

# Measurements of Higgs boson properties with the ATLAS experiment

Ang Li

On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

December 16, 2023

Miami 2023



# Introduction and Outline

Since its discovery in 2012, the Higgs boson has been one of the focus at the ATLAS

- test the Standard Model (SM) prediction,
- any deviation could indicate Beyond Standard Model (BSM) physics

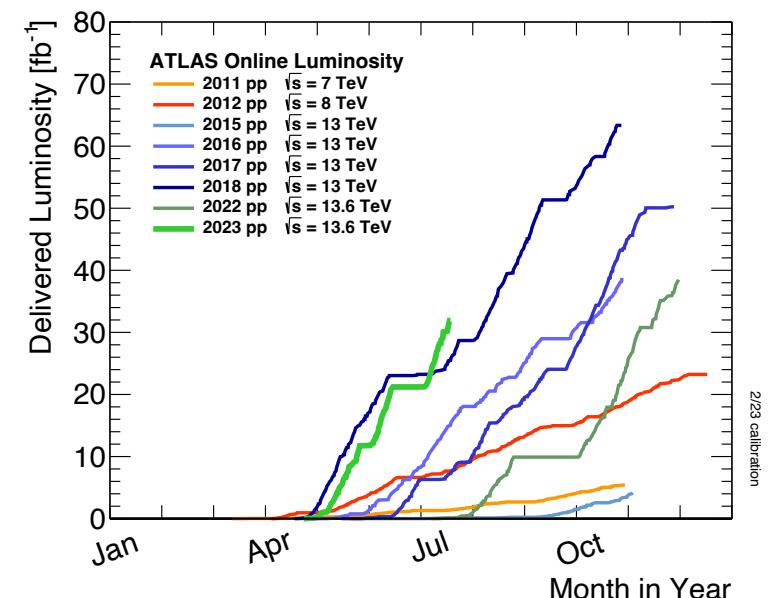
Higgs boson is fundamental and the only known scalar particle

We need knowledge on its properties

With LHC Run 2 data (and early Run 3), ATLAS has measured

Higgs boson mass,  
width,  
production cross-sections,  
couplings,  
CP structure,  
Self-couplings

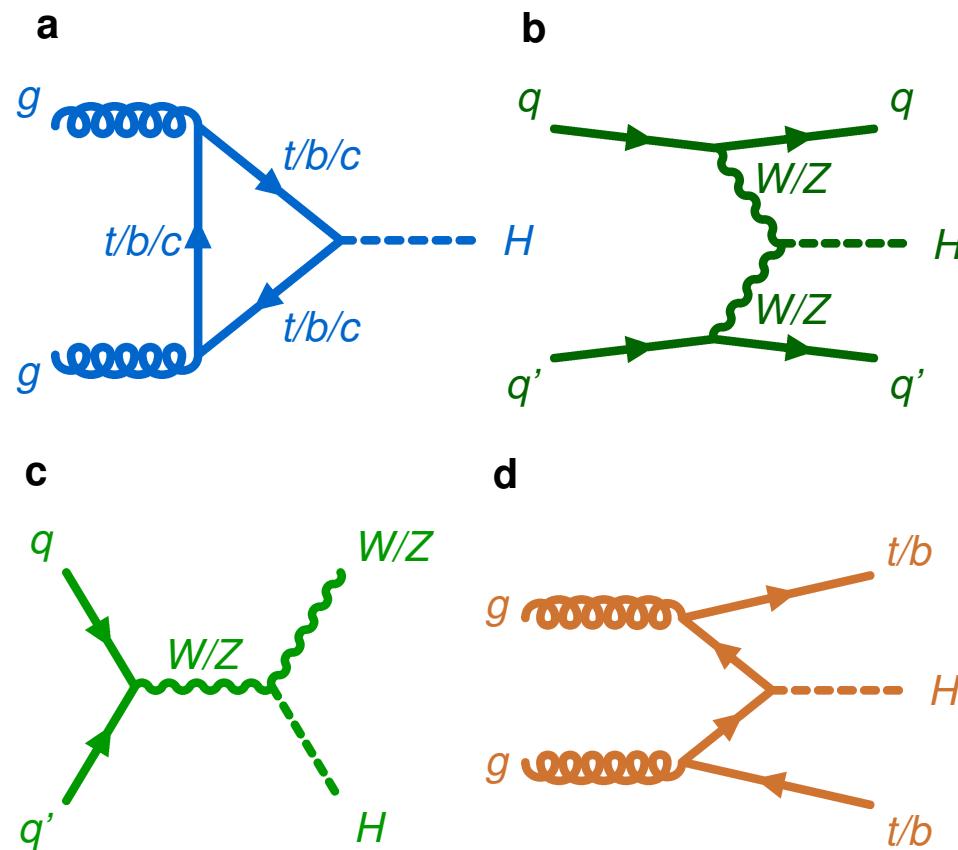
ATLAS Luminosity



# The Higgs Boson at LHC

## Higgs Production mechanisms:

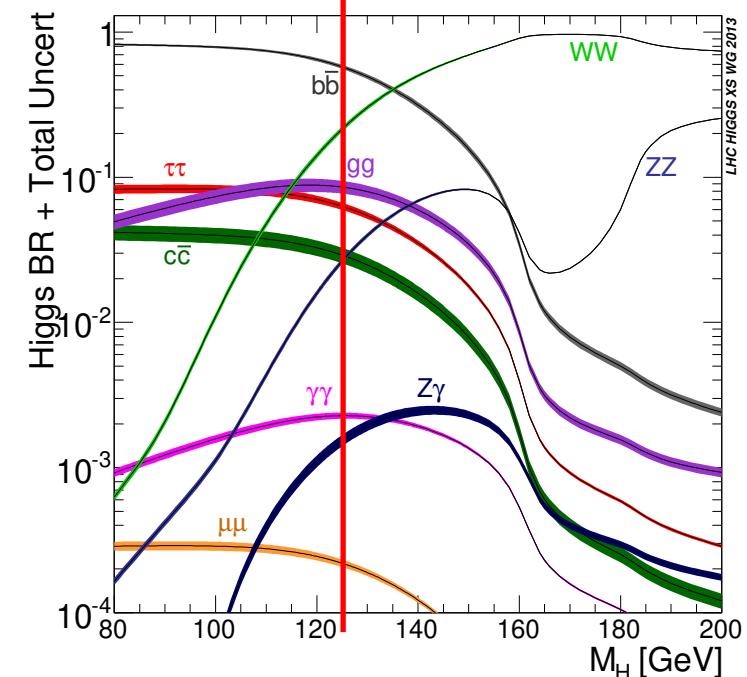
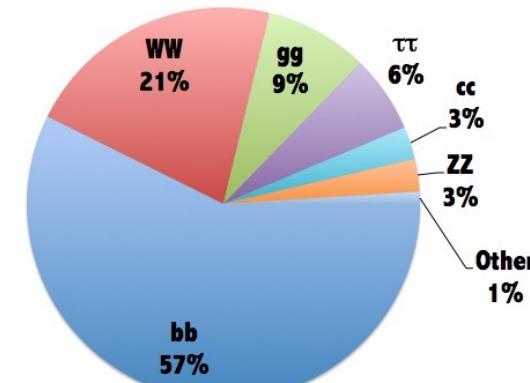
- Gluon-gluon fusion (ggF)
- Vector Boson fusion (VBF)
- Associated production with a vector boson (VH)
- Associated production with top quark pair (ttH)



## Decay channels:

- $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$ : low BR, good S/B ratio, high mass resolution
- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ : low BR, large background, high mass resolutions
- $H \rightarrow WW^*$ : high BR, low mass resolution
- $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  and  $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ : high BR, large background, low mass resolution
- $H \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$  and  $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ : very low BR

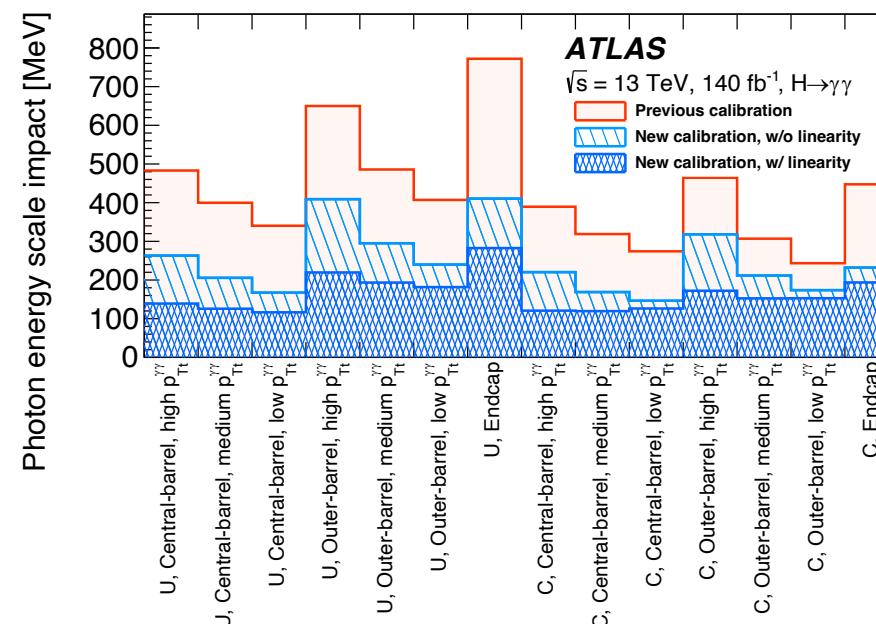
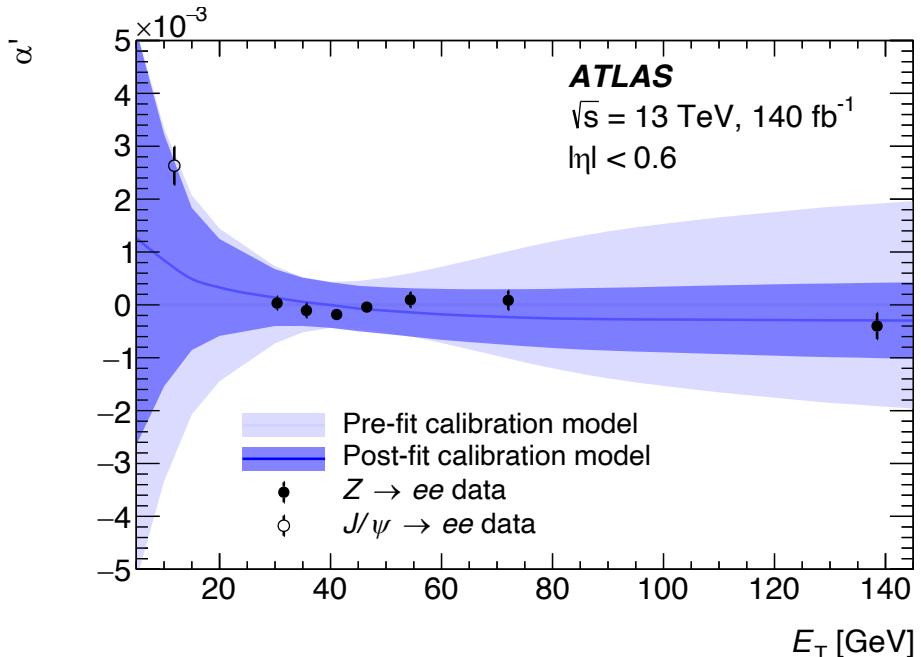
Higgs decays at  $m_H=125\text{GeV}$



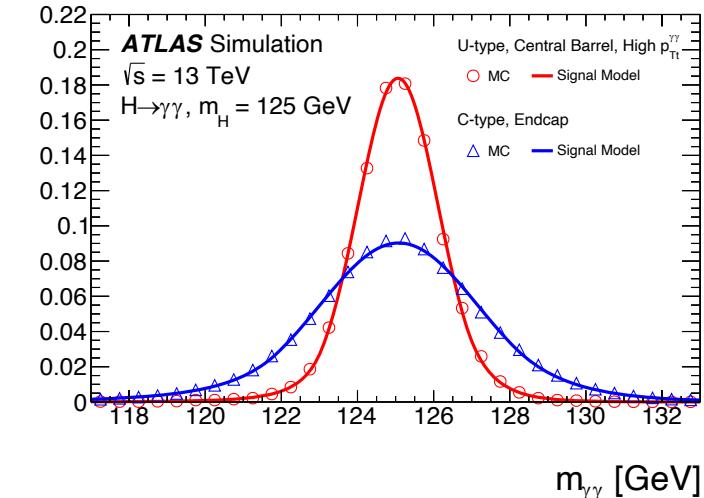
# Higgs Mass Measurement

## The latest ATLAS $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

- Full Run 2 dataset ( $140 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
  - ❖ Categorization by detector region,  $\gamma$  conversion type, and  $p_{Tt}^{\gamma\gamma}$  improves the expected statistical and photon energy scale systematic uncertainties by **17%** compared with inclusive case
  - ❖ Reduction of systematic uncertainty by factor of **4** compared with previous iteration based on partial Run 2 data ( $36 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
    - Improved photon energy scale calibration and resolution
- Total expected systematic uncertainty  $340 \text{ MeV} \rightarrow 90 \text{ MeV}$



