

Search for lepton-flavour violation in high-mass dilepton final states using 139 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ with the ATLAS detector



The ATLAS collaboration

E-mail: atlas.publications@cern.ch

ABSTRACT: A search is performed for a heavy particle decaying into different-flavour, dilepton final states, using 139 fb^{-1} of proton-proton collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ collected in 2015–2018 by the ATLAS detector at the Large Hadron Collider. Final states with electrons, muons and hadronically decaying tau leptons are considered ($e\mu$, $e\tau$ or $\mu\tau$). No significant excess over the Standard Model predictions is observed. Upper limits on the production cross-section are set as a function of the mass of a Z' boson, a supersymmetric τ -sneutrino, and a quantum black-hole. The observed 95% CL lower mass limits obtained on a typical benchmark model Z' boson are 5.0 TeV ($e\mu$), 4.0 TeV ($e\tau$), and 3.9 TeV ($\mu\tau$), respectively.

KEYWORDS: Beyond Standard Model, Exotics, Flavour Physics, Hadron-Hadron Scattering

ARXIV EPRINT: [2307.08567](https://arxiv.org/abs/2307.08567)

Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	The ATLAS detector	3
3	Data and simulated event samples	5
4	Event reconstruction and selection	6
5	Background estimation	9
5.1	Irreducible backgrounds	9
5.2	Reducible backgrounds	10
5.2.1	Fake backgrounds in $e\mu$ channel	10
5.2.2	Fake backgrounds in $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels	12
6	Systematic uncertainties	13
7	Statistical analysis	14
8	Results	15
9	Conclusions	24
	The ATLAS collaboration	30

1 Introduction

Lepton-flavour-violation (LFV) is forbidden in the Standard Model (SM) theory of particle physics. However, the observation of flavour oscillations among neutrinos has shown that lepton flavour is not a conserved symmetry of nature [1]. The search for charged LFV (CLFV) remains an area of active interest, motivating many experimental searches for the CLFV decays, such as the MEG experiment for $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$ [2], $\mu \rightarrow 3e$ with the SINDRUM spectrometer [3] and also many searches of LFV τ -lepton decay [4]. So far, there is no experimental evidence that LFV also occurs in interactions between charged leptons and any observation of LFV would be a clear signature of new physics.

Many extensions of the SM predict LFV couplings, such as models with Z' bosons [5], scalar neutrinos in R -parity-violating (RPV) [6, 7] supersymmetry (SUSY) and quantum black holes (QBH) in low-scale gravity [8]. These dilepton LFV processes are usually produced at TeV energy scale, with a clear detector signature of a prompt, different-flavour lepton pair, which decreases the contribution from SM background processes.

A common extension of the SM is the addition of an extra U(1) gauge symmetry resulting in a massive neutral vector boson known as a Z' boson. The Sequential Standard Model (SSM) [5] is used as a benchmark in this paper, where the Z' boson is assumed to have the same quark couplings and chiral structure as the SM Z boson, but allowing for lepton flavour violating couplings. Additional LFV coupling parameters Q_{ij} are assigned for $Z' \rightarrow \ell_i \ell_j$ processes, where $i, j = 1 \dots 3$ represent the three lepton generations. It is assumed that the Q_{ij} parameters equal to the SM Z boson coupling for $i = j$. The latest ATLAS Collaboration study placed lower limits of 4.5, 3.7, and 3.5 TeV on the mass of a Z' boson decaying into $e\mu$, $e\tau$, and $\mu\tau$ pairs, respectively, using 36.1 fb^{-1} of the 13 TeV data sample [9]. The CMS Collaboration has placed limits up to 5.0 TeV on a Z' boson decaying into an $e\mu$ final state using 138 fb^{-1} [10]. Following the same methodology as in ref. [11], the polarisation of τ -leptons is not included in the model, but its impact on the sensitivity to a possible signature is found to be negligible.

In the RPV SUSY model, the Lagrangian terms allowing LFV can be expressed as

$$\frac{1}{2} \lambda_{ijk} L_i L_j \bar{e}_k + \lambda'_{ijk} L_i Q_j \bar{d}_k,$$

where L and Q are the SU(2) doublet superfields of leptons and quarks, e and d are the SU(2) singlet superfields of charged leptons and down-type quarks, λ and λ' are Yukawa couplings, and the indices i, j , and k denote generations. A τ -sneutrino ($\tilde{\nu}_\tau$) may be produced in proton-proton (pp) collisions by $d\bar{d}$ annihilation and later decay into $e\mu$, $e\tau$, or $\mu\tau$. Although only $\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ is considered in this paper, results apply to any sneutrino flavour. For the theoretical prediction of the cross-section times branching ratio, the $\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ coupling to first-generation quarks (λ'_{311}) is assumed to be 0.11 for all channels. As in the Z' model, each lepton-flavour-violating final state is considered separately. It is assumed that $\lambda_{312} = \lambda_{321} = 0.07$ for the $e\mu$ final state, $\lambda_{313} = 0.07$ for the $e\tau$ final state, and $\lambda_{323} = 0.07$ for the $\mu\tau$ final state, while λ_{331} and λ_{332} are set to be zero, due to the gauge invariance for these channels, resulting in the $\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ cross-section times branching ratio in the $e\mu$ channel being up to approximately twice as large as in the $e\tau$ or $\mu\tau$ channel. These values are chosen for easy comparisons with previous ATLAS and CMS searches [11–13]. However in the previous ATLAS search [9] and the latest CMS publication [10], λ_{331} and λ_{332} were assumed to be the same as λ_{313} and λ_{323} respectively, so the results of RPV model in this paper are not directly comparable to those in the previous publications for $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels. The latest ATLAS results with 36.1 fb^{-1} using the 13 TeV data [9] have excluded RPV SUSY models below the $\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ masses 3.4 TeV, 2.6 TeV and below 2.3 TeV for $e\mu$, $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels respectively with exactly the same parameters mentioned above. The CMS Collaboration has recently excluded RPV SUSY models below 2.2 TeV for $\lambda_{312} = \lambda_{321} = \lambda'_{311} = 0.01$ [10].

Various models introduce extra spatial dimensions to reduce the value of the Planck mass and resolve the hierarchy problem. The search described in this paper presents interpretations based on two models: the Arkani-Hamed-Dimopoulos-Dvali (ADD) model [14], assuming $n = 6$, where n is the number of extra dimensions, and on the Randall-Sundrum (RS) model [15] with one extra dimension. Due to the increased strength of gravity at short distances, in these models pp collisions at the LHC could produce states exceeding

the threshold mass (m_{th}) to form black holes. In this paper, m_{th} is assumed to be equivalent to the extra-dimensional Planck scale. The quantum gravity regime [16–18] is applied only when considering the mass region below 3–5 m_{th} , since for masses beyond this region it is expected that thermal black holes would be produced. The non-thermal (or quantum) black holes could decay into two-particle final states, producing the topology investigated in this paper. QBHs would have a continuum mass distribution from m_{th} up to the beginning of the thermal regime which for the models considered in this paper is assumed to start at $3m_{\text{th}}$. This approach is consistent with the previous ATLAS analyses, such as ref. [9]. The decay of the QBH would be governed by a yet unknown theory of quantum gravity. The two main assumptions of the extra-dimension models considered in this paper [8] are that (a) gravity couples with equal strength to all SM particle degrees of freedom and (b) gravity conserves local symmetries (colour and electric charge), but can violate global symmetries such as lepton-flavour and baryon-number conservation. Following these assumptions, the branching ratio to each final state can be calculated. QBHs decaying into different-flavour, opposite-charge lepton pairs are created via $q\bar{q}$ (gg) with a branching ratio to $\ell\ell'$ of 0.87% (0.34%) [8]. As in the Z' model, each lepton-flavour-violating final state is considered separately. These models were used in previous ATLAS and CMS searches for QBH in dijet [19–21], lepton+jet [22], photon+jet [23], $e\mu$ [10], and same-flavour dilepton [24] final states. The latest ATLAS Collaboration study placed lower limits of 5.5 (3.4), 4.9 (2.9), and 4.5 (2.6) TeV on m_{th} of QBH with ADD (RS) model decaying into $e\mu$, $e\tau$, and $\mu\tau$ pairs, respectively, using 36.1 fb^{-1} of the 13 TeV data sample [9].

This paper describes a search for new phenomena in final states with two leptons of different flavour using 139 fb^{-1} of data from pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC). The dilepton signal final states consisting of $e\mu$, $e\tau$, or $\mu\tau$ pairs are considered, where the τ -lepton decays hadronically. This analysis is looking for a localised excess in the distribution of dilepton invariant mass in TeV range. There are three signal regions defined, one for each decay mode. Corresponding control regions are also designed to extract a normalisation of the most prominent SM backgrounds: production of top quarks and dibosons. The contributions from fake leptons are calculated from the data. The final simultaneous fit, with the signal and control regions, is performed separately in each decay mode. Four benchmark models (Z' , RPV SUSY $\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ and QBH: ADD $n=6$; RS $n=1$) are used to interpret the results. Compared with the previous ATLAS search with 36 fb^{-1} of pp collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ [9], this analysis benefits from a factor of four increase in integrated luminosity, improvements in object reconstruction (such as electron and tau lepton identification) the use of a more robust background estimation method (e.g. the 4×4 matrix method in $e\mu$ channel), and the application of a simultaneous fit with both signal region and control regions to constrain systematic uncertainties. In this analysis, the b-jet veto is also included as a part of the baseline selection in every channel, which highly suppresses the top quark related backgrounds.

2 The ATLAS detector

The ATLAS detector [25] is a general-purpose particle detector with approximately forward-backward symmetric cylindrical geometry. It covers nearly the entire solid angle around

the collision point.¹ It consists of an inner tracking detector surrounded by a thin superconducting solenoid, electromagnetic and hadron calorimeters, and a muon spectrometer incorporating three large superconducting air-core toroidal magnets.

The inner-detector system (ID) is immersed in a 2 T axial magnetic field and provides charged-particle tracking in the range of $|\eta| < 2.5$. The high-granularity silicon pixel detector covers the vertex region and typically provides four measurements per track, the first hit normally being in the insertable B-layer (IBL) installed before Run 2 [26, 27]. It is followed by the silicon microstrip tracker (SCT), which usually provides eight measurements per track. These silicon detectors are complemented by the transition radiation tracker (TRT), which enables radially extended track reconstruction up to $|\eta| = 2.0$. The TRT also provides electron identification information based on the fraction of hits (typically 30 in total) above a higher energy-deposit threshold corresponding to transition radiation.

The calorimeter system covers the pseudorapidity range $|\eta| < 4.9$. Within the region of $|\eta| < 3.2$, electromagnetic calorimetry is provided by barrel and endcap high-granularity lead/liquid-argon (LAr) calorimeters, with an additional thin LAr presampler covering $|\eta| < 1.8$ to correct for energy loss in material upstream of the calorimeters. Hadron calorimetry is provided by the steel/scintillator-tile calorimeter, segmented into three barrel structures within $|\eta| < 1.7$, and two copper/LAr hadron endcap calorimeters. The solid angle coverage is completed with forward copper/LAr and tungsten/LAr calorimeter modules optimised for electromagnetic and hadronic energy measurements respectively.

The muon spectrometer (MS) comprises separate trigger and high-precision tracking chambers measuring the deflection of muons in a magnetic field generated by the superconducting air-core toroidal magnets. The field integral of the toroids ranges between 2.0 and 6.0 T m across most of the detector. Three layers of precision chambers, each consisting of layers of monitored drift tubes, cover the region $|\eta| < 2.7$, complemented by cathode-strip chambers in the forward region, where the background is highest. The muon trigger system covers the range $|\eta| < 2.4$ with resistive-plate chambers in the barrel, and thin-gap chambers in the endcap regions.

Interesting events are selected by the first-level trigger system implemented in custom hardware, followed by selections made by algorithms implemented in software in the high-level trigger [28]. The first-level trigger accepts events from the 40 MHz bunch crossings at a rate below 100 kHz, which the high-level trigger further reduces in order to record events to disk at about 1 kHz.

An extensive software suite [29] is used in data simulation, in the reconstruction and analysis of real and simulated data, in detector operations and in the trigger and data acquisition systems of the experiment.

¹ATLAS uses a right-handed coordinate system with its origin at the nominal interaction point (IP) in the centre of the detector and the z -axis along the beam pipe. The x -axis points from the IP to the centre of the LHC ring, and the y -axis points upwards. Cylindrical coordinates (r, ϕ) are used in the transverse plane, ϕ being the azimuthal angle around the z -axis. The pseudorapidity is defined in terms of the polar angle θ as $\eta = -\ln \tan(\theta/2)$. Angular distance is measured in units of $\Delta R \equiv \sqrt{(\Delta\eta)^2 + (\Delta\phi)^2}$.

3 Data and simulated event samples

The data sample used for this analysis was collected during 2015 to 2018 from pp collisions at a centre-of-mass energy of 13 TeV. After selecting periods with stable beams and applying data-quality requirements, the total integrated luminosity is 139 fb^{-1} with an uncertainty of 1.7% [30, 31].

The $pp \rightarrow Z' \rightarrow \ell\ell'$ Monte Carlo (MC) simulated samples were generated at leading order (LO) using the generator PYTHIA 8.186 [32] with the NNPDF2.3LO [33] parton distribution function (PDF) set and the A14 [34] set of tuned parameters. The signal samples were generated for the SSM, including fifteen mass points ranging from 1 TeV to 8 TeV in steps of 500 GeV. The cross-section of the Z' signal was corrected from LO to next-to-next-to-leading order (NNLO) in the strong coupling constant with a rescaling, which was computed with VRAP 0.9 [35] and the CT14NNLO PDF [36] set. The NNLO QCD correction was applied as a multiplicative factor from 1.44 to 0.29 for different Z' masses on total cross-section. No mixing of the Z' boson with the Z and γ^* bosons is included.

The $d\bar{d} \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow \ell\ell'$ samples were generated at LO with MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO v2.3.3 [37] interfaced to the PYTHIA 8.186 parton shower model with the NNPDF2.3LO PDF set and the A14 tune. The signal samples were generated with the same mass values as for the Z' model described above. The cross-section was calculated at LO with the same generator used for simulation and corrected to next-to-leading-order (NLO) using LOOPTOOLS v2.2 [38]. The NLO correction factor ranges from 1.1 to 1.4, depending on different $\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ masses.

The $pp \rightarrow \text{QBH} \rightarrow \ell\ell'$ samples were generated with the program QBH 3.00 [39] using the CTEQ6L1 [40] PDF set and the A14 tune, for which PYTHIA 8.205 [41] provides showering and hadronisation. For each extra-dimensional model, eleven m_{th} points in 500 GeV steps were produced: from 4 TeV to 9 TeV for the ADD $n = 6$ model and from 2 TeV to 7 TeV for the RS $n = 1$ model. These two models differ in the number and nature of the additional extra dimensions (large extra dimensions for ADD and one highly warped extra dimension for RS). In particular, the ADD model predicts black holes with a larger gravitational radius and hence the parton-parton cross-section for this model is larger than for the RS model. Therefore, the m_{th} range of the generated samples differs for the two models.

The SM background in the LFV dilepton search is due to several processes which produce a final state with two different-flavour leptons. For the $e\mu$ mode, the dominant background contributions originate from $t\bar{t}$ and single-top tW production with the subsequent decay of both of the W bosons (including those from top quark decays) in the event into leptons, and diboson (WW , WZ , and ZZ) production. Other backgrounds originate from τ -lepton pair production ($q\bar{q} \rightarrow Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$). Both diboson and τ -lepton pair production produce different-flavour final states, through the leptonic decays of the W and Z bosons or the τ -leptons. For the $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ modes, multijet and W +jets processes are the dominant backgrounds. They contribute due to the misidentification of jets as leptons.

Backgrounds from top quark production include $t\bar{t}$ and tW production. The production of $t\bar{t}$ events was modelled using the POWHEG-BOX v2 [42–45] generator at NLO with

the NNPDF3.0NLO PDF set [46] and the h_{damp} parameter² set to $1.5 m_{\text{top}}$ [47]. The events were interfaced to PYTHIA 8.230 [41] to model the parton shower, hadronisation, and underlying event, with parameters set according to the A14 tune and using the NNPDF2.3LO set of PDFs. The decays of bottom and charm hadrons were performed by EVTGEN[1.6.0] [48]. The tW backgrounds were modelled by the POWHEG-BOX v2 generator at NLO in QCD using the five-flavour scheme and the NNPDF3.0NLO set of PDFs. The diagram removal scheme [49] was used to remove interference and overlap with $t\bar{t}$ production. The events were interfaced to PYTHIA 8.230 using the A14 tune and the NNPDF2.3LO set of PDFs.

For diboson samples, final states were simulated with SHERPA 2.2.12 [50, 51], including off-shell effects and Higgs boson contributions where appropriate. Fully leptonic final states and semileptonic final states, where one boson decays leptonically and the other hadronically, were simulated using matrix elements (ME) at NLO accuracy in QCD for up to one additional parton and at LO accuracy for up to three additional parton emissions.

The SM Drell-Yan process was generated at NLO using POWHEG-BOX v1 MC generator which is used for the simulation at NLO accuracy of the hard-scattering processes of Z -boson production and decay in the e , μ , and τ -lepton final states. It was interfaced to PYTHIA 8.186 with parameters set according to the AZNLO [52] tune. The CT10 PDF set [53] was used for the hard-scattering processes, whereas the CTEQ6L1 PDF set was used for the parton shower.

Processes such as W +jets and multijet production with jets that are misidentified as leptons were estimated through a combination of data-driven methods and simulation, detailed in section 5. The W +jets contribution was estimated with the aid of the SHERPA 2.2.2 simulated samples using NLO MEs for up to two partons, and LO matrix elements for up to four partons calculated with the Comix [54] and OPENLOOPS libraries. They are matched with the SHERPA parton shower using the MEPS@NLO [55] prescription using the set of tuned parameters developed by the SHERPA authors [50].

For all samples used in this analysis, the effects of multiple proton-proton interactions per bunch crossing (pileup) were included by overlaying minimum-bias events simulated with PYTHIA 8.186 and reweighting the simulated events to reproduce the distribution of the number of interactions per bunch crossing observed in the data. The generated events were processed with the ATLAS simulation infrastructure [56], based on GEANT4 [57], and passed through the trigger simulation and the same reconstruction software used for the data.

4 Event reconstruction and selection

The search for new phenomena presented here is aimed at the high mass range, thus event selections are optimised accordingly. Events are kept only if they can satisfy a single-muon or single-electron trigger. The trigger p_{T} threshold is different for different data-taking periods. For 2015 data runs, a p_{T} threshold of 20 or 50 GeV for muons is applied, and

²The h_{damp} parameter is a resummation damping factor and one of the parameters that controls the matching of POWHEG matrix elements to the parton shower and thus effectively regulates the high- p_{T} radiation against which the $t\bar{t}$ system recoils.

the value for electrons is 24, 60 or 120 GeV. For 2016–2018 data runs, the p_T threshold is 26 or 50 GeV for muons, and 26, 60 or 140 GeV for electrons. This analysis relies on triggers with p_T threshold above 50 (60) GeV for muons (electrons). The single-electron trigger with higher p_T threshold has a looser identification requirement, resulting in an increased trigger efficiency in the high p_T region which is especially important for a high mass resonance search. In addition to the trigger selection, events are required to have at least one offline reconstructed signal lepton matched to the object that fired the trigger.

Electron candidates are formed by associating the energy in clusters of cells in the electromagnetic calorimeter with a track in the ID [58]. Candidate electrons are identified using a likelihood-based method. The likelihood discriminant utilises lateral and longitudinal calorimeter shower shapes together with tracking and cluster-track matching quantities. The discriminant criterion is a function of the p_T and $|\eta|$ of the electron candidate. Two operating points are used in this analysis, as defined in refs. [59, 60]: *Medium* and *Tight*, which correspond to an efficiency of 88% and 80% for a prompt electron with $E_T = 40$ GeV respectively. The *Tight* working point is required for electrons in signal events while the *Medium* working point is required in order to define an electron used for the reducible background estimates. Electron candidates must have $p_T > 65$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.47$, excluding the region $1.37 < |\eta| < 1.52$, where the electron performance is degraded due to the presence of extra inactive material. Further requirements are made on their tracks: the transverse and longitudinal impact parameters relative to the primary vertex of the event (d_0 and Δz_0) must satisfy $|d_0/\sigma_{d_0}| < 5$ and $|\Delta z_0 \sin \theta| < 0.5$ mm. Candidates are required to satisfy relative track-based and calorimeter-based isolation requirements with an efficiency of 99% to suppress background from non-prompt electrons [61].

Candidate muon tracks are reconstructed independently in the ID and the MS which are then used in a combined fit. To ensure optimal muon momentum resolution to very high p_T region ($\sim 10\%$ at 1 TeV), the *High- p_T* operating point [62] is used in this analysis. Only tracks with hits in each of the three stations of the muon spectrometer are considered. Moreover, muon candidates are required to be within a pseudorapidity of $|\eta| < 2.5$, satisfy $|d_0/\sigma_{d_0}| < 3$ and $|\Delta z_0 \sin \theta| < 0.5$ mm, $p_T > 65$ GeV, and satisfy a track-based isolation criterion with an efficiency of 99% to further reduce contamination from non-prompt muons. The track isolation is similar to the one defined for electrons. Muon candidates fulfilling all selection except the isolation criterion are called “Loose muons” which are used in the reducible background estimates. An additional upper cut on μ p_T at 6 TeV is applied to remove poorly calibrated muons. This only affects the very high-mass signals, and no events fail this requirement in either the data or the background MC.

Jets are reconstructed using the anti- k_t algorithm [63] with a radius parameter of 0.4. The inputs to the jet clustering are built by combining the information from both the calorimeters and the ID using a particle-flow algorithm [64]. The cluster energies are calibrated according to in situ measurements of the jet energy scale [65]. Jets with $p_T < 60$ GeV and with $|\eta| < 2.4$ are further required to satisfy the jet vertex tagger [66], which is a likelihood discriminant that uses a combination of track and vertex information to suppress jets originating from pile-up activity.

Hadronic decays of τ -leptons are composed of a neutrino and a set of visible decay products (τ_{had}), typically one or three charged pions and up to two neutral pions. The reconstruction of τ_{had} starts with jets reconstructed from topological clusters [67, 68]. The τ_{had} candidates must have $|\eta| < 2.5$ with the transition region ($1.37 < |\eta| < 1.52$) excluded, a transverse momentum $p_T > 65$ GeV, one or three associated tracks with ± 1 total electric charge. To discriminate against jets, τ_{had} candidates are identified with a multivariate algorithm that employs a Recurrent Neural Network (RNN) using shower shape and tracking information [68]. All τ_{had} candidates are required to satisfy the *Medium* operating point which corresponds to an efficiency of 75% (60%) for 1-prong (3-prong) τ -leptons, and a jet background rejection of 35 (240) for 1-prong (3-prong) τ -lepton candidates. Furthermore, a dedicated Boosted Decision Tree-based veto is applied to reduce the number of electrons misidentified as τ_{had} candidates.

Jets with $|\eta| < 2.5$ containing a b -hadrons are identified with a b -tagging algorithm based on a deep-learning neural network [69]. The information used includes distinctive features of b -hadron decays in terms of the impact parameters of the tracks and the displaced vertices reconstructed in the ID. The chosen operating point has an efficiency of 85%. In this study, a veto on b -tagged jets is applied to reject contributions from events containing top quarks.

The missing transverse momentum vector \vec{p}_T^{miss} , with magnitude E_T^{miss} , is defined as the negative vector sum of the transverse momenta of all identified physics objects and an additional soft term. The soft term is constructed from all tracks that are associated with the primary vertex, but not associated with any selected physics object [70].

Candidate signal events must have a reconstructed primary vertex with at least two associated tracks, defined as the vertex whose constituent tracks have the highest sum of p_T^2 . There should be exactly two different-flavour, opposite-sign leptons satisfying the previously mentioned criteria: $e\mu$, $e\tau_{\text{had}}$ or $\mu\tau_{\text{had}}$. Events with an additional electron, muon or τ_{had} fulfilling all the selections are vetoed. For the $e\mu$ channel only, events with an extra electron or muon fulfilling the “loose” criteria are also vetoed. For all three channels, the lepton candidates must be back-to-back in the transverse plane with $\Delta\phi(\ell, \ell') > 2.7$. The invariant mass of the dilepton pair larger than 600 GeV is used as the discriminant. To account for differences between data and simulation, corrections are applied to the lepton trigger, reconstruction, identification, and isolation efficiencies as well as to the lepton energy/momentum resolution and scale [58, 62, 67].

To avoid double counting among objects, a lepton-lepton and lepton-jet overlap removal is applied based on the ΔR distance metric. The p_T threshold of muons considered in the overlap removal with τ_{had} is lowered to 2 GeV. Further details can be found in ref. [71].

After the event selection mentioned above, for a Z' boson with a mass of 1.5 TeV, the fractions of signal events that satisfy all of the selection requirements are approximately 45%, 20%, and 15% for the $e\mu$, $e\tau$, and $\mu\tau$ final states, respectively.

Because of the presence of a neutrino in the τ -leptons hadronic decay, for the $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels the dilepton invariant mass cannot be fully reconstructed, so an approximation is used. The mass of the BSM particle from the signals considered is much larger than the masses of the SM leptons, thus producing very high energy τ -leptons when it decays.

Region	Channels	Requirements
Nominal $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell'}$		
SR	$e\mu, e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$	$\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell'} > 2.7$, no b -jet, $m_{\ell\ell'} > 600$ GeV
$t\bar{t}$ CR	$e\mu, e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$	$\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell'} > 2.7$, at least one b -jet, $m_{\ell\ell'} > 600$ GeV
Reversed $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell'}$		
Low $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell'}$ $t\bar{t}$ CR	$e\mu$	$\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell'} < 2.7$, at least one b -jet, $m_{\ell\ell'} > 600$ GeV
WW CR	$e\mu$	$\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell'} < 2.7$, no b -jet, $m_{\ell\ell'} > 600$ GeV

Table 1. Regions used in the final fit mentioned in section 7 in $e\mu, e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels. “SR” and “CR” refer to signal and control regions respectively.

The hadronic cascade decay of the high energy τ -lepton results in the neutrino and the resultant jet being nearly collinear. The neutrino four-momentum is reconstructed from the magnitude of the missing transverse momentum and the direction of the τ_{had} candidate. This technique improves the dilepton mass resolution and search sensitivity [12]. For a simulated Z' boson with a mass of 2 TeV, the mass resolution improves from 8% (17%) to 4% (12%) in the $e\tau$ ($\mu\tau$) channel.

5 Background estimation

The background processes for this search can be divided into two categories: reducible and irreducible. The latter is composed of processes, which can produce two different-flavour opposite-sign prompt leptons, including diboson, $t\bar{t}$, single-top tW , and $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$ production. These processes are modelled with MC simulated event samples and normalised to their theoretical cross-sections before further adjustment. Reducible backgrounds originate from jets mis-reconstructed as leptons, such as W +jets and multijet production. These backgrounds are estimated from the data. The contribution from reducible backgrounds is small in the $e\mu$ channel — approximately 10% in the signal region (SR) — whereas in the $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels they are among the leading components and account for 20–30% of the total background in the SR. Table 1 shows the regions used in the final fit mentioned in section 7 in different channels.

