Programs used to measure the misalignment of ITC/TPC in ALEPH with cosmic rays

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I. Introduction

This writeup briefly describes how to run the programs used for the measurement of the misalignment of ITC/TPC. They have been developed from existing programs [1] during the period of May to November 1988 and will be continuously updated. This writeup refers to programs which can be found on the VXCERN but most likely the improved versions are to be found at Mainz University. In any case the author should be contacted to ask for the most recent version.

For the following it might be useful to look into the particular command procedures to understand what files/logical units are needed for certain programs described below. Furthermore you should copy the whole directory DISK\$USER:[ROEHN.ALIG] (except for TPCSIM.EXE, TPCSIM.COM, TPCRUN.COM) onto your area and set the pointers in these files to your own directories.

II. Generation of cosmics

A simple μ generator has been used [2] with GALEPH Version 2.02. The files needed for creating an executable image file (don't worry about the error messages during linking - the missing entries are not needed) and running it are:

a)	DISK\$USER:[ROEHN.ALIG]MUGEN.COM	Command file used for creating the Fortran file
b) c)	DISK\$USER:[ROEHN.ALIG]MUGEN.FOR DISK\$USER:[ROEHN.ALIG]COSMICS.COM	Fortran file generated by a) Command file to create an executable file and run the job
d)	DISK\$USER:[ROEHN.ALIG]COSMICS.CARDS	Input cardfile used for steering

There are two cards in COSMICS.CARDS which are important for misalignment purposes:

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a) KINE 'USER' 0. 0. 0. p1 p2 dZ \phi prob+
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p1 .. p2 momentum range of cosmics in GeV (e.g. 2. 20.) 

dZ z - range for half the TPC for generating cosmics at the top in cm (e.g. 200.) 

prob+ maximum angle of track to y-axis in rad (e.g. 0.785 = \pi/4) probability of generating positive \mu (e.g. 0.5)
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dx alignment constant \delta X dy alignment constant \delta Y dz alignment constant \delta Z \alpha, \beta, \gamma three Euler - angles. They are correlated to \delta \omega, \delta \phi and \delta \phi in the following way \alpha = \text{atan}(-\delta \phi/\delta \omega) \beta = \delta \omega/\cos(\alpha) \gamma = \delta \phi - \alpha, \delta \omega = \beta \cos(\alpha) \delta \phi = -\beta \sin(\alpha) \delta \phi = \alpha + \gamma.
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TPCSIM is now available within GALEPH so that no separate procedure is needed for using it. Anyway it is <a href="https://high.ncbi.nlm.nc

III. Reconstruction of events and introduction of TPC imperfections

For the moment the reconstruction is based on JULIA Version 2.19 which means HBOOK4 is used. So the histograms stored by the reconstruction cannot be used by older programs for displaying plots which use HBOOK3. It is sufficient to introduce the imperfections at this level. This saves a large amount of CPU - time because the same MC - samples can be used. The programs needed for reconstruction are:

a) DISK\$USER:[ROEHN.ALIG]TPREDA.FOR	JULIA - routines changed to implement TPC - coordinate distortions
b) DISK\$USER:[ROEHN.ALIG]COSREC.FOR	Fortran file for introduction of distortions and own reconstruction used for cosmics

c) DISK\$USER:[ROEHN.ALIG]COS_REC.COM

Command file for compiling, linking (don't worry about the error messages during linking - the missing entries are not needed) and executing the reconstruction Input card file for steering

d) DISK\$USER:[ROEHN.ALIG]COS_REC.CARDS

There are three non-standard steering cards:

a) COSM $\varphi \varphi \varphi^T \delta T_0 \delta v_d$ IDISCO IDEVCO(1..IDISCO)

 ϕ , ϕ angles of B-field relative to E-field in radians (e.g. 0.001 1.0)

 ϕ^T twist angle of the two TPC - halves in radians (e.g. 0.001)

 δT_0 shift in T_0 of the TPC in cm

δv_d relative shift of the drift velocity in the TPC

IDISCO number of events to be displayed for debugging purposes. If IDISCO is greater than 0

the following array must be supplied

IDEVCO(1..IDISCO) in which the numbers of the events to be displayed have to be given.

b) CUCO NT1 NT2 NI1 NI2 RESID χ^2_{TPC} χ^2_{ITC} $D_{0,max}$ P_{min} ICUTCO

NT1 minimum number of hits in TPC required (recommended NT1 > 30, NT1 = 22,

NT1 = 10 for ICUTCO = 0, 1, 2

NT2 maximum number of hits in TPC allowed (recommended NT1 = 42, NT1 = 42,

NT1 = 18 for ICUTCO = 0, 1, 2)

