

Prospects for Single- and Di-Higgs Measurements at the HL-LHC with the ATLAS Experiment

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On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration



ICHEP 2024
PRAGUE

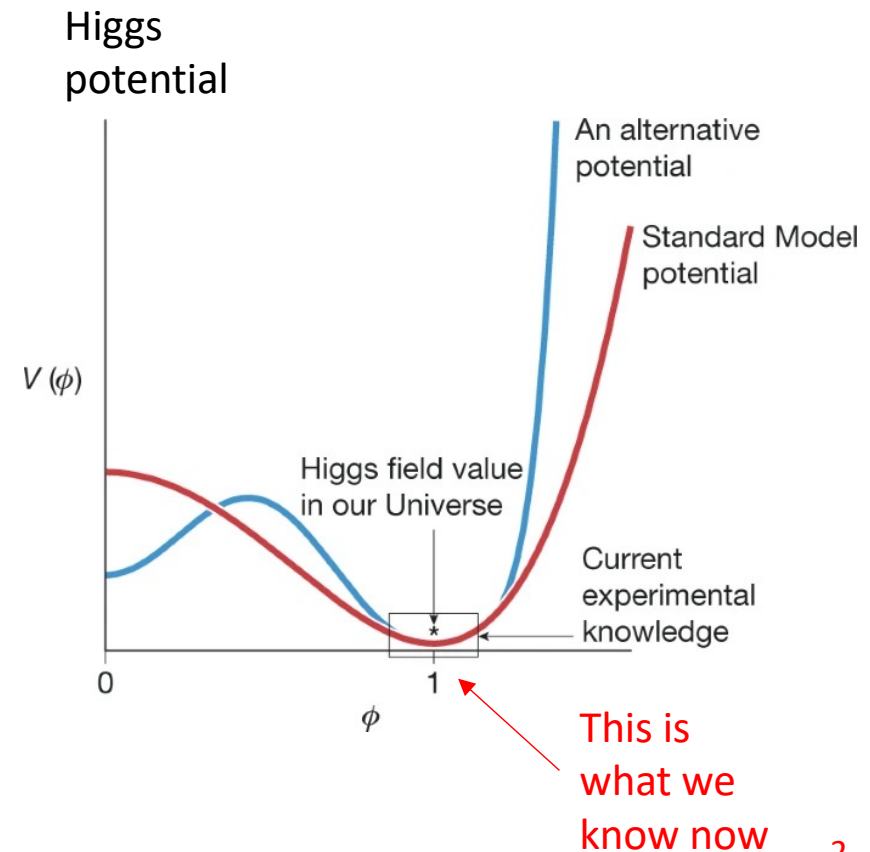
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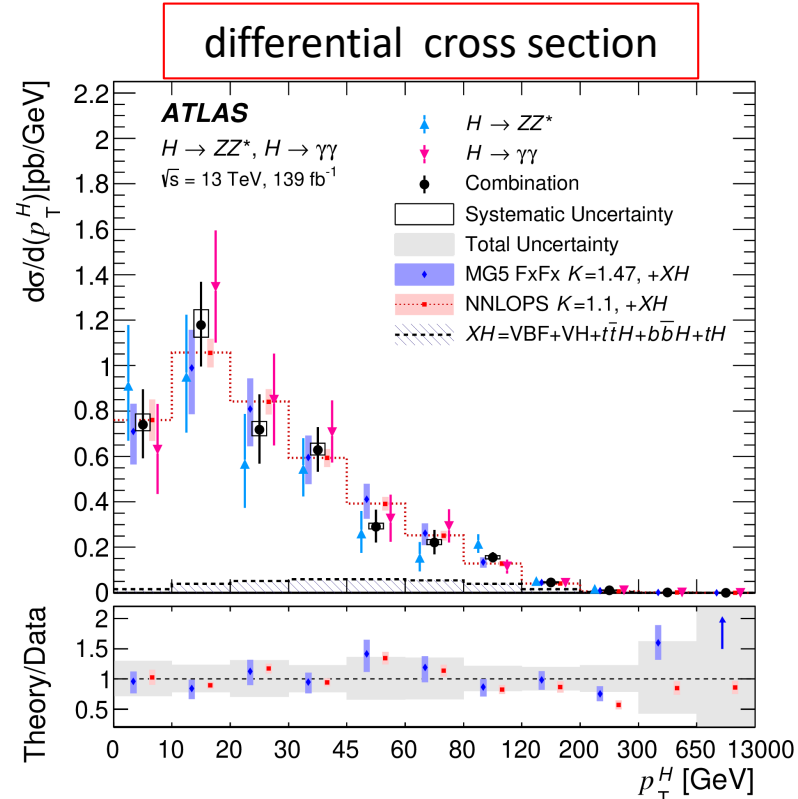
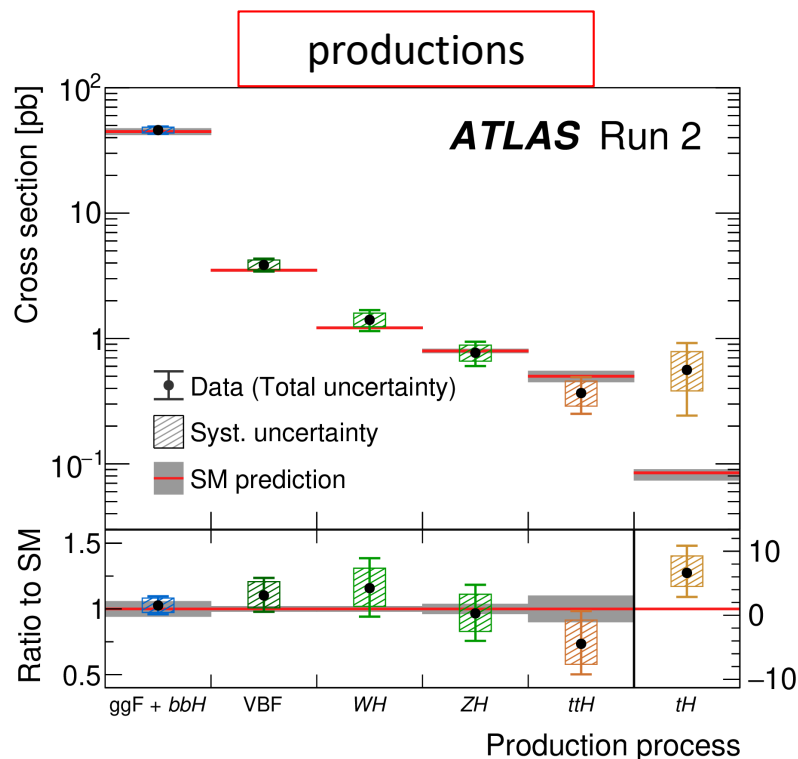
The banner features a background image of a particle detector's inner structure. It includes the conference title "ICHEP 2024 PRAGUE", the subtitle "42nd International Conference on High Energy Physics", the dates and location "18-24 July · 2024 · Prague · Czech Republic", and a logo for the conference with the website "ichep2024.org".