5.1 Irreducible backgrounds

Among the irreducible backgrounds, $t\bar{t}$ and WW are the dominant processes in all channels. Their contributions are evaluated with MC simulation, which are corrected by factors derived in the relevant control regions (CR). For the $t\bar{t}$ process, which is the dominant contribution in “Top Quarks” backgrounds, a CR is built with the same selection as signal events but reversing the b -jet veto cut in each of $e\mu, e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels. In the $e\mu$ channel, a WW CR is built with the SR selection, but reversing the $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell'}$ cut. In this WW CR, as the $t\bar{t}$ contamination is significant ($\sim 40\%$), a dedicated $t\bar{t}$ CR is defined in the $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell'} < 2.7$ region to control the $t\bar{t}$ contamination. For the $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels, WW CRs are not defined due to non-negligible contributions from fake backgrounds. However, due to lepton flavour

universality, the correction factor ratios between the $t\bar{t}$ and WW processes are assumed to be the same in the $e\mu$ and τ -lepton channels:

$$\frac{k_{WW}^{e(\mu)\tau}}{k_{WW}^{e\mu}} = \frac{k_{t\bar{t}}^{e(\mu)\tau}}{k_{t\bar{t}}^{e\mu}}, \quad (5.1)$$

where $k_{WW}^{e(\mu)\tau}$ is the correction factor for the WW process in the $e\tau$ or $\mu\tau$ channel, $k_{WW}^{e\mu}$ is the correction factor for the WW process in the $e\mu$ channel. The $k_{t\bar{t}}^{e(\mu)\tau}$ is the correction factor for the $t\bar{t}$ process in the $e\tau$ or $\mu\tau$ channel, and $k_{t\bar{t}}^{e\mu}$ is the correction factor for the $t\bar{t}$ process in the $e\mu$ channel. The correction factor for the WW process in the $e\mu$ channel can be extrapolated to the $e\tau$ or $\mu\tau$ channel with a factor equal to the ratio of the $t\bar{t}$ correction factors between the $e\mu$ channel and τ channels:

$$k_{WW}^{e(\mu)\tau} = k_{WW}^{e\mu} \times \frac{k_{t\bar{t}}^{e(\mu)\tau}}{k_{t\bar{t}}^{e\mu}}. \quad (5.2)$$

From the simultaneous fit in all CRs for the $e\mu$ channel, the fitted uncertainty of $k_{WW}^{e\mu}$ is 12% and it is highly correlated with $k_{t\bar{t}}^{e\mu}$. The same uncertainty is assigned to $k_{WW}^{e(\mu)\tau}$. Conservatively, it is treated as uncorrelated to $k_{t\bar{t}}^{e\mu}$, thus leading to an over-estimate in the final fit uncertainties. The 12% uncertainty on the WW correction is also much larger than the correction effect itself in the $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels, which is less than 5% on the diboson background.

The $t\bar{t}$ and WW correction factors are used to correct the total yields of ‘‘Top Quarks’’ and ‘‘Diboson’’ backgrounds respectively. Other irreducible background processes, such as $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell'$ are evaluated directly with MC simulation.

5.2 Reducible backgrounds

The dominant reducible backgrounds, W +jets and multijet production, are estimated by using data-driven techniques. In the $e\mu$ channel, the matrix method [24] is used, while in the $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels, the fake-lepton background is extrapolated from dedicated CRs to SR with the method described in ref. [12].

5.2.1 Fake backgrounds in $e\mu$ channel

The goal of the matrix method is to estimate the fraction of events in the data sample with a ‘‘real’’ electron and a ‘‘real’’ muon (N_{RR}), events with a jet faking an electron (‘‘fake’’ electron) and a ‘‘fake’’ muon (N_{FF}), and events with one ‘‘real’’ lepton and one ‘‘fake’’ lepton (N_{RF} and N_{FR}).

Two selection criteria are defined: ‘‘Tight’’ and ‘‘Loose’’ for muons (electrons) based on their lepton quality (identification and isolation) respectively. As the selection efficiency is different between a ‘‘real’’ lepton and a ‘‘fake’’ lepton, the contribution of ‘‘fake’’ leptons is estimated by the number of data events passing each selection criteria.

Four data samples are constructed based on the lepton quality:

- a sample where both the electrons and muons pass the ‘‘Tight’’ quality cut, with number of events N_{TT} ;

- a sample where the electrons pass the “Loose” but failed the “Tight” selection, and the muons pass the “Tight” selection, with event number N_{LT} ;
- a sample where the muons pass the “Loose” but failed the “Tight” selection, and the electrons pass the “Tight” selection, with event number N_{TL} ;
- a sample where both the electrons and muons pass the “Loose” but fail the “Tight” selection, with event number N_{LL} .

By solving a system of linear equations involving the numbers of events for these four data samples, the reducible background contributions can be evaluated.

$$\begin{bmatrix} N_{TT} \\ N_{LT} \\ N_{TL} \\ N_{LL} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} r_e r_\mu & f_e r_\mu & r_e f_\mu & f_e f_\mu \\ (1-r_e)r_\mu & (1-f_e)r_\mu & (1-r_e)f_\mu & (1-f_e)f_\mu \\ r_e(1-r_\mu) & f_e(1-r_\mu) & r_e(1-f_\mu) & f_e(1-f_\mu) \\ (1-r_e)(1-r_\mu) & (1-f_e)(1-r_\mu) & (1-r_e)(1-f_\mu) & (1-f_e)(1-f_\mu) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} N_{RR} \\ N_{FR} \\ N_{RF} \\ N_{FF} \end{bmatrix} \quad (5.3)$$

Among these equations, “ r ” is the probability of a “Loose” lepton matched to a true lepton to satisfy the “Tight” quality selection, defined as the “real efficiency.” It is evaluated from $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell'$ simulated events. The “ f ” refers to the probability that a jet is misidentified as a “Tight” quality lepton, so called “fake rate” which is determined in a multijet-enriched data sample. The creation of this sample starts with the selection of a “Loose” lepton back-to-back with a jet. To suppress the W +jets contamination to the multijet-enriched sample, the events are required to have $E_T^{\text{miss}} < 25$ GeV and the transverse mass $m_T < 50$ GeV. Transverse mass is defined as $m_T = \sqrt{2E_T^{\ell\pm} E_T^{\text{miss}}(1 - \cos \Delta\phi)}$, where $E_T^{\ell\pm}$ and E_T^{miss} denote the transverse energies of the final state charged lepton and neutrino with $\Delta\phi$ as the azimuthal angle difference. Since most of the “fake” muons are from heavy flavour jets decays in the muon fake rate measurement, the requirements on both of the impact parameters d_0 and z_0 are reversed in order to further suppress the W +jets contamination. Remaining contamination are subtracted relying on simulations from W +jets and other SM background processes (top, diboson and $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$). Both the real efficiency and the fake rate are determined as a function of p_T .

The uncertainties associated with the matrix method are evaluated by considering systematic effects on the lepton fake rate measurement and uncertainties in the real lepton efficiency. The latter is considered to be the difference in the lepton η distribution between SR and $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ MC [71]. It is assigned by comparing the real lepton efficiency measured with $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ plus zero jet events and inclusive $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ events. The systematic uncertainties in the fake rate include:

- the choice of multijet-enriched region;
- the impact of reversing d_0 and z_0 on muons;
- the difference in the fake rates between the SR and multijet-enriched region due to the difference in the jet flavour components.

The overall uncertainty on the $e\mu$ reducible background is about 30% in the SR. Given that in the $e\mu$ channel SR, this contribution is about 10% of the total background over the invariant mass range considered, the uncertainties in the fake-lepton background estimates have little impact on the results.

5.2.2 Fake backgrounds in $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels

One of the major backgrounds for the $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels is the W +jets process, where a jet is misidentified as a lepton candidate. As it is difficult to model misidentification of jets as leptons, particularly in the high p_T region, the W +jets backgrounds are determined from dedicated CRs. They are built from events selected with the same criteria as used in the signal selection except for requiring $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 30$ GeV to enhance the W +jets contribution and suppress the $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell'$ contamination. The dilepton mass requirement is also lowered to 130 GeV to reduce the statistical uncertainty in these control regions. Furthermore, the $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell'}$ requirement is reversed ($\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell'} < 2.7$) to ensure orthogonality with the SR. Simulation studies indicate that the multijet background is negligible in this CR. Contributions from other SM background processes are estimated by using MC simulation. The W +jet MC samples are used to calculate the ratio of events in the CR to events in the SR. Then the total W +jet backgrounds yields are extrapolated from CR to SR with this ratio. Kinematic distributions of the W +jets background are derived by relying on MC simulation. The uncertainties considered in this method include

- the construction of the W +jets CR,
- uncertainties in the estimates of other SM background processes in the W +jets CR,
- and the W +jets MC shape uncertainty which is assigned based on the data versus prediction agreement in the W +jet CR.

The overall uncertainty of W +jets in $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels is approximately 20%.

The contribution from multijets production is estimated also from a CR with the same selection as the SR except that the leptons are required to have the same electric charge, assuming that the probability of misidentifying a jet as a lepton is independent of the charge. The dilepton mass requirement is also lowered to 130 GeV to estimate the low mass multijets contribution used in the high mass extrapolation. The contamination from processes with prompt leptons is subtracted from data in the same-sign CR using MC simulation, while the contamination from W +jets is subtracted using the previously mentioned procedure. The assumption of charge independence of the jet misidentification rates is tested in a multijet-enriched region with two non-isolated leptons. After subtraction of other SM backgrounds, the ratio of opposite-sign to same-sign events is found to be in reasonable agreement in the range of 10% to 20% up to the TeV dilepton invariant mass range. The remaining lack of closure is taken as an uncertainty. Besides this charge independence assumption uncertainty, the uncertainties in multijets estimates mainly come from uncertainties in the W +jets subtraction and other MC irreducible background subtractions. As the uncertainty in W +jets is quite significant, they are also propagated to the multijets estimate through the W +jets subtraction. In this way, the yield of the multijets background

is highly anti-correlated with the W +jets background, and they are combined together as “fake” background. The overall uncertainty in the “fake” background is approximately 25% in the $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels.

Considering the lack of “fake” background event numbers at high dilepton invariant mass values in the signal region, a function of the form $f(m_{l\tau}) = Am_{l\tau}^{B+C\log(m_{l\tau})}$ with free parameters A , B and C is fitted to the dilepton invariant mass distribution in the range $340 < m_{l\tau} < 3000$ GeV. This function is used to extrapolate the fake background estimate for the whole signal region ($m_{l\tau} > 600$ GeV). The statistical uncertainty of the fitted function is determined by the propagation of the statistical uncertainties on the fitted parameters. The uncertainty due to the extrapolation is dominated by the fit function choice uncertainty, and it is evaluated by comparing the nominal estimate with the one obtained when changing the fit function ($f(m_{l\tau}) = Am_{l\tau}^B$, with the free parameters A and B). The difference of these two functions is more than 100% above 2 TeV. The same functions have been previously used to model the jet backgrounds in other analyses [72]. Both the data-driven uncertainties and the fit related uncertainties are taken into account as independent sources for the fake estimation uncertainty.

6 Systematic uncertainties

Systematic uncertainties affect the event yields and the shape of the invariant mass distribution in the signal and control regions. They are grouped into two types: theoretical and experimental uncertainties. The systematic uncertainties related to the estimates of fake backgrounds are discussed in section 5.

Experimental uncertainties considered include those from the trigger, reconstruction, identification and isolation requirements of the final-state particles, such as electrons [58], muons [62], τ -leptons [67], jets [65], E_T^{miss} [73], and b-tagging [74]. Their energy scale and resolution uncertainties are also taken into account. An additional uncertainty (1.7%) from the measurement of the integrated luminosity is included. Sources of uncertainty are considered for both the simulated background and signal processes. Experimental uncertainties affect the event yields of background and the signal cross-section through their effects on the acceptance and the event migration between different analysis regions.

Theoretical uncertainties are considered for the renormalisation (μ_r) and factorisation (μ_f) scales, the choice of PDF, the choice of the value of the strong coupling constant α_s , and the modelling of the $t\bar{t}$ and diboson backgrounds. The strategy used in the same analysis with partial data sample at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV [9] is followed in this search.

Variation of the renormalisation and factorisation scales is used to estimate the uncertainty due to missing higher order corrections. Pairwise variations of μ_r and μ_f are considered to find the maximum and minimum variations. The PDF uncertainty consists of the contribution from the PDF set used in the matrix element calculation. It is estimated using different PDF sets and eigenvector variations within a particular PDF set for the top-quark, diboson, and W +jets backgrounds. The α_s uncertainty is evaluated by using the same PDF set evaluated with two different α_s values. The uncertainty in the modelling of the $t\bar{t}$ background is assessed by evaluating two MC samples which are generated by

Source of uncertainty (in percent)	Impact on observed $\mu_{\text{RPV}}^{e\mu}$	Impact on observed $\mu_{\text{RPV}}^{e\tau}$	Impact on observed $\mu_{\text{RPV}}^{\mu\tau}$
Electrons	2.2	0.85	NA
Muons	2.8	NA	4.4
τ -leptons	NA	9.7	11
Jets and $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$	2.1	0.8	0.8
Flavour tagging	2.1	< 0.1	0.1
Other (luminosity, JVT, pile-up)	0.6	0.4	0.7
Fake backgrounds	0.6	3.2	9.7
Background modelling	9.6	2.1	7.3
Top and Diboson normalisations	8.7	1.6	1.8
Simulation statistical uncertainty	28	9.6	15
Total systematic uncertainty	32	14	23
Data statistical uncertainty	53	48	71
Total uncertainty	62	50	74

Table 2. Summary of the different sources of relative uncertainty (post-fit) in percentage on the observed signal strength of the RPV SUSY $\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ model with a mass of 3 TeV in the $e\mu$, $e\tau$, and $\mu\tau$ channels. “Other” refers to luminosity, jet-vertex-tagger (JVT) and pile-up weight uncertainties. “NA” stands for not applicable.

POWHEG-BOX+PYTHIA8 and AMC@NLO+PYTHIA8 as sources of modelling uncertainty. The uncertainty in the modelling of the diboson background is assessed by evaluating two MC samples which are generated by SHERPA 2.2.12 and POWHEG-BOX+PYTHIA8.

Experimental systematic uncertainties common to signal and background processes are assumed to be correlated. For signal processes, only experimental systematic uncertainties and uncertainties due to the limited statistical precision of simulated samples are considered. All uncertainties are evaluated as a function of $m_{\ell\ell'}$.

For illustration, table 2 lists the post-fit impact of uncertainties in the RPV SUSY $\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ model for each measurement grouped by their respective sources. The Z' and QBH models have similar results. The sources of the largest systematic uncertainties are the statistical uncertainties associated with the background estimate and background modelling uncertainties in the $e\mu$ channel. In the τ -lepton channels, the uncertainties are dominated by the statistical precision of the background estimate and experimental uncertainties related to τ -leptons and the estimate of fake backgrounds. The total uncertainties are dominated by the statistical precision in all three channels.

7 Statistical analysis

The dilepton invariant mass distribution in the SR and CRs are fitted simultaneously to test for the presence of a signal. For hypothesis testing, binned profile-likelihood fits are performed, following a modified frequentist method [75] implemented in ROOSTATS [76]. The fits are performed for each decay channel separately. For the $e\mu$ channel, WW and low $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell'}$ $t\bar{t}$ CRs are included in the fit to extract the overall normalisation of the diboson background while keeping the normalisation of the top quark background uncorrelated in the high- and low- $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell'}$ regions. Separate normalisation factors of the top quark background are used for the high- and low- $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell'}$ regions in the simultaneous fit, by which their

correlation is determined. For the $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels, only $t\bar{t}$ CRs are included in the fit and the diboson correction factors are calculated from the CR-only fit results and put into the final fit as fixed normalisation factors.

The binned likelihood function ($\mathcal{L}(\mu, \theta)$) is constructed as a product of Poisson probability terms over all bins considered in the search. The likelihood function depends on the parameter of interest (POI), the signal strength parameter μ , a factor multiplying the theoretical signal production cross-section and a set of nuisance parameters θ that encode the effect of systematic uncertainties in the signal and background expectations. All nuisance parameters are implemented in the likelihood function as Gaussian constraints. Unconstrained normalisation factors are applied on the top quark and diboson background components in the $e\mu$ channel, and the top quark background in the τ -lepton channels. They are controlled by the previously mentioned CRs in the respective channels. The expected event yield in a bin depends on the normalisation factors and on the nuisance parameters. The nuisance parameters adjust the expected event yields for signal and background according to the best fit to data.

The likelihood function is fitted to the data to test for the presence of a signal. The test statistic q_μ is defined as the profile likelihood ratio, $q_\mu = -2 \ln \mathcal{L}(\mu, \hat{\theta}) / \mathcal{L}(\hat{\mu}, \hat{\theta})$, where $\hat{\mu}$ and $\hat{\theta}$ are the values of the parameters that simultaneously maximise the likelihood function, and $\hat{\theta}$ are the values of the nuisance parameters that maximise the likelihood function for a fixed value of μ . Compatibility of the observed data with the background-only hypothesis is tested by setting $\mu = 0$ in the test statistic q_0 . Upper limits on the signal production cross-section for each considered signal scenario are computed using q_μ in the CL_s method [75] with the asymptotic approximation [77]. A given signal scenario is considered to be excluded at the 95% confidence level (CL) if the value of the signal production cross-section (parameterised by μ) yields a CL_s value less than 0.05.

8 Results

Tables 3, 4 and 5 show the observed data event yields and the expected background event yields in the CRs and SRs for $e\mu$, $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels. The $e\mu$ background is dominated by $t\bar{t}$ and diboson events, while W +jets events are dominant for the $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ final states. The W +jets background in the $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels is highly suppressed by the RNN τ identification comparing to the previous analysis.

Binned profile-likelihood fits are performed on dilepton invariant mass spectra for each signal scenario in $e\mu$, $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels. Table 6 shows the fitted correction factors for “Top Quarks” and “Diboson” backgrounds applied to SR. Figures 1 and 2 show the post-fit dilepton invariant mass distributions of the background-only fit in the CRs for the $e\mu$, $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels. Figure 3 shows the post-fit dilepton invariant mass distributions of the background-only fit in the SR for the $e\mu$, $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels. The SM expectations agree well with the data in the SR of the $e\mu$ channel. Mild tension with the SM background estimates is observed between 2.0 TeV and 2.3 TeV in the SRs of the τ -lepton channels. Nevertheless, SM expectations are still statistically consistent with the data within 2σ .

Process	$t\bar{t}$ CR	WW CR	Low $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell'}$ $t\bar{t}$ CR
Top Quarks	660 ± 27	55.4 ± 5.9	279 ± 18
Diboson	11.3 ± 2.4	54.3 ± 8.4	7.5 ± 2.3
Fake	29.3 ± 5.9	18.3 ± 3.8	16.6 ± 4.9
Drell-Yan	0.25 ± 0.03	0.26 ± 0.03	0
Total background	701 ± 26	128.2 ± 8.3	304 ± 17
Data	700	133	301

Table 3. Observed data event yields and the expected background event yields with their total uncertainties in the CRs in the $e\mu$ channel after applying all selection criteria and the background-only fit. The “Fake” background refers to “ W +jets” and “Multijet” events with fake leptons. The “Top Quarks” contains single top and $t\bar{t}$ events.

Process	$e\tau$ channel $t\bar{t}$ CR	$\mu\tau$ channel $t\bar{t}$ CR
Top Quarks	406 ± 21	305 ± 17
Diboson	9.6 ± 2.8	6.1 ± 1.6
Fake	6.8 ± 1.2	8.6 ± 2.6
Drell-Yan	2.1 ± 0.1	3.6 ± 0.7
Total background	424 ± 20	324 ± 17
Data	422	324

Table 4. Observed data event yields and the expected background event yields with their total uncertainties in the CRs in the $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels after applying all selection criteria and the background-only fit. The “Fake” background is estimated directly by W +jets MC, and the multijet contribution is not considered in the $t\bar{t}$ CRs. The “Top Quarks” contains single top and $t\bar{t}$ events.

Process	$e\mu$ channel	$e\tau$ channel	$\mu\tau$ channel
Top Quarks	151 ± 15	114 ± 10	79.4 ± 6.4
Diboson	246 ± 28	125 ± 27	94 ± 20
Fake	66 ± 11	172 ± 34	67 ± 25
Drell-Yan	8.6 ± 0.5	76.1 ± 8.9	78.0 ± 7.9
Total background	471 ± 21	488 ± 21	319 ± 16
Data	470	499	319

Table 5. Observed data event yields and the expected background event yields with their total uncertainties in the SR ($m_{\ell\ell'} > 600$ GeV) in the $e\mu$, $e\tau$, and $\mu\tau$ channels after applying all selection criteria and the background-only fit. The “Fake” background refers to “ W +jets” and “Multijet” events with fake leptons. The “Top Quarks” contains single top and $t\bar{t}$ events.

Figures 4–6 show the observed and expected 95% CL upper limits on the production cross-section times branching ratio of the Z' , RPV SUSY $\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ and QBH models for each of the final states considered. The limits for signal masses above 3.0 TeV are dominated by the last bin in the dilepton invariant mass spectrum, thus the limit curve tends to be flat in the high mass region.

Correction factor	$e\mu$	$e\tau$	$\mu\tau$
Top Quarks	0.89 ± 0.06	0.94 ± 0.11	0.97 ± 0.11
Diboson	0.94 ± 0.11	1.05 ± 0.12	1.00 ± 0.12

Table 6. The fitted correction factors of “Top Quarks” and “Diboson” backgrounds which are applied in the SR for the background-only fit in the $e\mu$, $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channel. For the $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels, the diboson correction factors are calculated from the CR-only fit results and put into the final fit as fixed normalisation factors.

Model	Observed (expected) 95% CL lower limit [TeV]		
	$e\mu$ channel	$e\tau$ channel	$\mu\tau$ channel
LFV Z'	5.0 (4.8)	4.0 (4.3)	3.9 (4.2)
RPV SUSY $\tilde{\nu}_\tau$	3.9 (3.7)	2.8 (3.0)	2.7 (2.9)
QBH ADD $n = 6$	5.9 (5.7)	5.2 (5.5)	5.1 (5.2)
QBH RS $n = 1$	3.8 (3.6)	3.0 (3.3)	3.0 (3.1)

Table 7. Expected and observed 95% CL lower limits on the mass of a Z' boson with lepton-flavour-violating couplings, a supersymmetric τ -sneutrino ($\tilde{\nu}_\tau$) with R -parity-violating couplings, and the threshold mass for quantum black-hole production for the ADD $n = 6$ and RS $n = 1$ models.

The extracted limits are not as strong for signal masses above about 2.5 TeV due to a decrease in acceptance at very high p_T and specifically to the LFV Z' model, low-mass signal production due to PDF suppression at high masses. The observed limits are slightly more stringent than the expected limits above 2 TeV because of the small deficit observed in data in $e\mu$ channel. In the τ -lepton channels, the observed limits are less stringent than the expected limits above 2 TeV because of the mild excess above the background estimates between 2.0 TeV and 2.3 TeV. The acceptance times efficiency of the ADD and RS QBH models agree with each other within 1%, and the same prediction is used for the limit extraction. The results are summarised in table 7.

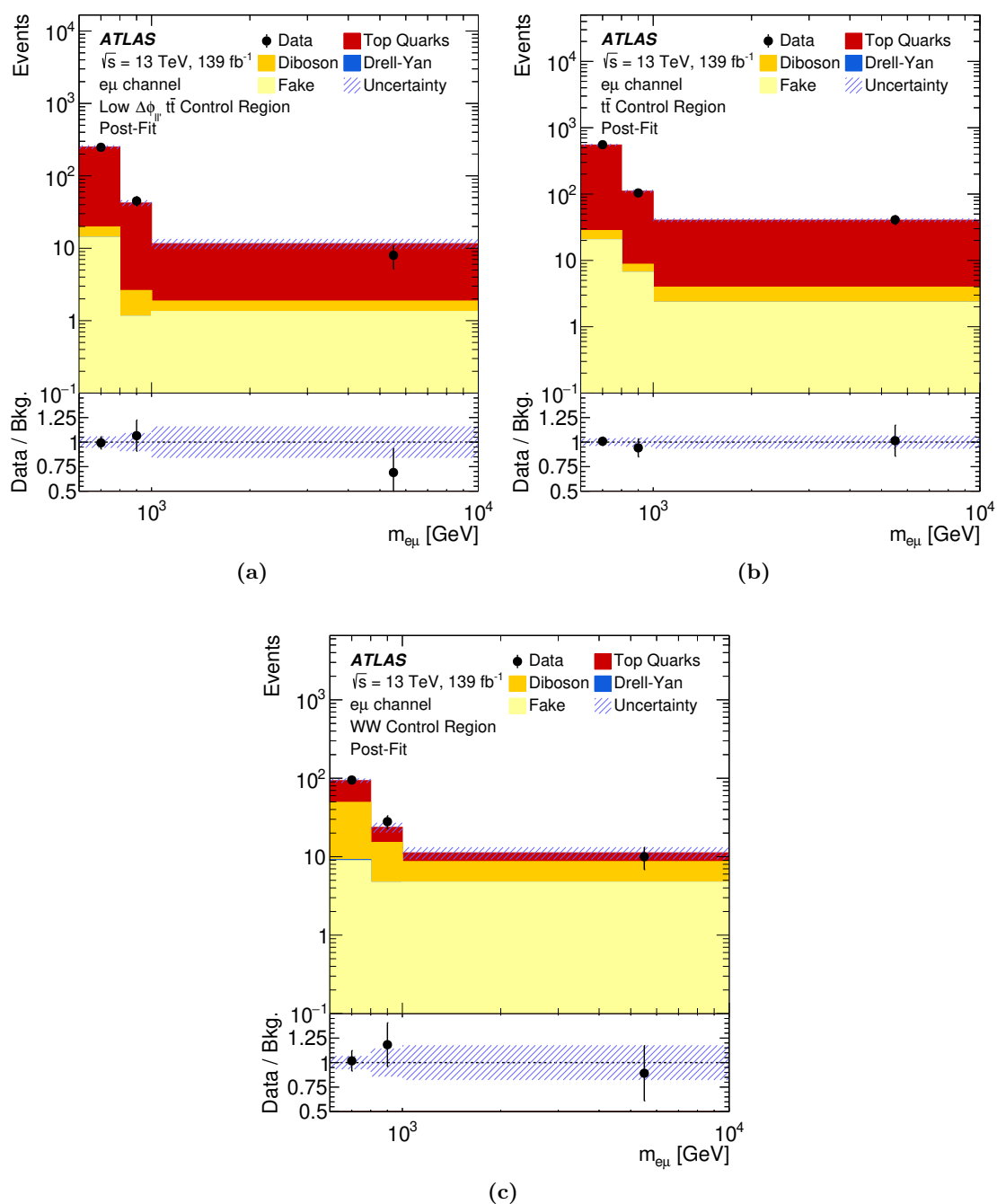


Figure 1. The background-only post-fit invariant mass distribution of (a) Low $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell}$ $t\bar{t}$ CR, (b) $t\bar{t}$ CR and (c) WW CR for data and the SM background predictions in the $e\mu$ channel. The error bars show the statistical uncertainty of the observed yields, while the hashed band includes the post-fit total uncertainties taking into account all the correlations. The ratio of data to the best-fit prediction is shown in the bottom panels of the plots. The last bin contains the overflow events. The binning of the control regions was limited by the background statistics.

