.3					7.4		
Wrist	3.5					4.6	4.2					10.9		
Hand	16.5	27.7	11.4	54.1	23.8	11.0	8.3			9.4	8.7	24.8		
Lower extremities	33.9	30.3	14.6	54.5	29.4	35.6	42.6				44.5	43.4		
Knee	12.7	12.4				12.9	15.4				13.2	18.3		
Ankle	9.8	6.6				11.5	14.9				18.1	7.3		
Foot	5.7	8.2				4.5	4.0				7.9			
Toe, toenail	.8													
Body systems	.9													
Multiple	12.5	18.4		46.8		9.5	13.0				17.2	7.2		
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	1.4					1.2								
Containers	11.6					14.9						23.3		
Furniture, fixtures	5.4					7.1					11.2			
Machinery	7.4		9.3		31.4	3.1	5.0							
Parts & materials	12.1	18.8		34.1	27.2	8.8								
Person, injured or ill worker	20.0			35.1	21.1	21.0					21.8	17.8		
Worker motion or position	19.5					20.5					21.8			
Person, other than injured or ill workers	7.6					11.4								

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, Private industry, Wyoming, 2013

			Goods pro	Service providing										
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources & mining ^{2,3}	Constr- uction	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, & utilities ⁴	Inform- ation	Finan- cial activi- ties	Professional & business services	Educa- tional & health services	Leisure & hospi- tality	Other services	Public Admini- stration
Health care patient	6.8					10.1					62.4			
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	18.3	11.9	6.5			21.4	19.0				41.0	29.4		
Ladder	3.7	7.7				1.7								
Handtools	7.5	11.8		29.8		5.3	7.8							
Vehicles	12.9	11.9	6.0			13.3	18.8				8.3	17.7		
Trucks	4.0	5.0				3.5	7.2							
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.1					1.6								
Event or exposure:														
Violence & other injuries by persons or animal	5.3					7.4					35.1			
Intentional injury by other person	1.4					2.1					12.5			
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	2.2					3.3					18.4			
Animal & insect related incidents	1.7					2.1								
Transportation incidents	7.0	6.5				7.2	7.3					15.2		
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	3.5	5.5				2.6	4.2							
Fires & explosions														
Falls, slips, trips	37.2	31.9	12.9	59.7	33.8	39.9	46.1				56.0	46.3		
Slips, trips without fall	7.8	4.3				9.5	15.2				7.8			
Fall on same level	19.9	13.7	6.9		16.1	23.0	20.8				43.1	30.0		
Fall to lower level	8.9	13.2		31.3		6.8	9.4					8.0		
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	6.1	4.5				6.8						14.3		
Contact with object, equipment	31.4	51.3	23.5	91.4	55.8	21.5	28.6				12.9	30.3		
Struck by object or equipment	18.3	26.1	10.8	55.0		14.4	20.4				9.6	15.8		
Struck against object or equipment	7.2	13.4			23.3	4.1	3.7					10.6		
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	4.8	9.9	7.2			2.3	3.9							
Overexertion & bodily reaction	39.7	34.8	14.4	63.9	39.2	42.1	48.3			21.2	64.2	39.5		
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	1.7					2.2								
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	11.9	8.0	6.8			13.8	19.2				18.2	11.9		

 $^{^1}$ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies.

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

^{20,000,000 =} base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007 include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.