Higgs Physics

- In Standard Model (SM) all Higgs properties are defined once its mass is known
- Still many open questions in SM
- Alternate theories predict different properties of the Higgs boson, and/or existence of more Higgs bosons
- Higgs self-coupling (λ_{HHH}) determines the shape of the Higgs potential, and links to the naturalness/hierarchy problem
- After Higgs boson was discovered 12 years ago, vast program was launched to measure its properties with ATLAS Run 1 + Run 2 data
- However larger data sample is needed for
 - Precision measurements to check compatibility with SM predictions
 - To observe any deviation from the SM expectation that hints new physics
 - Precise measurement of the Higgs potential which determines the dynamics of the Higgs field



Where Do We Stand Now : Single-Higgs

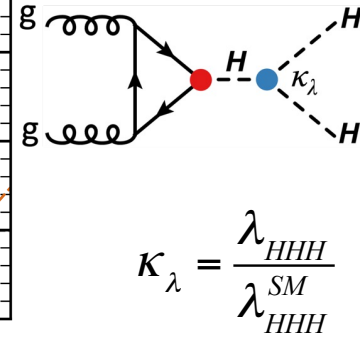
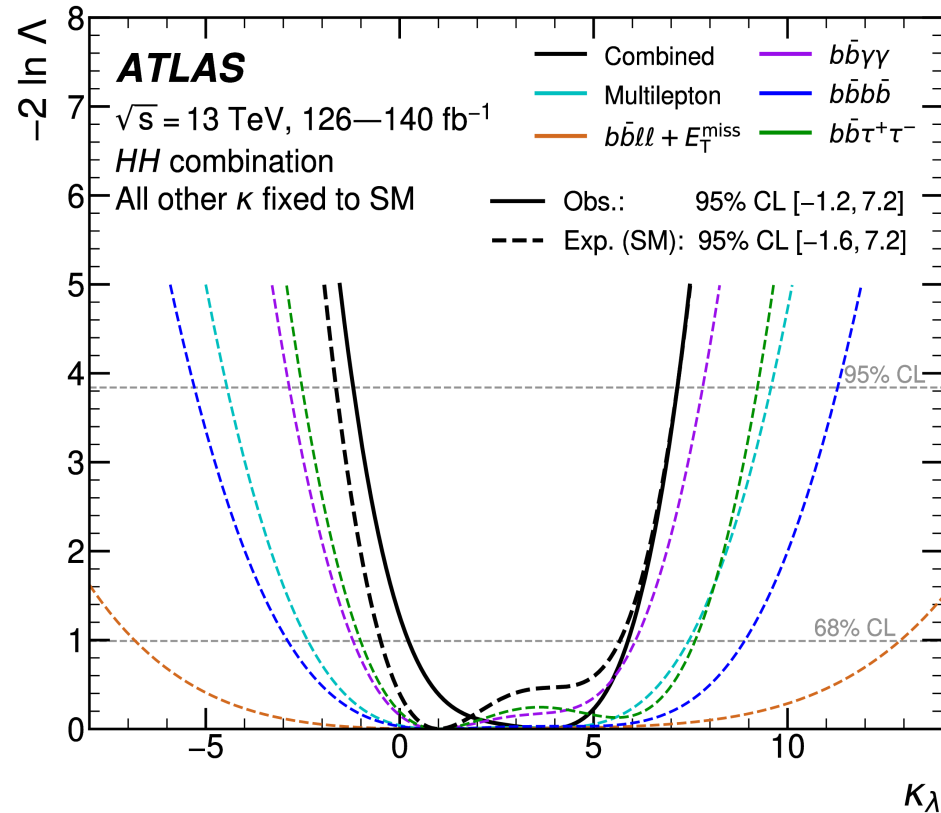
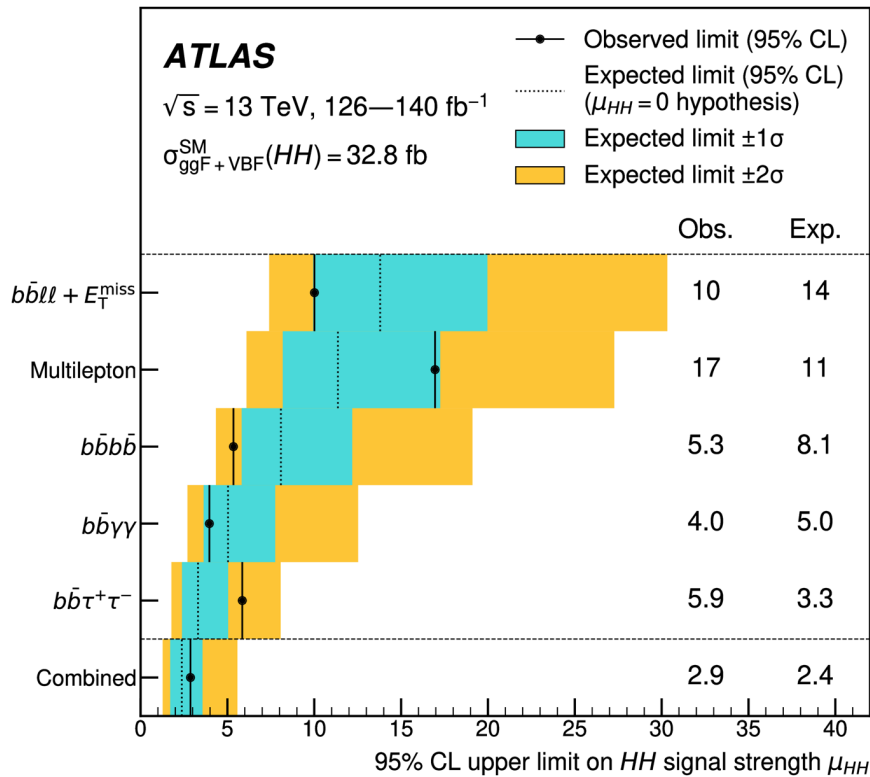


- Observed main production channels (ggF, VBF, VH, ttH), and couplings to gauge bosons ($\gamma\gamma, WW, ZZ$) and 3rd gen. fermions (τ, b, t)
- Productions, decays and couplings are measured at O(10%) precision in best channels
- Probing couplings to 2nd gen. fermions and rare decay
 - $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ (@ 2σ), $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ (@ 2.2σ)
 - $\sigma(VH(\rightarrow cc)) : < 11.3 \times \text{SM observed (95\%CL)}$ **NEW!**
 - [see Francesco Armando Di Bello's talk](#)

- Probe kinematic features of Higgs boson
 - E.g. $p_T(H)$, $|y_H|$, N_{jet} , $p_T(\text{lead jet})$
 - $p_T(H)$ precision:
 - $\sim 20\text{-}30\%$ @ $< 300 \text{ GeV}$
 - $\sim 60\%$ @ $300\text{-}650 \text{ GeV}$

Where Do We Stand Now : Di-Higgs

- Recent combined results from several searches with full Run 2 data

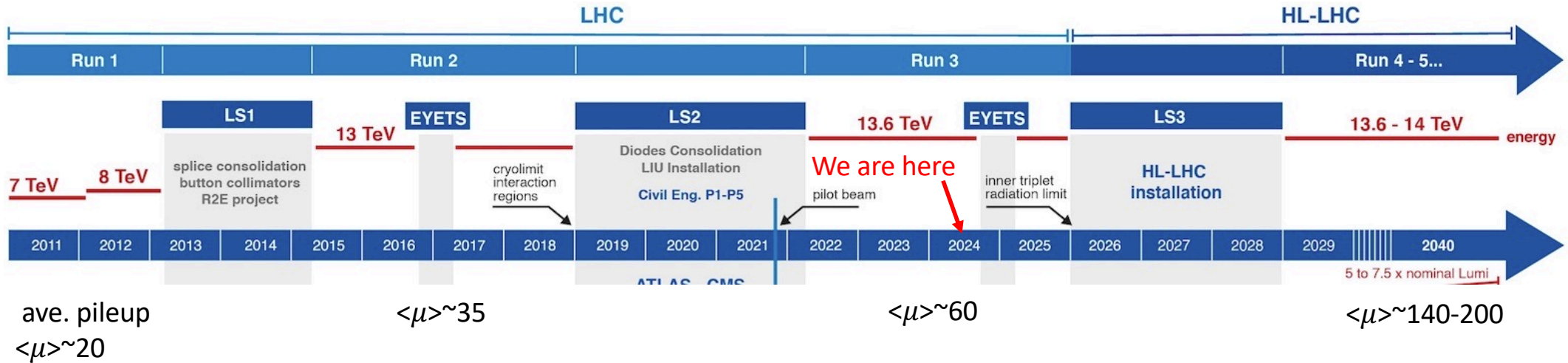


$$\kappa_{\lambda} = \frac{\lambda_{HHH}}{\lambda_{HHH}^{\text{SM}}}$$

- Limits on HH production rate at 95% CL
 - Obs (exp) = 2.9 (2.4) \times SM
- Significance : Obs (exp) = 0.4 (1.0) σ