*Phys. Lett. B 847 (2023) 138315*  
[arXiv:2309.05471](https://arxiv.org/abs/2309.05471)



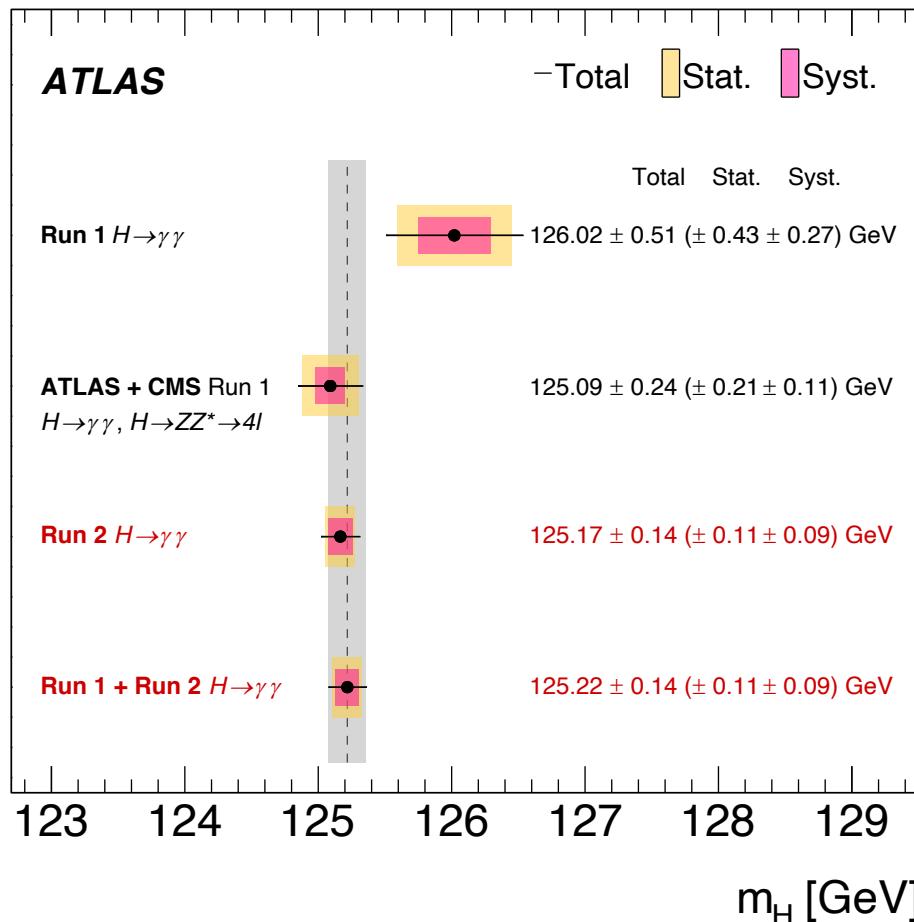
# Higgs Mass Measurement

[Phys. Lett. B 847 \(2023\) 138315](#)

The latest ATLAS  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

**Full Run 2 result:**  $m_H = 125.17 \pm 0.11 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.09 \text{ (syst.)} = 125.17 \pm 0.14 \text{ GeV}$

**Run 1 + Run 2 result:**  $m_H = 125.22 \pm 0.11 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.09 \text{ (syst.)} = 125.22 \pm 0.14 \text{ GeV}$



**0.1% precision from a single channel!**

Source	Impact [MeV]
Photon energy scale	83
$Z \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ calibration	59
$E_T$ -dependent electron energy scale	44
$e^\pm \rightarrow \gamma$ extrapolation	30
Conversion modelling	24
Signal-background interference	26
Resolution	15
Background model	14
Selection of the diphoton production vertex	5
Signal model	1
Total	90

# Higgs Mass Measurement

Phys. Lett. B 843 (2023) 137880

The latest ATLAS  $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$  ( $\ell = e, \mu$ )

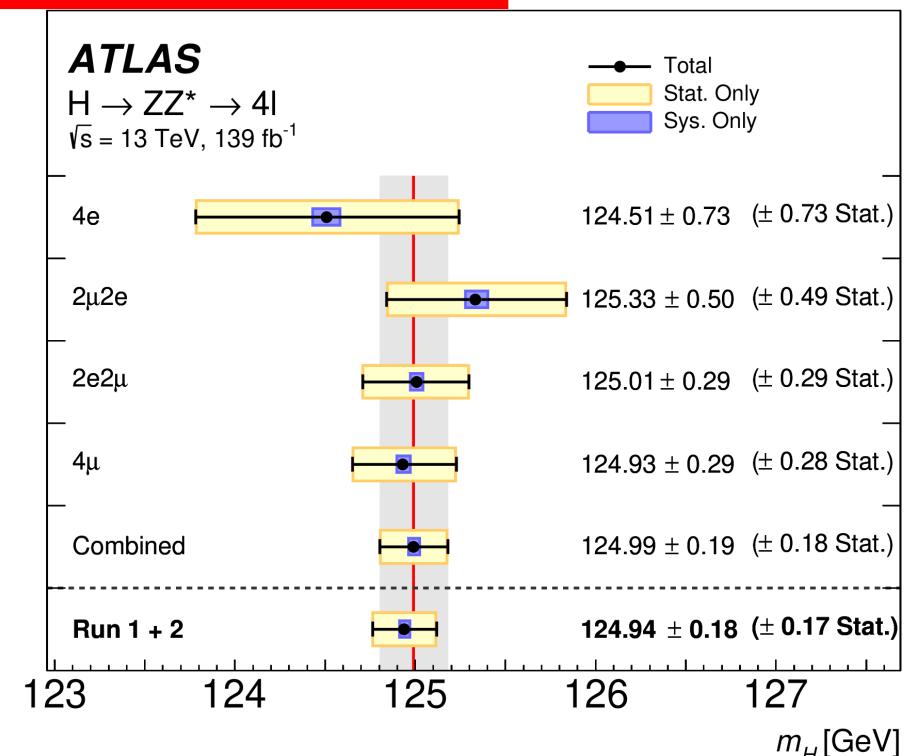
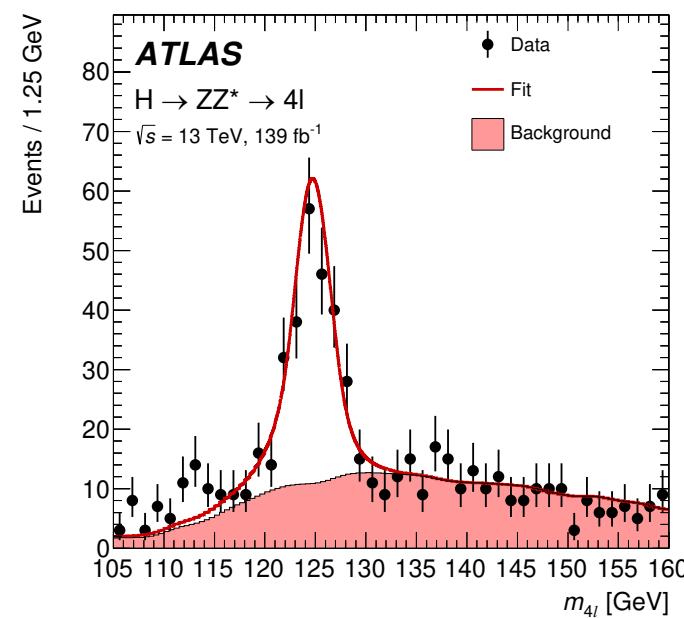
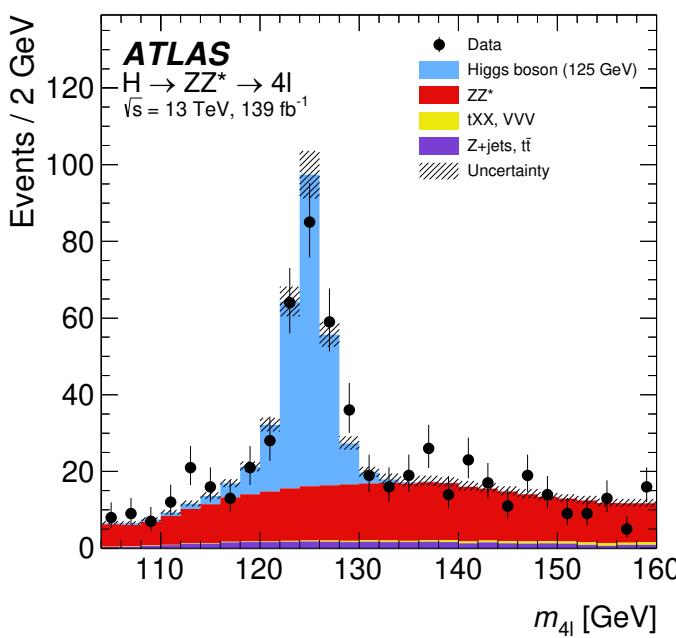
➤ Full Run 2 dataset ( $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )

Full Run 2 result:

$$m_H = 124.99 \pm 0.18 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.04 \text{ (syst.)} = 124.99 \pm 0.19 \text{ GeV}$$

Run 1 + Run 2 result:

$$m_H = 124.94 \pm 0.17 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.03 \text{ (syst.)} = 124.94 \pm 0.18 \text{ GeV}$$



# Higgs Mass Measurement

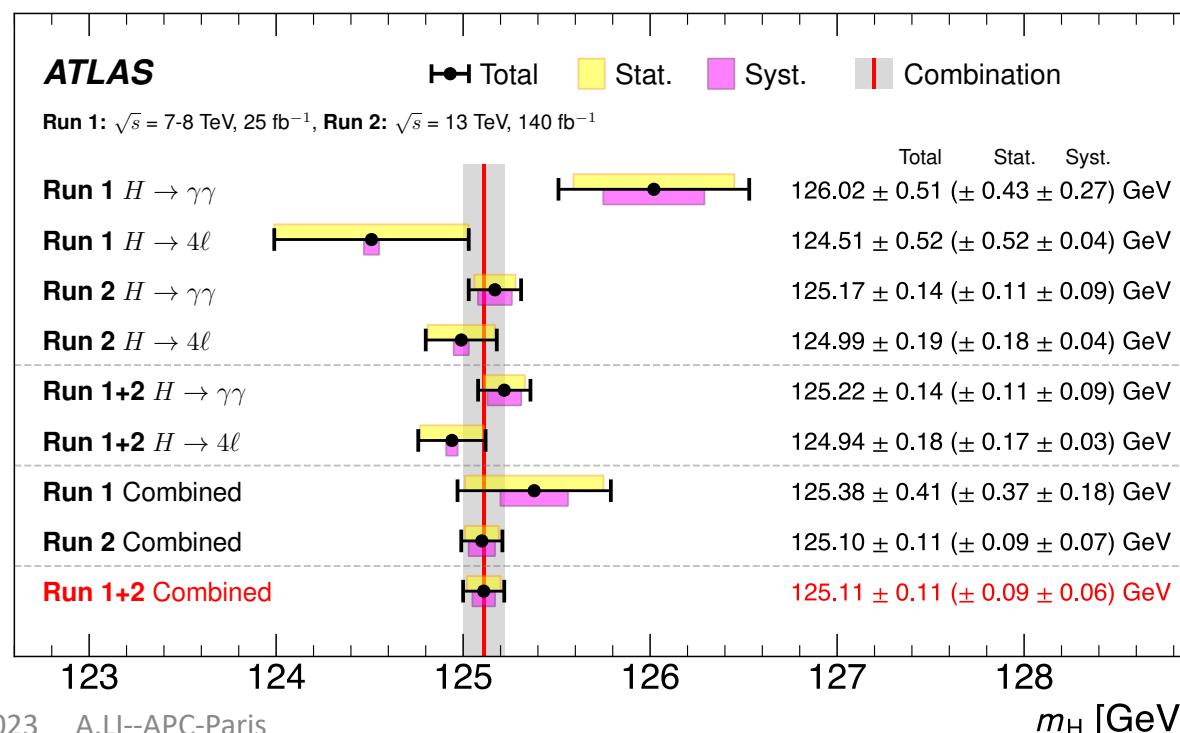
arXiv:2308.04775

## ATLAS Combined $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$ and $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

- Full Run 2 dataset ( $140 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
- 18% compatibility among input measurements
- The most precise  $m_H$  measurement to date
- ATLAS+CMS combination under preparation

**Full Run 2 result:**  $m_H = 125.10 \pm 0.09 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.07 \text{ (syst.)} = 125.10 \pm 0.11 \text{ GeV}$

**Run 1 + Run 2 result:**  $m_H = 125.11 \pm 0.09 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.06 \text{ (syst.)} = 125.11 \pm 0.11 \text{ GeV}$