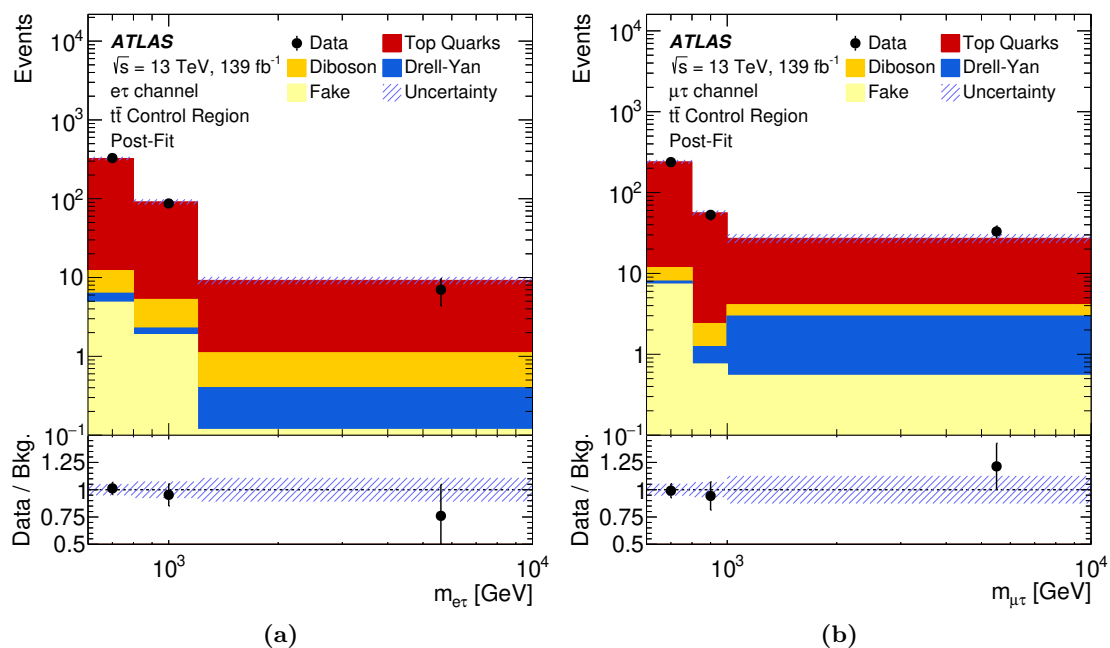


Figure 2. The background-only post-fit invariant mass distribution of (a) $e\tau$ and (b) $\mu\tau$ pairs for data and the SM background predictions in the $t\bar{t}$ CR. The error bars show the statistical uncertainty of the observed yields, while the hashed band includes the post-fit total uncertainties taking into account all the correlations. The ratio of data to the best-fit prediction is shown in the bottom panels of the plots. The last bin contains the overflow events.

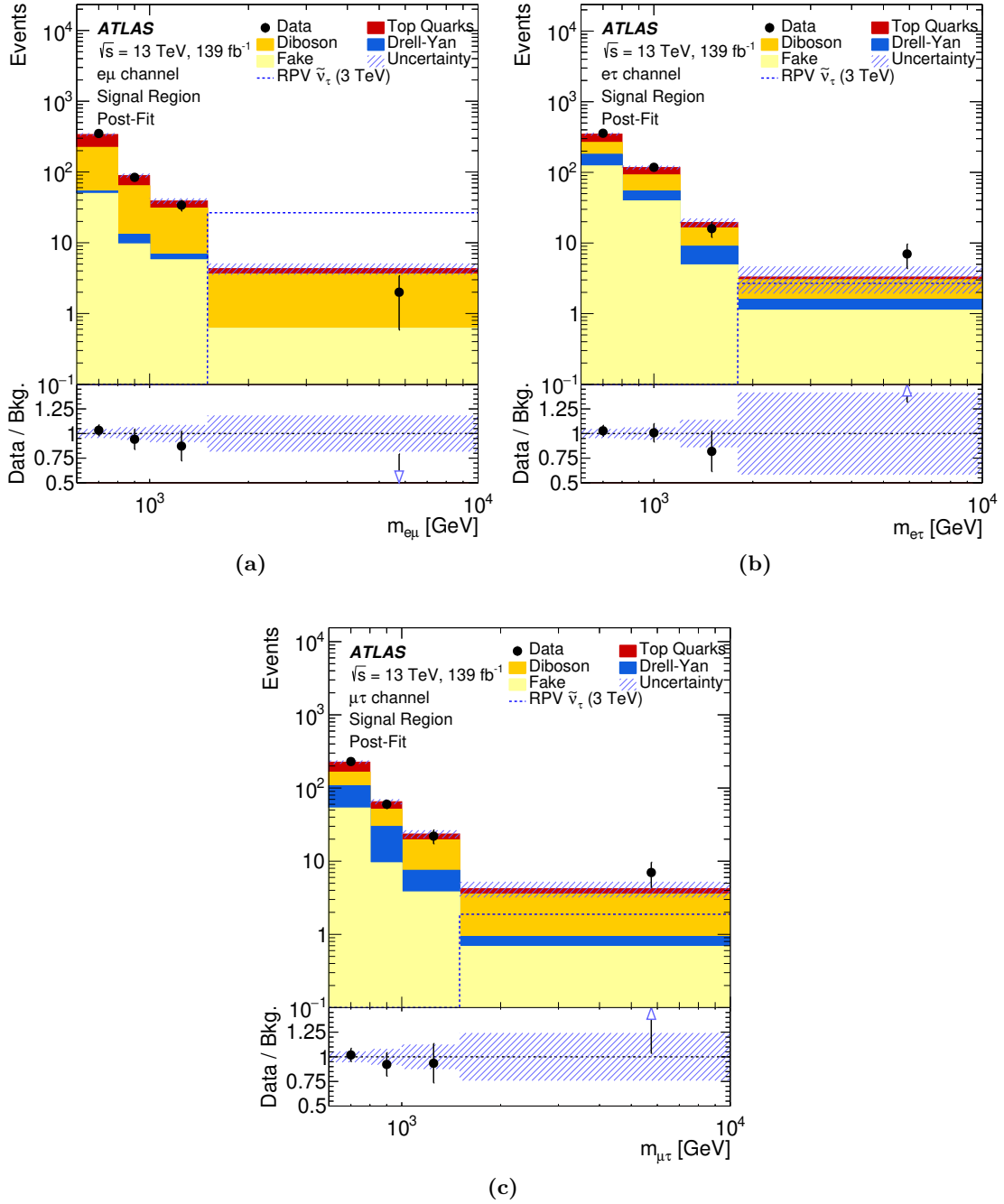


Figure 3. The background-only post-fit invariant mass distribution of (a) $e\mu$, (b) $e\tau$ and (c) $\mu\tau$ pairs for data and the SM background predictions in the SR. The error bars show the statistical uncertainty of the observed yields, while the hashed band includes the post-fit total uncertainties taking into account all the correlations. The dashed line shows a typical pre-fit signal mass distribution (RPV $\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ at 3 TeV). The ratio of data to the best-fit prediction is shown in the bottom panels of the plots. The arrow shows the difference between data and MC which exceed the ratio range. The last bin contains the overflow events.

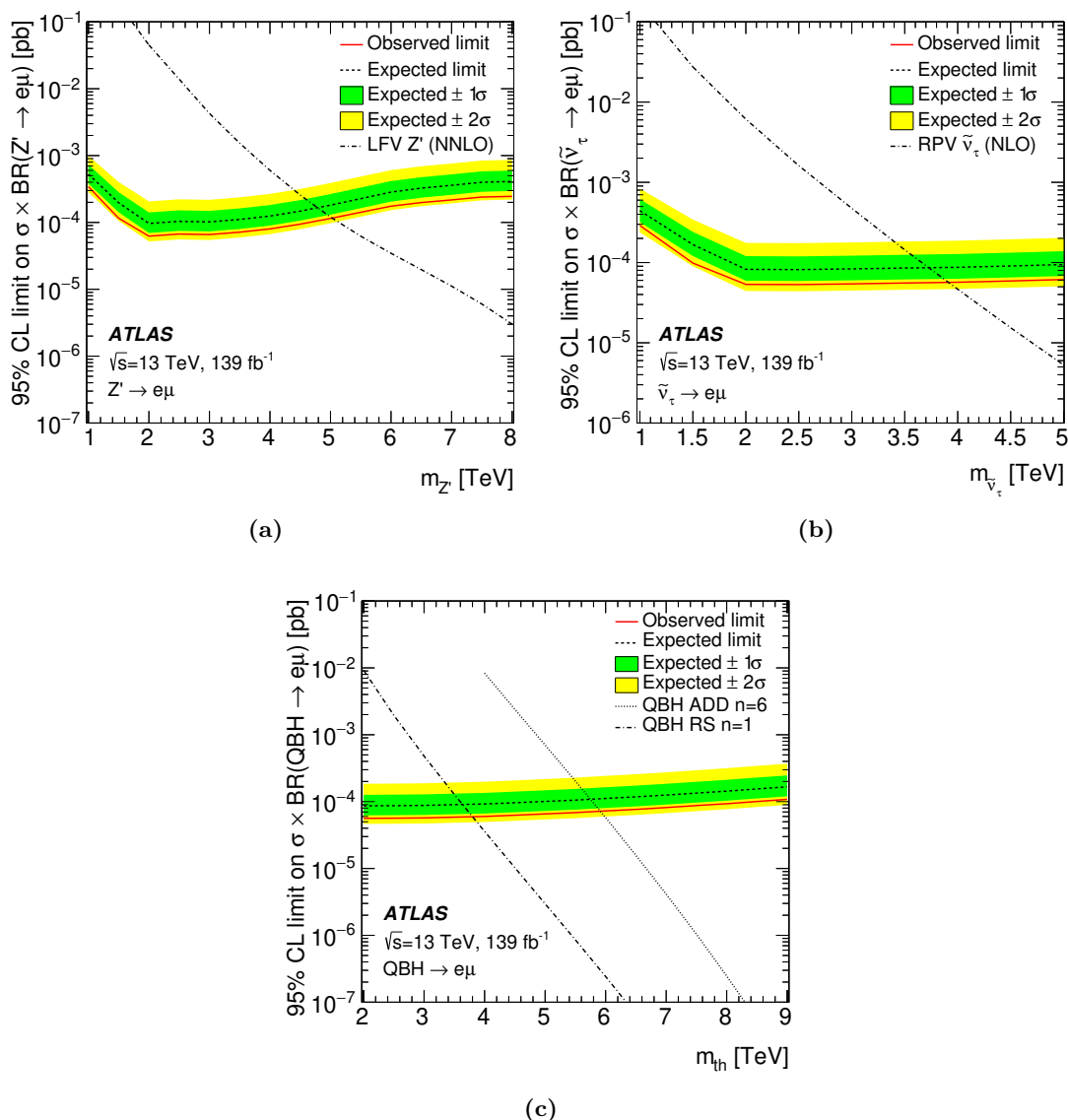


Figure 4. The observed and expected 95% CL upper limits on the (a) Z' boson, (b) RPV τ -sneutrino ($\tilde{\nu}_\tau$) and (c) QBH ADD and RS production cross-section times branching ratio for decays into an $e\mu$ final state. The signal theoretical cross-section times branching ratio lines for the Z' model, the QBH ADD model assuming six extra dimensions, and the RS model with one extra dimension are obtained from the simulation of each process, while the Z' is corrected to NNLO and the RPV $\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ is corrected to NLO. The theoretical uncertainties are not considered in the mass limit calculation. The acceptance times efficiency of the ADD and RS QBH models agree to within 1% and the same curve is used for limit extraction. The expected limits are shown with the ± 1 and ± 2 standard deviation uncertainty band.

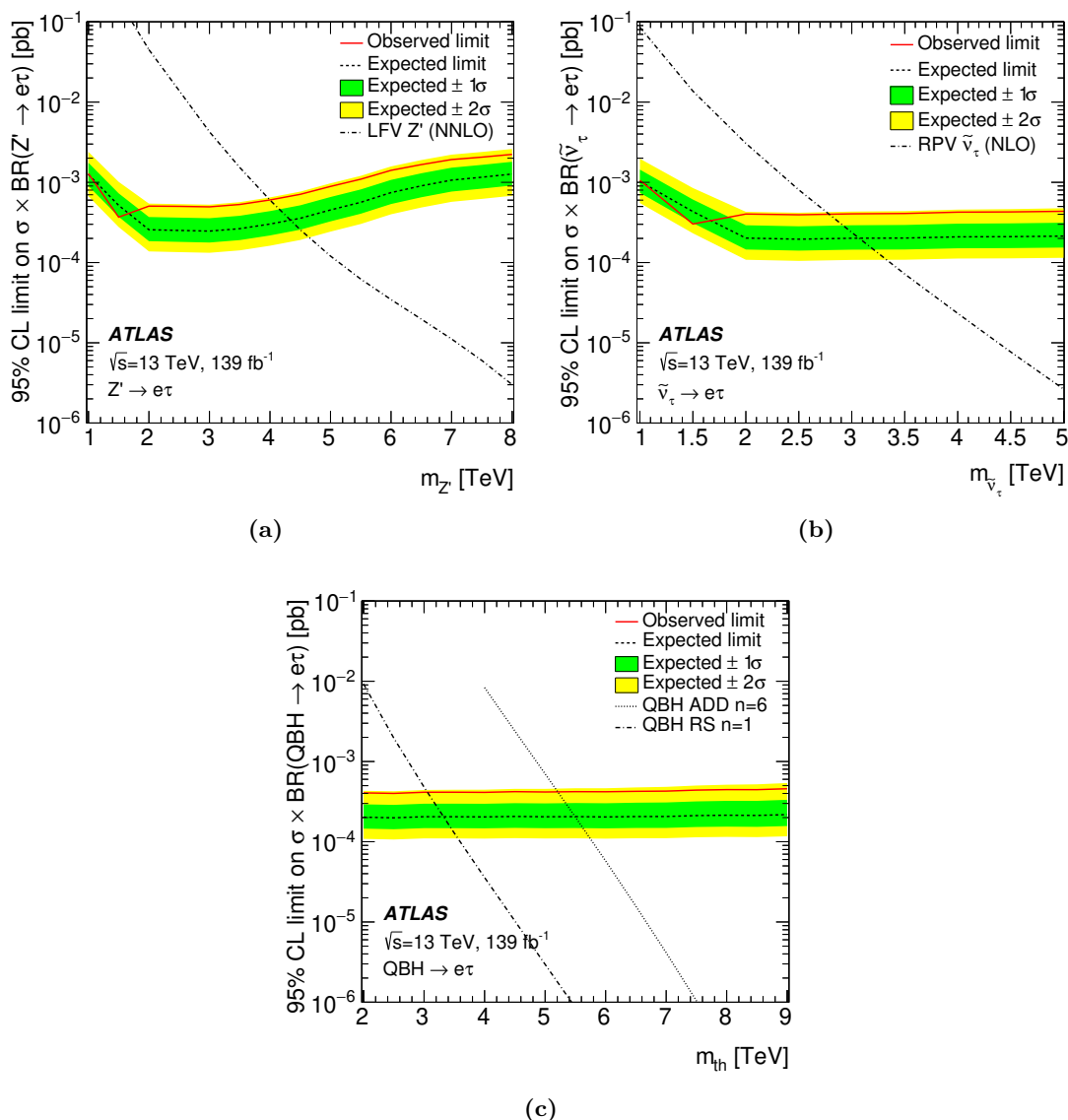


Figure 5. The observed and expected 95% CL upper limits on the (a) Z' boson, (b) RPV τ -sneutrino ($\tilde{\nu}_\tau$) and (c) QBH ADD and RS production cross-section times branching ratio for decays into an $e\tau$ final state. The signal theoretical cross-section times branching ratio lines for the Z' model, the QBH ADD model assuming six extra dimensions, and the RS model with one extra dimension are obtained from the simulation of each process, while the Z' is corrected to NNLO and the RPV $\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ is corrected to NLO. The theoretical uncertainties are not considered in the mass limit calculation. The acceptance times efficiency of the ADD and RS QBH models agree to within 1% and the same curve is used for limit extraction. The expected limits are shown with the ± 1 and ± 2 standard deviation uncertainty bands.

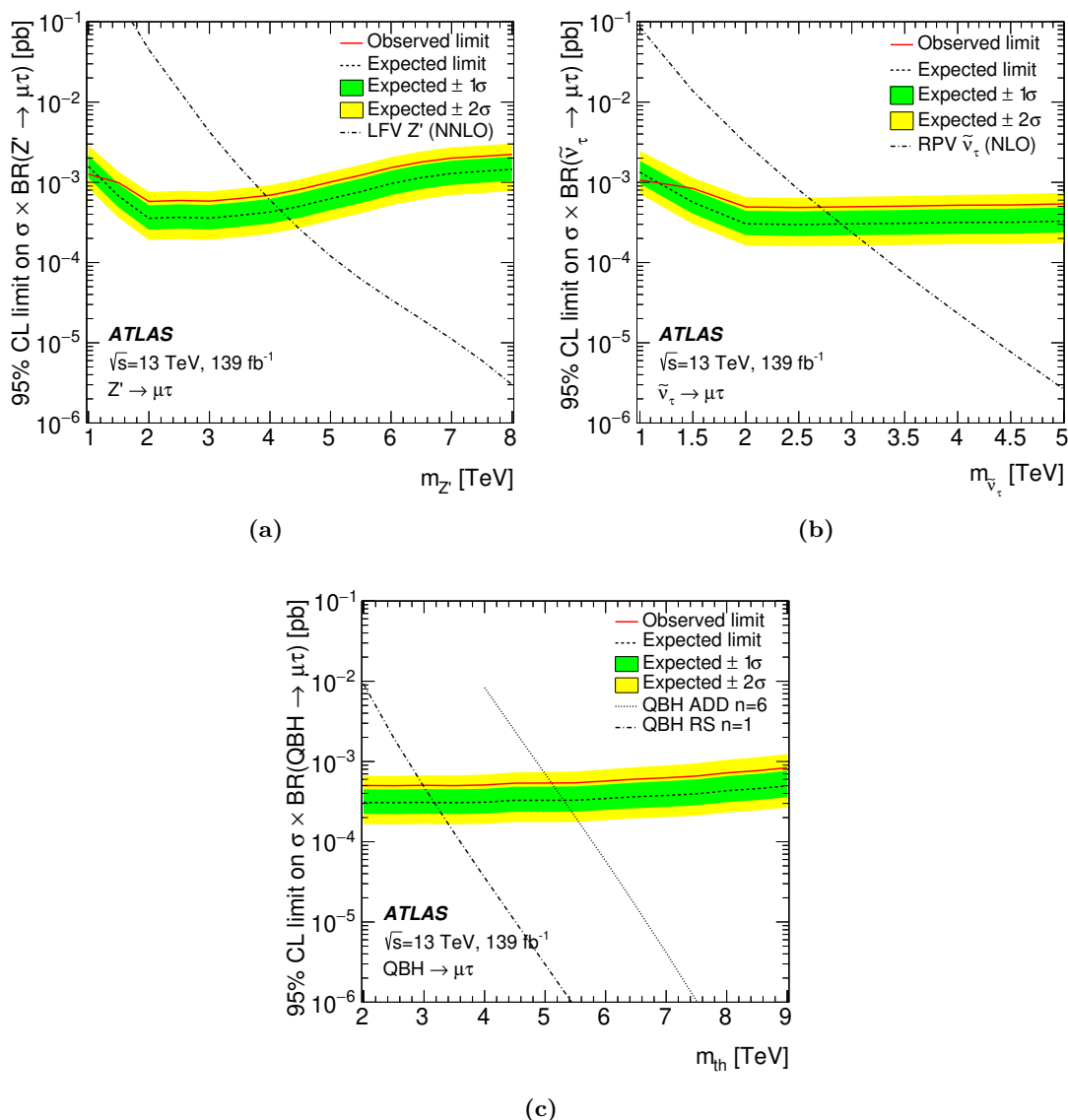


Figure 6. The observed and expected 95% CL upper limits on the (a) Z' boson, (b) RPV τ -sneutrino ($\tilde{\nu}_\tau$) and (c) QBH ADD and RS production cross-section times branching ratio for decays into a $\mu\tau$ final state. The signal theoretical cross-section times branching ratio lines for the Z' model, the QBH ADD model assuming six extra dimensions, and the RS model with one extra dimension are obtained from the simulation of each process, while the Z' is corrected to NNLO and the RPV $\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ is corrected to NLO. The theoretical uncertainties are not considered in the mass limit calculation. The acceptance times efficiency of the ADD and RS QBH models agree to within 1% and the same curve is used for limit extraction. The expected limits are shown with the ± 1 and ± 2 standard deviation uncertainty bands.

9 Conclusions

A search for a heavy particle decaying into $e\mu$, $e\tau$ or $\mu\tau$ final states is conducted using 139 fb^{-1} of proton-proton collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{ TeV}$ recorded by the ATLAS detector at the Large Hadron Collider. The data are found to be consistent with the Standard Model expectation in the SR ($m_{\ell\ell'} > 600\text{ GeV}$). With no evidence for new physics, profile likelihood fits are used to set 95% CL lower limits on the mass of a Z' vector boson with lepton-flavour-violating couplings at 5.0, 4.0 and 3.9 TeV for the $e\mu$, $e\tau$ or $\mu\tau$ final states, respectively; on the mass of a supersymmetric τ -sneutrino with R-parity-violating couplings at 3.9, 2.8 and 2.7 TeV; and on the threshold mass for quantum black-hole production in the context of the ADD $n=6$ (RS $n=1$) model at 5.9 (3.8), 5.2 (3.0) and 5.1 (3.0) TeV respectively.

For the mass limit of the Z' signal model, as an illustration, the observed results based on the full data samples recorded by the ATLAS experiment at $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{ TeV}$ are more stringent by 0.6, 0.3 and 0.4 TeV than the corresponding limits based on the 36.1 fb^{-1} data samples at $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{ TeV}$ [9]. The expected sensitivity is improved by 0.5, 0.6 and 0.7 TeV for the $e\mu$, $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels respectively. The increases on the observed limits in $e\tau$ and $\mu\tau$ channels are not as strong as the expected ones due to the slight excess observed in data. The major improvement comes from the four times larger data sample. The increase of sensitivity is also due to the application of b-jet veto, more accurate data-driven background estimates, as well as better particle reconstruction and identification.

Acknowledgments

We thank CERN for the very successful operation of the LHC, as well as the support staff from our institutions without whom ATLAS could not be operated efficiently.

We acknowledge the support of ANPCyT, Argentina; YerPhI, Armenia; ARC, Australia; BMFWF and FWF, Austria; ANAS, Azerbaijan; CNPq and FAPESP, Brazil; NSERC, NRC and CFI, Canada; CERN; ANID, Chile; CAS, MOST and NSFC, China; Minciencias, Colombia; MEYS CR, Czech Republic; DNRf and DNSRC, Denmark; IN2P3-CNRS and CEA-DRF/IRFU, France; SRNSFG, Georgia; BMBF, HGF and MPG, Germany; GSRI, Greece; RGC and Hong Kong SAR, China; ISF and Benoziyo Center, Israel; INFN, Italy; MEXT and JSPS, Japan; CNRST, Morocco; NWO, Netherlands; RCN, Norway; MEiN, Poland; FCT, Portugal; MNE/IFA, Romania; MESTD, Serbia; MSSR, Slovakia; ARRS and MIZŠ, Slovenia; DSI/NRF, South Africa; MICINN, Spain; SRC and Wallenberg Foundation, Sweden; SERI, SNSF and Cantons of Bern and Geneva, Switzerland; MOST, Taiwan; TENMAK, Türkiye; STFC, United Kingdom; DOE and NSF, United States of America. In addition, individual groups and members have received support from BCKDF, CANARIE, Compute Canada and CRC, Canada; PRIMUS 21/SCI/017 and UNCE SCI/013, Czech Republic; COST, ERC, ERDF, Horizon 2020 and Marie Skłodowska-Curie Actions, European Union; Investissements d’Avenir Labex, Investissements d’Avenir Idex and ANR, France; DFG and AvH Foundation, Germany; Herakleitos, Thales and Aristeia programmes co-financed by EU-ESF and the Greek NSRF,

Greece; BSF-NSF and MINERVA, Israel; Norwegian Financial Mechanism 2014-2021, Norway; NCN and NAWA, Poland; La Caixa Banking Foundation, CERCA Programme Generalitat de Catalunya and PROMETEO and GenT Programmes Generalitat Valenciana, Spain; Göran Gustafssons Stiftelse, Sweden; The Royal Society and Leverhulme Trust, United Kingdom.

The crucial computing support from all WLCG partners is acknowledged gratefully, in particular from CERN, the ATLAS Tier-1 facilities at TRIUMF (Canada), NDGF (Denmark, Norway, Sweden), CC-IN2P3 (France), KIT/GridKA (Germany), INFN-CNAF (Italy), NL-T1 (Netherlands), PIC (Spain), ASGC (Taiwan), RAL (UK) and BNL (USA), the Tier-2 facilities worldwide and large non-WLCG resource providers. Major contributors of computing resources are listed in ref. [78].

Open Access. This article is distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License ([CC-BY 4.0](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/)), which permits any use, distribution and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author(s) and source are credited.

References

- [1] Y. Fukuda et al., *Evidence for Oscillation of Atmospheric Neutrinos*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **81** (1998) 1562 [[hep-ex/9807003](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [2] MEG collaboration, *Search for the lepton flavour violating decay $\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ \gamma$ with the full dataset of the MEG experiment*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **76** (2016) 434 [[arXiv:1605.05081](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [3] SINDRUM collaboration, *Search for the Decay $\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ e^+ e^-$* , *Nucl. Phys. B* **299** (1988) 1 [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [4] HFLAV collaboration, *Averages of b-hadron, c-hadron, and τ -lepton properties as of 2018*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **81** (2021) 226 [[arXiv:1909.12524](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [5] P. Langacker, *The Physics of Heavy Z' Gauge Bosons*, *Rev. Mod. Phys.* **81** (2009) 1199 [[arXiv:0801.1345](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [6] G.R. Farrar and P. Fayet, *Phenomenology of the Production, Decay, and Detection of New Hadronic States Associated with Supersymmetry*, *Phys. Lett. B* **76** (1978) 575 [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [7] R. Barbier et al., *R-parity violating supersymmetry*, *Phys. Rept.* **420** (2005) 1 [[hep-ph/0406039](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [8] D.M. Gingrich, *Quantum black holes with charge, colour, and spin at the LHC*, *J. Phys. G* **37** (2010) 105008 [[arXiv:0912.0826](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [9] ATLAS collaboration, *Search for lepton-flavor violation in different-flavor, high-mass final states in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *Phys. Rev. D* **98** (2018) 092008 [[arXiv:1807.06573](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [10] CMS collaboration, *Search for heavy resonances and quantum black holes in $e\mu$, $e\tau$, and $\mu\tau$ final states in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV*, *JHEP* **05** (2023) 227 [[arXiv:2205.06709](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].