- Likelihood scan on κ_{λ} (self-coupling modifier)
- κ_{λ} constrained at 95% CL interval:
 - Obs (exp) = [-1.2, 7.2] ([-1.6, 7.2])

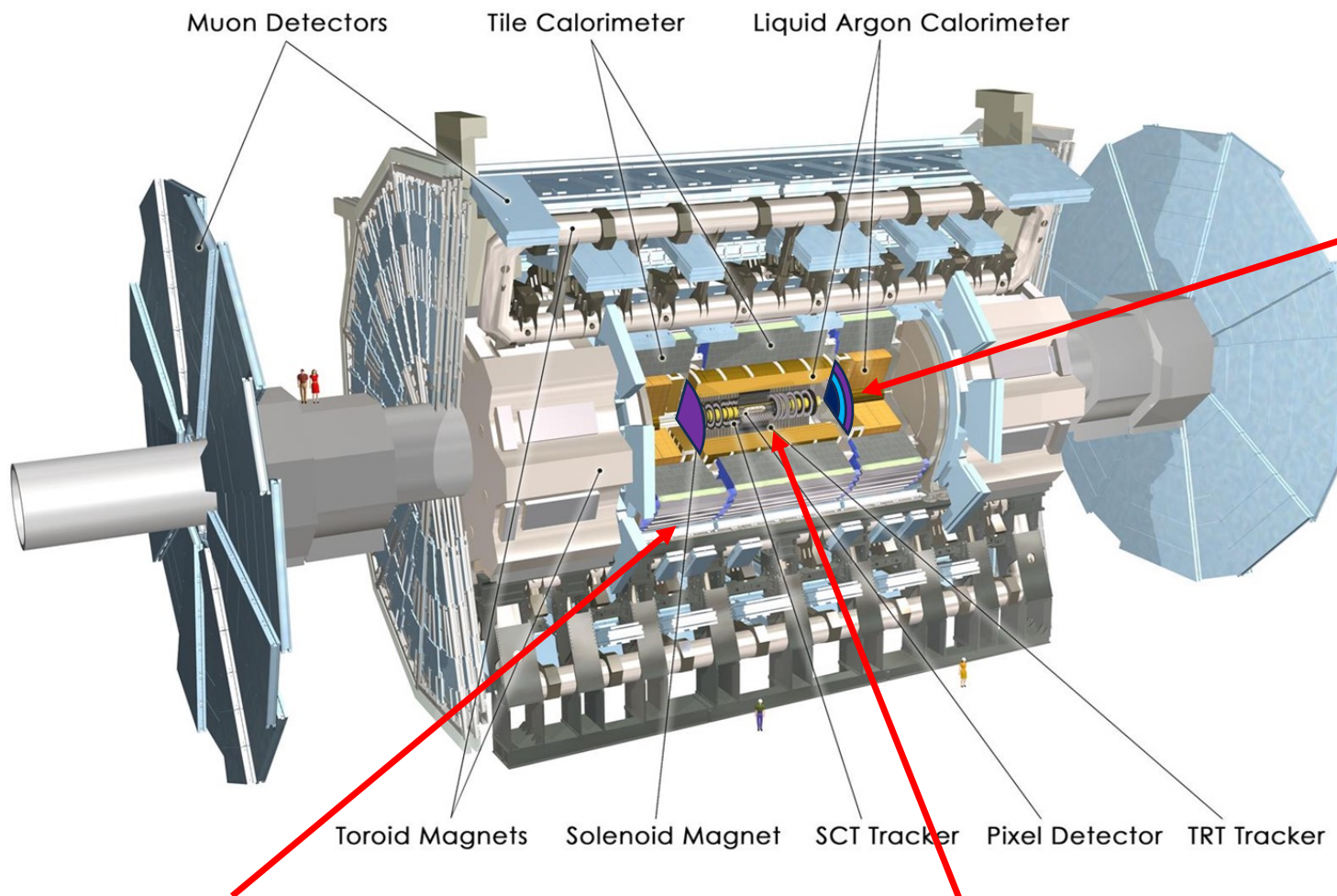
HL-LHC



- Run 2: $\int L \sim 140 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$
- Run 3: expected $\int L \sim 250 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, $\sqrt{s} = 13.6 \text{ TeV}$
- HL-LHC:
 - $\sqrt{s} = 13.6\text{-}14 \text{ TeV}$
 - $L \sim 5\text{-}7 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
 - $\int L \sim 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 - Ave. #of interactions per crossing $\sim 140\text{-}200$

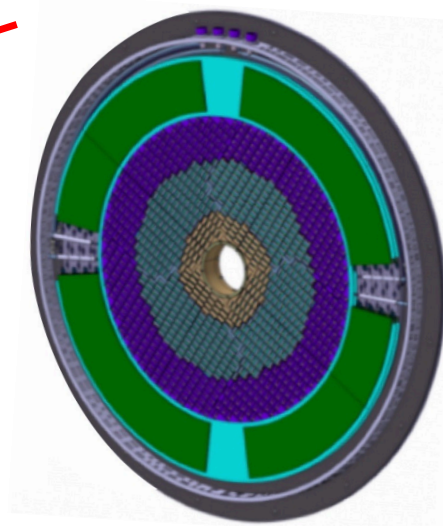
- High lumi and pileup pose challenging conditions to the experiment
 - Larger beam background and detector irradiation, higher trigger rates, higher particle density in detector
- Require improvements in many areas of the experiment:
 - Detector, trigger and readout electronics, software and computing, analysis techniques

ATLAS Upgrade for HL-LHC



High Granularity Timing Detector (HGTD)

Forward region ($2.4 < |\eta| < 4.0$)
 Low-Gain Avalanche Detectors (LGAD)
 with 30 ps track resolution



New Muon Chambers

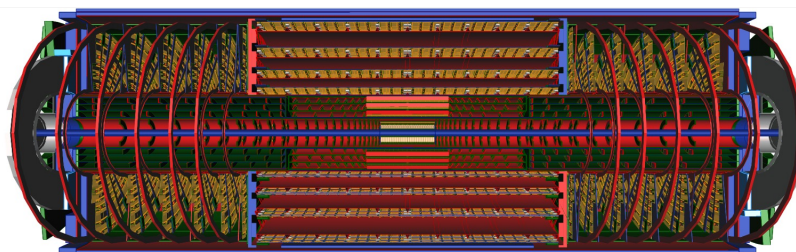
Inner barrel region with new
 RPC and sMDT detectors

Additional small upgrades

Luminosity detectors (1% precision goal)
 HL-ZDC

New Inner Tracking Detector (ITK)

