Table 12. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, Private industry, Wyoming, 2013

		Goods producing				Service providing								
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources & mining ^{2,3}	Constr- uction	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation & utilities ⁴	Inform- ation	Finan- cial activi- ties	Profes- sional & business services	Educa- tional & health services	Leisure & hospi- tality	Other services	Public Adminis- tration
Total	2,390	810	180	490	130	1,580	630			100	360	340	40	
Time of event:														
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	50	20				30	20							
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	220	60	20		20	160	70				50			
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	710	290	60	190	40	420	170			50	90	70		
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	720	230	50	150	30	490	170				110	110		
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	320	80	20			250	120				40	70		
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	100	30				80	30				20	30		
Not reported	270	110		80	20	160	60				40	30		
Hours on the job before event occurred:														
Occurred before shift began														
Less than 1 hour	190	60				130	40				40	30		
1 - 2 hours	230	40			20	190	100				30	40		
2 - 4 hours	480	180	30	110	40	310	80				100	90		
4 - 6 hours	380	90	20		20	290	110				50	70		
6 - 8 hours	340	110	30	60	20	240	80				50	50		
8 - 10 hours	350	150	20	110		200	120				30			
10 - 12 hours	50					40	20							
12 - 16 hours														
More than 16 hours														
Not reported	340	170	60	80	20	170	70				40	30		
Day of week:														
Sunday	160	30	20			130	40				40	50		
Monday	440	170	30	110	30	270	110				50	60		
Tuesday	360	120	30		30	240	90				70	40		
Wednesday	370	150	40	100	20	220	110				50	30		
Thursday	430	140	20	100	20	290	130				70	30		
Friday	390	110	20	70	20	280	130				40	70		
Saturday	240	90	20			150	30				40	60		

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies.

<u>Table of Contents</u>

Labor Market Information

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007 include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.