- [11] ATLAS collaboration, *Search for new phenomena in different-flavour high-mass dilepton final states in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **76** (2016) 541 [[arXiv:1607.08079](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [12] ATLAS collaboration, *Search for a Heavy Neutral Particle Decaying to $e\mu$, $e\tau$, or $\mu\tau$ in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV with the ATLAS Detector*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **115** (2015) 031801 [[arXiv:1503.04430](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [13] CMS collaboration, *Search for lepton flavour violating decays of heavy resonances and quantum black holes to an $e\mu$ pair in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **76** (2016) 317 [[arXiv:1604.05239](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [14] N. Arkani-Hamed, S. Dimopoulos and G.R. Dvali, *The Hierarchy problem and new dimensions at a millimeter*, *Phys. Lett. B* **429** (1998) 263 [[hep-ph/9803315](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [15] L. Randall and R. Sundrum, *A Large mass hierarchy from a small extra dimension*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **83** (1999) 3370 [[hep-ph/9905221](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [16] P. Meade and L. Randall, *Black Holes and Quantum Gravity at the LHC*, *JHEP* **05** (2008) 003 [[arXiv:0708.3017](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [17] D.M. Gingrich and K. Martell, *Study of highly-excited string states at the Large Hadron Collider*, *Phys. Rev. D* **78** (2008) 115009 [[arXiv:0808.2512](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [18] X. Calmet, W. Gong and S.D.H. Hsu, *Colorful quantum black holes at the LHC*, *Phys. Lett. B* **668** (2008) 20 [[arXiv:0806.4605](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [19] ATLAS collaboration, *Search for new phenomena in the dijet mass distribution using pp collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *Phys. Rev. D* **91** (2015) 052007 [[arXiv:1407.1376](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [20] ATLAS collaboration, *Search for new phenomena in dijet mass and angular distributions from pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *Phys. Lett. B* **754** (2016) 302 [[arXiv:1512.01530](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [21] CMS collaboration, *Search for resonances and quantum black holes using dijet mass spectra in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV*, *Phys. Rev. D* **91** (2015) 052009 [[arXiv:1501.04198](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [22] ATLAS collaboration, *Search for Quantum Black Hole Production in High-Invariant-Mass Lepton+Jet Final States Using pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV and the ATLAS Detector*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **112** (2014) 091804 [[arXiv:1311.2006](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [23] ATLAS collaboration, *Search for new phenomena in photon+jet events collected in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *Phys. Lett. B* **728** (2014) 562 [[arXiv:1309.3230](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [24] ATLAS collaboration, *Search for high-mass dilepton resonances in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *Phys. Rev. D* **90** (2014) 052005 [[arXiv:1405.4123](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [25] ATLAS collaboration, *The ATLAS Experiment at the CERN Large Hadron Collider*, **2008 JINST** **3** S08003 [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [26] ATLAS collaboration, *ATLAS Insertable B-Layer Technical Design Report*, **ATLAS-TDR-19: CERN-LHCC-2010-013** (2010) [addendum: **ATLAS-TDR-19-ADD-1; CERN-LHCC-2012-009** (2012)] [[INSPIRE](#)].

- [27] ATLAS IBL collaboration, *Production and Integration of the ATLAS Insertable B-Layer*, [2018 JINST 13 T05008](#) [[arXiv:1803.00844](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [28] ATLAS collaboration, *Performance of the ATLAS Trigger System in 2015*, [Eur. Phys. J. C 77 \(2017\) 317](#) [[arXiv:1611.09661](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [29] ATLAS collaboration, *The ATLAS Collaboration Software and Firmware*, [ATL-SOFT-PUB-2021-001](#) (2021).
- [30] ATLAS collaboration, *Luminosity determination in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV using the ATLAS detector at the LHC*, [[arXiv:2212.09379](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [31] G. Avoni et al., *The new LUCID-2 detector for luminosity measurement and monitoring in ATLAS*, [2018 JINST 13 P07017](#) [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [32] T. Sjostrand, S. Mrenna and P.Z. Skands, *A Brief Introduction to PYTHIA 8.1*, [Comput. Phys. Commun. 178 \(2008\) 852](#) [[arXiv:0710.3820](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [33] R.D. Ball et al., *Parton distributions with LHC data*, [Nucl. Phys. B 867 \(2013\) 244](#) [[arXiv:1207.1303](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [34] *ATLAS Pythia 8 tunes to 7 TeV data*, [ATL-PHYS-PUB-2014-021](#) (2014) [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [35] C. Anastasiou, L.J. Dixon, K. Melnikov and F. Petriello, *High precision QCD at hadron colliders: Electroweak gauge boson rapidity distributions at NNLO*, [Phys. Rev. D 69 \(2004\) 094008](#) [[hep-ph/0312266](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [36] S. Dulat et al., *New parton distribution functions from a global analysis of quantum chromodynamics*, [Phys. Rev. D 93 \(2016\) 033006](#) [[arXiv:1506.07443](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [37] J. Alwall et al., *The automated computation of tree-level and next-to-leading order differential cross sections, and their matching to parton shower simulations*, [JHEP 07 \(2014\) 079](#) [[arXiv:1405.0301](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [38] T. Hahn and M. Perez-Victoria, *Automatized one loop calculations in four-dimensions and D-dimensions*, [Comput. Phys. Commun. 118 \(1999\) 153](#) [[hep-ph/9807565](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [39] D.M. Gingrich, *Monte Carlo event generator for black hole production and decay in proton-proton collisions*, [Comput. Phys. Commun. 181 \(2010\) 1917](#) [[arXiv:0911.5370](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [40] J. Pumplin, D.R. Stump, J. Huston, H.L. Lai, P.M. Nadolsky and W.K. Tung, *New generation of parton distributions with uncertainties from global QCD analysis*, [JHEP 07 \(2002\) 012](#) [[hep-ph/0201195](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [41] T. Sjöstrand et al., *An introduction to PYTHIA 8.2*, [Comput. Phys. Commun. 191 \(2015\) 159](#) [[arXiv:1410.3012](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [42] S. Frixione, P. Nason and G. Ridolfi, *A Positive-weight next-to-leading-order Monte Carlo for heavy flavour hadroproduction*, [JHEP 09 \(2007\) 126](#) [[arXiv:0707.3088](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [43] P. Nason, *A New method for combining NLO QCD with shower Monte Carlo algorithms*, [JHEP 11 \(2004\) 040](#) [[hep-ph/0409146](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [44] S. Frixione, P. Nason and C. Oleari, *Matching NLO QCD computations with Parton Shower simulations: the POWHEG method*, [JHEP 11 \(2007\) 070](#) [[arXiv:0709.2092](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [45] S. Alioli, P. Nason, C. Oleari and E. Re, *A general framework for implementing NLO calculations in shower Monte Carlo programs: the POWHEG BOX*, [JHEP 06 \(2010\) 043](#) [[arXiv:1002.2581](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].

- [46] NNPDF collaboration, *Parton distributions for the LHC Run II*, *JHEP* **04** (2015) 040 [[arXiv:1410.8849](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [47] ATLAS collaboration, *Studies on top-quark Monte Carlo modelling for Top2016*, *ATL-PHYS-PUB-2016-020* (2016) [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [48] D.J. Lange, *The EvtGen particle decay simulation package*, *Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A* **462** (2001) 152 [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [49] S. Frixione, E. Laenen, P. Motylinski, B.R. Webber and C.D. White, *Single-top hadroproduction in association with a W boson*, *JHEP* **07** (2008) 029 [[arXiv:0805.3067](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [50] T. Gleisberg et al., *Event generation with SHERPA 1.1*, *JHEP* **02** (2009) 007 [[arXiv:0811.4622](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [51] S. Hoeche, F. Krauss, S. Schumann and F. Siegert, *QCD matrix elements and truncated showers*, *JHEP* **05** (2009) 053 [[arXiv:0903.1219](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [52] ATLAS collaboration, *Measurement of the Z/γ^* boson transverse momentum distribution in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *JHEP* **09** (2014) 145 [[arXiv:1406.3660](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [53] H.-L. Lai et al., *New parton distributions for collider physics*, *Phys. Rev. D* **82** (2010) 074024 [[arXiv:1007.2241](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [54] T. Gleisberg and S. Hoeche, *Comix, a new matrix element generator*, *JHEP* **12** (2008) 039 [[arXiv:0808.3674](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [55] S. Hoeche, F. Krauss, M. Schonherr and F. Siegert, *QCD matrix elements + parton showers: The NLO case*, *JHEP* **04** (2013) 027 [[arXiv:1207.5030](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [56] ATLAS collaboration, *The ATLAS Simulation Infrastructure*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **70** (2010) 823 [[arXiv:1005.4568](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [57] GEANT4 collaboration, *GEANT4 — a simulation toolkit*, *Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A* **506** (2003) 250 [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [58] ATLAS collaboration, *Electron efficiency measurements with the ATLAS detector using the 2012 LHC proton-proton collision data*, *ATLAS-CONF-2014-032* (2014) [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [59] ATLAS collaboration, *Electron identification measurements in ATLAS using $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV data with 50 ns bunch spacing*, *ATL-PHYS-PUB-2015-041* (2015) [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [60] ATLAS collaboration, *Electron reconstruction and identification in the ATLAS experiment using the 2015 and 2016 LHC proton-proton collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **79** (2019) 639 [[arXiv:1902.04655](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [61] R. Hyneman et al., *Electron, Muon, and Photon Isolation in 2015–2018*, Technical Report, CERN (2019).
- [62] ATLAS collaboration, *Muon reconstruction performance of the ATLAS detector in proton-proton collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **76** (2016) 292 [[arXiv:1603.05598](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [63] M. Cacciari, G.P. Salam and G. Soyez, *The anti- k_t jet clustering algorithm*, *JHEP* **04** (2008) 063 [[arXiv:0802.1189](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [64] ATLAS collaboration, *Jet reconstruction and performance using particle flow with the ATLAS Detector*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **77** (2017) 466 [[arXiv:1703.10485](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].

- [65] ATLAS collaboration, *Jet energy scale measurements and their systematic uncertainties in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *Phys. Rev. D* **96** (2017) 072002 [[arXiv:1703.09665](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [66] ATLAS collaboration, *Performance of pile-up mitigation techniques for jets in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV using the ATLAS detector*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **76** (2016) 581 [[arXiv:1510.03823](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [67] ATLAS collaboration, *Reconstruction, Energy Calibration, and Identification of Hadronically Decaying Tau Leptons in the ATLAS Experiment for Run-2 of the LHC*, *ATL-PHYS-PUB-2015-045* (2015) [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [68] ATLAS collaboration, *Measurement of the tau lepton reconstruction and identification performance in the ATLAS experiment using pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV*, *ATLAS-CONF-2017-029* (2017) [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [69] ATLAS collaboration, *Calibration of the performance of b-tagging for c and light-flavour jets in the 2012 ATLAS data*, *ATLAS-CONF-2014-046* (2014) [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [70] ATLAS collaboration, *E_T^{miss} performance in the ATLAS detector using 2015-2016 LHC pp collisions*, *ATLAS-CONF-2018-023* (2018) [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [71] ATLAS collaboration, *Measurements of Higgs boson production cross-sections in the $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ decay channel in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *JHEP* **08** (2022) 175 [[arXiv:2201.08269](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [72] ATLAS collaboration, *Search for High-Mass Resonances Decaying to $\tau\nu$ in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS Detector*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **120** (2018) 161802 [[arXiv:1801.06992](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [73] ATLAS collaboration, *Performance of missing transverse momentum reconstruction for the ATLAS detector in the first proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV*, *ATL-PHYS-PUB-2015-027* (2015) [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [74] ATLAS collaboration, *Expected performance of the ATLAS b-tagging algorithms in Run-2*, *ATL-PHYS-PUB-2015-022* (2015) [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [75] A.L. Read, *Presentation of search results: The CL_s technique*, *J. Phys. G* **28** (2002) 2693 [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [76] W. Verkerke and D.P. Kirkby, *The RooFit toolkit for data modeling*, *eConf* **C0303241** (2003) MOLT007 [[physics/0306116](#)] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [77] G. Cowan, K. Cranmer, E. Gross and O. Vitells, *Asymptotic formulae for likelihood-based tests of new physics*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **71** (2011) 1554 [[arXiv:1007.1727](#)] [*Erratum ibid.* **73** (2013) 2501] [[INSPIRE](#)].
- [78] ATLAS collaboration, *ATLAS Computing Acknowledgements*, *ATL-SOFT-PUB-2023-001* (2023).

The ATLAS collaboration

G. Aad [ID](#)¹⁰², B. Abbott [ID](#)¹²⁰, K. Abeling [ID](#)⁵⁵, N.J. Abicht [ID](#)⁴⁹, S.H. Abidi [ID](#)²⁹,
A. Aboulhorma [ID](#)^{35e}, H. Abramowicz [ID](#)¹⁵¹, H. Abreu [ID](#)¹⁵⁰, Y. Abulaiti [ID](#)¹¹⁷,
A.C. Abusleme Hoffman [ID](#)^{137a}, B.S. Acharya [ID](#)^{69a,69b,r}, C. Adam Bourdarios [ID](#)⁴,
L. Adamczyk [ID](#)^{86a}, L. Adamek [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, S.V. Addepalli [ID](#)²⁶, M.J. Addison [ID](#)¹⁰¹, J. Adelman [ID](#)¹¹⁵,
A. Adiguzel [ID](#)^{21c}, T. Adye [ID](#)¹³⁴, A.A. Affolder [ID](#)¹³⁶, Y. Afik [ID](#)³⁶, M.N. Agaras [ID](#)¹³,
J. Agarwala [ID](#)^{73a,73b}, A. Aggarwal [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, C. Agheorghiesei [ID](#)^{27c}, A. Ahmad [ID](#)³⁶,
F. Ahmadov [ID](#)^{38,ai}, W.S. Ahmed [ID](#)¹⁰⁴, S. Ahuja [ID](#)⁹⁵, X. Ai [ID](#)^{62a}, G. Aielli [ID](#)^{76a,76b}, A. Aikot [ID](#)¹⁶³,
M. Ait Tamlihat [ID](#)^{35e}, B. Aitbenchikh [ID](#)^{35a}, I. Aizenberg [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, M. Akbiyik [ID](#)¹⁰⁰,
T.P.A. Åkesson [ID](#)⁹⁸, A.V. Akimov [ID](#)³⁷, D. Akiyama [ID](#)¹⁶⁸, N.N. Akolkar [ID](#)²⁴, K. Al Khoury [ID](#)⁴¹,
G.L. Alberghi [ID](#)^{23b}, J. Albert [ID](#)¹⁶⁵, P. Albicocco [ID](#)⁵³, G.L. Albouy [ID](#)⁶⁰, S. Alderweireldt [ID](#)⁵²,
M. Aleksa [ID](#)³⁶, I.N. Aleksandrov [ID](#)³⁸, C. Alexa [ID](#)^{27b}, T. Alexopoulos [ID](#)¹⁰, F. Alfonsi [ID](#)^{23b},
M. Algren [ID](#)⁵⁶, M. Alhroob [ID](#)¹²⁰, B. Ali [ID](#)¹³², H.M.J. Ali [ID](#)⁹¹, S. Ali [ID](#)¹⁴⁸, S.W. Alibocus [ID](#)⁹²,
M. Aliev [ID](#)¹⁴⁵, G. Alimonti [ID](#)^{71a}, W. Alkakhfi [ID](#)⁵⁵, C. Allaire [ID](#)⁶⁶, B.M.M. Allbrooke [ID](#)¹⁴⁶,
J.F. Allen [ID](#)⁵², C.A. Allendes Flores [ID](#)^{137f}, P.P. Allport [ID](#)²⁰, A. Aloisio [ID](#)^{72a,72b}, F. Alonso [ID](#)⁹⁰,
C. Alpigiani [ID](#)¹³⁸, M. Alvarez Estevez [ID](#)⁹⁹, A. Alvarez Fernandez [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, M. Alves Cardoso [ID](#)⁵⁶,
M.G. Alviggi [ID](#)^{72a,72b}, M. Aly [ID](#)¹⁰¹, Y. Amaral Coutinho [ID](#)^{83b}, A. Ambler [ID](#)¹⁰⁴, C. Amelung [ID](#)³⁶,
M. Amerl [ID](#)¹⁰¹, C.G. Ames [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, D. Amidei [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, S.P. Amor Dos Santos [ID](#)^{130a}, K.R. Amos [ID](#)¹⁶³,
V. Ananiev [ID](#)¹²⁵, C. Anastopoulos [ID](#)¹³⁹, T. Andeen [ID](#)¹¹, J.K. Anders [ID](#)³⁶, S.Y. Andrean [ID](#)^{47a,47b},
A. Andreatza [ID](#)^{71a,71b}, S. Angelidakis [ID](#)⁹, A. Angerami [ID](#)^{41,am}, A.V. Anisenkov [ID](#)³⁷,
A. Annovi [ID](#)^{74a}, C. Antel [ID](#)⁵⁶, M.T. Anthony [ID](#)¹³⁹, E. Antipov [ID](#)¹⁴⁵, M. Antonelli [ID](#)⁵³,
F. Anulli [ID](#)^{75a}, M. Aoki [ID](#)⁸⁴, T. Aoki [ID](#)¹⁵³, J.A. Aparisi Pozo [ID](#)¹⁶³, M.A. Aparo [ID](#)¹⁴⁶,
L. Aperio Bella [ID](#)⁴⁸, C. Appelt [ID](#)¹⁸, A. Apyan [ID](#)²⁶, N. Aranzabal [ID](#)³⁶, C. Arcangeletti [ID](#)⁵³,
A.T.H. Arce [ID](#)⁵¹, E. Arena [ID](#)⁹², J-F. Arguin [ID](#)¹⁰⁸, S. Argyropoulos [ID](#)⁵⁴, J.-H. Arling [ID](#)⁴⁸,
O. Arnaez [ID](#)⁴, H. Arnold [ID](#)¹¹⁴, G. Artoni [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, H. Asada [ID](#)¹¹¹, K. Asai [ID](#)¹¹⁸, S. Asai [ID](#)¹⁵³,
N.A. Asbah [ID](#)⁶¹, J. Assahsah [ID](#)^{35d}, K. Assamagan [ID](#)²⁹, R. Astalos [ID](#)^{28a}, S. Atashi [ID](#)¹⁶⁰,
R.J. Atkin [ID](#)^{33a}, M. Atkinson [ID](#)¹⁶², H. Atmani [ID](#)^{35f}, P.A. Atmasiddha [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, K. Augsten [ID](#)¹³²,
S. Auricchio [ID](#)^{72a,72b}, A.D. Auriol [ID](#)²⁰, V.A. Austrup [ID](#)¹⁰¹, G. Avolio [ID](#)³⁶, K. Axiotis [ID](#)⁵⁶,
G. Azuelos [ID](#)^{108,au}, D. Babal [ID](#)^{28b}, H. Bachacou [ID](#)¹³⁵, K. Bachas [ID](#)^{152,x}, A. Bachi [ID](#)³⁴,
F. Backman [ID](#)^{47a,47b}, A. Badea [ID](#)⁶¹, P. Bagnaia [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, M. Bahmani [ID](#)¹⁸, A.J. Bailey [ID](#)¹⁶³,
V.R. Bailey [ID](#)¹⁶², J.T. Baines [ID](#)¹³⁴, L. Baines [ID](#)⁹⁴, C. Bakalis [ID](#)¹⁰, O.K. Baker [ID](#)¹⁷², E. Bakos [ID](#)¹⁵,
D. Bakshi Gupta [ID](#)⁸, V. Balakrishnan [ID](#)¹²⁰, R. Balasubramanian [ID](#)¹¹⁴, E.M. Baldin [ID](#)³⁷,
P. Balek [ID](#)^{86a}, E. Ballabene [ID](#)^{23b,23a}, F. Balli [ID](#)¹³⁵, L.M. Baltés [ID](#)^{63a}, W.K. Balunas [ID](#)³²,
J. Balz [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, E. Banas [ID](#)⁸⁷, M. Bandieramonte [ID](#)¹²⁹, A. Bandyopadhyay [ID](#)²⁴, S. Bansal [ID](#)²⁴,
L. Barak [ID](#)¹⁵¹, M. Barakat [ID](#)⁴⁸, E.L. Barberio [ID](#)¹⁰⁵, D. Barberis [ID](#)^{57b,57a}, M. Barbero [ID](#)¹⁰²,
K.N. Barends [ID](#)^{33a}, T. Barillari [ID](#)¹¹⁰, M-S. Barisits [ID](#)³⁶, T. Barklow [ID](#)¹⁴³, P. Baron [ID](#)¹²²,
D.A. Baron Moreno [ID](#)¹⁰¹, A. Baroncelli [ID](#)^{62a}, G. Barone [ID](#)²⁹, A.J. Barr [ID](#)¹²⁶, J.D. Barr [ID](#)⁹⁶,
L. Barranco Navarro [ID](#)^{47a,47b}, F. Barreiro [ID](#)⁹⁹, J. Barreiro Guimarães da Costa [ID](#)^{14a},
U. Barron [ID](#)¹⁵¹, M.G. Barros Teixeira [ID](#)^{130a}, S. Barsov [ID](#)³⁷, F. Bartels [ID](#)^{63a}, R. Bartoldus [ID](#)¹⁴³,
A.E. Barton [ID](#)⁹¹, P. Bartos [ID](#)^{28a}, A. Basan [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, M. Baselga [ID](#)⁴⁹, A. Bassalat [ID](#)^{66,b},
M.J. Basso [ID](#)^{156a}, C.R. Basson [ID](#)¹⁰¹, R.L. Bates [ID](#)⁵⁹, S. Batlamous [ID](#)^{35e}, J.R. Batley [ID](#)³²,
B. Batool [ID](#)¹⁴¹, M. Battaglia [ID](#)¹³⁶, D. Battulga [ID](#)¹⁸, M. Baucé [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, M. Bauer [ID](#)³⁶,