All silicon, up to $|\eta|=4$



Upgraded Trigger and Data Acquisition system

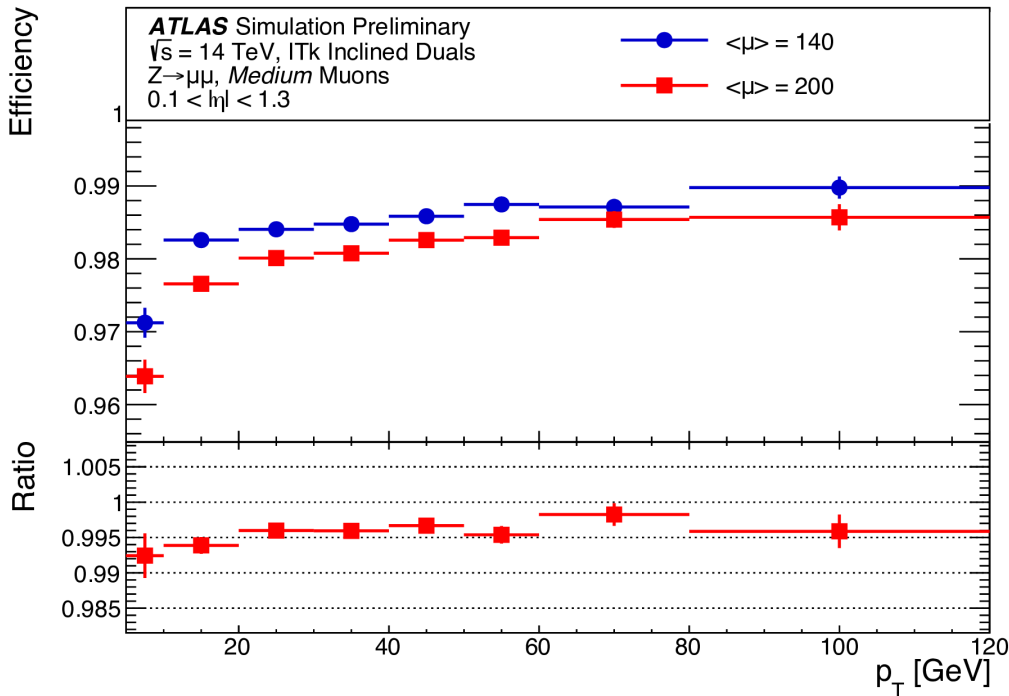
Level-0 Trigger at 1 MHz
 Improved High-Level Trigger
 (150 kHz full scan tracking)

Electronics Upgrades

LAr Calorimeter,
 Tile Calorimeter, Muon System

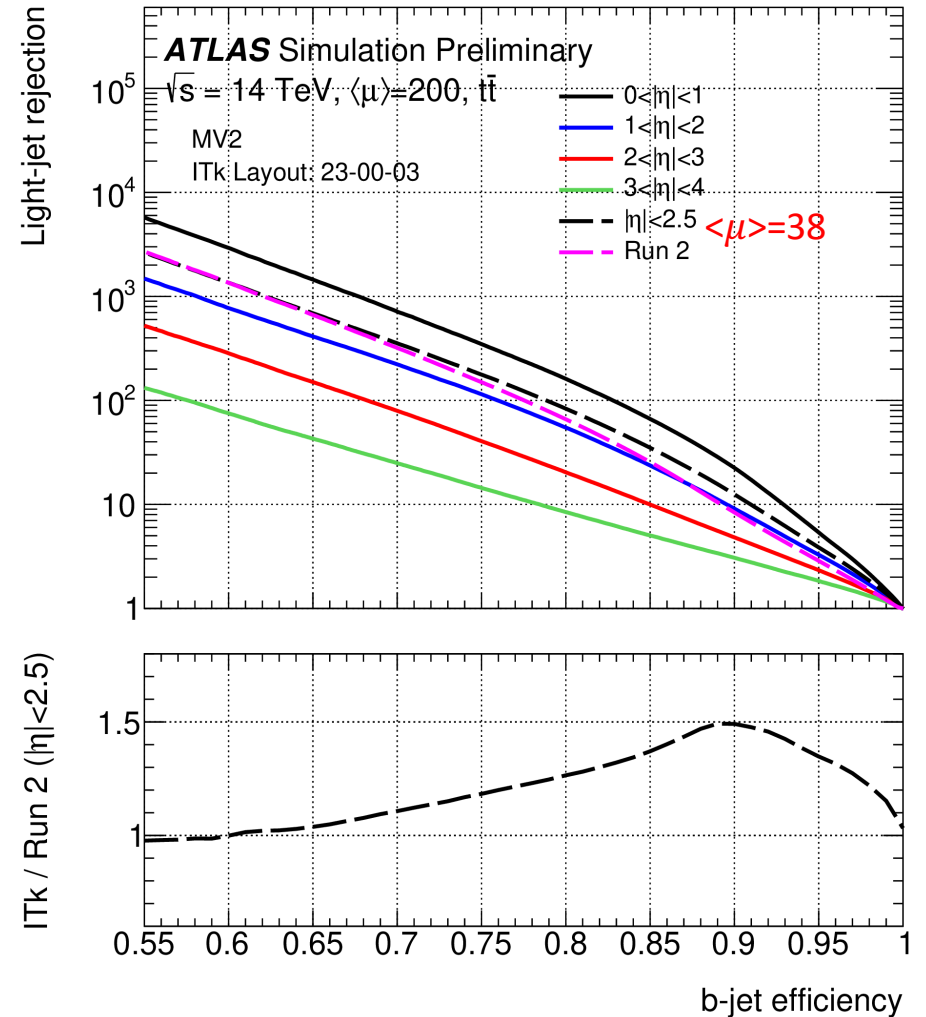
Detector Expected Performance

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-023



- Good muon reconstruction and identification efficiency efficiency at high pileup
- Important for measuring Higgs boson kinematic features and properties

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-024



- b-jet identification performance at $\langle \mu \rangle = 200$ is similar (or better) compare to Run2 at $\langle \mu \rangle = 38$
- Plays crucial role in HH search, where most sensitive channels have at least a bb pair