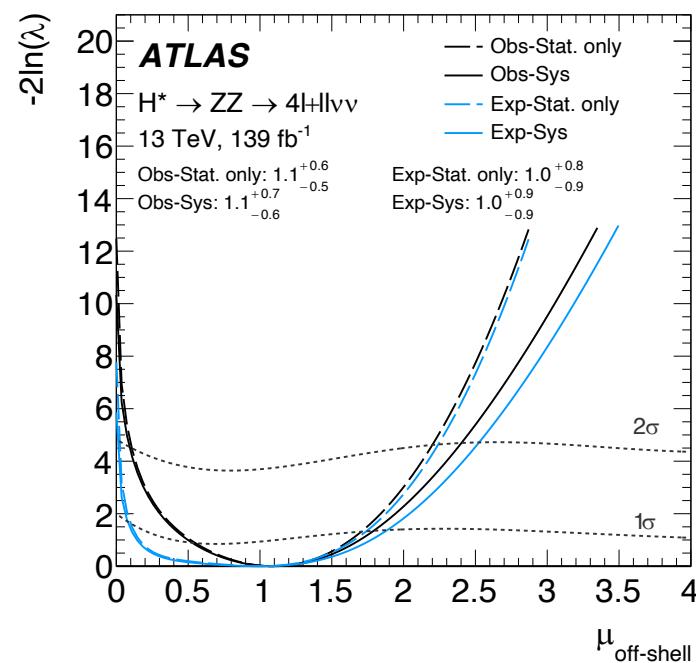
Source	Systematic uncertainty on $m_H$ [MeV]
$e/\gamma E_T$ -independent $Z \rightarrow ee$ calibration	44
$e/\gamma E_T$ -dependent electron energy scale	28
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ interference bias	17
$e/\gamma$ photon lateral shower shape	16
$e/\gamma$ photon conversion reconstruction	15
$e/\gamma$ energy resolution	11
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ background modelling	10
Muon momentum scale	8
All other systematic uncertainties	7

# Higgs Boson Width Measurement

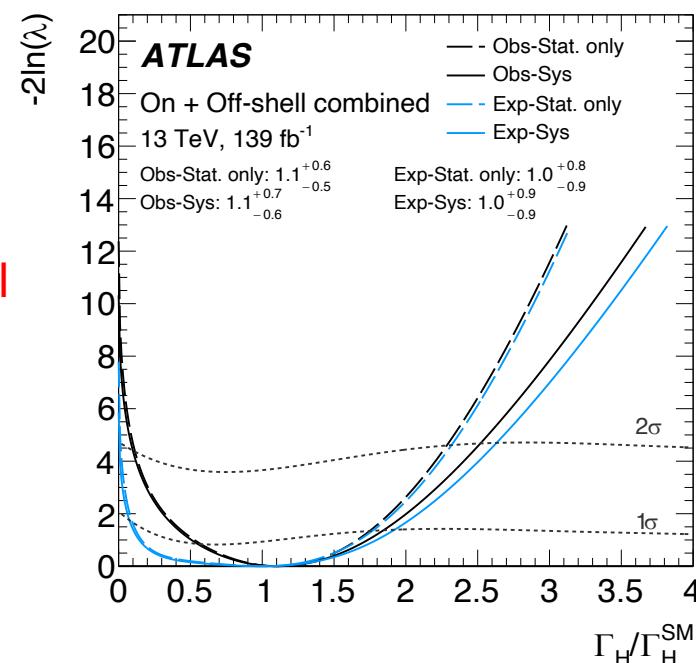
*Phys. Lett. B 846 (2023) 138223*

- SM Theoretical prediction Higgs width of 4.1 MeV is much smaller than the detector resolution (GeV level)
- Indirect measurement from the ratio of the off-shell/on-shell Higgs boson production
- $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$  and  $2\ell 2\nu$ , full Run 2

$$\sigma_{gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ}^{\text{on-shell}} \sim \frac{g_{ggF}^2 g_{HZZ}^2}{m_H \Gamma_H} \quad \sigma_{gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ}^{\text{off-shell}} \sim \frac{g_{ggF}^2 g_{HZZ}^2}{m_{ZZ}^2} \rightarrow \frac{\Gamma_H}{\Gamma_H^{\text{SM}}} = \frac{\mu_{\text{off-shell}}}{\mu_{\text{on-shell}}}$$



- $\mu_{\text{off-shell}} = 1.1^{+0.7}_{-0.6}$
- $3.3\sigma$  obs. ( $2.2\sigma$  exp.) exclusion of  $\mu_{\text{off-shell}} = 0$
- First evidence for off-shell Higgs boson production!



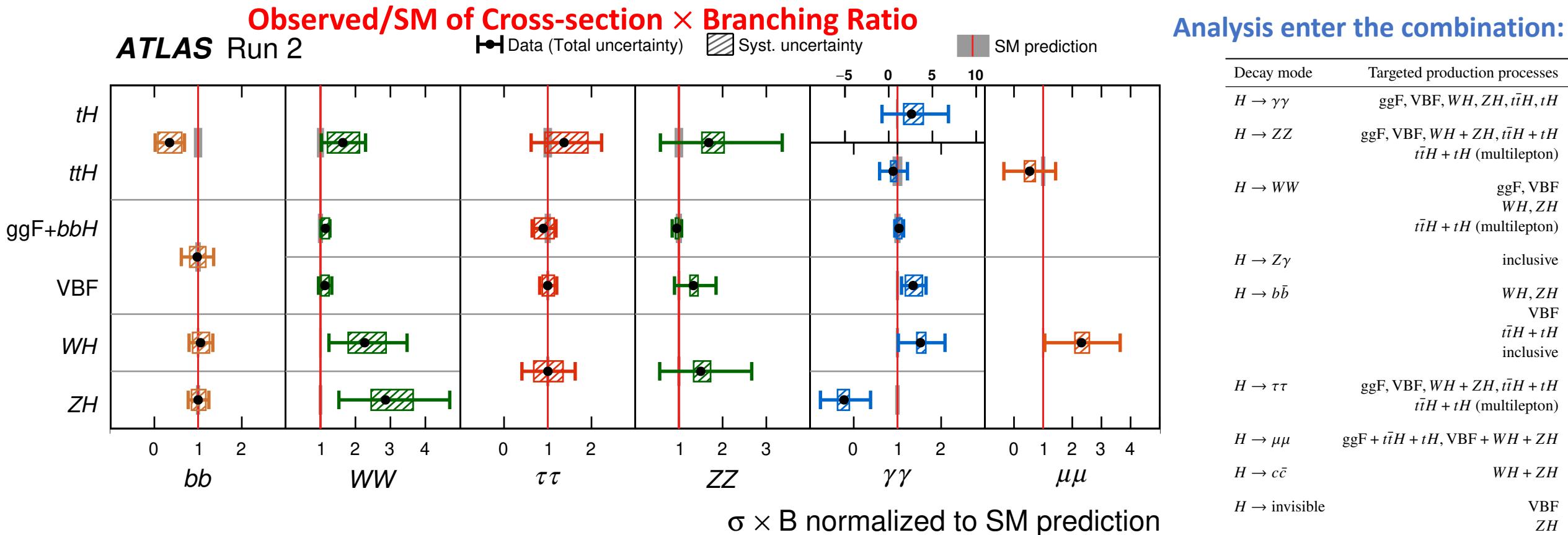
**68% C.L.**  
 $\Gamma_H = 4.5^{+3.3}_{-2.5} \text{ MeV}$

**95%CL limit**  
**Obs.(Exp.):**  
 $0.5 (0.1) < \Gamma_H < 10.5 (10.9) \text{ MeV}$

# The Higgs boson cross-section and couplings

Nature 607, 52 (2022)

- Production cross-sections and decay branching ratio are a way to probe the strength of the Higgs boson coupling with SM particles and possible BSM effects
- After 10 years from the discovery, ATLAS provided the combined measurements of its couplings



The  $p$ -value for compatibility of the measurement and the SM prediction is 72%

# Evidence of $VH, H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$

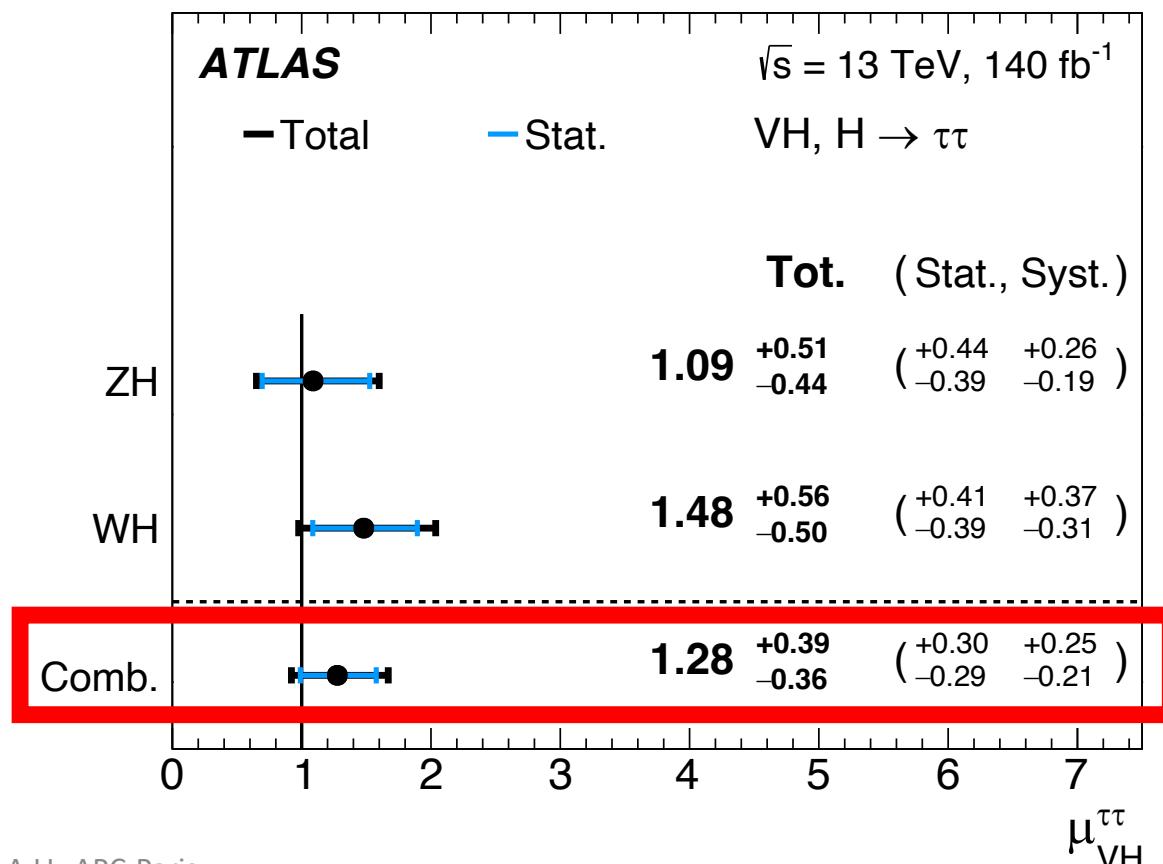
[HIGG-2018-20](#)

## $VH$ final states:

- $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$  at least one  $\tau$  decaying hadronically ( $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$  and  $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ , at least one  $\tau$  decaying hadronically)
- $W \rightarrow \ell\nu, Z \rightarrow \ell\ell, V$  decaying leptonically (with  $\ell = e, \mu$ )

## Results extracted from a simultaneous fit of the NN score in all final states

- Observed (expected) significance of  $4.2$  ( $3.6$ )  $\sigma$ : evidence of  $VH, H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$  process
- Measured signal strength  $\mu_{VH} = 1.28^{+0.39}_{-0.36}$  (Corresponding cross-section  $8.5^{+2.6}_{-2.4} fb$ , SM prediction  $6.59 \pm 0.03 fb$ )