P. Bauer [ID](#)²⁴, L.T. Bazzano Hurrell [ID](#)³⁰, J.B. Beacham [ID](#)⁵¹, T. Beau [ID](#)¹²⁷, P.H. Beauchemin [ID](#)¹⁵⁸,
 F. Becherer [ID](#)⁵⁴, P. Bechtle [ID](#)²⁴, H.P. Beck [ID](#)^{19,v}, K. Becker [ID](#)¹⁶⁷, A.J. Beddall [ID](#)⁸²,
 V.A. Bednyakov [ID](#)³⁸, C.P. Bee [ID](#)¹⁴⁵, L.J. Beemster¹⁵, T.A. Beermann [ID](#)³⁶, M. Begalli [ID](#)^{83d},
 M. Begel [ID](#)²⁹, A. Behera [ID](#)¹⁴⁵, J.K. Behr [ID](#)⁴⁸, J.F. Beirer [ID](#)⁵⁵, F. Beisiegel [ID](#)²⁴, M. Belfkir [ID](#)¹⁵⁹,
 G. Bella [ID](#)¹⁵¹, L. Bellagamba [ID](#)^{23b}, A. Bellerive [ID](#)³⁴, P. Bellos [ID](#)²⁰, K. Beloborodov [ID](#)³⁷,
 N.L. Belyaev [ID](#)³⁷, D. Benchekroun [ID](#)^{35a}, F. Bendebba [ID](#)^{35a}, Y. Benhammou [ID](#)¹⁵¹, M. Benoit [ID](#)²⁹,
 J.R. Bensinger [ID](#)²⁶, S. Bentvelsen [ID](#)¹¹⁴, L. Beresford [ID](#)⁴⁸, M. Beretta [ID](#)⁵³,
 E. Bergeaas Kuutmann [ID](#)¹⁶¹, N. Berger [ID](#)⁴, B. Bergmann [ID](#)¹³², J. Beringer [ID](#)^{17a}, G. Bernardi [ID](#)⁵,
 C. Bernius [ID](#)¹⁴³, F.U. Bernlochner [ID](#)²⁴, F. Bernon [ID](#)^{36,102}, T. Berry [ID](#)⁹⁵, P. Berta [ID](#)¹³³,
 A. Berthold [ID](#)⁵⁰, I.A. Bertram [ID](#)⁹¹, S. Bethke [ID](#)¹¹⁰, A. Betti [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, A.J. Bevan [ID](#)⁹⁴,
 M. Bhamjee [ID](#)^{33c}, S. Bhatta [ID](#)¹⁴⁵, D.S. Bhattacharya [ID](#)¹⁶⁶, P. Bhattacharai [ID](#)¹⁴³,
 V.S. Bhopatkar [ID](#)¹²¹, R. Bi^{29,aw}, R.M. Bianchi [ID](#)¹²⁹, G. Bianco [ID](#)^{23b,23a}, O. Biebel [ID](#)¹⁰⁹,
 R. Bielski [ID](#)¹²³, M. Biglietti [ID](#)^{77a}, T.R.V. Billoud [ID](#)¹³², M. Bindi [ID](#)⁵⁵, A. Bingul [ID](#)^{21b},
 C. Bini [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, A. Biondini [ID](#)⁹², C.J. Birch-sykes [ID](#)¹⁰¹, G.A. Bird [ID](#)^{20,134}, M. Birman [ID](#)¹⁶⁹,
 M. Biros [ID](#)¹³³, T. Bisanz [ID](#)⁴⁹, E. Bisceglie [ID](#)^{43b,43a}, D. Biswas [ID](#)¹⁴¹, A. Bitadze [ID](#)¹⁰¹,
 K. Bjørke [ID](#)¹²⁵, I. Bloch [ID](#)⁴⁸, C. Blocker [ID](#)²⁶, A. Blue [ID](#)⁵⁹, U. Blumenschein [ID](#)⁹⁴,
 J. Blumenthal [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, G.J. Bobbink [ID](#)¹¹⁴, V.S. Bobrovnikov [ID](#)³⁷, M. Boehler [ID](#)⁵⁴, B. Boehm [ID](#)¹⁶⁶,
 D. Bogavac [ID](#)³⁶, A.G. Bogdanchikov [ID](#)³⁷, C. Bohm [ID](#)^{47a}, V. Boisvert [ID](#)⁹⁵, P. Bokan [ID](#)⁴⁸,
 T. Bold [ID](#)^{86a}, M. Bomben [ID](#)⁵, M. Bona [ID](#)⁹⁴, M. Boonekamp [ID](#)¹³⁵, C.D. Booth [ID](#)⁹⁵,
 A.G. Borbély [ID](#)^{59,ar}, I.S. Bordulev [ID](#)³⁷, H.M. Borecka-Bielska [ID](#)¹⁰⁸, L.S. Borgna [ID](#)⁹⁶,
 G. Borissov [ID](#)⁹¹, D. Bortoletto [ID](#)¹²⁶, D. Boscherini [ID](#)^{23b}, M. Bosman [ID](#)¹³, J.D. Bossio Sola [ID](#)³⁶,
 K. Bouaouda [ID](#)^{35a}, N. Bouchhar [ID](#)¹⁶³, J. Boudreau [ID](#)¹²⁹, E.V. Bouhova-Thacker [ID](#)⁹¹,
 D. Boumediene [ID](#)⁴⁰, R. Bouquet [ID](#)⁵, A. Boveia [ID](#)¹¹⁹, J. Boyd [ID](#)³⁶, D. Boye [ID](#)²⁹, I.R. Boyko [ID](#)³⁸,
 J. Bracinik [ID](#)²⁰, N. Brahimi [ID](#)^{62d}, G. Brandt [ID](#)¹⁷¹, O. Brandt [ID](#)³², F. Braren [ID](#)⁴⁸, B. Brau [ID](#)¹⁰³,
 J.E. Brau [ID](#)¹²³, R. Brenner [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, L. Brenner [ID](#)¹¹⁴, R. Brenner [ID](#)¹⁶¹, S. Bressler [ID](#)¹⁶⁹,
 D. Britton [ID](#)⁵⁹, D. Britzger [ID](#)¹¹⁰, I. Brock [ID](#)²⁴, G. Brooijmans [ID](#)⁴¹, W.K. Brooks [ID](#)^{137f},
 E. Brost [ID](#)²⁹, L.M. Brown [ID](#)^{165,o}, L.E. Bruce [ID](#)⁶¹, T.L. Bruckler [ID](#)¹²⁶,
 P.A. Bruckman de Renstrom [ID](#)⁸⁷, B. Brüers [ID](#)⁴⁸, A. Bruni [ID](#)^{23b}, G. Bruni [ID](#)^{23b}, M. Bruschi [ID](#)^{23b},
 N. Bruscinò [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, T. Buanes [ID](#)¹⁶, Q. Buat [ID](#)¹³⁸, D. Buchin [ID](#)¹¹⁰, A.G. Buckley [ID](#)⁵⁹,
 M.K. Bugge [ID](#)¹²⁵, O. Bulekov [ID](#)³⁷, B.A. Bullard [ID](#)¹⁴³, S. Burdin [ID](#)⁹², C.D. Burgard [ID](#)⁴⁹,
 A.M. Burger [ID](#)⁴⁰, B. Burghgrave [ID](#)⁸, O. Burlayenko [ID](#)⁵⁴, J.T.P. Burr [ID](#)³², C.D. Burton [ID](#)¹¹,
 J.C. Burzynski [ID](#)¹⁴², E.L. Busch [ID](#)⁴¹, V. Büscher [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, P.J. Bussey [ID](#)⁵⁹, J.M. Butler [ID](#)²⁵,
 C.M. Buttar [ID](#)⁵⁹, J.M. Butterworth [ID](#)⁹⁶, W. Buttinger [ID](#)¹³⁴, C.J. Buxo Vazquez¹⁰⁷,
 A.R. Buzykaev [ID](#)³⁷, S. Cabrera Urbán [ID](#)¹⁶³, L. Cadamuro [ID](#)⁶⁶, D. Caforio [ID](#)⁵⁸, H. Cai [ID](#)¹²⁹,
 Y. Cai [ID](#)^{14a,14e}, V.M.M. Cairo [ID](#)³⁶, O. Cakir [ID](#)^{3a}, N. Calace [ID](#)³⁶, P. Calafiura [ID](#)^{17a},
 G. Calderini [ID](#)¹²⁷, P. Calfayan [ID](#)⁶⁸, G. Callea [ID](#)⁵⁹, L.P. Caloba^{83b}, D. Calvet [ID](#)⁴⁰, S. Calvet [ID](#)⁴⁰,
 T.P. Calvet [ID](#)¹⁰², M. Calvetti [ID](#)^{74a,74b}, R. Camacho Toro [ID](#)¹²⁷, S. Camarda [ID](#)³⁶,
 D. Camarero Munoz [ID](#)²⁶, P. Camarri [ID](#)^{76a,76b}, M.T. Camerlingo [ID](#)^{72a,72b}, D. Cameron [ID](#)^{36,h},
 C. Camincher [ID](#)¹⁶⁵, M. Campanelli [ID](#)⁹⁶, A. Camplani [ID](#)⁴², V. Canale [ID](#)^{72a,72b}, A. Canesse [ID](#)¹⁰⁴,
 J. Cantero [ID](#)¹⁶³, Y. Cao [ID](#)¹⁶², F. Capocasa [ID](#)²⁶, M. Capua [ID](#)^{43b,43a}, A. Carbone [ID](#)^{71a,71b},
 R. Cardarelli [ID](#)^{76a}, J.C.J. Cardenas [ID](#)⁸, F. Cardillo [ID](#)¹⁶³, T. Carli [ID](#)³⁶, G. Carlino [ID](#)^{72a},
 J.I. Carlotto [ID](#)¹³, B.T. Carlson [ID](#)^{129,y}, E.M. Carlson [ID](#)^{165,156a}, L. Carminati [ID](#)^{71a,71b},
 A. Carnelli [ID](#)¹³⁵, M. Carnesale [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, S. Caron [ID](#)¹¹³, E. Carquin [ID](#)^{137f}, S. Carrá [ID](#)^{71a,71b},

G. Carratta [ID](#)^{23b,23a}, F. Carrio Argos [ID](#)^{33g}, J.W.S. Carter [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, T.M. Carter [ID](#)⁵²,
M.P. Casado [ID](#)^{13,k}, M. Caspar [ID](#)⁴⁸, E.G. Castiglia [ID](#)¹⁷², F.L. Castillo [ID](#)⁴, L. Castillo Garcia [ID](#)¹³,
V. Castillo Gimenez [ID](#)¹⁶³, N.F. Castro [ID](#)^{130a,130e}, A. Catinaccio [ID](#)³⁶, J.R. Catmore [ID](#)¹²⁵,
V. Cavaliere [ID](#)²⁹, N. Cavalli [ID](#)^{23b,23a}, V. Cavasinni [ID](#)^{74a,74b}, Y.C. Cekmecelioglu [ID](#)⁴⁸,
E. Celebi [ID](#)^{21a}, F. Celli [ID](#)¹²⁶, M.S. Centonze [ID](#)^{70a,70b}, V. Cepaitis [ID](#)⁵⁶, K. Cerny [ID](#)¹²²,
A.S. Cerqueira [ID](#)^{83a}, A. Cerri [ID](#)¹⁴⁶, L. Cerrito [ID](#)^{76a,76b}, F. Cerutti [ID](#)^{17a}, B. Cervato [ID](#)¹⁴¹,
A. Cervelli [ID](#)^{23b}, G. Cesarini [ID](#)⁵³, S.A. Cetin [ID](#)⁸², Z. Chadi [ID](#)^{35a}, D. Chakraborty [ID](#)¹¹⁵,
J. Chan [ID](#)¹⁷⁰, W.Y. Chan [ID](#)¹⁵³, J.D. Chapman [ID](#)³², E. Chapon [ID](#)¹³⁵, B. Chargeishvili [ID](#)^{149b},
D.G. Charlton [ID](#)²⁰, T.P. Charman [ID](#)⁹⁴, M. Chatterjee [ID](#)¹⁹, C. Chauhan [ID](#)¹³³, S. Chekanov [ID](#)⁶,
S.V. Chekulaev [ID](#)^{156a}, G.A. Chelkov [ID](#)^{38,a}, A. Chen [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, B. Chen [ID](#)¹⁵¹, B. Chen [ID](#)¹⁶⁵,
H. Chen [ID](#)^{14c}, H. Chen [ID](#)²⁹, J. Chen [ID](#)^{62c}, J. Chen [ID](#)¹⁴², M. Chen [ID](#)¹²⁶, S. Chen [ID](#)¹⁵³,
S.J. Chen [ID](#)^{14c}, X. Chen [ID](#)^{62c,135}, X. Chen [ID](#)^{14b,at}, Y. Chen [ID](#)^{62a}, C.L. Cheng [ID](#)¹⁷⁰,
H.C. Cheng [ID](#)^{64a}, S. Cheong [ID](#)¹⁴³, A. Cheplakov [ID](#)³⁸, E. Cheremushkina [ID](#)⁴⁸,
E. Cherepanova [ID](#)¹¹⁴, R. Cherkaoui El Moursli [ID](#)^{35e}, E. Cheu [ID](#)⁷, K. Cheung [ID](#)⁶⁵,
L. Chevalier [ID](#)¹³⁵, V. Chiarella [ID](#)⁵³, G. Chiarelli [ID](#)^{74a}, N. Chiedde [ID](#)¹⁰², G. Chiodini [ID](#)^{70a},
A.S. Chisholm [ID](#)²⁰, A. Chitan [ID](#)^{27b}, M. Chitishvili [ID](#)¹⁶³, M.V. Chizhov [ID](#)³⁸, K. Choi [ID](#)¹¹,
A.R. Chomont [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, Y. Chou [ID](#)¹⁰³, E.Y.S. Chow [ID](#)¹¹⁴, T. Chowdhury [ID](#)^{33g}, K.L. Chu [ID](#)¹⁶⁹,
M.C. Chu [ID](#)^{64a}, X. Chu [ID](#)^{14a,14e}, J. Chudoba [ID](#)¹³¹, J.J. Chwastowski [ID](#)⁸⁷, D. Cieri [ID](#)¹¹⁰,
K.M. Ciesla [ID](#)^{86a}, V. Cindro [ID](#)⁹³, A. Ciocio [ID](#)^{17a}, F. Ciotto [ID](#)^{72a,72b}, Z.H. Citron [ID](#)^{169,p},
M. Citterio [ID](#)^{71a}, D.A. Ciubotaru [ID](#)^{27b}, B.M. Ciungu [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, A. Clark [ID](#)⁵⁶, P.J. Clark [ID](#)⁵²,
J.M. Clavijo Columbie [ID](#)⁴⁸, S.E. Clawson [ID](#)⁴⁸, C. Clement [ID](#)^{47a,47b}, J. Clercx [ID](#)⁴⁸,
L. Clissa [ID](#)^{23b,23a}, Y. Coadou [ID](#)¹⁰², M. Cobal [ID](#)^{69a,69c}, A. Coccaro [ID](#)^{57b}, R.F. Coelho Barrue [ID](#)^{130a},
R. Coelho Lopes De Sa [ID](#)¹⁰³, S. Coelli [ID](#)^{71a}, H. Cohen [ID](#)¹⁵¹, A.E.C. Coimbra [ID](#)^{71a,71b}, B. Cole [ID](#)⁴¹,
J. Collot [ID](#)⁶⁰, P. Conde Muno [ID](#)^{130a,130g}, M.P. Connell [ID](#)^{33c}, S.H. Connell [ID](#)^{33c}, I.A. Connelly [ID](#)⁵⁹,
E.I. Conroy [ID](#)¹²⁶, F. Conventi [ID](#)^{72a,av}, H.G. Cooke [ID](#)²⁰, A.M. Cooper-Sarkar [ID](#)¹²⁶,
A. Cordeiro Oudot Choi [ID](#)¹²⁷, F. Cormier [ID](#)¹⁶⁴, L.D. Corpe [ID](#)⁴⁰, M. Corradi [ID](#)^{75a,75b},
F. Corriveau [ID](#)^{104,ag}, A. Cortes-Gonzalez [ID](#)¹⁸, M.J. Costa [ID](#)¹⁶³, F. Costanza [ID](#)⁴, D. Costanzo [ID](#)¹³⁹,
B.M. Cote [ID](#)¹¹⁹, G. Cowan [ID](#)⁹⁵, K. Cranmer [ID](#)¹⁷⁰, D. Cremonini [ID](#)^{23b,23a}, S. Crepe-Renaudin [ID](#)⁶⁰,
F. Crescioli [ID](#)¹²⁷, M. Cristinziani [ID](#)¹⁴¹, M. Cristoforetti [ID](#)^{78a,78b}, V. Croft [ID](#)¹¹⁴, J.E. Crosby [ID](#)¹²¹,
G. Crosetti [ID](#)^{43b,43a}, A. Cueto [ID](#)⁹⁹, T. Cuhadar Donszelmann [ID](#)¹⁶⁰, H. Cui [ID](#)^{14a,14e}, Z. Cui [ID](#)⁷,
W.R. Cunningham [ID](#)⁵⁹, F. Curcio [ID](#)^{43b,43a}, P. Czodrowski [ID](#)³⁶, M.M. Czurylo [ID](#)^{63b},
M.J. Da Cunha Sargedas De Sousa [ID](#)^{57b,57a}, J.V. Da Fonseca Pinto [ID](#)^{83b}, C. Da Via [ID](#)¹⁰¹,
W. Dabrowski [ID](#)^{86a}, T. Dado [ID](#)⁴⁹, S. Dahbi [ID](#)^{33g}, T. Dai [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, D. Dal Santo [ID](#)¹⁹,
C. Dallapiccola [ID](#)¹⁰³, M. Dam [ID](#)⁴², G. D’amen [ID](#)²⁹, V. D’Amico [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, J. Damp [ID](#)¹⁰⁰,
J.R. Dandoy [ID](#)¹²⁸, M.F. Daneri [ID](#)³⁰, M. Danninger [ID](#)¹⁴², V. Dao [ID](#)³⁶, G. Darbo [ID](#)^{57b},
S. Darmora [ID](#)⁶, S.J. Das [ID](#)^{29,aw}, S. D’Auria [ID](#)^{71a,71b}, C. David [ID](#)^{156b}, T. Davidek [ID](#)¹³³,
B. Davis-Purcell [ID](#)³⁴, I. Dawson [ID](#)⁹⁴, H.A. Day-hall [ID](#)¹³², K. De [ID](#)⁸, R. De Asmundis [ID](#)^{72a},
N. De Biase [ID](#)⁴⁸, S. De Castro [ID](#)^{23b,23a}, N. De Groot [ID](#)¹¹³, P. de Jong [ID](#)¹¹⁴, H. De la Torre [ID](#)¹¹⁵,
A. De Maria [ID](#)^{14c}, A. De Salvo [ID](#)^{75a}, U. De Sanctis [ID](#)^{76a,76b}, A. De Santo [ID](#)¹⁴⁶,
J.B. De Vivie De Regie [ID](#)⁶⁰, D.V. Dedovich [ID](#)³⁸, J. Degens [ID](#)¹¹⁴, A.M. Deiana [ID](#)⁴⁴,
F. Del Corso [ID](#)^{23b,23a}, J. Del Peso [ID](#)⁹⁹, F. Del Rio [ID](#)^{63a}, F. Deliot [ID](#)¹³⁵, C.M. Delitzsch [ID](#)⁴⁹,
M. Della Pietra [ID](#)^{72a,72b}, D. Della Volpe [ID](#)⁵⁶, A. Dell’Acqua [ID](#)³⁶, L. Dell’Asta [ID](#)^{71a,71b},
M. Delmastro [ID](#)⁴, P.A. Delsart [ID](#)⁶⁰, S. Demers [ID](#)¹⁷², M. Demichev [ID](#)³⁸, S.P. Denisov [ID](#)³⁷,

L. D’Eramo [ID](#)⁴⁰, D. Derendarz [ID](#)⁸⁷, F. Derue [ID](#)¹²⁷, P. Dervan [ID](#)⁹², K. Desch [ID](#)²⁴, C. Deutsch [ID](#)²⁴,
 F.A. Di Bello [ID](#)^{57b,57a}, A. Di Ciaccio [ID](#)^{76a,76b}, L. Di Ciaccio [ID](#)⁴, A. Di Domenico [ID](#)^{75a,75b},
 C. Di Donato [ID](#)^{72a,72b}, A. Di Girolamo [ID](#)³⁶, G. Di Gregorio [ID](#)⁵, A. Di Luca [ID](#)^{78a,78b},
 B. Di Micco [ID](#)^{77a,77b}, R. Di Nardo [ID](#)^{77a,77b}, C. Diaconu [ID](#)¹⁰², M. Diamantopoulou [ID](#)³⁴,
 F.A. Dias [ID](#)¹¹⁴, T. Dias Do Vale [ID](#)¹⁴², M.A. Diaz [ID](#)^{137a,137b}, F.G. Diaz Capriles [ID](#)²⁴,
 M. Didenko [ID](#)¹⁶³, E.B. Diehl [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, L. Diehl [ID](#)⁵⁴, S. Díez Cornell [ID](#)⁴⁸, C. Diez Pardos [ID](#)¹⁴¹,
 C. Dimitriadi [ID](#)^{161,24,161}, A. Dimitrievska [ID](#)^{17a}, J. Dingfelder [ID](#)²⁴, I.M. Dinu [ID](#)^{27b},
 S.J. Dittmeier [ID](#)^{63b}, F. Dittus [ID](#)³⁶, F. Djama [ID](#)¹⁰², T. Djobava [ID](#)^{149b}, J.I. Djuvsland [ID](#)¹⁶,
 C. Doglioni [ID](#)^{101,98}, A. Dohnalova [ID](#)^{28a}, J. Dolejsi [ID](#)¹³³, Z. Dolezal [ID](#)¹³³, M. Donadelli [ID](#)^{83c},
 B. Dong [ID](#)¹⁰⁷, J. Donini [ID](#)⁴⁰, A. D’Onofrio [ID](#)^{77a,77b}, M. D’Onofrio [ID](#)⁹², J. Dopke [ID](#)¹³⁴,
 A. Doria [ID](#)^{72a}, N. Dos Santos Fernandes [ID](#)^{130a}, P. Dougan [ID](#)¹⁰¹, M.T. Dova [ID](#)⁹⁰, A.T. Doyle [ID](#)⁵⁹,
 M.A. Draguet [ID](#)¹²⁶, E. Dreyer [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, I. Drivas-koulouris [ID](#)¹⁰, A.S. Drobac [ID](#)¹⁵⁸, M. Drozdova [ID](#)⁵⁶,
 D. Du [ID](#)^{62a}, T.A. du Pree [ID](#)¹¹⁴, F. Dubinin [ID](#)³⁷, M. Dubovsky [ID](#)^{28a}, E. Duchovni [ID](#)¹⁶⁹,
 G. Duckeck [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, O.A. Ducu [ID](#)^{27b}, D. Duda [ID](#)⁵², A. Dudarev [ID](#)³⁶, E.R. Duden [ID](#)²⁶,
 M. D’uffizi [ID](#)¹⁰¹, L. Duflot [ID](#)⁶⁶, M. Dührssen [ID](#)³⁶, C. Dülsen [ID](#)¹⁷¹, A.E. Dumitriu [ID](#)^{27b},
 M. Dunford [ID](#)^{63a}, S. Dungs [ID](#)⁴⁹, K. Dunne [ID](#)^{47a,47b}, A. Duperrin [ID](#)¹⁰², H. Duran Yildiz [ID](#)^{3a},
 M. Düren [ID](#)⁵⁸, A. Durglishvili [ID](#)^{149b}, B.L. Dwyer [ID](#)¹¹⁵, G.I. Dyckes [ID](#)^{17a}, M. Dyndal [ID](#)^{86a},
 S. Dysch [ID](#)¹⁰¹, B.S. Dziedzic [ID](#)⁸⁷, Z.O. Earnshaw [ID](#)¹⁴⁶, G.H. Eberwein [ID](#)¹²⁶, B. Eckerova [ID](#)^{28a},
 S. Eggebrecht [ID](#)⁵⁵, E. Egidio Purcino De Souza [ID](#)¹²⁷, L.F. Ehrke [ID](#)⁵⁶, G. Eigen [ID](#)¹⁶,
 K. Einsweiler [ID](#)^{17a}, T. Ekelof [ID](#)¹⁶¹, P.A. Ekman [ID](#)⁹⁸, S. El Farkh [ID](#)^{35b}, Y. El Ghazali [ID](#)^{35b},
 H. El Jarrari [ID](#)^{35e,148}, A. El Moussaouy [ID](#)^{35a}, V. Ellajosyula [ID](#)¹⁶¹, M. Ellert [ID](#)¹⁶¹,
 F. Ellinghaus [ID](#)¹⁷¹, A.A. Elliot [ID](#)⁹⁴, N. Ellis [ID](#)³⁶, J. Elmsheuser [ID](#)²⁹, M. Elsing [ID](#)³⁶,
 D. Emeliyanov [ID](#)¹³⁴, Y. Enari [ID](#)¹⁵³, I. Ene [ID](#)^{17a}, S. Epari [ID](#)¹³, J. Erdmann [ID](#)⁴⁹, P.A. Erland [ID](#)⁸⁷,
 M. Errenst [ID](#)¹⁷¹, M. Escalier [ID](#)⁶⁶, C. Escobar [ID](#)¹⁶³, E. Etzion [ID](#)¹⁵¹, G. Evans [ID](#)^{130a}, H. Evans [ID](#)⁶⁸,
 L.S. Evans [ID](#)⁹⁵, M.O. Evans [ID](#)¹⁴⁶, A. Ezhilov [ID](#)³⁷, S. Ezzarqtouni [ID](#)^{35a}, F. Fabbri [ID](#)⁵⁹,
 L. Fabbri [ID](#)^{23b,23a}, G. Facini [ID](#)⁹⁶, V. Fadeyev [ID](#)¹³⁶, R.M. Fakhrutdinov [ID](#)³⁷, S. Falciano [ID](#)^{75a},
 L.F. Falda Ulhoa Coelho [ID](#)³⁶, P.J. Falke [ID](#)²⁴, J. Faltova [ID](#)¹³³, C. Fan [ID](#)¹⁶², Y. Fan [ID](#)^{14a},
 Y. Fang [ID](#)^{14a,14e}, M. Fanti [ID](#)^{71a,71b}, M. Faraj [ID](#)^{69a,69b}, Z. Farazpay [ID](#)⁹⁷, A. Farbin [ID](#)⁸,
 A. Farilla [ID](#)^{77a}, T. Faroouque [ID](#)¹⁰⁷, S.M. Farrington [ID](#)⁵², F. Fassi [ID](#)^{35e}, D. Fassouliotis [ID](#)⁹,
 M. Fauci Giannelli [ID](#)^{76a,76b}, W.J. Fawcett [ID](#)³², L. Fayard [ID](#)⁶⁶, P. Federic [ID](#)¹³³, P. Federicova [ID](#)¹³¹,
 O.L. Fedin [ID](#)^{37,a}, G. Fedotov [ID](#)³⁷, M. Feickert [ID](#)¹⁷⁰, L. Feligioni [ID](#)¹⁰², D.E. Fellers [ID](#)¹²³,
 C. Feng [ID](#)^{62b}, M. Feng [ID](#)^{14b}, Z. Feng [ID](#)¹¹⁴, M.J. Fenton [ID](#)¹⁶⁰, A.B. Fenyuk [ID](#)³⁷, L. Ferencz [ID](#)⁴⁸,
 R.A.M. Ferguson [ID](#)⁹¹, S.I. Fernandez Luengo [ID](#)^{137f}, M.J.V. Fernoux [ID](#)¹⁰², J. Ferrando [ID](#)⁴⁸,
 A. Ferrari [ID](#)¹⁶¹, P. Ferrari [ID](#)^{114,113}, R. Ferrari [ID](#)^{73a}, D. Ferrere [ID](#)⁵⁶, C. Ferretti [ID](#)¹⁰⁶,
 F. Fiedler [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, A. Filipčić [ID](#)⁹³, E.K. Filmer [ID](#)¹, F. Filthaut [ID](#)¹¹³, M.C.N. Fiolhais [ID](#)^{130a,130c,d},
 L. Fiorini [ID](#)¹⁶³, W.C. Fisher [ID](#)¹⁰⁷, T. Fitschen [ID](#)¹⁰¹, P.M. Fitzhugh [ID](#)¹³⁵, I. Fleck [ID](#)¹⁴¹,
 P. Fleischmann [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, T. Flick [ID](#)¹⁷¹, M. Flores [ID](#)^{33d,an}, L.R. Flores Castillo [ID](#)^{64a},
 L. Flores Sanz De Acedo [ID](#)³⁶, F.M. Follega [ID](#)^{78a,78b}, N. Fomin [ID](#)¹⁶, J.H. Foo [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, B.C. Forland [ID](#)⁶⁸,
 A. Formica [ID](#)¹³⁵, A.C. Forti [ID](#)¹⁰¹, E. Fortin [ID](#)³⁶, A.W. Fortman [ID](#)⁶¹, M.G. Foti [ID](#)^{17a},
 L. Fountas [ID](#)^{9,l}, D. Fournier [ID](#)⁶⁶, H. Fox [ID](#)⁹¹, P. Francavilla [ID](#)^{74a,74b}, S. Francescato [ID](#)⁶¹,
 S. Franchellucci [ID](#)⁵⁶, M. Franchini [ID](#)^{23b,23a}, S. Franchino [ID](#)^{63a}, D. Francis [ID](#)³⁶, L. Franco [ID](#)¹¹³,
 L. Franconi [ID](#)⁴⁸, M. Franklin [ID](#)⁶¹, G. Frattari [ID](#)²⁶, A.C. Freegard [ID](#)⁹⁴, W.S. Freund [ID](#)^{83b},
 Y.Y. Frid [ID](#)¹⁵¹, J. Friend [ID](#)⁵⁹, N. Fritzsche [ID](#)⁵⁰, A. Froch [ID](#)⁵⁴, D. Froidevaux [ID](#)³⁶, J.A. Frost [ID](#)¹²⁶,