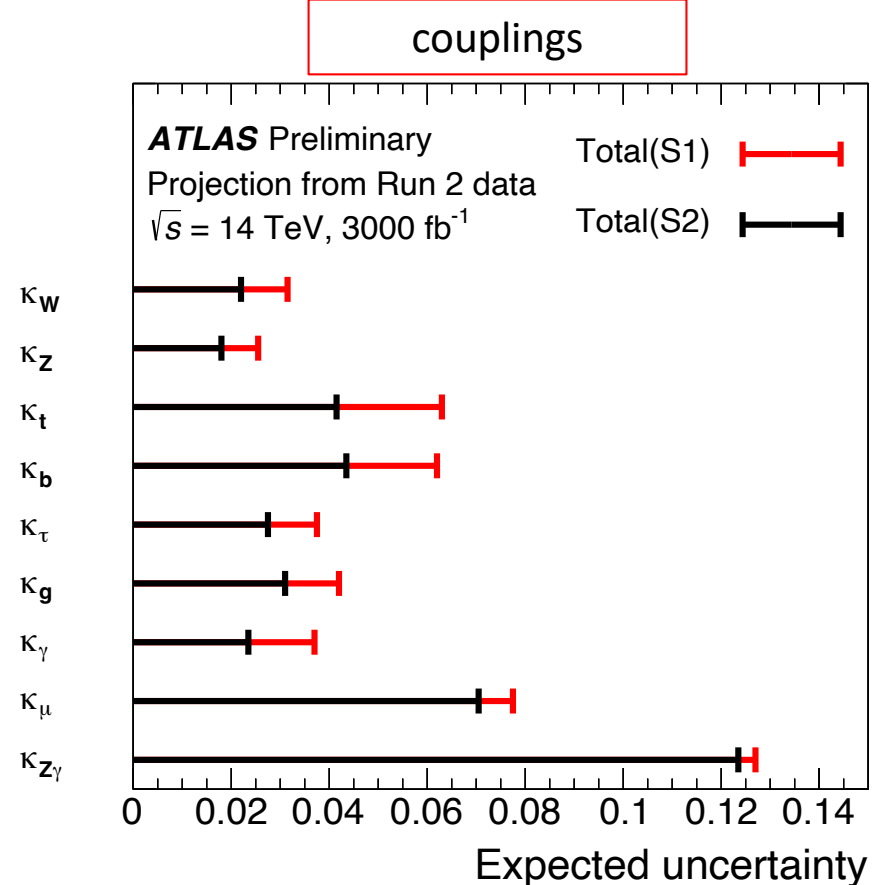
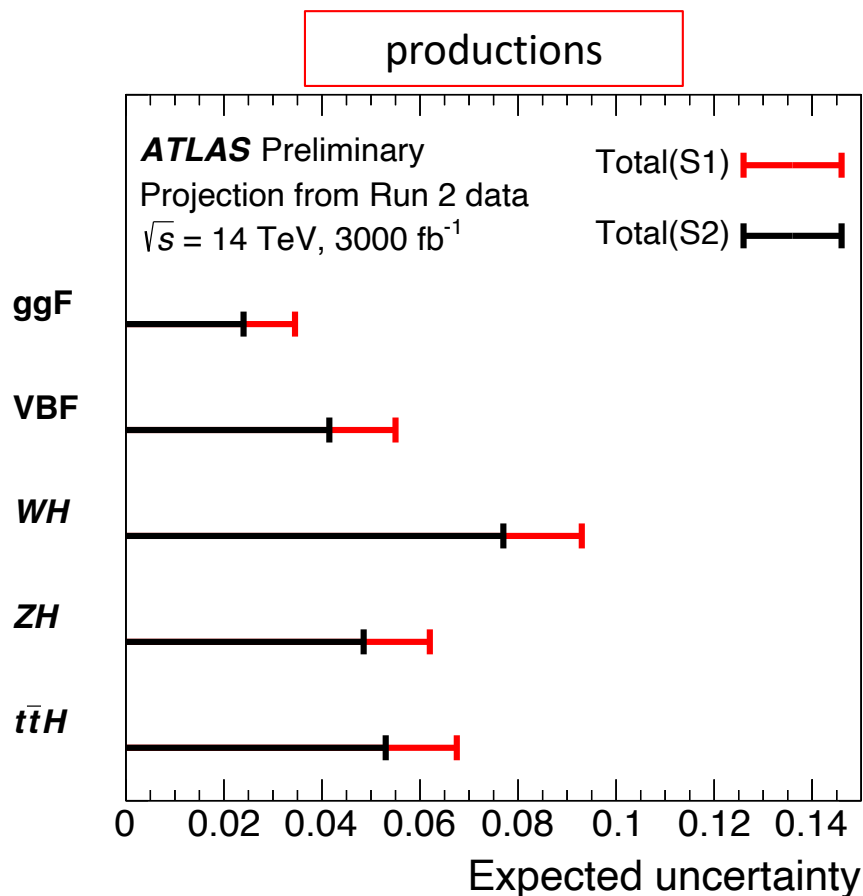
Physics Projection to HL-LHC

- Assume center of mass energy at 14 TeV and total integrated luminosity is 3000 fb⁻¹
 - **Methods for projection:**
 - **Detailed simulations** are used to assess performance of upgraded detector and HL-LHC condition
 - **Extrapolate** existing results or **parametric simulations** to allow full re-optimization of the analyses
 - **Systematic uncertainties scenarios :**
 - **Run 2 (“S1”) :**
 - Use Run2 uncertainties, assuming the higher pile-up effects will be compensated by detector upgrades
 - **Theoretical uncertainties halved :**
 - Use Run 2 uncertainties, but reduce theoretical uncertainties by half
 - **No systematic uncertainties :**
 - Only consider statistical uncertainty
 - **Baseline (“S2”) :**
 - Theory uncertainties ½ of Run 2
 - No simulation statistical uncertainty
 - luminosity uncertainty ~1%
 - Statistical uncertainty reduced by 1/√L
 - Uncertainties due to detector limitations remain unchanged or revised according to simulation studies of upgraded detector.
- *** Baseline scenario is used in presented projected results, unless specified otherwise

HL-LHC Projection : Single-Higgs

Projections for Production and Couplings Measurements

- Combined all major production/decay mode measurements



- ggF can be measured at $\sim 2\%$
- WH can be measured at $\sim 8\%$

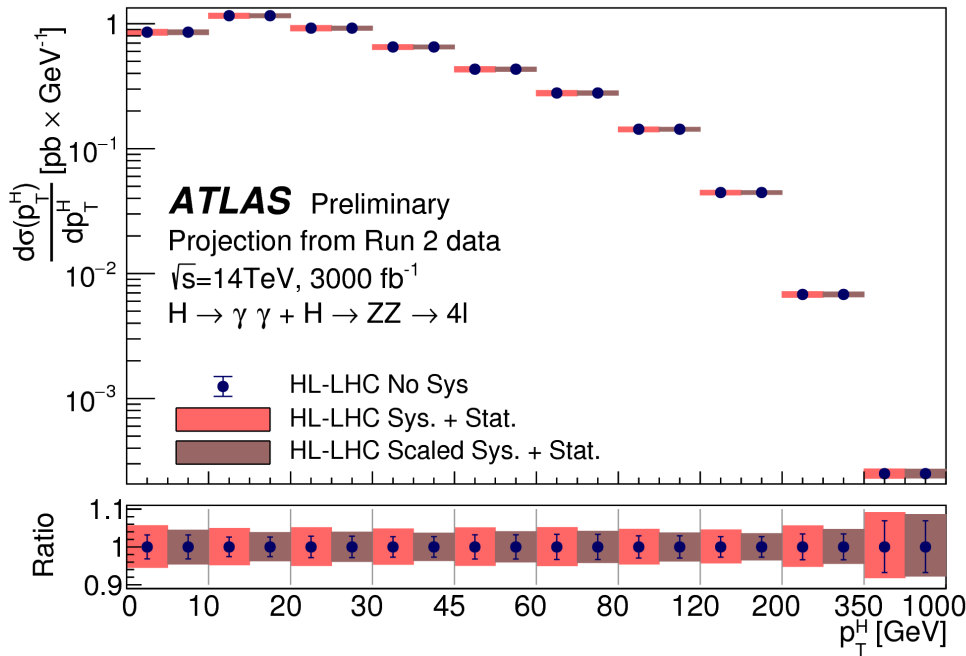
- Reaching few % precision
- μ and $Z\gamma$ reaching $\sim 10\%$ precision, dominated by statistical uncertainties

[ATL-PHYS-PUB-2018-054](#)

- Most measurements' uncertainties are dominated by systematics

Projections for Differential and Mass Measurements

differential cross section



- $p_T(H)$:
 - Expect to probe with precision of
 - $\sim 5\%$ at $p_T(H) < 350\text{ GeV}$
 - $\sim 10\%$ at $p_T(H) \sim 350\text{-}1000\text{ GeV}$
 - Low p_T : sensitive to couplings to c, b quarks
 - High p_T : sensitive to new heavy particles in ggF loop

Higgs Mass

- At LHC, most precise H mass measurement is via
 - $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ decays
- Current PDG average (ATLAS+CMS):
 - $m_H = 125.20 \pm 0.11\text{ GeV}$
- ATLAS most recent measurement (Run 1+2):
 - $m_H = 125.11 \pm 0.09 \pm (stat) \pm 0.06 (syst)$
 $= 125.11 \pm 0.11\text{ GeV}$
- Extrapolated ATLAS Run 2 (36fb^{-1}) 4μ results to 3000fb^{-1}
 - Total uncertainty vary from 52 to 33 MeV

Expected Higgs mass precision with 3ab^{-1} (ATLAS)

	Δ_{tot} (MeV)	Δ_{stat} (MeV)	Δ_{syst} (MeV)
Current Detector (Run 2, S1 scenario)	52	39	35
μ momentum resolution improvement by 30% or similar	47	30	37
μ momentum resolution/scale improvement of 30% / 50%	38	30	24
μ momentum resolution/scale improvement 30% / 80%	33	30	14

- Expect better resolution from CMS (stronger mag. field)
 - \rightarrow expect uncertainty $< 20\text{ MeV}$ when CMS+ATLAS