	Significance	
	exp	obs
WH	2.2	3.3
ZH	2.9	2.8
Combined	3.6	<b>4.2</b>

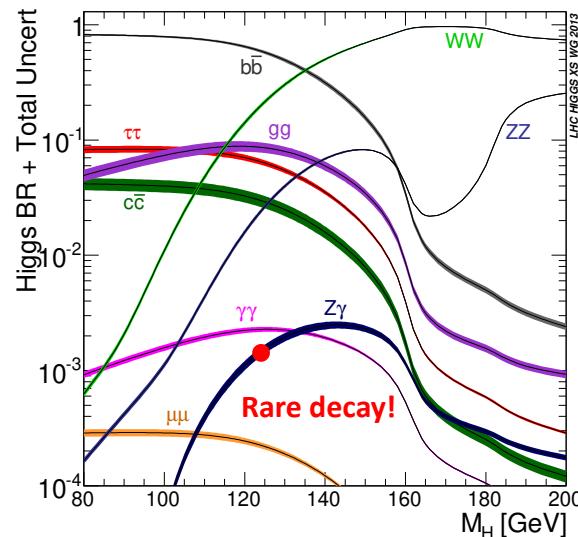
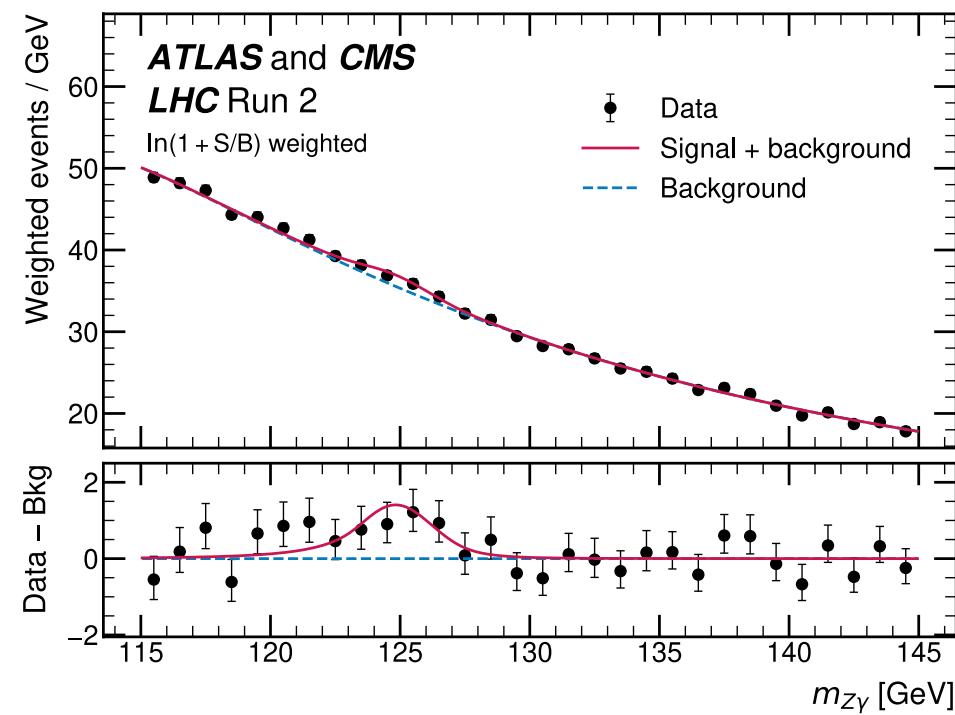
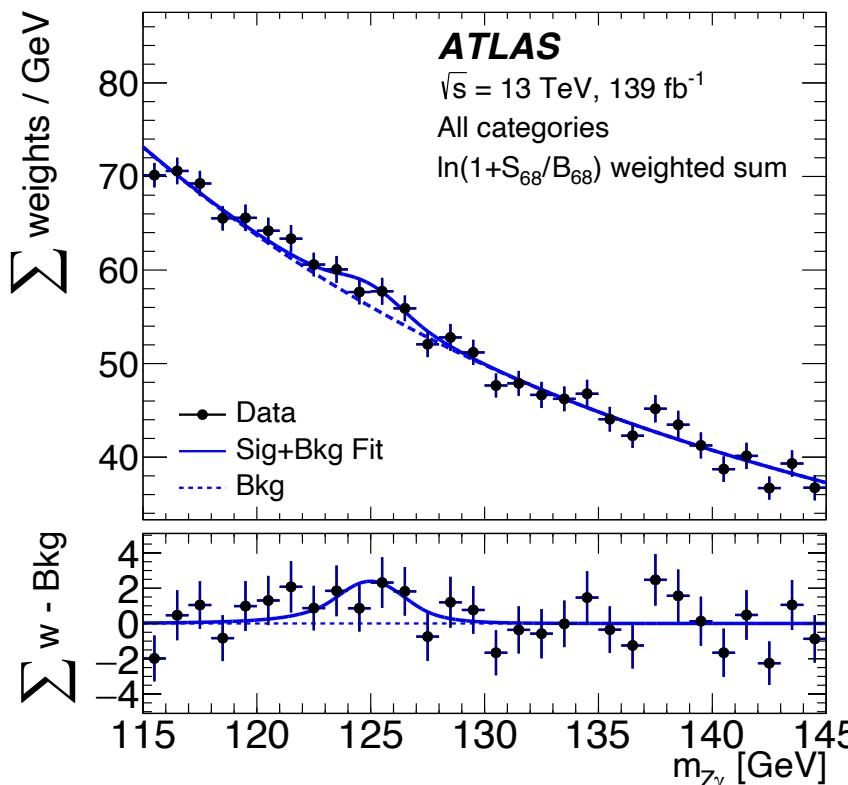
**Evidence of  
 $VH, H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$   
process**

# Higgs Rare decay: $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$

- $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$  Rare decay
- Probing the Higgs properties and for validating SM/BSM theories
- Using full Run 2 data, observed an excess

[Phys. Lett. B 809 \(2020\) 135754](#)  
[arXiv:2309.03501](#)

- ❖ Z reconstructed from  $\ell^+ \ell^-$  ( $\ell = e$  or  $\mu$ ) decay
- ❖ Photon well isolated
- ❖ Sensitivity enhanced studying the S/B in different categories to exploit different production modes



- ATLAS:**
- $\mu_{sig.} = 2.0^{+1.0}_{-0.9}$
  - Local significance  $2.2(1.2)\sigma$
- When combined with CMS**
- Observed  $3.4\sigma$  ( $1.6\sigma$ )

# Higgs decay to invisible

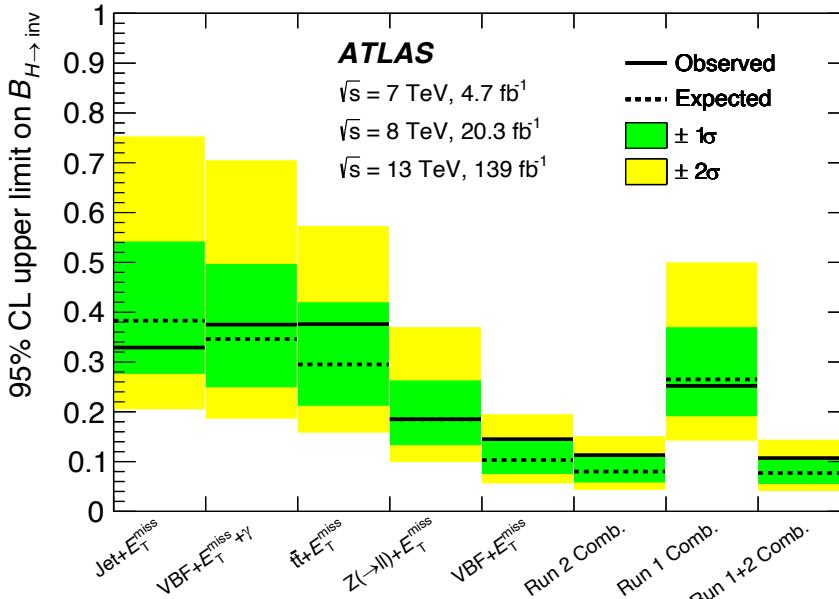
*Phys. Lett. B 842 (2023) 137963*

- Probe possible Higgs decay to WIMPs (Higgs portal dark matters)
- Missing transverse momentum ( $E_T^{miss}$ ) in the interaction
- Run 1 + 2 Combination

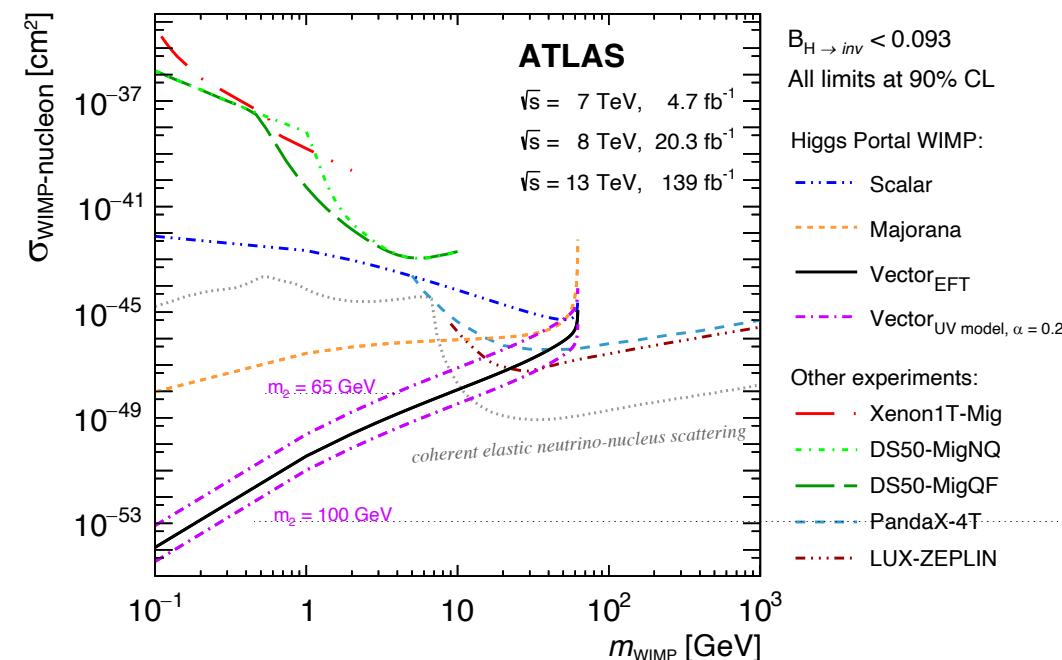
At 95% CL:

$$BR(H \rightarrow \text{inv.}) < 0.107 \text{ (0.077 expected)}$$

$$\text{SM: } BR(H \rightarrow \text{inv.}) = 0.1\%$$



Constraints on Higgs portal WIMP cross-section as function of the WIMP candidate mass

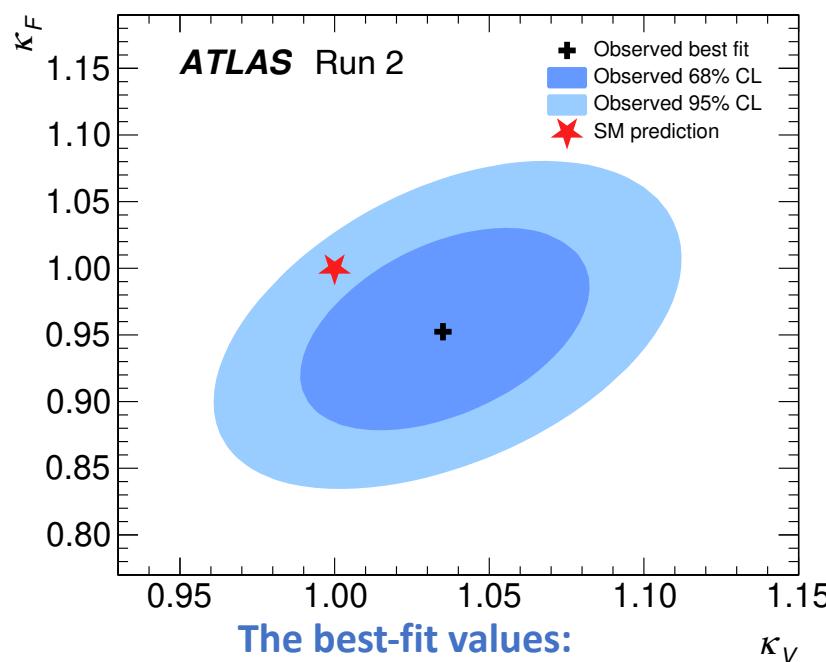


# The Higgs boson couplings

➤ Results interpreted in terms of Higgs boson coupling strength multipliers  $\kappa$  in multiple scenarios

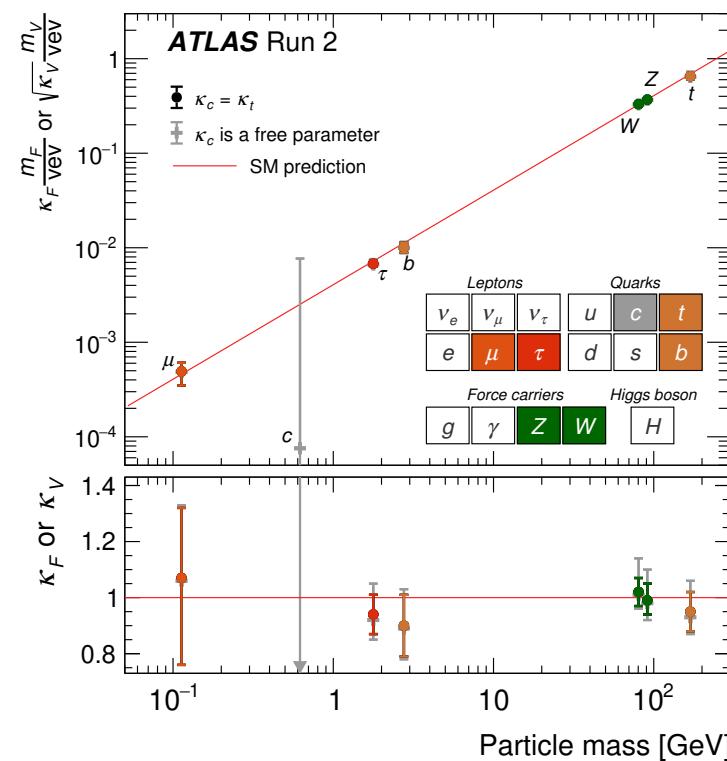
[Nature 607, 52 \(2022\)](#)

Universal coupling strength modifiers  $\kappa_V$  (vector bosons) and  $\kappa_F$  (fermions)