Y. Fu [ID](#)^{62a}, M. Fujimoto [ID](#)^{118,ao}, E. Fullana Torregrosa [ID](#)^{163,*}, K.Y. Fung [ID](#)^{64a},
 E. Furtado De Simas Filho [ID](#)^{83b}, M. Furukawa [ID](#)¹⁵³, J. Fuster [ID](#)¹⁶³, A. Gabrielli [ID](#)^{23b,23a},
 A. Gabrielli [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, P. Gadow [ID](#)³⁶, G. Gagliardi [ID](#)^{57b,57a}, L.G. Gagnon [ID](#)^{17a}, E.J. Gallas [ID](#)¹²⁶,
 B.J. Gallop [ID](#)¹³⁴, K.K. Gan [ID](#)¹¹⁹, S. Ganguly [ID](#)¹⁵³, J. Gao [ID](#)^{62a}, Y. Gao [ID](#)⁵²,
 F.M. Garay Walls [ID](#)^{137a,137b}, B. Garcia^{29,aw}, C. García [ID](#)¹⁶³, A. Garcia Alonso [ID](#)¹¹⁴,
 A.G. Garcia Caffaro [ID](#)¹⁷², J.E. García Navarro [ID](#)¹⁶³, M. Garcia-Sciveres [ID](#)^{17a}, G.L. Gardner [ID](#)¹²⁸,
 R.W. Gardner [ID](#)³⁹, N. Garelli [ID](#)¹⁵⁸, D. Garg [ID](#)⁸⁰, R.B. Garg [ID](#)^{143,u}, J.M. Gargan⁵²,
 C.A. Garner¹⁵⁵, S.J. Gasiorowski [ID](#)¹³⁸, P. Gaspar [ID](#)^{83b}, G. Gaudio [ID](#)^{73a}, V. Gautam¹³,
 P. Gauzzi [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, I.L. Gavrilenko [ID](#)³⁷, A. Gavrilyuk [ID](#)³⁷, C. Gay [ID](#)¹⁶⁴, G. Gaycken [ID](#)⁴⁸,
 E.N. Gazis [ID](#)¹⁰, A.A. Geanta [ID](#)^{27b}, C.M. Gee [ID](#)¹³⁶, C. Gemme [ID](#)^{57b}, M.H. Genest [ID](#)⁶⁰,
 S. Gentile [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, S. George [ID](#)⁹⁵, W.F. George [ID](#)²⁰, T. Gerialis [ID](#)⁴⁶, P. Gessinger-Befurt [ID](#)³⁶,
 M.E. Geyik [ID](#)¹⁷¹, M. Ghani [ID](#)¹⁶⁷, M. Ghneimat [ID](#)¹⁴¹, K. Ghorbanian [ID](#)⁹⁴, A. Ghosal [ID](#)¹⁴¹,
 A. Ghosh [ID](#)¹⁶⁰, A. Ghosh [ID](#)⁷, B. Giacobbe [ID](#)^{23b}, S. Giagu [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, T. Giani¹¹⁴, P. Giannetti [ID](#)^{74a},
 A. Giannini [ID](#)^{62a}, S.M. Gibson [ID](#)⁹⁵, M. Gignac [ID](#)¹³⁶, D.T. Gil [ID](#)^{86b}, A.K. Gilbert [ID](#)^{86a},
 B.J. Gilbert [ID](#)⁴¹, D. Gillberg [ID](#)³⁴, G. Gilles [ID](#)¹¹⁴, N.E.K. Gillwald [ID](#)⁴⁸, L. Ginabat [ID](#)¹²⁷,
 D.M. Gingrich [ID](#)^{2,au}, M.P. Giordani [ID](#)^{69a,69c}, P.F. Giraud [ID](#)¹³⁵, G. Giugliarelli [ID](#)^{69a,69c},
 D. Giugni [ID](#)^{71a}, F. Giuli [ID](#)³⁶, I. Gkialas [ID](#)^{9,l}, L.K. Gladilin [ID](#)³⁷, C. Glasman [ID](#)⁹⁹,
 G.R. Gledhill [ID](#)¹²³, G. Glemža [ID](#)⁴⁸, M. Glisic¹²³, I. Gnesi [ID](#)^{43b,g}, Y. Go [ID](#)^{29,aw},
 M. Goblirsch-Kolb [ID](#)³⁶, B. Gocke [ID](#)⁴⁹, D. Godin¹⁰⁸, B. Gokturk [ID](#)^{21a}, S. Goldfarb [ID](#)¹⁰⁵,
 T. Golling [ID](#)⁵⁶, M.G.D. Gololo^{33g}, D. Golubkov [ID](#)³⁷, J.P. Gombas [ID](#)¹⁰⁷, A. Gomes [ID](#)^{130a,130b},
 G. Gomes Da Silva [ID](#)¹⁴¹, A.J. Gomez Delegido [ID](#)¹⁶³, R. Gonçalves [ID](#)^{130a,130c}, G. Gonella [ID](#)¹²³,
 L. Gonella [ID](#)²⁰, A. Gongadze [ID](#)^{149c}, F. Gonnella [ID](#)²⁰, J.L. Gonski [ID](#)⁴¹, R.Y. González Andana [ID](#)⁵²,
 S. González de la Hoz [ID](#)¹⁶³, S. Gonzalez Fernandez [ID](#)¹³, R. Gonzalez Lopez [ID](#)⁹²,
 C. Gonzalez Renteria [ID](#)^{17a}, M.V. Gonzalez Rodrigues [ID](#)⁴⁸, R. Gonzalez Suarez [ID](#)¹⁶¹,
 S. Gonzalez-Sevilla [ID](#)⁵⁶, G.R. Gonzalvo Rodriguez [ID](#)¹⁶³, L. Goossens [ID](#)³⁶, B. Gorini [ID](#)³⁶,
 E. Gorini [ID](#)^{70a,70b}, A. Gorišek [ID](#)⁹³, T.C. Gosart [ID](#)¹²⁸, A.T. Goshaw [ID](#)⁵¹, M.I. Gostkin [ID](#)³⁸,
 S. Goswami [ID](#)¹²¹, C.A. Gottardo [ID](#)³⁶, S.A. Gotz [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, M. Gouighri [ID](#)^{35b}, V. Goumarre [ID](#)⁴⁸,
 A.G. Goussiou [ID](#)¹³⁸, N. Govender [ID](#)^{33c}, I. Grabowska-Bold [ID](#)^{86a}, K. Graham [ID](#)³⁴,
 E. Gramstad [ID](#)¹²⁵, S. Grancagnolo [ID](#)^{70a,70b}, M. Grandi [ID](#)¹⁴⁶, C.M. Grant^{1,135}, P.M. Gravila [ID](#)^{27f},
 F.G. Gravili [ID](#)^{70a,70b}, H.M. Gray [ID](#)^{17a}, M. Greco [ID](#)^{70a,70b}, C. Grefe [ID](#)²⁴, I.M. Gregor [ID](#)⁴⁸,
 P. Grenier [ID](#)¹⁴³, C. Grieco [ID](#)¹³, A.A. Grillo [ID](#)¹³⁶, K. Grimm [ID](#)³¹, S. Grinstein [ID](#)^{13,ac},
 J.-F. Grivaz [ID](#)⁶⁶, E. Gross [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, J. Grosse-Knetter [ID](#)⁵⁵, C. Grud¹⁰⁶, J.C. Grundy [ID](#)¹²⁶,
 L. Guan [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, W. Guan [ID](#)²⁹, C. Gubbels [ID](#)¹⁶⁴, J.G.R. Guerrero Rojas [ID](#)¹⁶³, G. Guerrieri [ID](#)^{69a,69c},
 F. Guescini [ID](#)¹¹⁰, R. Gugel [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, J.A.M. Guhit [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, A. Guida [ID](#)¹⁸, T. Guillemin [ID](#)⁴,
 E. Guilloton [ID](#)^{167,134}, S. Guindon [ID](#)³⁶, F. Guo [ID](#)^{14a,14e}, J. Guo [ID](#)^{62c}, L. Guo [ID](#)⁴⁸, Y. Guo [ID](#)¹⁰⁶,
 R. Gupta [ID](#)⁴⁸, S. Gurbuz [ID](#)²⁴, S.S. Gurdasani [ID](#)⁵⁴, G. Gustavino [ID](#)³⁶, M. Guth [ID](#)⁵⁶,
 P. Gutierrez [ID](#)¹²⁰, L.F. Gutierrez Zagazeta [ID](#)¹²⁸, C. Gutschow [ID](#)⁹⁶, C. Gwenlan [ID](#)¹²⁶,
 C.B. Gwilliam [ID](#)⁹², E.S. Haaland [ID](#)¹²⁵, A. Haas [ID](#)¹¹⁷, M. Habedank [ID](#)⁴⁸, C. Haber [ID](#)^{17a},
 H.K. Hadavand [ID](#)⁸, A. Hadeef [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, S. Hadzic [ID](#)¹¹⁰, J.J. Hahn [ID](#)¹⁴¹, E.H. Haines [ID](#)⁹⁶,
 M. Haleem [ID](#)¹⁶⁶, J. Haley [ID](#)¹²¹, J.J. Hall [ID](#)¹³⁹, G.D. Hallewell [ID](#)¹⁰², L. Halser [ID](#)¹⁹,
 K. Hamano [ID](#)¹⁶⁵, M. Hamer [ID](#)²⁴, G.N. Hamity [ID](#)⁵², E.J. Hampshire [ID](#)⁹⁵, J. Han [ID](#)^{62b}, K. Han [ID](#)^{62a},
 L. Han [ID](#)^{14c}, L. Han [ID](#)^{62a}, S. Han [ID](#)^{17a}, Y.F. Han [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, K. Hanagaki [ID](#)⁸⁴, M. Hance [ID](#)¹³⁶,
 D.A. Hangal [ID](#)^{41,am}, H. Hanif [ID](#)¹⁴², M.D. Hank [ID](#)¹²⁸, R. Hankache [ID](#)¹⁰¹, J.B. Hansen [ID](#)⁴²,

J.D. Hansen [ID](#)⁴², P.H. Hansen [ID](#)⁴², K. Hara [ID](#)¹⁵⁷, D. Harada [ID](#)⁵⁶, T. Harenberg [ID](#)¹⁷¹,
 S. Harkusha [ID](#)³⁷, M.L. Harris [ID](#)¹⁰³, Y.T. Harris [ID](#)¹²⁶, J. Harrison [ID](#)¹³, N.M. Harrison [ID](#)¹¹⁹,
 P.F. Harrison [ID](#)¹⁶⁷, N.M. Hartman [ID](#)¹¹⁰, N.M. Hartmann [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, Y. Hasegawa [ID](#)¹⁴⁰, A. Hasib [ID](#)⁵²,
 S. Haug [ID](#)¹⁹, R. Hauser [ID](#)¹⁰⁷, C.M. Hawkes [ID](#)²⁰, R.J. Hawkings [ID](#)³⁶, Y. Hayashi [ID](#)¹⁵³,
 S. Hayashida [ID](#)¹¹¹, D. Hayden [ID](#)¹⁰⁷, C. Hayes [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, R.L. Hayes [ID](#)¹¹⁴, C.P. Hays [ID](#)¹²⁶,
 J.M. Hays [ID](#)⁹⁴, H.S. Hayward [ID](#)⁹², F. He [ID](#)^{62a}, M. He [ID](#)^{14a,14e}, Y. He [ID](#)¹⁵⁴, Y. He [ID](#)¹²⁷,
 N.B. Heatley [ID](#)⁹⁴, V. Hedberg [ID](#)⁹⁸, A.L. Heggelund [ID](#)¹²⁵, N.D. Hehir [ID](#)⁹⁴, C. Heidegger [ID](#)⁵⁴,
 K.K. Heidegger [ID](#)⁵⁴, W.D. Heidorn [ID](#)⁸¹, J. Heilman [ID](#)³⁴, S. Heim [ID](#)⁴⁸, T. Heim [ID](#)^{17a},
 J.G. Heinlein [ID](#)¹²⁸, J.J. Heinrich [ID](#)¹²³, L. Heinrich [ID](#)^{110,as}, J. Hejbal [ID](#)¹³¹, L. Helary [ID](#)⁴⁸,
 A. Held [ID](#)¹⁷⁰, S. Hellesund [ID](#)¹⁶, C.M. Helling [ID](#)¹⁶⁴, S. Hellman [ID](#)^{47a,47b}, R.C.W. Henderson [ID](#)⁹¹,
 L. Henkelmann [ID](#)³², A.M. Henriques Correia [ID](#)³⁶, H. Herde [ID](#)⁹⁸, Y. Hernández Jiménez [ID](#)¹⁴⁵,
 L.M. Herrmann [ID](#)²⁴, T. Herrmann [ID](#)⁵⁰, G. Herten [ID](#)⁵⁴, R. Hertenberger [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, L. Hervas [ID](#)³⁶,
 M.E. Hespington [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, N.P. Hessey [ID](#)^{156a}, H. Hibi [ID](#)⁸⁵, S.J. Hillier [ID](#)²⁰, J.R. Hinds [ID](#)¹⁰⁷,
 F. Hinterkeuser [ID](#)²⁴, M. Hirose [ID](#)¹²⁴, S. Hirose [ID](#)¹⁵⁷, D. Hirschbuehl [ID](#)¹⁷¹, T.G. Hitchings [ID](#)¹⁰¹,
 B. Hiti [ID](#)⁹³, J. Hobbs [ID](#)¹⁴⁵, R. Hobincu [ID](#)^{27e}, N. Hod [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, M.C. Hodgkinson [ID](#)¹³⁹,
 B.H. Hodgkinson [ID](#)³², A. Hoecker [ID](#)³⁶, J. Hofer [ID](#)⁴⁸, T. Holm [ID](#)²⁴, M. Holzbock [ID](#)¹¹⁰,
 L.B.A.H. Hommels [ID](#)³², B.P. Honan [ID](#)¹⁰¹, J. Hong [ID](#)^{62c}, T.M. Hong [ID](#)¹²⁹, B.H. Hooberman [ID](#)¹⁶²,
 W.H. Hopkins [ID](#)⁶, Y. Horii [ID](#)¹¹¹, S. Hou [ID](#)¹⁴⁸, A.S. Howard [ID](#)⁹³, J. Howarth [ID](#)⁵⁹, J. Hoya [ID](#)⁶,
 M. Hrabovsky [ID](#)¹²², A. Hrynevich [ID](#)⁴⁸, T. Hryn'ova [ID](#)⁴, P.J. Hsu [ID](#)⁶⁵, S.-C. Hsu [ID](#)¹³⁸, Q. Hu [ID](#)⁴¹,
 Y.F. Hu [ID](#)^{14a,14e}, S. Huang [ID](#)^{64b}, X. Huang [ID](#)^{14c}, Y. Huang [ID](#)^{139,n}, Y. Huang [ID](#)^{14a}, Z. Huang [ID](#)¹⁰¹,
 Z. Hubacek [ID](#)¹³², M. Huebner [ID](#)²⁴, F. Huegging [ID](#)²⁴, T.B. Huffman [ID](#)¹²⁶, C.A. Hugli [ID](#)⁴⁸,
 M. Huhtinen [ID](#)³⁶, S.K. Huiberts [ID](#)¹⁶, R. Hulsken [ID](#)¹⁰⁴, N. Huseynov [ID](#)^{12,a}, J. Huston [ID](#)¹⁰⁷,
 J. Huth [ID](#)⁶¹, R. Hyneman [ID](#)¹⁴³, G. Iacobucci [ID](#)⁵⁶, G. Iakovidis [ID](#)²⁹, I. Ibragimov [ID](#)¹⁴¹,
 L. Iconomidou-Fayard [ID](#)⁶⁶, P. Iengo [ID](#)^{72a,72b}, R. Iguchi [ID](#)¹⁵³, T. Iizawa [ID](#)^{126,s}, Y. Ikegami [ID](#)⁸⁴,
 N. Ilic [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, H. Imam [ID](#)^{35a}, M. Ince Lezki [ID](#)⁵⁶, T. Ingebretsen Carlson [ID](#)^{47a,47b},
 G. Introzzi [ID](#)^{73a,73b}, M. Iodice [ID](#)^{77a}, V. Ippolito [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, R.K. Irwin [ID](#)⁹², M. Ishino [ID](#)¹⁵³,
 W. Islam [ID](#)¹⁷⁰, C. Issever [ID](#)^{18,48}, S. Istin [ID](#)^{21a,ay}, H. Ito [ID](#)¹⁶⁸, J.M. Iturbe Ponce [ID](#)^{64a},
 R. Iuppa [ID](#)^{78a,78b}, A. Ivina [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, J.M. Izen [ID](#)⁴⁵, V. Izzo [ID](#)^{72a}, P. Jacka [ID](#)^{131,132}, P. Jackson [ID](#)¹,
 R.M. Jacobs [ID](#)⁴⁸, B.P. Jaeger [ID](#)¹⁴², C.S. Jagfeld [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, P. Jain [ID](#)⁵⁴, G. Jäkel [ID](#)¹⁷¹, K. Jakobs [ID](#)⁵⁴,
 T. Jakoubek [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, J. Jamieson [ID](#)⁵⁹, K.W. Janas [ID](#)^{86a}, M. Javurkova [ID](#)¹⁰³, F. Jeanneau [ID](#)¹³⁵,
 L. Jeanty [ID](#)¹²³, J. Jejelava [ID](#)^{149a,aj}, P. Jenni [ID](#)^{54,i}, C.E. Jessiman [ID](#)³⁴, S. Jézéquel [ID](#)⁴, C. Jia [ID](#)^{62b},
 J. Jia [ID](#)¹⁴⁵, X. Jia [ID](#)⁶¹, X. Jia [ID](#)^{14a,14e}, Z. Jia [ID](#)^{14c}, Y. Jiang [ID](#)^{62a}, S. Jiggins [ID](#)⁴⁸,
 J. Jimenez Pena [ID](#)¹³, S. Jin [ID](#)^{14c}, A. Jinaru [ID](#)^{27b}, O. Jinnouchi [ID](#)¹⁵⁴, P. Johansson [ID](#)¹³⁹,
 K.A. Johns [ID](#)⁷, J.W. Johnson [ID](#)¹³⁶, D.M. Jones [ID](#)³², E. Jones [ID](#)⁴⁸, P. Jones [ID](#)³²,
 R.W.L. Jones [ID](#)⁹¹, T.J. Jones [ID](#)⁹², R. Joshi [ID](#)¹¹⁹, J. Jovicevic [ID](#)¹⁵, X. Ju [ID](#)^{17a},
 J.J. Junggeburth [ID](#)^{103,w}, T. Junkermann [ID](#)^{63a}, A. Juste Rozas [ID](#)^{13,ac}, M.K. Juzek [ID](#)⁸⁷,
 S. Kabana [ID](#)^{137e}, A. Kaczmarska [ID](#)⁸⁷, M. Kado [ID](#)¹¹⁰, H. Kagan [ID](#)¹¹⁹, M. Kagan [ID](#)¹⁴³, A. Kahn [ID](#)⁴¹,
 A. Kahn [ID](#)¹²⁸, C. Kahra [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, T. Kaji [ID](#)¹⁵³, E. Kajomovitz [ID](#)¹⁵⁰, N. Kakati [ID](#)¹⁶⁹,
 I. Kalaitzidou [ID](#)⁵⁴, C.W. Kalderon [ID](#)²⁹, A. Kamenshchikov [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, N.J. Kang [ID](#)¹³⁶, D. Kar [ID](#)^{33g},
 K. Karava [ID](#)¹²⁶, M.J. Kareem [ID](#)^{156b}, E. Karentzos [ID](#)⁵⁴, I. Karkanias [ID](#)¹⁵², O. Karkout [ID](#)¹¹⁴,
 S.N. Karpov [ID](#)³⁸, Z.M. Karpova [ID](#)³⁸, V. Kartvelishvili [ID](#)⁹¹, A.N. Karyukhin [ID](#)³⁷, E. Kasimi [ID](#)¹⁵²,
 J. Katzy [ID](#)⁴⁸, S. Kaur [ID](#)³⁴, K. Kawade [ID](#)¹⁴⁰, M.P. Kawale [ID](#)¹²⁰, T. Kawamoto [ID](#)¹³⁵, E.F. Kay [ID](#)³⁶,
 F.I. Kaya [ID](#)¹⁵⁸, S. Kazakos [ID](#)¹⁰⁷, V.F. Kazanin [ID](#)³⁷, Y. Ke [ID](#)¹⁴⁵, J.M. Keaveney [ID](#)^{33a},

R. Keeler [ID](#)¹⁶⁵, G.V. Kehris [ID](#)⁶¹, J.S. Keller [ID](#)³⁴, A.S. Kelly⁹⁶, J.J. Kempster [ID](#)¹⁴⁶,
K.E. Kennedy [ID](#)⁴¹, P.D. Kennedy [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, O. Kepka [ID](#)¹³¹, B.P. Kerridge [ID](#)¹⁶⁷, S. Kersten [ID](#)¹⁷¹,
B.P. Kerševan [ID](#)⁹³, S. Keshri [ID](#)⁶⁶, L. Keszeghova [ID](#)^{28a}, S. Ketabchi Haghghat [ID](#)¹⁵⁵,
M. Khandoga [ID](#)¹²⁷, A. Khanov [ID](#)¹²¹, A.G. Kharlamov [ID](#)³⁷, T. Kharlamova [ID](#)³⁷, E.E. Khoda [ID](#)¹³⁸,
T.J. Khoo [ID](#)¹⁸, G. Khoraiuli [ID](#)¹⁶⁶, J. Khubua [ID](#)^{149b}, Y.A.R. Khwaira [ID](#)⁶⁶, A. Kilgallon [ID](#)¹²³,
D.W. Kim [ID](#)^{47a,47b}, Y.K. Kim [ID](#)³⁹, N. Kimura [ID](#)⁹⁶, A. Kirchhoff [ID](#)⁵⁵, C. Kirfel [ID](#)²⁴, F. Kirfel [ID](#)²⁴,
J. Kirk [ID](#)¹³⁴, A.E. Kiryunin [ID](#)¹¹⁰, C. Kitsaki [ID](#)¹⁰, O. Kivernyk [ID](#)²⁴, M. Klassen [ID](#)^{63a}, C. Klein [ID](#)³⁴,
L. Klein [ID](#)¹⁶⁶, M.H. Klein [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, M. Klein [ID](#)⁹², S.B. Klein [ID](#)⁵⁶, U. Klein [ID](#)⁹², P. Klimek [ID](#)³⁶,
A. Klimentov [ID](#)²⁹, T. Klioutchnikova [ID](#)³⁶, P. Kluit [ID](#)¹¹⁴, S. Kluth [ID](#)¹¹⁰, E. Kneringer [ID](#)⁷⁹,
T.M. Knight [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, A. Knue [ID](#)⁴⁹, R. Kobayashi [ID](#)⁸⁸, D. Kobylanski [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, S.F. Koch [ID](#)¹²⁶,
M. Kocian [ID](#)¹⁴³, P. Kodyš [ID](#)¹³³, D.M. Koeck [ID](#)¹²³, P.T. Koenig [ID](#)²⁴, T. Koffas [ID](#)³⁴, M. Kolb [ID](#)¹³⁵,
I. Koletsou [ID](#)⁴, T. Komarek [ID](#)¹²², K. Köneke [ID](#)⁵⁴, A.X.Y. Kong [ID](#)¹, T. Kono [ID](#)¹¹⁸,
N. Konstantinidis [ID](#)⁹⁶, B. Konya [ID](#)⁹⁸, R. Kopeliansky [ID](#)⁶⁸, S. Koperny [ID](#)^{86a}, K. Korcyl [ID](#)⁸⁷,
K. Kordas [ID](#)^{152,f}, G. Koren [ID](#)¹⁵¹, A. Korn [ID](#)⁹⁶, S. Korn [ID](#)⁵⁵, I. Korolkov [ID](#)¹³, N. Korotkova [ID](#)³⁷,
B. Kortman [ID](#)¹¹⁴, O. Kortner [ID](#)¹¹⁰, S. Kortner [ID](#)¹¹⁰, W.H. KostECKA [ID](#)¹¹⁵, V.V. Kostyukhin [ID](#)¹⁴¹,
A. Kotsokechagia [ID](#)¹³⁵, A. Kotwal [ID](#)⁵¹, A. Koulouris [ID](#)³⁶, A. Kourkouveli-Charalampidi [ID](#)^{73a,73b},
C. Kourkouvelis [ID](#)⁹, E. Kourlitis [ID](#)^{110,as}, O. Kovanda [ID](#)¹⁴⁶, R. Kowalewski [ID](#)¹⁶⁵,
W. Kozanecki [ID](#)¹³⁵, A.S. Kozhin [ID](#)³⁷, V.A. Kramarenko [ID](#)³⁷, G. Kramberger [ID](#)⁹³, P. Kramer [ID](#)¹⁰⁰,
M.W. Krasny [ID](#)¹²⁷, A. Krasznahorkay [ID](#)³⁶, J.W. Kraus [ID](#)¹⁷¹, J.A. Kremer [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, T. Kresse [ID](#)⁵⁰,
J. Kretzschmar [ID](#)⁹², K. Kreul [ID](#)¹⁸, P. Krieger [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, S. Krishnamurthy [ID](#)¹⁰³, M. Krivos [ID](#)¹³³,
K. Krizka [ID](#)²⁰, K. Kroeninger [ID](#)⁴⁹, H. Kroha [ID](#)¹¹⁰, J. Kroll [ID](#)¹³¹, J. Kroll [ID](#)¹²⁸,
K.S. Krowpman [ID](#)¹⁰⁷, U. Kruchonak [ID](#)³⁸, H. Krüger [ID](#)²⁴, N. Krumnack⁸¹, M.C. Kruse [ID](#)⁵¹,
J.A. Krzysiak [ID](#)⁸⁷, O. Kuchinskaia [ID](#)³⁷, S. Kuday [ID](#)^{3a}, S. Kuehn [ID](#)³⁶, R. Kuesters [ID](#)⁵⁴,
T. Kuhl [ID](#)⁴⁸, V. Kukhtin [ID](#)³⁸, Y. Kulchitsky [ID](#)^{37,a}, S. Kuleshov [ID](#)^{137d,137b}, M. Kumar [ID](#)^{33g},
N. Kumari [ID](#)⁴⁸, A. Kupco [ID](#)¹³¹, T. Kupfer⁴⁹, A. Kupich [ID](#)³⁷, O. Kuprash [ID](#)⁵⁴, H. Kurashige [ID](#)⁸⁵,
L.L. Kurchaninov [ID](#)^{156a}, O. Kurdyshev [ID](#)⁶⁶, Y.A. Kurochkin [ID](#)³⁷, A. Kurova [ID](#)³⁷, M. Kuze [ID](#)¹⁵⁴,
A.K. Kvam [ID](#)¹⁰³, J. Kvita [ID](#)¹²², T. Kwan [ID](#)¹⁰⁴, N.G. Kyriacou [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, L.A.O. Laatu [ID](#)¹⁰²,
C. Lacasta [ID](#)¹⁶³, F. Lacava [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, H. Lacker [ID](#)¹⁸, D. Lacour [ID](#)¹²⁷, N.N. Lad [ID](#)⁹⁶,
E. Ladygin [ID](#)³⁸, B. Laforge [ID](#)¹²⁷, T. Lagouri [ID](#)^{137e}, F.Z. Lahbabi [ID](#)^{35a}, S. Lai [ID](#)⁵⁵,
I.K. Lakomic [ID](#)^{86a}, N. Lalloue [ID](#)⁶⁰, J.E. Lambert [ID](#)^{165,o}, S. Lammers [ID](#)⁶⁸, W. Lampl [ID](#)⁷,
C. Lampoudis [ID](#)^{152,f}, A.N. Lancaster [ID](#)¹¹⁵, E. Lançon [ID](#)²⁹, U. Landgraf [ID](#)⁵⁴, M.P.J. Landon [ID](#)⁹⁴,
V.S. Lang [ID](#)⁵⁴, R.J. Langenberg [ID](#)¹⁰³, O.K.B. Langrekken [ID](#)¹²⁵, A.J. Lankford [ID](#)¹⁶⁰, F. Lanni [ID](#)³⁶,
K. Lantzsch [ID](#)²⁴, A. Lanza [ID](#)^{73a}, A. Lapertosa [ID](#)^{57b,57a}, J.F. Laporte [ID](#)¹³⁵, T. Lari [ID](#)^{71a},
F. Lasagni Manghi [ID](#)^{23b}, M. Lassnig [ID](#)³⁶, V. Latonova [ID](#)¹³¹, A. Laudrain [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, A. Laurier [ID](#)¹⁵⁰,
S.D. Lawlor [ID](#)⁹⁵, Z. Lawrence [ID](#)¹⁰¹, M. Lazzaroni [ID](#)^{71a,71b}, B. Le¹⁰¹, E.M. Le Boulicaut [ID](#)⁵¹,
B. Leban [ID](#)⁹³, A. Lebedev [ID](#)⁸¹, M. LeBlanc [ID](#)^{101,aq}, F. Ledroit-Guillon [ID](#)⁶⁰, A.C.A. Lee⁹⁶,
S.C. Lee [ID](#)¹⁴⁸, S. Lee [ID](#)^{47a,47b}, T.F. Lee [ID](#)⁹², L.L. Leeuw [ID](#)^{33c}, H.P. Lefebvre [ID](#)⁹⁵,
M. Lefebvre [ID](#)¹⁶⁵, C. Leggett [ID](#)^{17a}, G. Lehmann Miotto [ID](#)³⁶, M. Leigh [ID](#)⁵⁶, W.A. Leight [ID](#)¹⁰³,
W. Leinonen [ID](#)¹¹³, A. Leisos [ID](#)^{152,ab}, M.A.L. Leite [ID](#)^{83c}, C.E. Leitgeb [ID](#)⁴⁸, R. Leitner [ID](#)¹³³,
K.J.C. Leney [ID](#)⁴⁴, T. Lenz [ID](#)²⁴, S. Leone [ID](#)^{74a}, C. Leonidopoulos [ID](#)⁵², A. Leopold [ID](#)¹⁴⁴,
C. Leroy [ID](#)¹⁰⁸, R. Les [ID](#)¹⁰⁷, C.G. Lester [ID](#)³², M. Levchenko [ID](#)³⁷, J. Levêque [ID](#)⁴, D. Levin [ID](#)¹⁰⁶,
L.J. Levinson [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, M.P. Lewicki [ID](#)⁸⁷, D.J. Lewis [ID](#)⁴, A. Li [ID](#)⁵, B. Li [ID](#)^{62b}, C. Li [ID](#)^{62a}, C-Q. Li [ID](#)^{62c},
H. Li [ID](#)^{62a}, H. Li [ID](#)^{62b}, H. Li [ID](#)^{14c}, H. Li [ID](#)^{14b}, H. Li [ID](#)^{62b}, K. Li [ID](#)¹³⁸, L. Li [ID](#)^{62c}, M. Li [ID](#)^{14a,14e},