[ATL-PHYS-PUB-2018-040](#)

[CERN-2019-007](#)

[ATL-PHYS-PUB-2018-054](#)

Projections for Higgs coupling to Charm, Bottom

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-039

- $H(\rightarrow cc)$, $H(\rightarrow bb)$ couplings are probed via VH production

- Projection with an earlier full Run-2 results

- Expected best fit signal strengths:

- $\mu_{VH}^{bb} = 1.00 \pm 0.06$

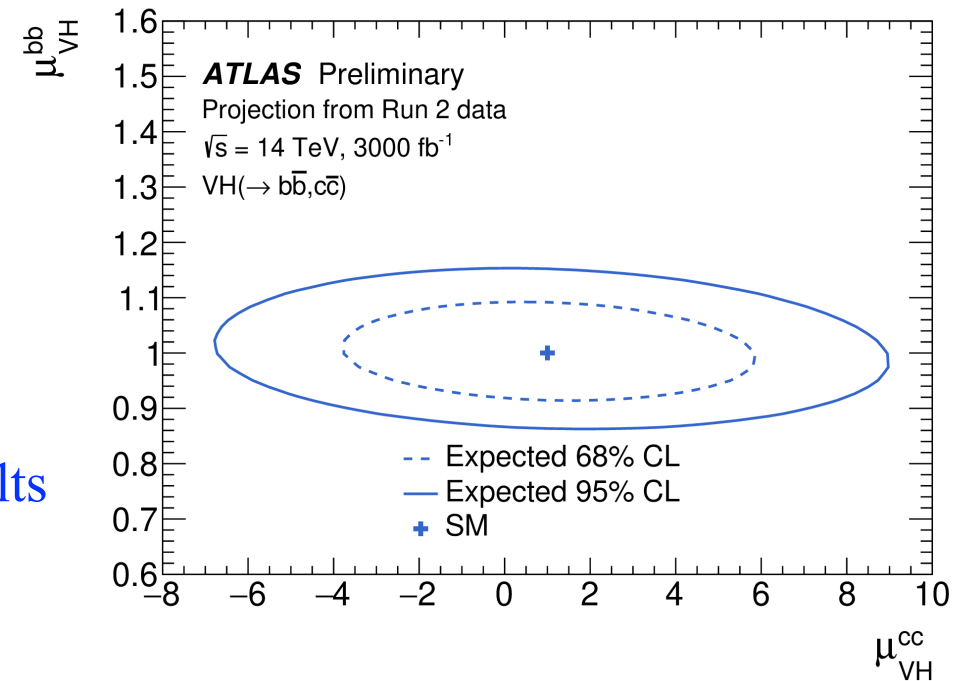
- $\mu_{VH}^{cc} = 1.00 \pm 3.20$

- Expected constraint of $|\kappa_c/\kappa_b|$

- $|\kappa_c/\kappa_b| < 2.7$ at 95% CL

- Projection for $VH(\rightarrow cc)$ will be significantly improved when extrapolated from latest Run 2 results

- e.g. improved flavor tagging, use MVA

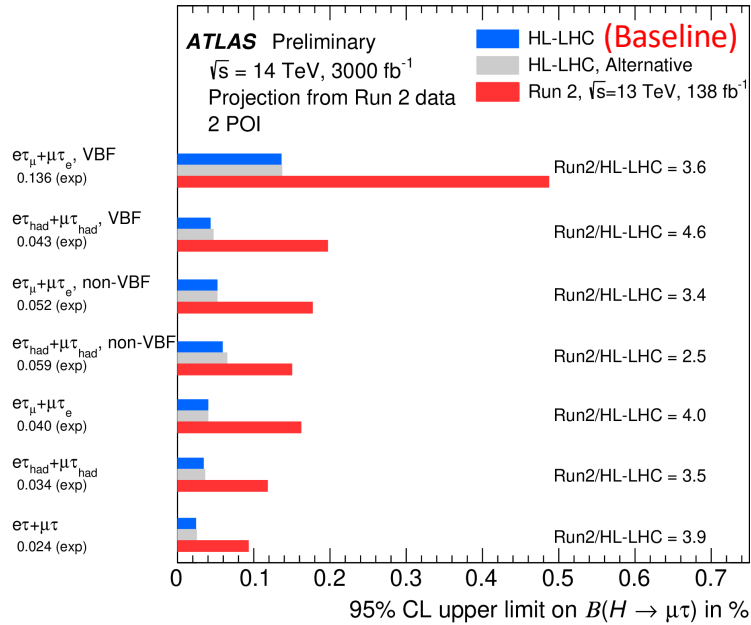
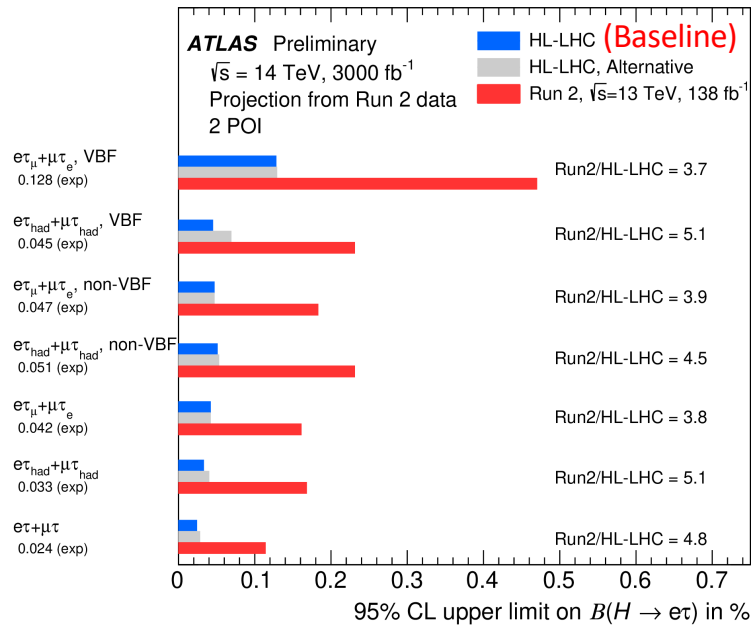


- Higgs to charm coupling will still be difficult at HL-LHC

- Will require improvement in the analysis method, better c-jet tagging, advance multivariate techniques

Projection for LFV of Higgs Decay

- Lepton Flavor Violation (LFV) Higgs decay is predicted in several BSM models (e.g. extended Higgs sector, composite Higgs, warped extra dimensions)
- Recent ATLAS direct search (Run2, 139 fb⁻¹) set 95% CL limits:
 - $BR(H \rightarrow e\tau) = 0.2\%$ (expt. 0.12%), $BR(H \rightarrow \mu\tau) = 0.18\%$ (expt. 0.09%)
- Extrapolated this Run2 result to project search sensitivity at HL-LHC



Alternative: simulation statistical uncertainty scaled by $1/\sqrt{L}$

- Projected expected limit on BR at 95% CL:

- $BR(H \rightarrow e\tau) = 0.024^{+0.010}_{-0.007} \%$
- $BR(H \rightarrow \mu\tau) = 0.024^{+0.010}_{-0.007} \%$