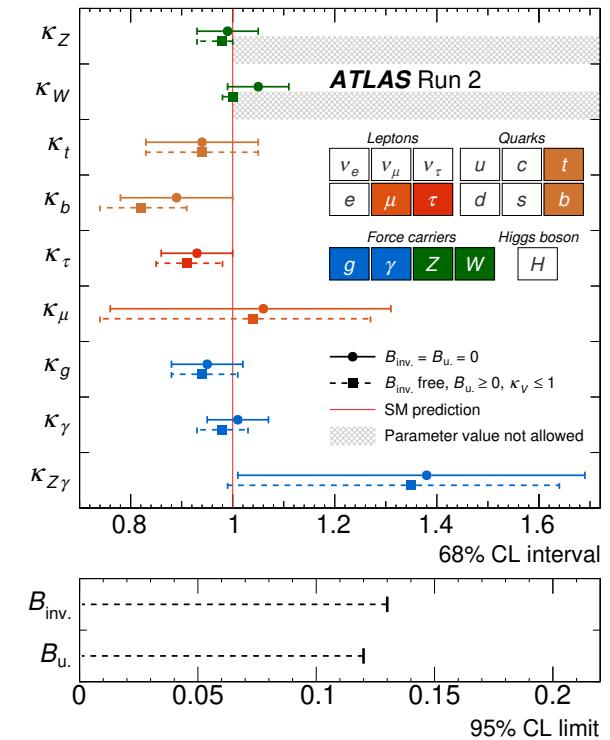
The  $p$ -value for compatibility of the combined measurement and the SM prediction is 14%

The coupling strength modifiers for  $W, Z, t, b, c, \tau$  and  $\mu$  are treated independently



Compatible with their SM prediction  
**Coupling with charm quark:**  
 $\kappa_c < 5.7 @ 95\% \text{ C.L.}$

Allows for the presence of **non-standard model** particles in the loop-induced processes

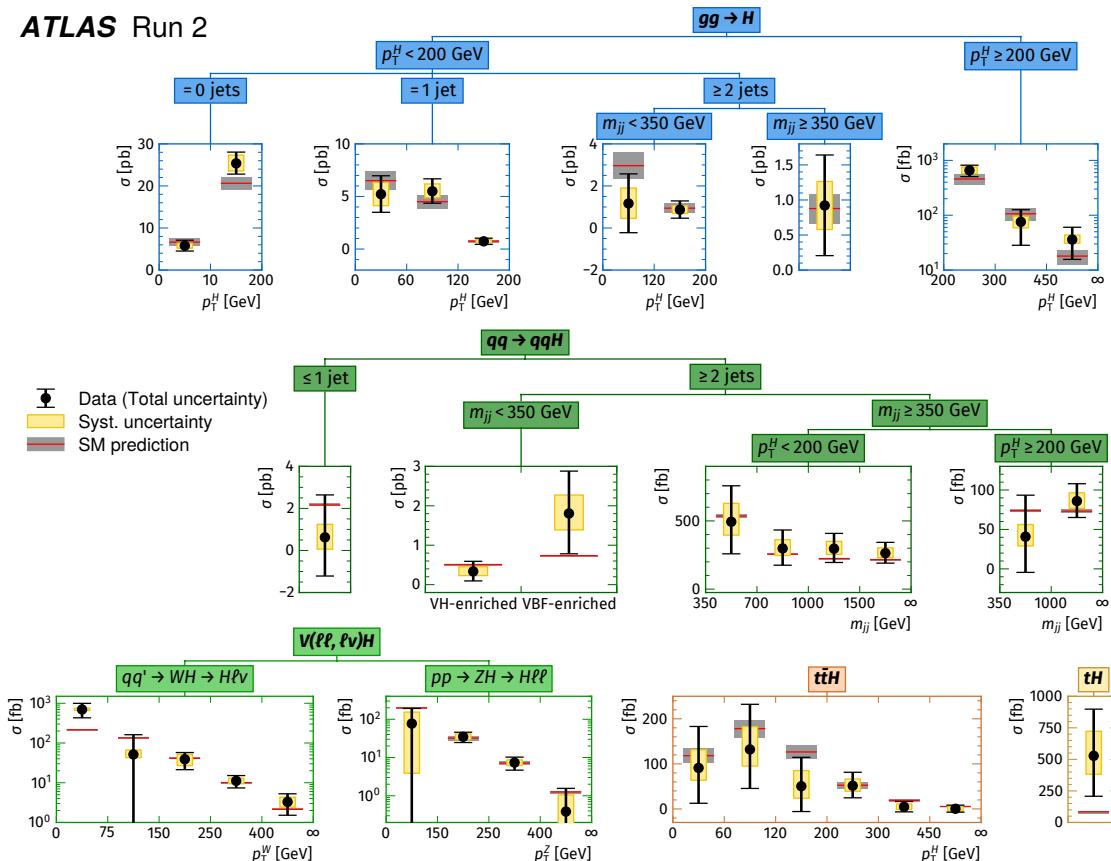


The  $p$ -value for compatibility with the SM is 61%

# The Higgs boson Simplified Template Cross Section

[Nature 607, 52 \(2022\)](#)

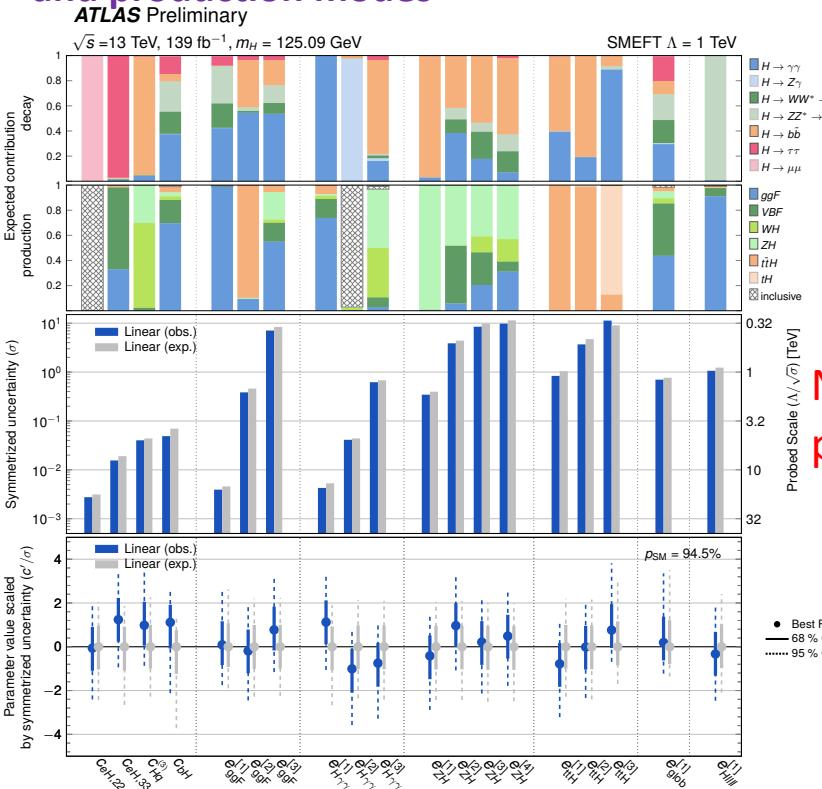
- STXS framework defines exclusive regions in the Higgs phase space of the Higgs production processes
- Based on the kinematics of the Higgs and of the particles produced in association
  - Minimizing the dependence on theoretical uncertainties
  - Maximizing experimental sensitivity also to possible BSM effects



- ❖ Simultaneous measurement in 36 kinematic regions
- ❖ Combining the results in the 5 observed decay channels
- ❖ All measurements are consistent with the standard model predictions, *p*-value 94%

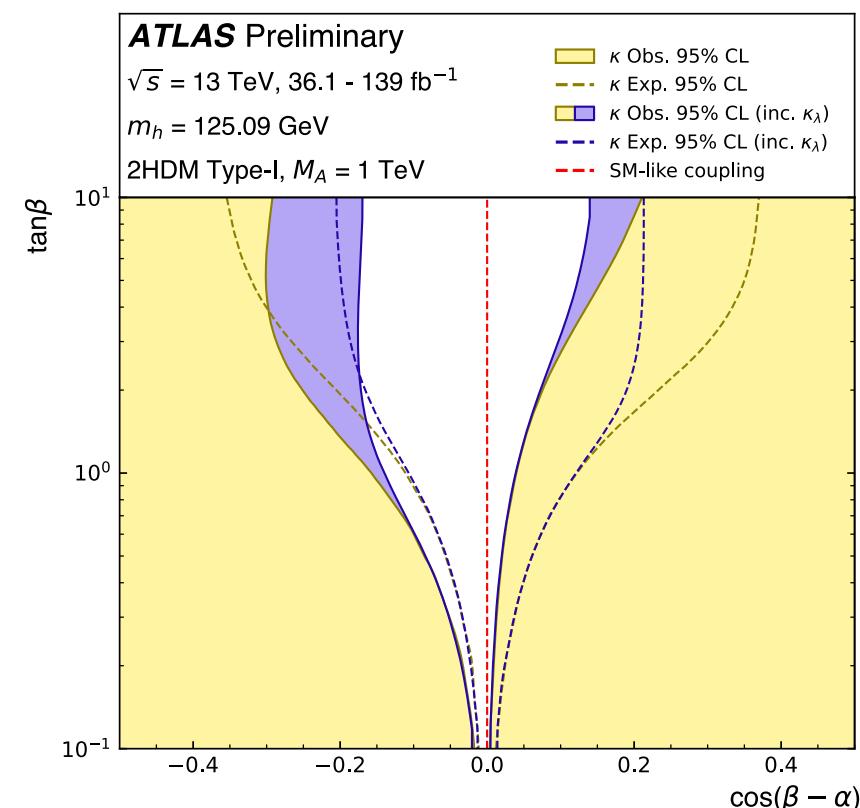
- The STXS measurements and differential cross sections are interpreted Effective Field Theory (EFT)
- The production cross section and decay branching ratio measurements are interpreted BSM scenarios: Two-Higgs-Doublet Model (2HDM) or Minimal Supersymmetric Extension of the SM (MSSM)

**Linear SMEFT model result:**  
**Constraining power from the Higgs decay and production modes**



No deviations from the SM predictions  $p$ -value (94.5%)

**2HDM interpretation: Plane of excluded regions at 95%CL for Type-I model (all fermions couple to same Higgs doublet)**



# The Higgs boson Fiducial Cross-sections

[Eur. Phys. J. C 83 \(2023\) 774](#)

[Phys. Rev. D 108, 072003](#)

[arXiv:2304.09612](#)

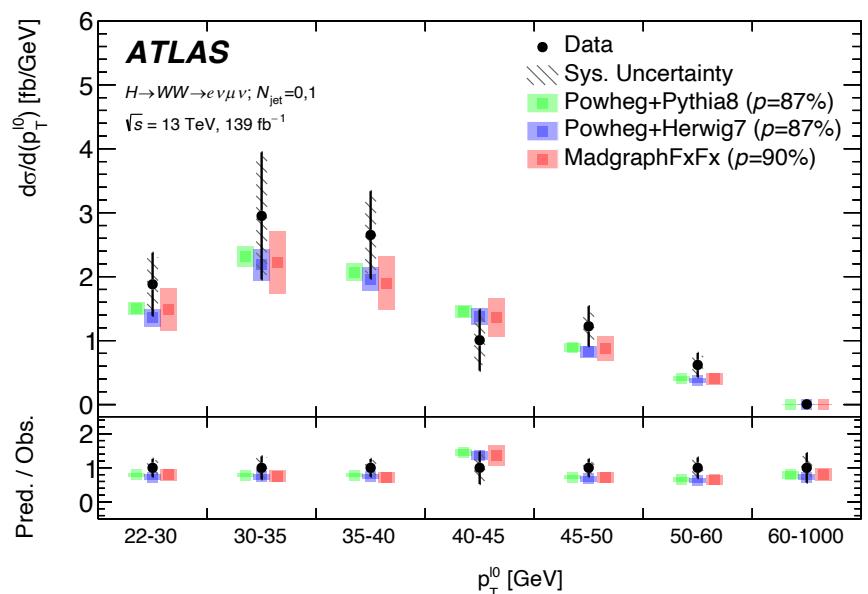
- Fiducial phase space definition based on detector acceptance to minimize the model dependency

Different phase space definition to target different production modes

$$\sigma^{\text{fid}} = \frac{N_{\text{data}}^{\text{SR}} - N_{\text{bkg}}^{\text{SR}}}{C \times \mathcal{L}}$$