Q.Y. Li [ID](#)^{62a}, S. Li [ID](#)^{14a,14e}, S. Li [ID](#)^{62d,62c,e}, T. Li [ID](#)^{5,c}, X. Li [ID](#)¹⁰⁴, Z. Li [ID](#)¹²⁶, Z. Li [ID](#)¹⁰⁴,
 Z. Li [ID](#)⁹², Z. Li [ID](#)^{14a,14e}, S. Liang [ID](#)^{14a,14e}, Z. Liang [ID](#)^{14a}, M. Liberatore [ID](#)^{135,ak}, B. Liberti [ID](#)^{76a},
 K. Lie [ID](#)^{64c}, J. Lieber Marin [ID](#)^{83b}, H. Lien [ID](#)⁶⁸, K. Lin [ID](#)¹⁰⁷, R.E. Lindley [ID](#)⁷, J.H. Lindon [ID](#)²,
 E. Lipeles [ID](#)¹²⁸, A. Lipniacka [ID](#)¹⁶, A. Lister [ID](#)¹⁶⁴, J.D. Little [ID](#)⁴, B. Liu [ID](#)^{14a}, B.X. Liu [ID](#)¹⁴²,
 D. Liu [ID](#)^{62d,62c}, J.B. Liu [ID](#)^{62a}, J.K.K. Liu [ID](#)³², K. Liu [ID](#)^{62d,62c}, M. Liu [ID](#)^{62a}, M.Y. Liu [ID](#)^{62a},
 P. Liu [ID](#)^{14a}, Q. Liu [ID](#)^{62d,138,62c}, X. Liu [ID](#)^{62a}, Y. Liu [ID](#)^{14d,14e}, Y.L. Liu [ID](#)^{62b}, Y.W. Liu [ID](#)^{62a},
 J. Llorente Merino [ID](#)¹⁴², S.L. Lloyd [ID](#)⁹⁴, E.M. Lobodzinska [ID](#)⁴⁸, P. Loch [ID](#)⁷, S. Loffredo [ID](#)^{76a,76b},
 T. Lohse [ID](#)¹⁸, K. Lohwasser [ID](#)¹³⁹, E. Loiacono [ID](#)⁴⁸, M. Lokajicek [ID](#)^{131,*}, J.D. Lomas [ID](#)²⁰,
 J.D. Long [ID](#)¹⁶², I. Longarini [ID](#)¹⁶⁰, L. Longo [ID](#)^{70a,70b}, R. Longo [ID](#)¹⁶², I. Lopez Paz [ID](#)⁶⁷,
 A. Lopez Solis [ID](#)⁴⁸, J. Lorenz [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, N. Lorenzo Martinez [ID](#)⁴, A.M. Lory [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, O. Loseva [ID](#)³⁷,
 X. Lou [ID](#)^{47a,47b}, X. Lou [ID](#)^{14a,14e}, A. Lounis [ID](#)⁶⁶, J. Love [ID](#)⁶, P.A. Love [ID](#)⁹¹, G. Lu [ID](#)^{14a,14e},
 M. Lu [ID](#)⁸⁰, S. Lu [ID](#)¹²⁸, Y.J. Lu [ID](#)⁶⁵, H.J. Lubatti [ID](#)¹³⁸, C. Luci [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, F.L. Lucio Alves [ID](#)^{14c},
 A. Lucotte [ID](#)⁶⁰, F. Luehring [ID](#)⁶⁸, I. Luise [ID](#)¹⁴⁵, O. Lukianchuk [ID](#)⁶⁶, O. Lundberg [ID](#)¹⁴⁴,
 B. Lund-Jensen [ID](#)¹⁴⁴, N.A. Luongo [ID](#)¹²³, M.S. Lutz [ID](#)¹⁵¹, D. Lynn [ID](#)²⁹, H. Lyons [ID](#)⁹², R. Lysak [ID](#)¹³¹,
 E. Lytken [ID](#)⁹⁸, V. Lyubushkin [ID](#)³⁸, T. Lyubushkina [ID](#)³⁸, M.M. Lyukova [ID](#)¹⁴⁵, H. Ma [ID](#)²⁹,
 K. Ma [ID](#)^{62a}, L.L. Ma [ID](#)^{62b}, Y. Ma [ID](#)¹²¹, D.M. Mac Donell [ID](#)¹⁶⁵, G. Maccarrone [ID](#)⁵³,
 J.C. MacDonald [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, R. Madar [ID](#)⁴⁰, W.F. Mader [ID](#)⁵⁰, T. Madula [ID](#)⁹⁶, J. Maeda [ID](#)⁸⁵,
 T. Maeno [ID](#)²⁹, M. Maerker [ID](#)⁵⁰, H. Maguire [ID](#)¹³⁹, V. Maiboroda [ID](#)¹³⁵, A. Maio [ID](#)^{130a,130b,130d},
 K. Maj [ID](#)^{86a}, O. Majersky [ID](#)⁴⁸, S. Majewski [ID](#)¹²³, N. Makovec [ID](#)⁶⁶, V. Maksimovic [ID](#)¹⁵,
 B. Malaescu [ID](#)¹²⁷, Pa. Malecki [ID](#)⁸⁷, V.P. Maleev [ID](#)³⁷, F. Malek [ID](#)⁶⁰, M. Mali [ID](#)⁹³, D. Malito [ID](#)^{95,t},
 U. Mallik [ID](#)⁸⁰, S. Maltezos [ID](#)¹⁰, S. Malyukov [ID](#)³⁸, J. Mamuzic [ID](#)¹³, G. Mancini [ID](#)⁵³, G. Manco [ID](#)^{73a,73b},
 J.P. Mandalia [ID](#)⁹⁴, I. Mandić [ID](#)⁹³, L. Manhaes de Andrade Filho [ID](#)^{83a}, I.M. Maniatis [ID](#)¹⁶⁹,
 J. Manjarres Ramos [ID](#)^{102,al}, D.C. Mankad [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, A. Mann [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, B. Mansoulie [ID](#)¹³⁵,
 S. Manzoni [ID](#)³⁶, A. Marantis [ID](#)^{152,ab}, G. Marchiori [ID](#)⁵, M. Marcisovsky [ID](#)¹³¹, C. Marcon [ID](#)^{71a,71b},
 M. Marinescu [ID](#)²⁰, M. Marjanovic [ID](#)¹²⁰, E.J. Marshall [ID](#)⁹¹, Z. Marshall [ID](#)^{17a}, S. Marti-Garcia [ID](#)¹⁶³,
 T.A. Martin [ID](#)¹⁶⁷, V.J. Martin [ID](#)⁵², B. Martin dit Latour [ID](#)¹⁶, L. Martinelli [ID](#)^{75a,75b},
 M. Martinez [ID](#)^{13,ac}, P. Martinez Agullo [ID](#)¹⁶³, V.I. Martinez Outschoorn [ID](#)¹⁰³,
 P. Martinez Suarez [ID](#)¹³, S. Martin-Haugh [ID](#)¹³⁴, V.S. Martoiu [ID](#)^{27b}, A.C. Martyniuk [ID](#)⁹⁶,
 A. Marzin [ID](#)³⁶, D. Mascione [ID](#)^{78a,78b}, L. Masetti [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, T. Mashimo [ID](#)¹⁵³, J. Masik [ID](#)¹⁰¹,
 A.L. Maslennikov [ID](#)³⁷, L. Massa [ID](#)^{23b}, P. Massarotti [ID](#)^{72a,72b}, P. Mastrandrea [ID](#)^{74a,74b},
 A. Mastroberardino [ID](#)^{43b,43a}, T. Masubuchi [ID](#)¹⁵³, T. Mathisen [ID](#)¹⁶¹, J. Matousek [ID](#)¹³³,
 N. Matsuzawa [ID](#)¹⁵³, J. Maurer [ID](#)^{27b}, B. Maček [ID](#)⁹³, D.A. Maximov [ID](#)³⁷, R. Mazini [ID](#)¹⁴⁸,
 I. Maznas [ID](#)¹⁵², M. Mazza [ID](#)¹⁰⁷, S.M. Mazza [ID](#)¹³⁶, E. Mazzeo [ID](#)^{71a,71b}, C. Mc Ginn [ID](#)²⁹,
 J.P. Mc Gowan [ID](#)¹⁰⁴, S.P. Mc Kee [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, E.F. McDonald [ID](#)¹⁰⁵, A.E. McDougall [ID](#)¹¹⁴,
 J.A. Mcfayden [ID](#)¹⁴⁶, R.P. McGovern [ID](#)¹²⁸, G. Mchedlidze [ID](#)^{149b}, R.P. Mckenzie [ID](#)^{33g},
 T.C. Mclachlan [ID](#)⁴⁸, D.J. Mclaughlin [ID](#)⁹⁶, K.D. McLean [ID](#)¹⁶⁵, S.J. McMahan [ID](#)¹³⁴,
 P.C. McNamara [ID](#)¹⁰⁵, C.M. Mcpartland [ID](#)⁹², R.A. McPherson [ID](#)^{165,ag}, S. Mehlhase [ID](#)¹⁰⁹,
 A. Mehta [ID](#)⁹², D. Melini [ID](#)¹⁵⁰, B.R. Mellado Garcia [ID](#)^{33g}, A.H. Melo [ID](#)⁵⁵, F. Meloni [ID](#)⁴⁸,
 A.M. Mendes Jacques Da Costa [ID](#)¹⁰¹, H.Y. Meng [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, L. Meng [ID](#)⁹¹, S. Menke [ID](#)¹¹⁰,
 M. Mentink [ID](#)³⁶, E. Meoni [ID](#)^{43b,43a}, C. Merlassino [ID](#)¹²⁶, L. Merola [ID](#)^{72a,72b}, C. Meroni [ID](#)^{71a,71b},
 G. Merz [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, O. Meshkov [ID](#)³⁷, J. Metcalfe [ID](#)⁶, A.S. Mete [ID](#)⁶, C. Meyer [ID](#)⁶⁸, J-P. Meyer [ID](#)¹³⁵,
 R.P. Middleton [ID](#)¹³⁴, L. Mijović [ID](#)⁵², G. Mikenberg [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, M. Mikesikova [ID](#)¹³¹, M. Mikuz [ID](#)⁹³,
 H. Mildner [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, A. Milic [ID](#)³⁶, C.D. Milke [ID](#)⁴⁴, D.W. Miller [ID](#)³⁹, L.S. Miller [ID](#)³⁴, A. Milov [ID](#)¹⁶⁹,















































































































































































D.A. Milstead^{47a,47b}, T. Min^{14c}, A.A. Minaenko³⁷, I.A. Minashvili^{149b}, L. Mince⁵⁹,
A.I. Mincer¹¹⁷, B. Mindur^{86a}, M. Mineev³⁸, Y. Mino⁸⁸, L.M. Mir¹³,
M. Miralles Lopez¹⁶³, M. Mironova^{17a}, A. Mishima¹⁵³, M.C. Missio¹¹³, A. Mitra¹⁶⁷,
V.A. Mitsou¹⁶³, Y. Mitsumori¹¹¹, O. Miu¹⁵⁵, P.S. Miyagawa⁹⁴, T. Mkrtchyan^{63a},
M. Mlinarevic⁹⁶, T. Mlinarevic⁹⁶, M. Mlynarikova³⁶, S. Mobius¹⁹, P. Moder⁴⁸,
P. Mogg¹⁰⁹, A.F. Mohammed^{14a,14e}, S. Mohapatra⁴¹, G. Mokgatitswane^{33g},
L. Moleri¹⁶⁹, B. Mondal¹⁴¹, S. Mondal¹³², G. Monig¹⁴⁶, K. Mönig⁴⁸, E. Monnier¹⁰²,
L. Monsonis Romero¹⁶³, J. Montejo Berlingen¹³, M. Montella¹¹⁹, F. Montekali^{77a,77b},
F. Monticelli⁹⁰, S. Monzani^{69a,69c}, N. Morange⁶⁶, A.L. Moreira De Carvalho^{130a},
M. Moreno Llácer¹⁶³, C. Moreno Martinez⁵⁶, P. Morettini^{57b}, S. Morgenstern³⁶,
M. Morii⁶¹, M. Morinaga¹⁵³, A.K. Morley³⁶, F. Morodei^{75a,75b}, L. Morvaj³⁶,
P. Moschovakos³⁶, B. Moser³⁶, M. Mosidze^{149b}, T. Moskalets⁵⁴, P. Moskvitina¹¹³,
J. Moss^{31,q}, E.J.W. Moyses¹⁰³, O. Mtintsilana^{33g}, S. Muanza¹⁰², J. Mueller¹²⁹,
D. Muenstermann⁹¹, R. Müller¹⁹, G.A. Mullier¹⁶¹, A.J. Mullin³², J.J. Mullin¹²⁸,
D.P. Mungo¹⁵⁵, D. Munoz Perez¹⁶³, F.J. Munoz Sanchez¹⁰¹, M. Murin¹⁰¹,
W.J. Murray^{167,134}, A. Murrone^{71a,71b}, J.M. Muse¹²⁰, M. Muškinja^{17a}, C. Mwewa²⁹,
A.G. Myagkov^{37,a}, A.J. Myers⁸, A.A. Myers¹²⁹, G. Myers⁶⁸, M. Myska¹³²,
B.P. Nachman^{17a}, O. Nackenhorst⁴⁹, A. Nag⁵⁰, K. Nagai¹²⁶, K. Nagano⁸⁴,
J.L. Nagle^{29,aw}, E. Nagy¹⁰², A.M. Nairz³⁶, Y. Nakahama⁸⁴, K. Nakamura⁸⁴,
K. Nakkalil⁵, H. Nanjo¹²⁴, R. Narayan⁴⁴, E.A. Narayanan¹¹², I. Naryshkin³⁷,
M. Naseri³⁴, S. Nasri¹⁵⁹, C. Nass²⁴, G. Navarro^{22a}, J. Navarro-Gonzalez¹⁶³,
R. Nayak¹⁵¹, A. Nayaz¹⁸, P.Y. Nechaeva³⁷, F. Nechansky⁴⁸, L. Nedic¹²⁶,
T.J. Neep²⁰, A. Negri^{73a,73b}, M. Negrini^{23b}, C. Nellist¹¹⁴, C. Nelson¹⁰⁴, K. Nelson¹⁰⁶,
S. Nemecek¹³¹, M. Nessi^{36,j}, M.S. Neubauer¹⁶², F. Neuhaus¹⁰⁰, J. Neundorff⁴⁸,
R. Newhouse¹⁶⁴, P.R. Newman²⁰, C.W. Ng¹²⁹, Y.W.Y. Ng⁴⁸, B. Ngair^{35e},
H.D.N. Nguyen¹⁰⁸, R.B. Nickerson¹²⁶, R. Nicolaidou¹³⁵, J. Nielsen¹³⁶, M. Niemeyer⁵⁵,
J. Niermann^{55,36}, N. Nikiforou³⁶, V. Nikolaenko^{37,a}, I. Nikolic-Audit¹²⁷,
K. Nikolopoulos²⁰, P. Nilsson²⁹, I. Ninca⁴⁸, H.R. Nindhito⁵⁶, G. Ninio¹⁵¹,
A. Nisati^{75a}, N. Nishu², R. Nisius¹¹⁰, J-E. Nitschke⁵⁰, E.K. Nkadimeng^{33g},
S.J. Noacco Rosende⁹⁰, T. Nobe¹⁵³, D.L. Noel³², T. Nommensen¹⁴⁷, M.B. Norfolk¹³⁹,
R.R.B. Norisam⁹⁶, B.J. Norman³⁴, J. Novak⁹³, T. Novak⁴⁸, L. Novotny¹³²,
R. Novotny¹¹², L. Nozka¹²², K. Ntekas¹⁶⁰, N.M.J. Nunes De Moura Junior^{83b},
E. Nurse⁹⁶, J. Ocariz¹²⁷, A. Ochi⁸⁵, I. Ochoa^{130a}, S. Oerdek^{48,z}, J.T. Offermann³⁹,
A. Ogrodnik¹³³, A. Oh¹⁰¹, C.C. Ohm¹⁴⁴, H. Oide⁸⁴, R. Oishi¹⁵³, M.L. Ojeda⁴⁸,
M.W. O’Keefe⁹², Y. Okumura¹⁵³, L.F. Oleiro Seabra^{130a}, S.A. Olivares Pino^{137d},
D. Oliveira Damazio²⁹, D. Oliveira Goncalves^{83a}, J.L. Oliver¹⁶⁰, A. Olszewski⁸⁷,
Ö.O. Öncel⁵⁴, A.P. O’Neill¹⁹, A. Onofre^{130a,130e}, P.U.E. Onyisi¹¹, M.J. Oreglia³⁹,
G.E. Orellana⁹⁰, D. Orestano^{77a,77b}, N. Orlando¹³, R.S. Orr¹⁵⁵, V. O’Shea⁵⁹,
L.M. Osojnak¹²⁸, R. Ospanov^{62a}, G. Otero y Garzon³⁰, H. Otono⁸⁹, P.S. Ott^{63a},
G.J. Ottino^{17a}, M. Ouchrif^{35d}, J. Ouellette²⁹, F. Ould-Saada¹²⁵, M. Owen⁵⁹,
R.E. Owen¹³⁴, K.Y. Oyulmaz^{21a}, V.E. Ozcan^{21a}, N. Ozturk⁸, S. Ozturk⁸²,
H.A. Pacey³², A. Pacheco Pages¹³, C. Padilla Aranda¹³, G. Padovano^{75a,75b},
S. Pagan Griso^{17a}, G. Palacino⁶⁸, A. Palazzo^{70a,70b}, S. Palestini³⁶, J. Pan¹⁷²,

T. Pan [ID](#)^{64a}, D.K. Panchal [ID](#)¹¹, C.E. Pandini [ID](#)¹¹⁴, J.G. Panduro Vazquez [ID](#)⁹⁵, H.D. Pandya [ID](#)¹, H. Pang [ID](#)^{14b}, P. Pani [ID](#)⁴⁸, G. Panizzo [ID](#)^{69a,69c}, L. Paolozzi [ID](#)⁵⁶, C. Papadatos [ID](#)¹⁰⁸, S. Parajuli [ID](#)⁴⁴, A. Paramonov [ID](#)⁶, C. Paraskevopoulos [ID](#)¹⁰, D. Paredes Hernandez [ID](#)^{64b}, T.H. Park [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, M.A. Parker [ID](#)³², F. Parodi [ID](#)^{57b,57a}, E.W. Parrish [ID](#)¹¹⁵, V.A. Parrish [ID](#)⁵², J.A. Parsons [ID](#)⁴¹, U. Parzefall [ID](#)⁵⁴, B. Pascual Dias [ID](#)¹⁰⁸, L. Pascual Dominguez [ID](#)¹⁵¹, E. Pasqualucci [ID](#)^{75a}, S. Passaggio [ID](#)^{57b}, F. Pastore [ID](#)⁹⁵, P. Pasuwan [ID](#)^{47a,47b}, P. Patel [ID](#)⁸⁷, U.M. Patel [ID](#)⁵¹, J.R. Pater [ID](#)¹⁰¹, T. Pauly [ID](#)³⁶, J. Pearkes [ID](#)¹⁴³, M. Pedersen [ID](#)¹²⁵, R. Pedro [ID](#)^{130a}, S.V. Peleganchuk [ID](#)³⁷, O. Penc [ID](#)³⁶, E.A. Pender [ID](#)⁵², H. Peng [ID](#)^{62a}, K.E. Penski [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, M. Penzin [ID](#)³⁷, B.S. Peralva [ID](#)^{83d}, A.P. Pereira Peixoto [ID](#)⁶⁰, L. Pereira Sanchez [ID](#)^{47a,47b}, D.V. Perepelitsa [ID](#)^{29,aw}, E. Perez Codina [ID](#)^{156a}, M. Perganti [ID](#)¹⁰, L. Perini [ID](#)^{71a,71b,*}, H. Pernegger [ID](#)³⁶, O. Perrin [ID](#)⁴⁰, K. Peters [ID](#)⁴⁸, R.F.Y. Peters [ID](#)¹⁰¹, B.A. Petersen [ID](#)³⁶, T.C. Petersen [ID](#)⁴², E. Petit [ID](#)¹⁰², V. Petousis [ID](#)¹³², C. Petridou [ID](#)^{152,f}, A. Petrukhin [ID](#)¹⁴¹, M. Pettee [ID](#)^{17a}, N.E. Pettersson [ID](#)³⁶, A. Petukhov [ID](#)³⁷, K. Petukhova [ID](#)¹³³, R. Pezoa [ID](#)^{137f}, L. Pezzotti [ID](#)³⁶, G. Pezzullo [ID](#)¹⁷², T.M. Pham [ID](#)¹⁷⁰, T. Pham [ID](#)¹⁰⁵, P.W. Phillips [ID](#)¹³⁴, G. Piacquadio [ID](#)¹⁴⁵, E. Pianori [ID](#)^{17a}, F. Piazza [ID](#)^{71a,71b}, R. Piegai [ID](#)³⁰, D. Pietreanu [ID](#)^{27b}, A.D. Pilkington [ID](#)¹⁰¹, M. Pinamonti [ID](#)^{69a,69c}, J.L. Pinfold [ID](#)², B.C. Pinheiro Pereira [ID](#)^{130a}, A.E. Pinto Pinoargote [ID](#)¹³⁵, L. Pintucci [ID](#)^{69a,69c}, K.M. Piper [ID](#)¹⁴⁶, A. Pirttikoski [ID](#)⁵⁶, D.A. Pizzi [ID](#)³⁴, L. Pizzimento [ID](#)^{64b}, A. Pizzini [ID](#)¹¹⁴, M.-A. Pleier [ID](#)²⁹, V. Plesanovs [ID](#)⁵⁴, V. Pleskot [ID](#)¹³³, E. Plotnikova [ID](#)³⁸, G. Poddar [ID](#)⁴, R. Poettgen [ID](#)⁹⁸, L. Poggioli [ID](#)¹²⁷, I. Pokharel [ID](#)⁵⁵, S. Polacek [ID](#)¹³³, G. Polesello [ID](#)^{73a}, A. Poley [ID](#)^{142,156a}, R. Polifka [ID](#)¹³², A. Polini [ID](#)^{23b}, C.S. Pollard [ID](#)¹⁶⁷, Z.B. Pollock [ID](#)¹¹⁹, V. Polychronakos [ID](#)²⁹, E. Pompa Pacchi [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, D. Ponomarenko [ID](#)¹¹³, L. Pontecorvo [ID](#)³⁶, S. Popa [ID](#)^{27a}, G.A. Popeneciu [ID](#)^{27d}, A. Poreba [ID](#)³⁶, D.M. Portillo Quintero [ID](#)^{156a}, S. Pospisil [ID](#)¹³², M.A. Postill [ID](#)¹³⁹, P. Postolache [ID](#)^{27c}, K. Potamianos [ID](#)¹⁶⁷, P.A. Potepa [ID](#)^{86a}, I.N. Potrap [ID](#)³⁸, C.J. Potter [ID](#)³², H. Potti [ID](#)¹, T. Poulsen [ID](#)⁴⁸, J. Poveda [ID](#)¹⁶³, M.E. Pozo Astigarraga [ID](#)³⁶, A. Prades Ibanez [ID](#)¹⁶³, J. Pretel [ID](#)⁵⁴, D. Price [ID](#)¹⁰¹, M. Primavera [ID](#)^{70a}, M.A. Principe Martin [ID](#)⁹⁹, R. Privara [ID](#)¹²², T. Procter [ID](#)⁵⁹, M.L. Proffitt [ID](#)¹³⁸, N. Proklova [ID](#)¹²⁸, K. Prokofiev [ID](#)^{64c}, G. Proto [ID](#)¹¹⁰, S. Protopopescu [ID](#)²⁹, J. Proudfoot [ID](#)⁶, M. Przybycien [ID](#)^{86a}, W.W. Przygoda [ID](#)^{86b}, J.E. Puddefoot [ID](#)¹³⁹, D. Pudzha [ID](#)³⁷, D. Pyatiizbyantseva [ID](#)³⁷, J. Qian [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, D. Qichen [ID](#)¹⁰¹, Y. Qin [ID](#)¹⁰¹, T. Qiu [ID](#)⁵², A. Quadt [ID](#)⁵⁵, M. Queitsch-Maitland [ID](#)¹⁰¹, G. Quetant [ID](#)⁵⁶, R.P. Quinn [ID](#)¹⁶⁴, G. Rabanal Bolanos [ID](#)⁶¹, D. Rafanoharana [ID](#)⁵⁴, F. Ragusa [ID](#)^{71a,71b}, J.L. Rainbolt [ID](#)³⁹, J.A. Raine [ID](#)⁵⁶, S. Rajagopalan [ID](#)²⁹, E. Ramakoti [ID](#)³⁷, K. Ran [ID](#)^{48,14e}, N.P. Rapheeha [ID](#)^{33g}, H. Rasheed [ID](#)^{27b}, V. Raskina [ID](#)¹²⁷, D.F. Rassloff [ID](#)^{63a}, S. Rave [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, B. Ravina [ID](#)⁵⁵, I. Ravinovich [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, M. Raymond [ID](#)³⁶, A.L. Read [ID](#)¹²⁵, N.P. Readioff [ID](#)¹³⁹, D.M. Rebuffi [ID](#)^{73a,73b}, G. Redlinger [ID](#)²⁹, A.S. Reed [ID](#)¹¹⁰, K. Reeves [ID](#)²⁶, J.A. Reidelsturz [ID](#)^{171,aa}, D. Reikher [ID](#)¹⁵¹, A. Rej [ID](#)¹⁴¹, C. Rembser [ID](#)³⁶, A. Renardi [ID](#)⁴⁸, M. Renda [ID](#)^{27b}, M.B. Rendel [ID](#)¹¹⁰, F. Renner [ID](#)⁴⁸, A.G. Rennie [ID](#)¹⁶⁰, A.L. Rescia [ID](#)⁴⁸, S. Resconi [ID](#)^{71a}, M. Ressegotti [ID](#)^{57b,57a}, S. Rettie [ID](#)³⁶, J.G. Reyes Rivera [ID](#)¹⁰⁷, E. Reynolds [ID](#)^{17a}, O.L. Rezanova [ID](#)³⁷, P. Reznicek [ID](#)¹³³, N. Ribaric [ID](#)⁹¹, E. Ricci [ID](#)^{78a,78b}, R. Richter [ID](#)¹¹⁰, S. Richter [ID](#)^{47a,47b}, E. Richter-Was [ID](#)^{86b}, M. Ridel [ID](#)¹²⁷, S. Ridouani [ID](#)^{35d}, P. Rieck [ID](#)¹¹⁷, P. Riedler [ID](#)³⁶, M. Rijssenbeek [ID](#)¹⁴⁵, A. Rimoldi [ID](#)^{73a,73b}, M. Rimoldi [ID](#)⁴⁸, L. Rinaldi [ID](#)^{23b,23a}, T.T. Rinn [ID](#)²⁹, M.P. Rinnagel [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, G. Ripellino [ID](#)¹⁶¹, I. Riu [ID](#)¹³, P. Rivadeneira [ID](#)⁴⁸, J.C. Rivera Vergara [ID](#)¹⁶⁵, F. Rizatdinova [ID](#)¹²¹, E. Rizvi [ID](#)⁹⁴, B.A. Roberts [ID](#)¹⁶⁷,