- A factor of $\sim 3-5$ improvement over Run2 results

HL-LHC Projection : Di-Higgs

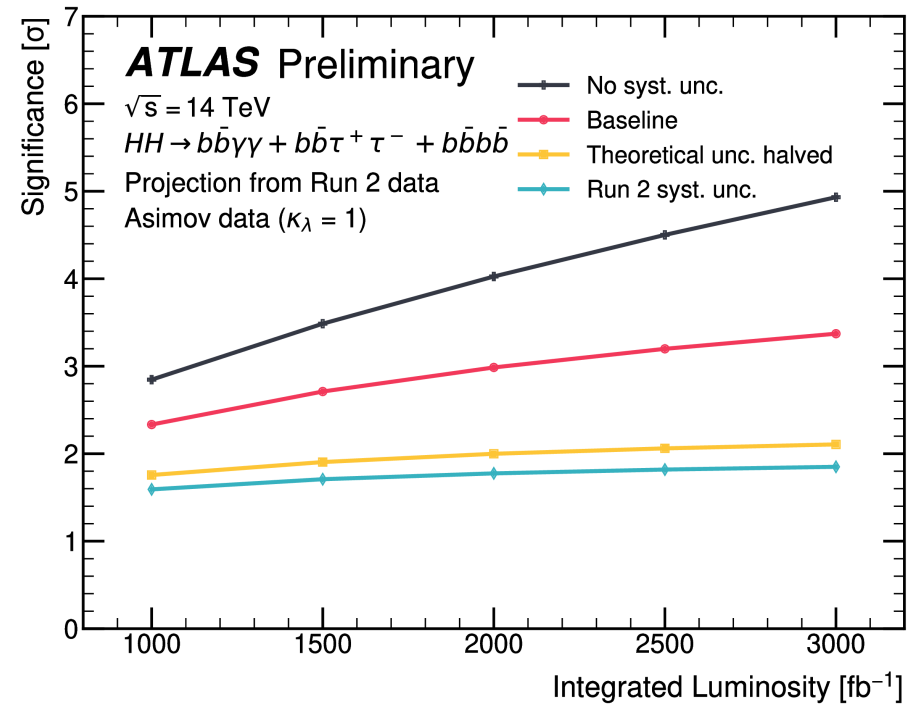
Projection for $HH \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma, bb\tau\tau, bbbb$

Most sensitive decay modes :

- $HH \rightarrow bbbb$: highest BR, large BG from multi-jets
- $HH \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma$: clean, but small BR
- $HH \rightarrow bb\tau\tau$: moderate BG and BR
- Extrapolated the full Run 2 results of the three most sensitive channels to project reach at HL-LHC

• HH discovery significance:

- New individual and combined projection significantly improved over previous projection
- New ATLAS combined projection (stat. only) : 4.9σ
- Previous ATLAS+CMS combined projection (stat. only) : 4.5σ
- Large improvement achieved over last few years
 - update to object recon. and identification, analysis methods



Uncertainty scenario	Significance [σ]				Combined signal strength precision [%]
	$b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$	$b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$	$b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$	Combination	
No syst. unc.	2.3(2.1)	4.0(2.5)	1.8 (1.4)	4.9 (3.5)	-21/+22
Baseline	2.2(2.0)	2.8(2.1)	0.99(0.61)	3.4(3.0)	-30/+33
Theoretical unc. halved	1.1	1.7	0.65	2.1	-47/+48
Run 2 syst. unc.	1.1	1.5	0.65	1.9	-53/+65

• Numbers in red are from previous projection

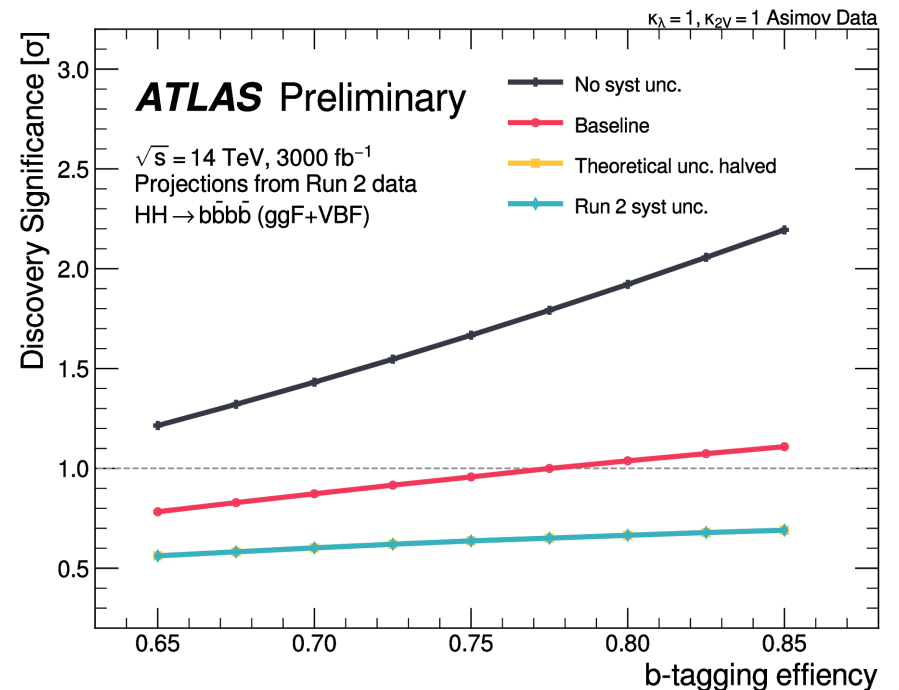
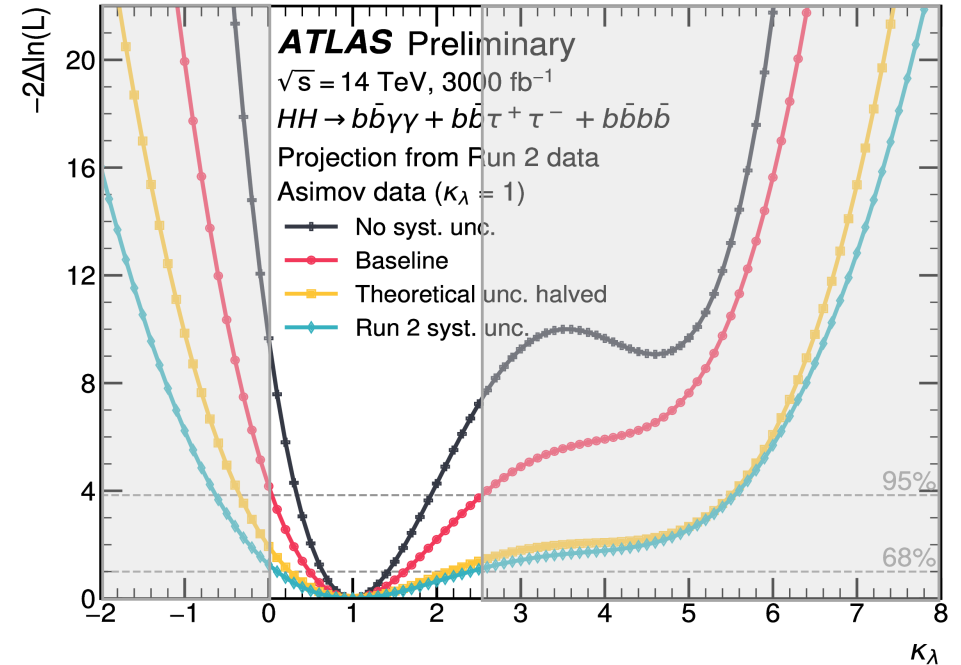
Projection for $HH \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma, bb\tau\tau, bbbb$

- Higgs self-coupling modifier (κ_λ) :
 - Constraint within (Baseline scenario) :
 - [0.5, 1.6] at 68% CL
 - [0.0, 2.5] at 95% CL