- gluon-gluon Fusion (ggF) Fiducial Cross-sections

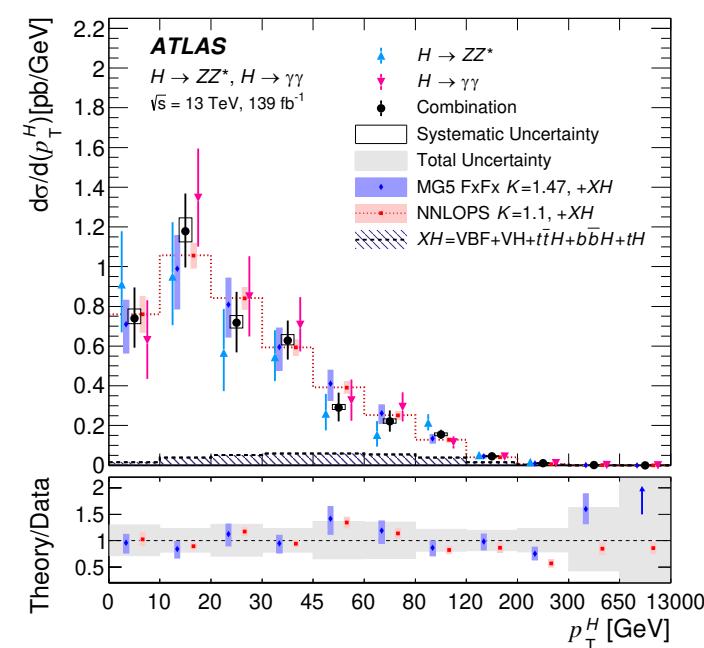
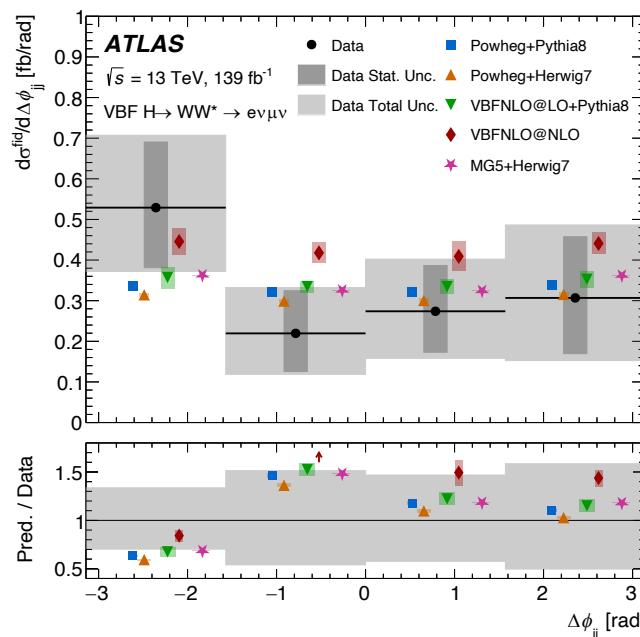
$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow e\nu\mu\nu$



$C$ : accounts for detector inefficiencies

- Vector Boson Fusion (VBF) Fiducial Cross-sections

$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow e\nu\mu\nu$  and  $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell + H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



# The Higgs boson Cross-sections at 13.6 TeV

arXiv:2306.11379

## Measurements at 13.6 TeV, early Run 3

### $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ channel:

Luminosity  $31.4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Fiducial cross-section  $\sigma_{\text{fid},\gamma\gamma} = 76^{+14}_{-13} \text{ fb}$

Assuming SM acceptances and branching fractions

Total cross-sections  $\sigma(pp \rightarrow H) = 67^{+12}_{-11} \text{ pb}$

Combined total cross-section:

Standard Model prediction:

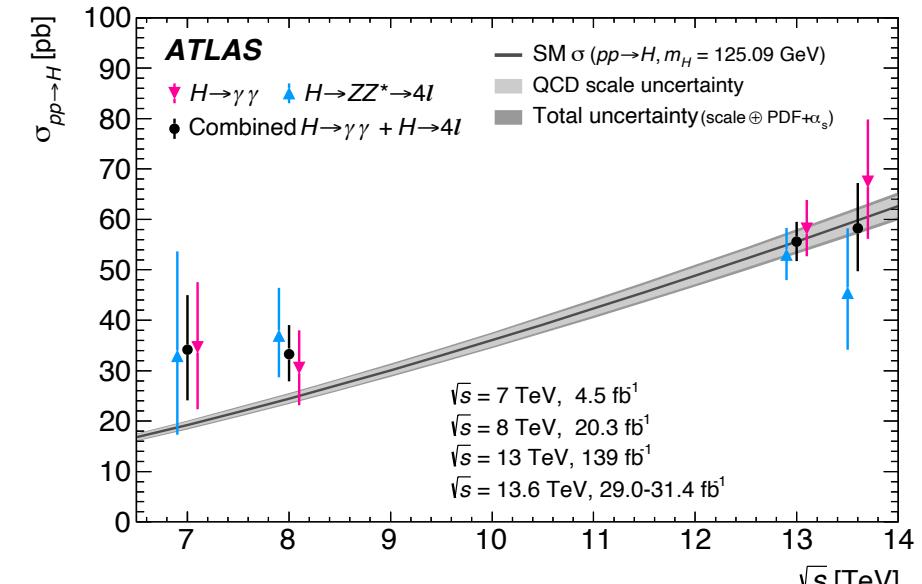
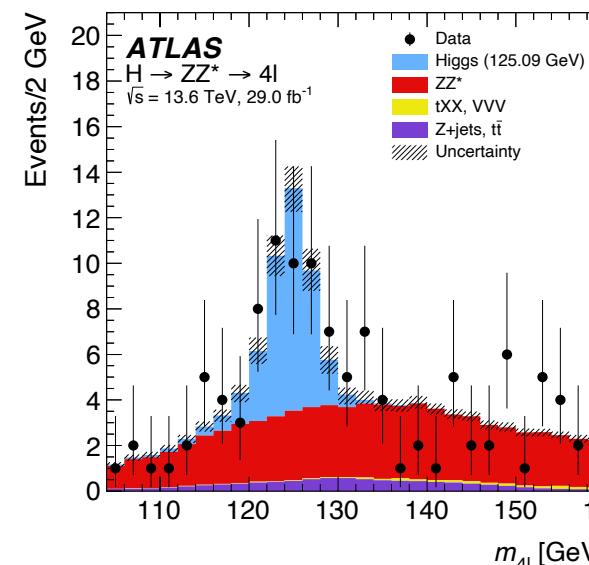
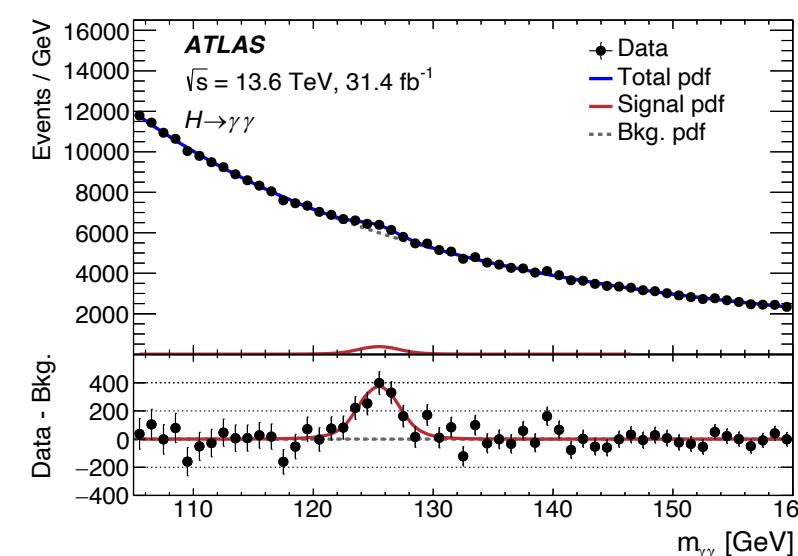
### $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$ channel:

Luminosity  $29.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Fiducial cross-section  $\sigma_{\text{fid},4\ell} = 2.80 \pm 0.74 \text{ fb}$

Total cross-sections  $\sigma(pp \rightarrow H) = 46 \pm 12 \text{ pb}$

Measurement in agreement  
with the SM prediction!!!



# The Higgs boson CP Structure: Higgs-Vector Boson

➤ Looking for signs of CP-violation in the Higgs sector

[Phys. Rev. Lett. 131 \(2023\) 061802](#)

[arXiv:2304.09612](#)

- SM Higgs boson is a CP-even scalar particle
- Look for possible CP-odd couplings
- Study the coupling with vector bosons ( $HVV$ ) and fermions ( $Hff$ )
- Use of Effective Field Theory to discriminate different CP hypothesis

## HVV vertex in the VBF production

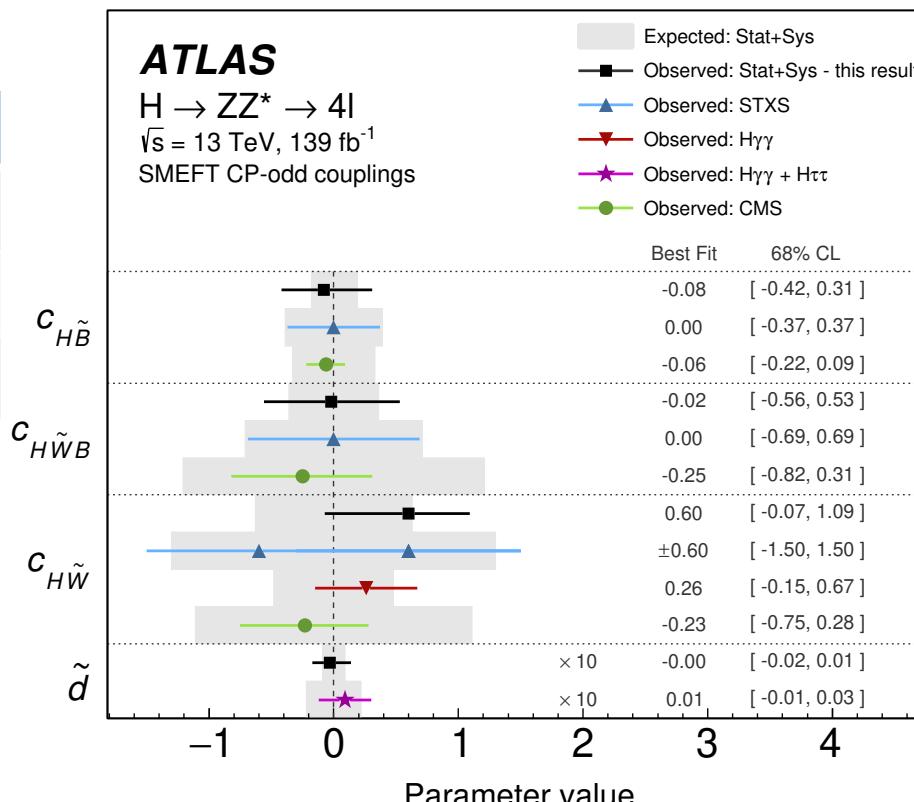
### Warsaw basis

Operator	Structure	Coupling
$\mathcal{O}_{\Phi\tilde{W}}$	$\Phi^\dagger \Phi \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I W^{\mu\nu} I$	$C_{H\tilde{W}}$
$\mathcal{O}_{\Phi\tilde{W}B}$	$\Phi^\dagger \Phi \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$	$C_{H\tilde{W}B}$
$\mathcal{O}_{\Phi\tilde{B}}$	$\Phi^\dagger \Phi \tilde{B}_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	$C_{H\tilde{B}}$

### A simplified assumption: HISZ basis

$$C_{H\tilde{W}} = C_{H\tilde{B}} = \frac{\Lambda^2}{v^2} \tilde{d}, C_{H\tilde{W}B} = 0$$

$\tilde{d}$  is the only CP violation parameter



### Higgs decay modes

- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
- $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
- $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$
- Consistent with the SM expectation
- No significant CP-odd component is observed

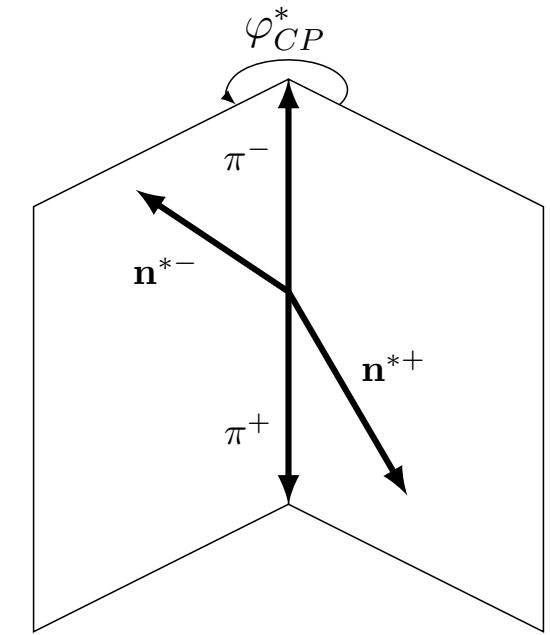
# The Higgs boson CP Structure: Higgs- $\tau$

[Eur. Phys. J. C 83 \(2023\) 563](#)

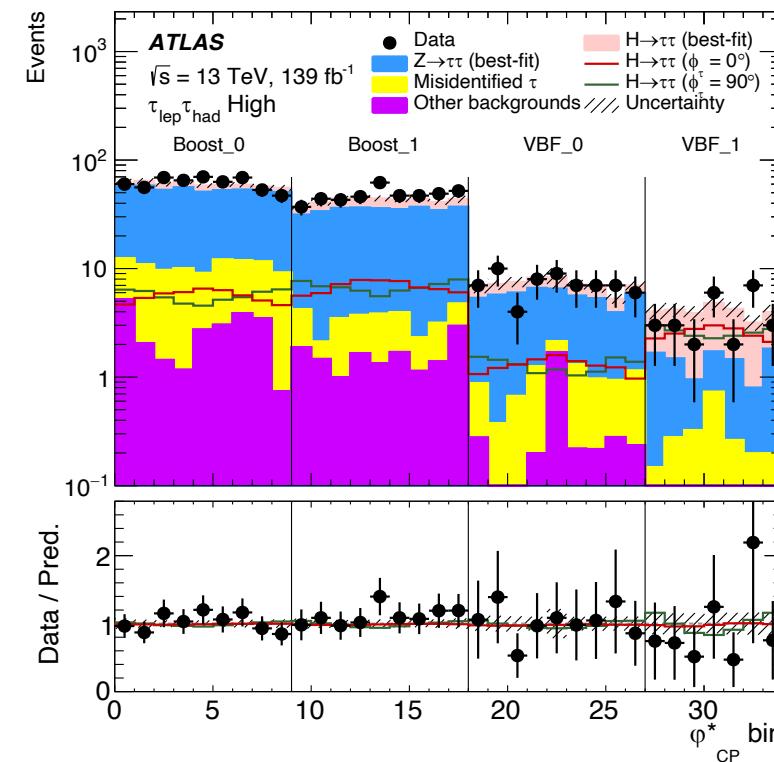
## Hff vertex studies in the $H \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ decay