NI1 minimum number of hits in ITC required (recommended 16) NI2 maximum number of hits in ITC allowed (recommended 16)

RESID maximum allowed residuals for the ITC in cm (recommended 0.05)

 χ^2_{TPC} maximum χ^2 allowed for TPC helix fit (recommended 2.0)

 χ^2_{ITC} maximum χ^2 allowed for ITC helix fit (recommended 2.0)

 $D_{0,max}$ maximum allowed D_0

P_{min} minimum demanded momentum

ICUTCO ICUTCO = 0 ... no slicing of tracks at all

ICUTCO = 1 ... slicing tracks, so that only hits on one side of the TPC are

taken into account for one track

 $ICUTCO = 2 \dots$ as 1, but only inner sectors of the TPC are used Single tracks from the vertex can be reconstructed

c) REIT T_{0.width} T_{0.init} T_{tolerance}

 $T_{0,width}$ width of simulated jitter in ITC in ns

T_{0,init} offset of simulated jitter in ITC in ns

T_{tolerance} tolerance in ns for iteration for measuring the jitter (recommended 0.1)

TPCSIM processed data can be reconstructed as well as GALEPH output.

The command file COS_REC.COM produces a data file on unit 95 where all track parameters, cuts and cut statistics are stored. This file is read by the program described below.

IV. Determination of the alignment constants

For measuring the alignment constants COSALI_MIN.FOR gives the result of the analysis using a MINUIT fit [3] differing from the old procedure [1]. It splits the TPC into two halves analysing them separately. It measures 5 alignment constants (δZ is not measured) per TPC-half. Furthermore they are interpreted as the x-and y components of the drift velocity in the TPC (induced e.g. by the ExB effect) and the twist angle as well. The true values have to be given within the MINUT steering cards. In case imperfections are used these values can be computed with the formulas given in [3]. COSALI_MIN.FOR treats the TPC as one detector in case ICUTCO = 0 for the reconstruction. So one needs:

a) DISK\$USER:[ROEHN.ALIG]COSALI_MIN.FOR

Fortran file for measuring the alignment offsets and TPC parameters

b) DISK\$USER:[ROEHN.ALIG]COSALI_MIN.COM

Command file for compiling, linking and running the program.

c) DISK\$USER:[ROEHN.ALIG]MINUIT.CARDS

Card file for steering of Minuit.

Some explanations for the MINUIT.CARDS: After the parameters have been given, you should give the true values after a blank line. They must obey the scheme:

X1	X2	X3	X4	X5	X6	X7	X8
Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6	Y7	Y8
Z1	$\mathbf{Z}2$	Z 3	Z 4	Z 5	Z 6	Z 7	Z 8

Xi are the values for the TPC - parameters

$$(\Psi_x, \Psi_v, \delta X^{\text{ITC}}, \delta Y^{\text{ITC}}, \delta \Psi^{\text{ITC}}, \delta \omega^{\text{ITC}}, \delta \phi^{\text{ITC}}, \phi^T),$$

Yi are the pure alignment constant values for the TPC - B (z_0 <0)

$$(\delta X^{TPCB}, \delta Y^{TPCB}, \delta \Psi^{TPCB}, \delta \omega^{TPCB}, \delta \phi^{TPCB}, 0, 0, 0)$$

Zi are the pure alignment constant values for the TPC - A $(z_0>0)$

$$(\delta X^{TPCA}, \delta Y^{TPCA}, \delta \Psi^{TPCA}, \delta \omega^{TPCA}, \delta \phi^{TPCA}, 0, 0, 0).$$

It is best to take the file MINUIT.CARDS given above and modify it as you wish to do.

V. Changes in ALEPH - software

It should be mentioned that due to the changes in the most recent versions of GALEPH (2.02), TPCSIM (2.06) and JULIA (2.19) at CERN compared to the versions used at MAINZ (GALEPH 2.01, TPCSIM 2.04, JULIA 2.17) for the studies presented in [3] the results are not identical. Furthermore different versions of GEANT give reason for additional differences. The resulting increase of the χ^2 when using TPCSIM 2.06 will be subject of further investigation.

VI. References

- [1] R. W. Forty: Alignment of the ITC, ALEPH Note 87-015
- [2] Subroutine written by R. Beuselinck
- [3] St. Roehn: Alignment of TPC/ITC, ALEPH Note 88-20