• At HL-LHC, systematic uncertainty become limiting factor

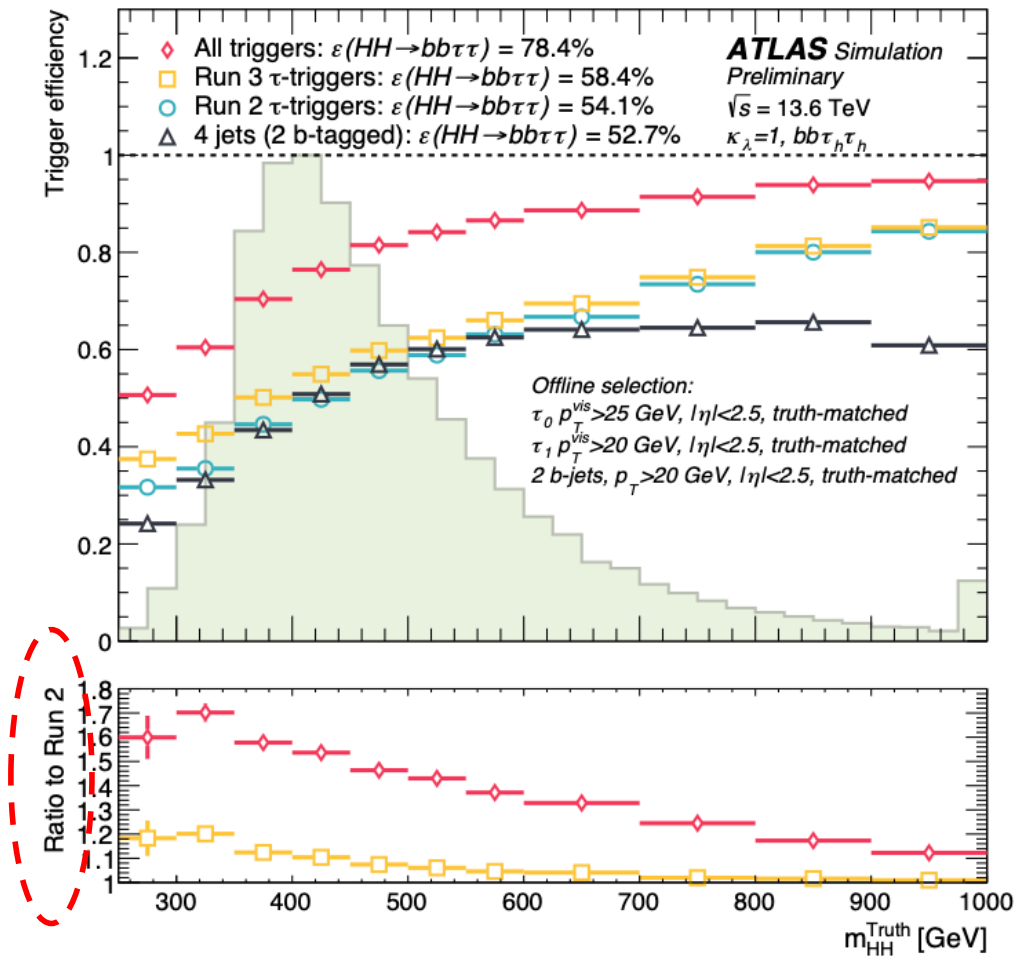
• Sensitivity driven by:

- Theoretical uncertainties:
 - HH production
 - Single H production w/ b-jets
- Background modeling
- Object reconstruction and identification performance (e.g. b-tagging, tau ID)

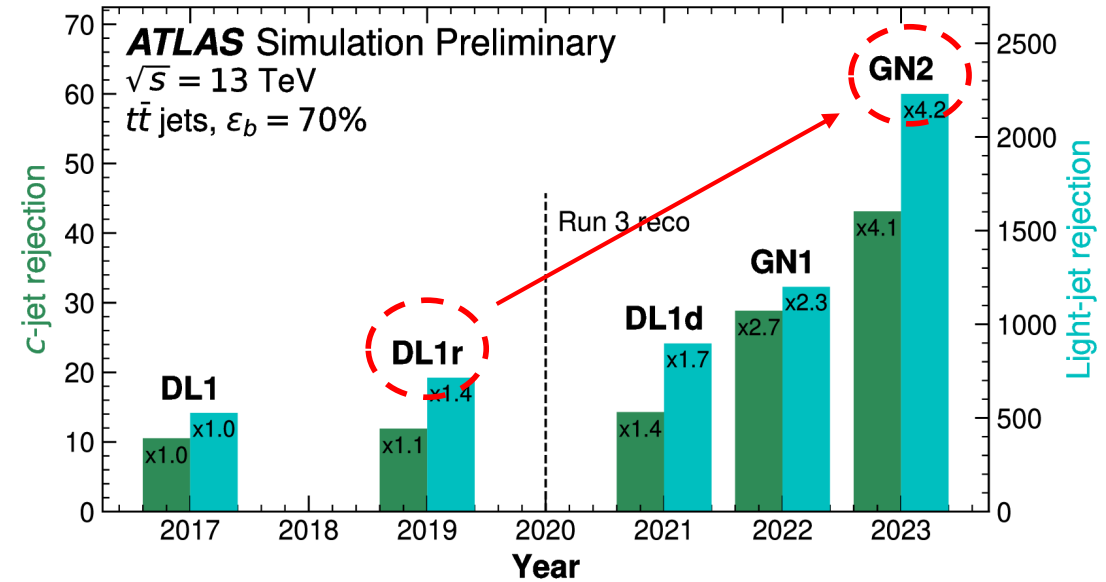


What's Coming for Run 3

(triggers for $bb\tau\tau$) ([ATLSTauTriggerPublicResults](#))



([FTAG-2023-01](#)) (b-tagging algorithm)



- Benefit from increase signal acceptance with new triggers, improved object ID, and more refined analyses,...

Summary

- HL-LHC will bring many times more data than we have now
- Provide great opportunity for Higgs precision measurements
 - Higgs productions and decays can be measured to a few percent precision
 - May reach 3σ evidence for HH search by ATLAS
 - 5σ discovery is within reach if we continue to improve the analysis and detector performance, and combine both CMS and ATLAS results.
- However HL-LHC will present many challenges that require many improvements and novel ideas for a successful program

ATLAS Talks on Higgs and HL-LHC Upgrades at ICHEP-2024

- Measurement of the $t\bar{t}H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ process with the ATLAS experiment : Zefran Rozario
- Measurements of Higgs boson production with top quarks with the ATLAS detector : Filip Nechansky
- Measurements of the Higgs boson mass and width with the ATLAS detector : Rafael Coelho Lopes De Sa
- Measurements of Higgs boson coupling properties to tau leptons with the ATLAS detector : Christopher Young
- Measurements of the CP structure of Higgs-boson couplings with the ATLAS detector : Matthew Joseph Basso
- Measurements of Higgs boson cross-sections and their interpretation with the ATLAS experiment : Xiao Yang
- Measurements of Higgs boson coupling properties to bottom quarks and charm quarks with the ATLAS detector : Francesco Armando Di Bello
- Probing the nature of electroweak symmetry breaking with Higgs boson pairs in ATLAS : Dilia Maria Portillo Quintero
- Search for rare processes and lepton-flavor-violating decays of Higgs boson at the ATLAS experiment : Bing Zhou
- Search for HH or $X \rightarrow SH$ production in final states with one or two light leptons and a pair of tau-leptons with the ATLAS detector : Babar Ali
- Searches for singly- and doubly-charged Higgs bosons in ATLAS : Yasuyuki Horii
- Searches for resonances decaying to pairs of Higgs bosons in ATLAS : Andrea Coccaro
- Searches for axion-like-particles (ALPs) in Higgs boson decays in ATLAS : Paula Martinez Suarez

- ATLAS upgrades for High Luminosity LHC : Joleen Renee Pater
- LUCID-3: the upgrade of the ATLAS Luminosity detector for High Luminosity LHC : Jack Lindon
- Towards an ATLAS luminosity measurement at HL-LHC : Christian Ohm
- Integration test of a new inner-station TGC system for the ATLAS experiment at HL-LHC : Arisa Wada
- Expected performance of the ATLAS ITk detector for HL-LHC : Helen Hayward
- The High-Granularity Timing Detector for ATLAS at HL-LHC : Alexander Leopold