- The CP-mixing angle  $\phi_\tau$  is reflected in  $\tau$  decay kinematics
- Rejection of the CP-odd hypothesis at  $3.4\sigma$  ( $2.1\sigma$  expected)

Observed:  $\phi_\tau^{\text{obs.}} = 9 \pm 16^\circ$   
 Expected:  $\phi_\tau^{\text{exp.}} = 0 \pm 28^\circ$



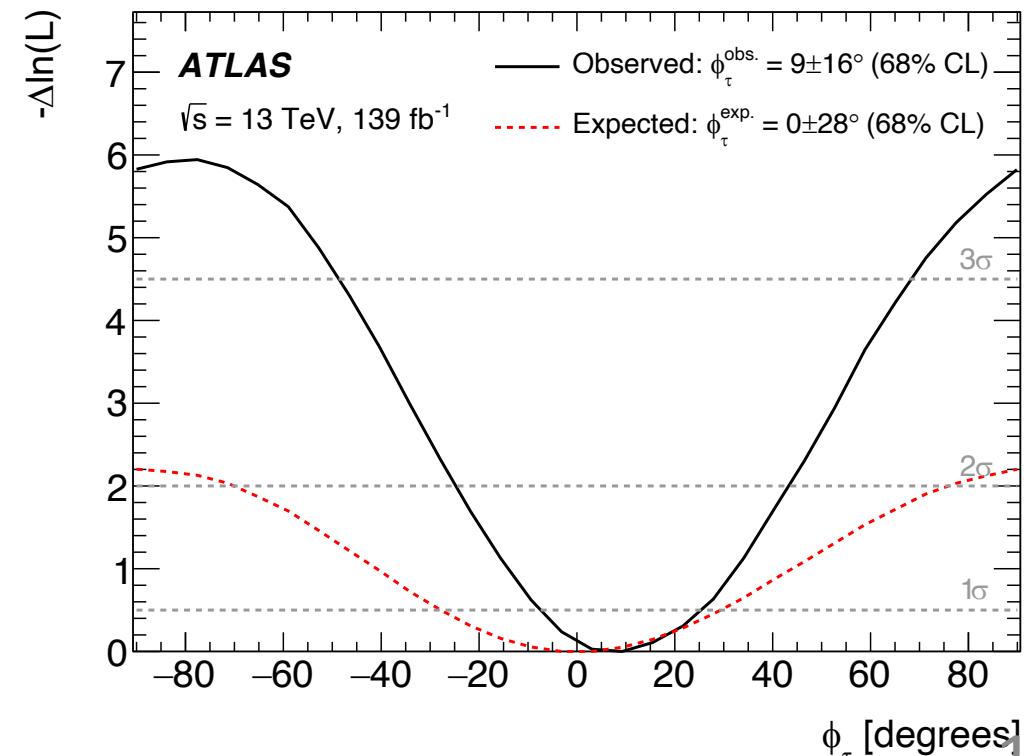
$$H \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- + 2\nu$$



$$\mathcal{L}_{H\tau\tau} = -\frac{m_\tau}{v} \kappa_\tau (\cos \phi_\tau \bar{\tau}\tau + \sin \phi_\tau \bar{\tau} i \gamma_5 \tau) H$$

[ ] CP-even      [ ] CP-odd

SM:  $\phi_\tau = 0$

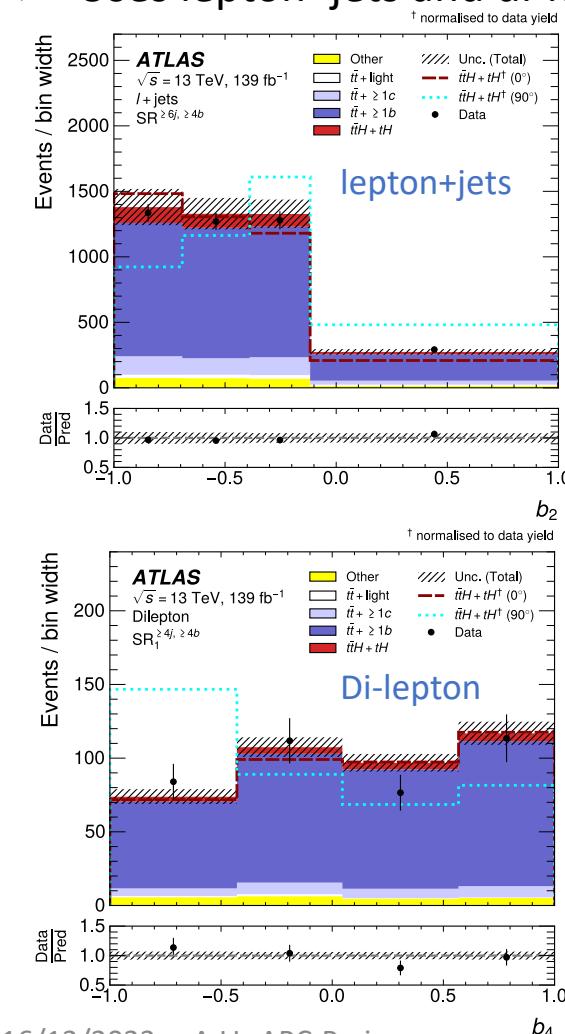


# The Higgs boson CP Structure: Higgs-top quark

[arXiv:2303.05974](https://arxiv.org/abs/2303.05974)

## Hff vertex studies in the ttH/tH production

- Measure the CP structure of H-top interaction in  $t\bar{t}H$  and  $tH$  production using  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  decays  
( $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  done in [Phys. Rev. Lett. 125 \(2020\) 061802](https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.125.061802))
- Uses lepton+jets and di-lepton channels

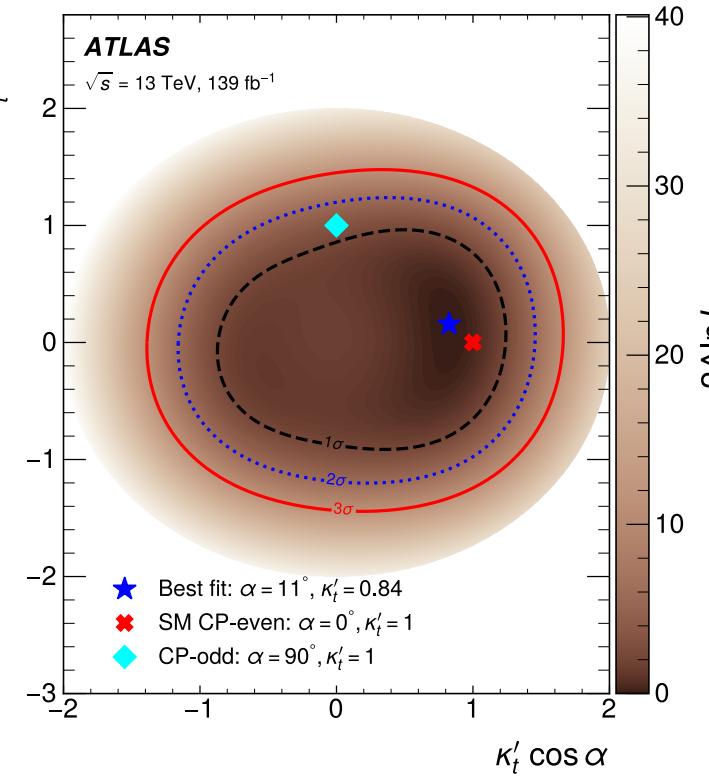


$$b_2 = \frac{(\vec{p}_1 \times \hat{z}) \cdot (\vec{p}_2 \times \hat{z})}{|\vec{p}_1| |\vec{p}_2|}$$

$$b_4 = \frac{(\vec{p}_1 \cdot \hat{z})(\vec{p}_2 \cdot \hat{z})}{|\vec{p}_1| |\vec{p}_2|}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{t\bar{t}H} = -\kappa'_t y_t \phi \bar{\psi}_t (\cos \alpha + i \gamma_5 \sin \alpha) \psi_t$$

CP-even      CP-odd  
SM:  $\kappa'_t = 1$  and  $\alpha = 0$



**Best fit value:**

- $\alpha = 11^\circ {}^{+56^\circ}_{-77^\circ}$
- $\kappa'_t = 0.84 {}^{+0.30}_{-0.46}$

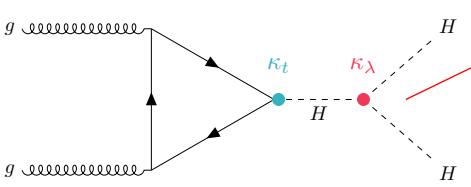
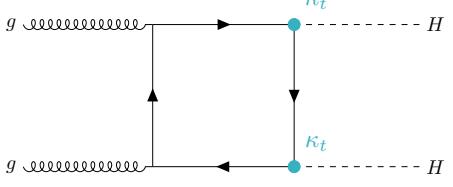
The data disfavour the pure CP-odd hypothesis with a  $1.2 \sigma$  significance

# The Higgs boson Self-couplings

Phys. Lett. B 843 (2023) 137745

## Double Higgs direct measurement:

gluon-gluon Fusion (ggF)  $\sigma_{ggF} = 31 \text{ fb (SM)}$



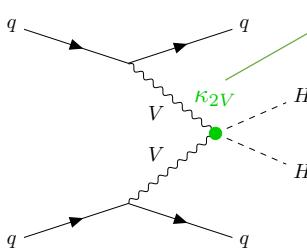
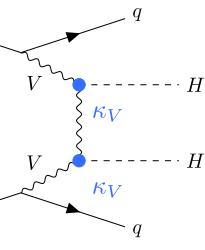
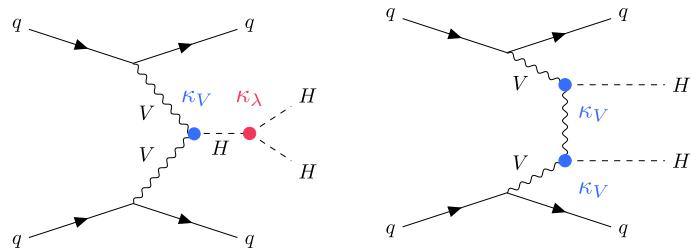
Higgs boson self-coupling ( $\kappa_\lambda$ )

$$\kappa_\lambda = \frac{\lambda_3}{\lambda_3^{SM}}$$

VVHH coupling ( $\kappa_{2V}$ )

$$\kappa_{2V} = \frac{\lambda_{VVHH}}{\lambda_{VVHH}^{SM}}$$

Vector Boson Fusion (VBF)  $\sigma_{VBF} = 1.7 \text{ fb (SM)}$



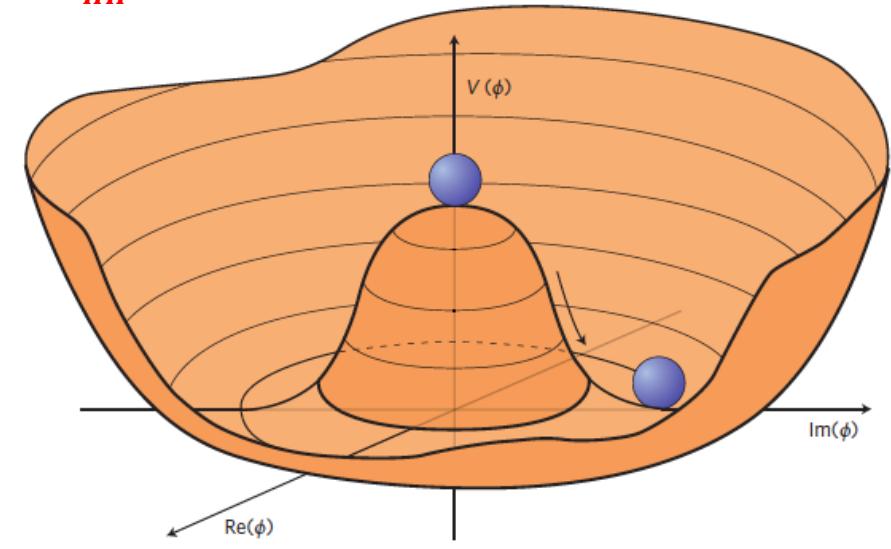
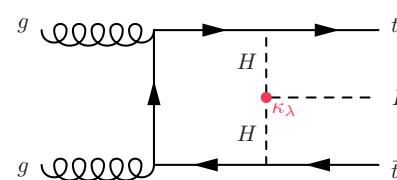
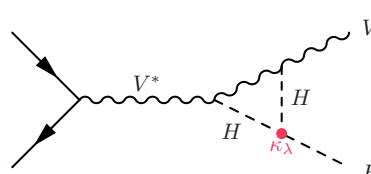
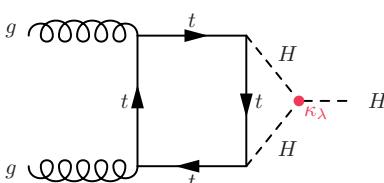
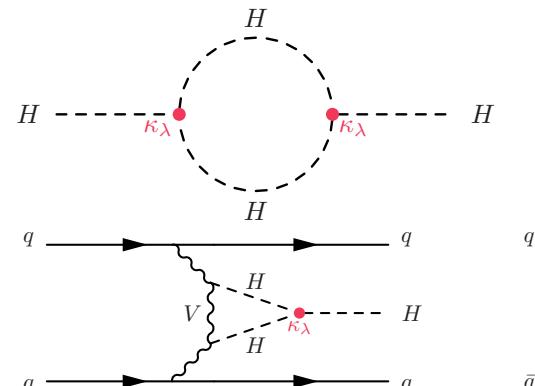
SM prediction:

$$\lambda_3^{SM} = \frac{m_H^2}{2v}$$

Higgs mass  
Vacuum Expectation Value

Signal Strength  $\mu_{HH} = \frac{\sigma_{HH}}{\sigma_{HH}^{SM}}$

## Single Higgs indirect measurement from NLO:

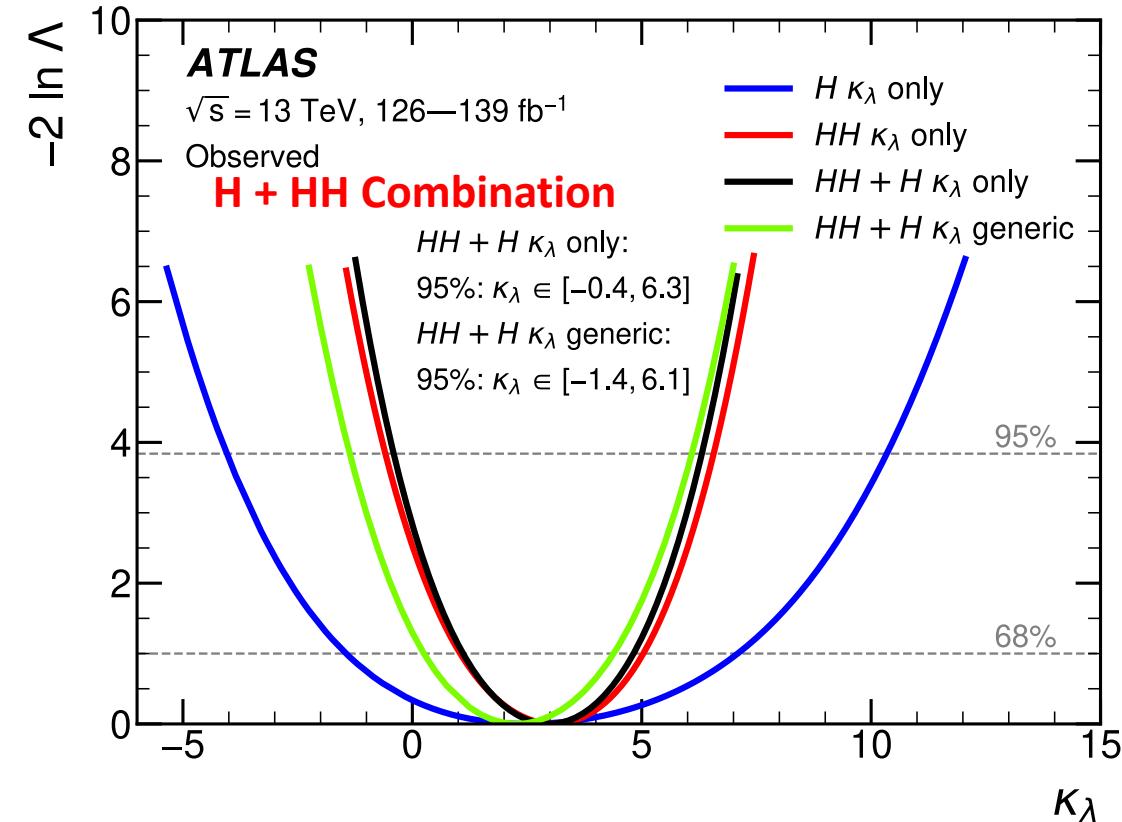
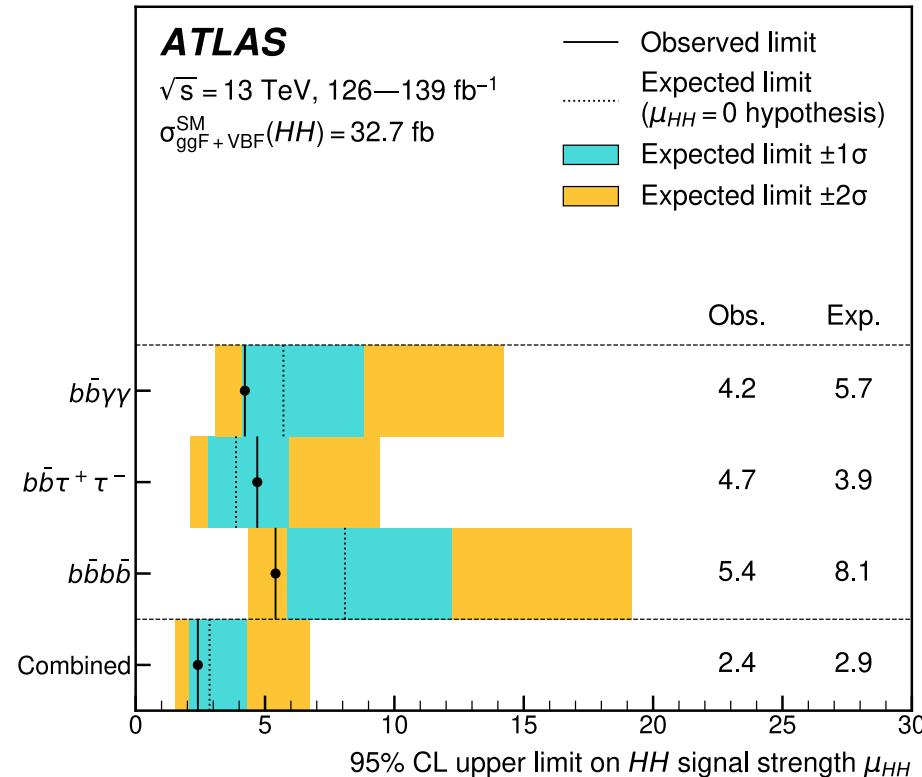


[arXiv:1312.5672](https://arxiv.org/abs/1312.5672)

# The Higgs boson Self-couplings

$b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma, b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-, b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$

[Phys. Lett. B 843 \(2023\) 137745](#)



**Higgs boson self-coupling  $\lambda_3$  is a fundamental parameter of the SM**

- Combined results from di-Higgs searches
  - Constraint on  $\sigma_{HH}$  and  $\kappa_\lambda$
- $\mu_{HH} < 2.4 @ 95\% \text{ C.L.}$   
 $-0.4 < \kappa_\lambda < 6.3 @ 95\% \text{ C.I.}$

# The Higgs boson Self-couplings, Updates

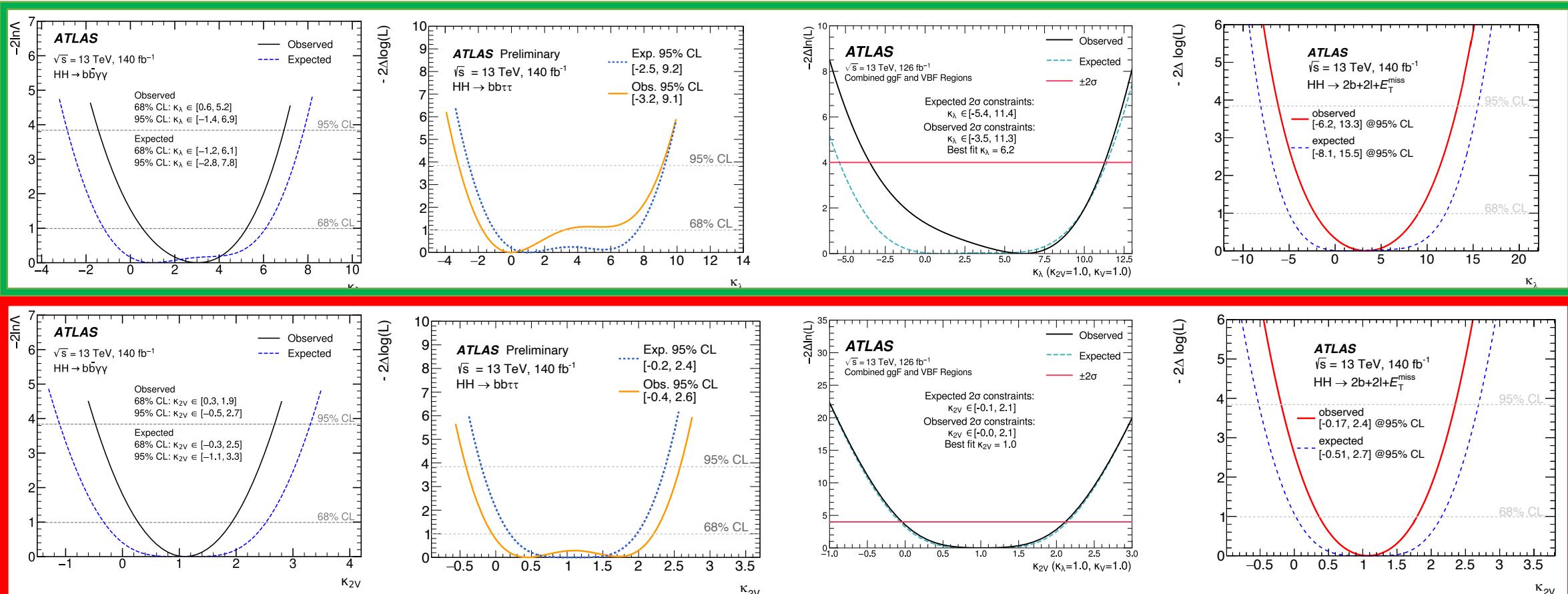
Introduce VBF signal region to further constraint  $\kappa_{2V}$

## $\kappa_\lambda$ Observed 95 C.I.

- $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ :  $\kappa_\lambda \in [-1.4, 6.9]$
- $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ :  $\kappa_\lambda \in [-3.2, 9.1]$
- $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ :  $\kappa_\lambda \in [-3.5, 11.3]$
- $b\bar{b}\ell\ell$ :  $\kappa_\lambda \in [-6.2, 13.3]$

## $\kappa_{2V}$ Observed 95 C.I.

- $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ :  $\kappa_{2V} \in [-0.5, 2.7]$
- $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ :  $\kappa_{2V} \in [-0.4, 2.6]$
- $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ :  $\kappa_{2V} \in [-0.0, 2.1]$
- $b\bar{b}\ell\ell$ :  $\kappa_{2V} \in [-0.2, 2.4]$



# Conclusion

- Using  $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$  and  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ , the Run 1 + 2, combined Higgs mass results is:

$$m_H = 125.11 \pm 0.09 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.06 \text{ (syst.)} = 125.11 \pm 0.11 \text{ GeV}$$

- Evidence of off-shell Higgs boson production
- The Higgs boson width is measured to be:  $\Gamma_H = 4.5^{+3.3}_{-2.5} \text{ MeV}$
- Higgs cross-section first measurement at 13.6 TeV
- First constraint on Higgs coupling with charm quark
- CP properties of the Higgs boson found to be consistent with the Standard Model (CP-even)
- Higgs Self-couplings constrained

Run 3 data at 13.6 TeV has started, more precise results are coming!

Thank you for  
your attention

# The Higgs boson Cross-sections at 13 TeV

[Eur. Phys. J. C 80 \(2020\) 942](#)

[JHEP 08 \(2022\) 027](#)

[JHEP 05 \(2023\) 028](#)

## Measurements at 13 TeV

### $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ channel:

Fiducial cross-section  $\sigma_{\text{fid},\gamma\gamma} = 67 \pm 6 \text{ fb}$

SM prediction  $\sigma_{\text{fid},\gamma\gamma}^{\text{SM}} = 64 \pm 4 \text{ fb}$

Total cross-sections  $\sigma(pp \rightarrow H) = 58.1^{+5.7}_{-5.4} \text{ pb}$

### $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$ channel:

Fiducial cross-section  $\sigma_{\text{fid},4\ell} = 3.28 \pm 0.32 \text{ fb}$

SM prediction  $\sigma_{\text{fid},4\ell}^{\text{SM}} = 3.41 \pm 0.18 \text{ fb}$

Total cross-sections  $\sigma(pp \rightarrow H) = 53.0^{+5.3}_{-5.1} \text{ pb}$

Combined total cross-section:

Standard Model prediction:

$\sigma(pp \rightarrow H) = 55.5^{+4.0}_{-3.8} \text{ pb}$

$\sigma(pp \rightarrow H)_{\text{SM}} = 55.6 \pm 2.5 \text{ pb}$