B.R. Roberts [ID](#)^{17a}, S.H. Robertson [ID](#)^{104,ag}, D. Robinson [ID](#)³², C.M. Robles Gajardo [ID](#)^{137f},
 M. Robles Manzano [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, A. Robson [ID](#)⁵⁹, A. Rocchi [ID](#)^{76a,76b}, C. Roda [ID](#)^{74a,74b},
 S. Rodriguez Bosca [ID](#)^{63a}, Y. Rodriguez Garcia [ID](#)^{22a}, A. Rodriguez Rodriguez [ID](#)⁵⁴,
 A.M. Rodríguez Vera [ID](#)^{156b}, S. Roe [ID](#)³⁶, J.T. Roemer [ID](#)¹⁶⁰, A.R. Roepe-Gier [ID](#)¹³⁶, J. Roggel [ID](#)¹⁷¹,
 O. Røhne [ID](#)¹²⁵, R.A. Rojas [ID](#)¹⁰³, C.P.A. Roland [ID](#)⁶⁸, J. Roloff [ID](#)²⁹, A. Romaniouk [ID](#)³⁷,
 E. Romano [ID](#)^{73a,73b}, M. Romano [ID](#)^{23b}, A.C. Romero Hernandez [ID](#)¹⁶², N. Rompotis [ID](#)⁹²,
 L. Roos [ID](#)¹²⁷, S. Rosati [ID](#)^{75a}, B.J. Rosser [ID](#)³⁹, E. Rossi [ID](#)¹²⁶, E. Rossi [ID](#)^{72a,72b}, L.P. Rossi [ID](#)^{57b},
 L. Rossini [ID](#)⁵⁴, R. Rosten [ID](#)¹¹⁹, M. Rotaru [ID](#)^{27b}, B. Rottler [ID](#)⁵⁴, C. Rougier [ID](#)^{102,al},
 D. Rousseau [ID](#)⁶⁶, D. Rousso [ID](#)³², A. Roy [ID](#)¹⁶², S. Roy-Garand [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, A. Rozanov [ID](#)¹⁰²,
 Y. Rozen [ID](#)¹⁵⁰, X. Ruan [ID](#)^{33g}, A. Rubio Jimenez [ID](#)¹⁶³, A.J. Ruby [ID](#)⁹², V.H. Ruelas Rivera [ID](#)¹⁸,
 T.A. Ruggeri [ID](#)¹, A. Ruggiero [ID](#)¹²⁶, A. Ruiz-Martinez [ID](#)¹⁶³, A. Rummeler [ID](#)³⁶, Z. Rurikova [ID](#)⁵⁴,
 N.A. Rusakovich [ID](#)³⁸, H.L. Russell [ID](#)¹⁶⁵, G. Russo [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, J.P. Rutherford [ID](#)⁷,
 S. Rutherford Colmenares [ID](#)³², K. Rybacki [ID](#)⁹¹, M. Rybar [ID](#)¹³³, E.B. Rye [ID](#)¹²⁵, A. Ryzhov [ID](#)⁴⁴,
 J.A. Sabater Iglesias [ID](#)⁵⁶, P. Sabatini [ID](#)¹⁶³, L. Sabetta [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, H.F-W. Sadrozinski [ID](#)¹³⁶,
 F. Safai Tehrani [ID](#)^{75a}, B. Safarzadeh Samani [ID](#)¹⁴⁶, M. Safdari [ID](#)¹⁴³, S. Saha [ID](#)¹⁶⁵,
 M. Sahinsoy [ID](#)¹¹⁰, M. Saimpert [ID](#)¹³⁵, M. Saito [ID](#)¹⁵³, T. Saito [ID](#)¹⁵³, D. Salamani [ID](#)³⁶,
 A. Salnikov [ID](#)¹⁴³, J. Salt [ID](#)¹⁶³, A. Salvador Salas [ID](#)¹³, D. Salvatore [ID](#)^{43b,43a}, F. Salvatore [ID](#)¹⁴⁶,
 A. Salzburger [ID](#)³⁶, D. Sammel [ID](#)⁵⁴, D. Sampsonidis [ID](#)^{152,f}, D. Sampsonidou [ID](#)¹²³, J. Sánchez [ID](#)¹⁶³,
 A. Sanchez Pineda [ID](#)⁴, V. Sanchez Sebastian [ID](#)¹⁶³, H. Sandaker [ID](#)¹²⁵, C.O. Sander [ID](#)⁴⁸,
 J.A. Sandesara [ID](#)¹⁰³, M. Sandhoff [ID](#)¹⁷¹, C. Sandoval [ID](#)^{22b}, D.P.C. Sankey [ID](#)¹³⁴, T. Sano [ID](#)⁸⁸,
 A. Sansoni [ID](#)⁵³, L. Santi [ID](#)^{75a,75b}, C. Santoni [ID](#)⁴⁰, H. Santos [ID](#)^{130a,130b}, S.N. Santpur [ID](#)^{17a},
 A. Santra [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, K.A. Saoucha [ID](#)¹³⁹, J.G. Saraiva [ID](#)^{130a,130d}, J. Sardain [ID](#)⁷, O. Sasaki [ID](#)⁸⁴,
 K. Sato [ID](#)¹⁵⁷, C. Sauer [ID](#)^{63b}, F. Sauerburger [ID](#)⁵⁴, E. Sauvan [ID](#)⁴, P. Savard [ID](#)^{155,au}, R. Sawada [ID](#)¹⁵³,
 C. Sawyer [ID](#)¹³⁴, L. Sawyer [ID](#)⁹⁷, I. Sayago Galvan [ID](#)¹⁶³, C. Sbarra [ID](#)^{23b}, A. Sbrizzi [ID](#)^{23b,23a},
 T. Scanlon [ID](#)⁹⁶, J. Schaarschmidt [ID](#)¹³⁸, P. Schacht [ID](#)¹¹⁰, D. Schaefer [ID](#)³⁹, U. Schäfer [ID](#)¹⁰⁰,
 A.C. Schaffer [ID](#)^{66,44}, D. Schaile [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, R.D. Schamberger [ID](#)¹⁴⁵, C. Scharf [ID](#)¹⁸, M.M. Schefer [ID](#)¹⁹,
 V.A. Schegelsky [ID](#)³⁷, D. Scheirich [ID](#)¹³³, F. Schenck [ID](#)¹⁸, M. Schernau [ID](#)¹⁶⁰, C. Scheulen [ID](#)⁵⁵,
 C. Schiavi [ID](#)^{57b,57a}, E.J. Schioppa [ID](#)^{70a,70b}, M. Schioppa [ID](#)^{43b,43a}, B. Schlag [ID](#)^{143,u},
 K.E. Schleicher [ID](#)⁵⁴, S. Schlenker [ID](#)³⁶, J. Schmeing [ID](#)¹⁷¹, M.A. Schmidt [ID](#)¹⁷¹, K. Schmieden [ID](#)¹⁰⁰,
 C. Schmitt [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, S. Schmitt [ID](#)⁴⁸, L. Schoeffel [ID](#)¹³⁵, A. Schoening [ID](#)^{63b}, P.G. Scholer [ID](#)⁵⁴,
 E. Schopf [ID](#)¹²⁶, M. Schott [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, J. Schovancova [ID](#)³⁶, S. Schramm [ID](#)⁵⁶, F. Schroeder [ID](#)¹⁷¹,
 T. Schroer [ID](#)⁵⁶, H-C. Schultz-Coulon [ID](#)^{63a}, M. Schumacher [ID](#)⁵⁴, B.A. Schumm [ID](#)¹³⁶,
 Ph. Schune [ID](#)¹³⁵, A.J. Schuy [ID](#)¹³⁸, H.R. Schwartz [ID](#)¹³⁶, A. Schwartzman [ID](#)¹⁴³, T.A. Schwarz [ID](#)¹⁰⁶,
 Ph. Schwemling [ID](#)¹³⁵, R. Schwienhorst [ID](#)¹⁰⁷, A. Sciandra [ID](#)¹³⁶, G. Sciolla [ID](#)²⁶, F. Scuri [ID](#)^{74a},
 C.D. Sebastiani [ID](#)⁹², K. Sedlaczek [ID](#)¹¹⁵, P. Seema [ID](#)¹⁸, S.C. Seidel [ID](#)¹¹², A. Seiden [ID](#)¹³⁶,
 B.D. Seidlitz [ID](#)⁴¹, C. Seitz [ID](#)⁴⁸, J.M. Seixas [ID](#)^{83b}, G. Sekhniaidze [ID](#)^{72a}, S.J. Sekula [ID](#)⁴⁴,
 L. Selam [ID](#)⁶⁰, N. Semprini-Cesari [ID](#)^{23b,23a}, D. Sengupta [ID](#)⁵⁶, V. Senthilkumar [ID](#)¹⁶³, L. Serin [ID](#)⁶⁶,
 L. Serkin [ID](#)^{69a,69b}, M. Sessa [ID](#)^{76a,76b}, H. Severini [ID](#)¹²⁰, F. Sforza [ID](#)^{57b,57a}, A. Sfyrta [ID](#)⁵⁶,
 E. Shabalina [ID](#)⁵⁵, R. Shaheen [ID](#)¹⁴⁴, J.D. Shahinian [ID](#)¹²⁸, D. Shaked Renous [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, L.Y. Shan [ID](#)^{14a},
 M. Shapiro [ID](#)^{17a}, A. Sharma [ID](#)³⁶, A.S. Sharma [ID](#)¹⁶⁴, P. Sharma [ID](#)⁸⁰, S. Sharma [ID](#)⁴⁸,
 P.B. Shatalov [ID](#)³⁷, K. Shaw [ID](#)¹⁴⁶, S.M. Shaw [ID](#)¹⁰¹, A. Shcherbakova [ID](#)³⁷, Q. Shen [ID](#)^{62c,5},
 P. Sherwood [ID](#)⁹⁶, L. Shi [ID](#)⁹⁶, X. Shi [ID](#)^{14a}, C.O. Shimmin [ID](#)¹⁷², J.D. Shinner [ID](#)⁹⁵,
 I.P.J. Shipsey [ID](#)¹²⁶, S. Shirabe [ID](#)^{56,j}, M. Shiyakova [ID](#)^{38,ae}, J. Shlomi [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, M.J. Shochet [ID](#)³⁹,

J. Shojaii [ID](#)¹⁰⁵, D.R. Shope [ID](#)¹²⁵, B. Shrestha [ID](#)¹²⁰, S. Shrestha [ID](#)^{119,ax}, E.M. Shrif [ID](#)^{33g}, M.J. Shroff [ID](#)¹⁶⁵, P. Sicho [ID](#)¹³¹, A.M. Sickles [ID](#)¹⁶², E. Sideras Haddad [ID](#)^{33g}, A. Sidoti [ID](#)^{23b}, F. Siegert [ID](#)⁵⁰, Dj. Sijacki [ID](#)¹⁵, R. Sikora [ID](#)^{86a}, F. Sili [ID](#)⁹⁰, J.M. Silva [ID](#)²⁰, M.V. Silva Oliveira [ID](#)²⁹, S.B. Silverstein [ID](#)^{47a}, S. Simion [ID](#)⁶⁶, R. Simoniello [ID](#)³⁶, E.L. Simpson [ID](#)⁵⁹, H. Simpson [ID](#)¹⁴⁶, L.R. Simpson [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, N.D. Simpson [ID](#)⁹⁸, S. Simsek [ID](#)⁸², S. Sindhu [ID](#)⁵⁵, P. Sinervo [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, S. Singh [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, S. Sinha [ID](#)⁴⁸, S. Sinha [ID](#)¹⁰¹, M. Sioli [ID](#)^{23b,23a}, I. Siral [ID](#)³⁶, E. Sitnikova [ID](#)⁴⁸, S.Yu. Sivoklov [ID](#)^{37,*}, J. Sjölin [ID](#)^{47a,47b}, A. Skaf [ID](#)⁵⁵, E. Skorda [ID](#)^{20,ap}, P. Skubic [ID](#)¹²⁰, M. Slawinska [ID](#)⁸⁷, V. Smakhtin [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, B.H. Smart [ID](#)¹³⁴, J. Smiesko [ID](#)³⁶, S.Yu. Smirnov [ID](#)³⁷, Y. Smirnov [ID](#)³⁷, L.N. Smirnova [ID](#)^{37,a}, O. Smirnova [ID](#)⁹⁸, A.C. Smith [ID](#)⁴¹, E.A. Smith [ID](#)³⁹, H.A. Smith [ID](#)¹²⁶, J.L. Smith [ID](#)⁹², R. Smith [ID](#)¹⁴³, M. Smizanska [ID](#)⁹¹, K. Smolek [ID](#)¹³², A.A. Snesarev [ID](#)³⁷, S.R. Snider [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, H.L. Snoek [ID](#)¹¹⁴, S. Snyder [ID](#)²⁹, R. Sobie [ID](#)^{165,ag}, A. Soffer [ID](#)¹⁵¹, C.A. Solans Sanchez [ID](#)³⁶, E.Yu. Soldatov [ID](#)³⁷, U. Soldevila [ID](#)¹⁶³, A.A. Solodkov [ID](#)³⁷, S. Solomon [ID](#)²⁶, A. Soloshenko [ID](#)³⁸, K. Solovieva [ID](#)⁵⁴, O.V. Solovyanov [ID](#)⁴⁰, V. Solovyev [ID](#)³⁷, P. Sommer [ID](#)³⁶, A. Sonay [ID](#)¹³, W.Y. Song [ID](#)^{156b}, J.M. Sonneveld [ID](#)¹¹⁴, A. Sopczak [ID](#)¹³², A.L. Soppio [ID](#)⁹⁶, F. Sopkova [ID](#)^{28b}, V. Sothilingam [ID](#)^{63a}, S. Sottocornola [ID](#)⁶⁸, R. Soualah [ID](#)^{116b}, Z. Soumami [ID](#)^{35e}, D. South [ID](#)⁴⁸, N. Soybelman [ID](#)¹⁶⁹, S. Spagnolo [ID](#)^{70a,70b}, M. Spalla [ID](#)¹¹⁰, D. Sperlich [ID](#)⁵⁴, G. Spigo [ID](#)³⁶, S. Spinali [ID](#)⁹¹, D.P. Spiteri [ID](#)⁵⁹, M. Spousta [ID](#)¹³³, E.J. Staats [ID](#)³⁴, A. Stabile [ID](#)^{71a,71b}, R. Stamen [ID](#)^{63a}, A. Stampeki [ID](#)²⁰, M. Standke [ID](#)²⁴, E. Stanecka [ID](#)⁸⁷, M.V. Stange [ID](#)⁵⁰, B. Stanislaus [ID](#)^{17a}, M.M. Stanitzki [ID](#)⁴⁸, B. Stapf [ID](#)⁴⁸, E.A. Starchenko [ID](#)³⁷, G.H. Stark [ID](#)¹³⁶, J. Stark [ID](#)^{102,al}, D.M. Starke [ID](#)^{156b}, P. Staroba [ID](#)¹³¹, P. Starovoitov [ID](#)^{63a}, S. Stärz [ID](#)¹⁰⁴, R. Staszewski [ID](#)⁸⁷, G. Stavropoulos [ID](#)⁴⁶, J. Steentoft [ID](#)¹⁶¹, P. Steinberg [ID](#)²⁹, B. Stelzer [ID](#)^{142,156a}, H.J. Stelzer [ID](#)¹²⁹, O. Stelzer-Chilton [ID](#)^{156a}, H. Stenzel [ID](#)⁵⁸, T.J. Stevenson [ID](#)¹⁴⁶, G.A. Stewart [ID](#)³⁶, J.R. Stewart [ID](#)¹²¹, M.C. Stockton [ID](#)³⁶, G. Stoicea [ID](#)^{27b}, M. Stolarski [ID](#)^{130a}, S. Stonjek [ID](#)¹¹⁰, A. Straessner [ID](#)⁵⁰, J. Strandberg [ID](#)¹⁴⁴, S. Strandberg [ID](#)^{47a,47b}, M. Strauss [ID](#)¹²⁰, T. Strebler [ID](#)¹⁰², P. Strizenec [ID](#)^{28b}, R. Ströhmer [ID](#)¹⁶⁶, D.M. Strom [ID](#)¹²³, L.R. Strom [ID](#)⁴⁸, R. Stroynowski [ID](#)⁴⁴, A. Strubig [ID](#)^{47a,47b}, S.A. Stucci [ID](#)²⁹, B. Stugu [ID](#)¹⁶, J. Stupak [ID](#)¹²⁰, N.A. Styles [ID](#)⁴⁸, D. Su [ID](#)¹⁴³, S. Su [ID](#)^{62a}, W. Su [ID](#)^{62d}, X. Su [ID](#)^{62a,66}, K. Sugizaki [ID](#)¹⁵³, V.V. Sulim [ID](#)³⁷, M.J. Sullivan [ID](#)⁹², D.M.S. Sultan [ID](#)^{78a,78b}, L. Sultanaliyeva [ID](#)³⁷, S. Sultansoy [ID](#)^{3b}, T. Sumida [ID](#)⁸⁸, S. Sun [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, S. Sun [ID](#)¹⁷⁰, O. Sunneborn Gudnadottir [ID](#)¹⁶¹, N. Sur [ID](#)¹⁰², M.R. Sutton [ID](#)¹⁴⁶, H. Suzuki [ID](#)¹⁵⁷, M. Svatos [ID](#)¹³¹, M. Swiatlowski [ID](#)^{156a}, T. Swirski [ID](#)¹⁶⁶, I. Sykora [ID](#)^{28a}, M. Sykora [ID](#)¹³³, T. Sykora [ID](#)¹³³, D. Ta [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, K. Tackmann [ID](#)^{48,ad}, A. Taffard [ID](#)¹⁶⁰, R. Tahirout [ID](#)^{156a}, J.S. Tafoya Vargas [ID](#)⁶⁶, E.P. Takeva [ID](#)⁵², Y. Takubo [ID](#)⁸⁴, M. Talby [ID](#)¹⁰², A.A. Talyshev [ID](#)³⁷, K.C. Tam [ID](#)^{64b}, N.M. Tamir [ID](#)¹⁵¹, A. Tanaka [ID](#)¹⁵³, J. Tanaka [ID](#)¹⁵³, R. Tanaka [ID](#)⁶⁶, M. Tanasini [ID](#)^{57b,57a}, Z. Tao [ID](#)¹⁶⁴, S. Tapia Araya [ID](#)^{137f}, S. Tapprogge [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, A. Tarek Abouelfadl Mohamed [ID](#)¹⁰⁷, S. Tarem [ID](#)¹⁵⁰, K. Tariq [ID](#)^{14a}, G. Tarna [ID](#)^{102,27b}, G.F. Tartarelli [ID](#)^{71a}, P. Tas [ID](#)¹³³, M. Tasevsky [ID](#)¹³¹, E. Tassi [ID](#)^{43b,43a}, A.C. Tate [ID](#)¹⁶², G. Tateno [ID](#)¹⁵³, Y. Tayalati [ID](#)^{35e,af}, G.N. Taylor [ID](#)¹⁰⁵, W. Taylor [ID](#)^{156b}, H. Teagle [ID](#)⁹², A.S. Tee [ID](#)¹⁷⁰, R. Teixeira De Lima [ID](#)¹⁴³, P. Teixeira-Dias [ID](#)⁹⁵, J.J. Teoh [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, K. Terashi [ID](#)¹⁵³, J. Terron [ID](#)⁹⁹, S. Terzo [ID](#)¹³, M. Testa [ID](#)⁵³, R.J. Teuscher [ID](#)^{155,ag}, A. Thaler [ID](#)⁷⁹, O. Theiner [ID](#)⁵⁶, N. Themistokleous [ID](#)⁵², T. Theveneaux-Pelzer [ID](#)¹⁰², O. Thielmann [ID](#)¹⁷¹, D.W. Thomas [ID](#)⁹⁵, J.P. Thomas [ID](#)²⁰, E.A. Thompson [ID](#)^{17a}, P.D. Thompson [ID](#)²⁰, E. Thomson [ID](#)¹²⁸, Y. Tian [ID](#)⁵⁵, V. Tikhomirov [ID](#)^{37,a}, Yu.A. Tikhonov [ID](#)³⁷, S. Timoshenko [ID](#)³⁷, D. Timoshyn [ID](#)¹³³, E.X.L. Ting [ID](#)¹, P. Tipton [ID](#)¹⁷², S.H. Tlou [ID](#)^{33g}, A. Tmourji [ID](#)⁴⁰, K. Todome [ID](#)¹⁵⁴,

S. Todorova-Nova [ID](#)¹³³, S. Todt⁵⁰, M. Togawa [ID](#)⁸⁴, J. Tojo [ID](#)⁸⁹, S. Tokár [ID](#)^{28a}, K. Tokushuku [ID](#)⁸⁴, O. Toldaiev [ID](#)⁶⁸, R. Tombs [ID](#)³², M. Tomoto [ID](#)^{84,111}, L. Tompkins [ID](#)^{143,u}, K.W. Topolnicki [ID](#)^{86b}, E. Torrence [ID](#)¹²³, H. Torres [ID](#)^{102,al}, E. Torró Pastor [ID](#)¹⁶³, M. Toscani [ID](#)³⁰, C. Toscirri [ID](#)³⁹, M. Tost [ID](#)¹¹, D.R. Tovey [ID](#)¹³⁹, A. Traeet¹⁶, I.S. Trandafir [ID](#)^{27b}, T. Trefzger [ID](#)¹⁶⁶, A. Tricoli [ID](#)²⁹, I.M. Trigger [ID](#)^{156a}, S. Trincaz-Duvoid [ID](#)¹²⁷, D.A. Trischuk [ID](#)²⁶, B. Trocmé [ID](#)⁶⁰, C. Troncon [ID](#)^{71a}, L. Truong [ID](#)^{33c}, M. Trzebinski [ID](#)⁸⁷, A. Trzupek [ID](#)⁸⁷, F. Tsai [ID](#)¹⁴⁵, M. Tsai [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, A. Tsiamis [ID](#)^{152,f}, P.V. Tsiarehka³⁷, S. Tsigaridas [ID](#)^{156a}, A. Tsirigotis [ID](#)^{152,ab}, V. Tsiskaridze [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, E.G. Tskhadadze [ID](#)^{149a}, M. Tsopoulou [ID](#)^{152,f}, Y. Tsujikawa [ID](#)⁸⁸, I.I. Tsukerman [ID](#)³⁷, V. Tsulaia [ID](#)^{17a}, S. Tsuno [ID](#)⁸⁴, O. Tsur¹⁵⁰, K. Tsurii [ID](#)¹¹⁸, D. Tsybychev [ID](#)¹⁴⁵, Y. Tu [ID](#)^{64b}, A. Tudorache [ID](#)^{27b}, V. Tudorache [ID](#)^{27b}, A.N. Tuna [ID](#)³⁶, S. Turchikhin [ID](#)³⁸, I. Turk Cakir [ID](#)^{3a}, R. Turra [ID](#)^{71a}, T. Turtuvshin [ID](#)^{38,ah}, P.M. Tuts [ID](#)⁴¹, S. Tzamarias [ID](#)^{152,f}, P. Tzaniis [ID](#)¹⁰, E. Tzovara [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, F. Ukegawa [ID](#)¹⁵⁷, P.A. Ulloa Poblete [ID](#)^{137c,137b}, E.N. Umaka [ID](#)²⁹, G. Unal [ID](#)³⁶, M. Unal [ID](#)¹¹, A. Undrus [ID](#)²⁹, G. Unel [ID](#)¹⁶⁰, J. Urban [ID](#)^{28b}, P. Urquijo [ID](#)¹⁰⁵, G. Usai [ID](#)⁸, R. Ushioda [ID](#)¹⁵⁴, M. Usman [ID](#)¹⁰⁸, Z. Uysal [ID](#)^{21b}, L. Vacavant [ID](#)¹⁰², V. Vacek [ID](#)¹³², B. Vachon [ID](#)¹⁰⁴, K.O.H. Vadla [ID](#)¹²⁵, T. Vafeiadis [ID](#)³⁶, A. Vaitkus [ID](#)⁹⁶, C. Valderanis [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, E. Valdes Santurio [ID](#)^{47a,47b}, M. Valente [ID](#)^{156a}, S. Valentineti [ID](#)^{23b,23a}, A. Valero [ID](#)¹⁶³, E. Valiente Moreno [ID](#)¹⁶³, A. Vallier [ID](#)^{102,al}, J.A. Valls Ferrer [ID](#)¹⁶³, D.R. Van Arneeman [ID](#)¹¹⁴, T.R. Van Daalen [ID](#)¹³⁸, A. Van Der Graaf [ID](#)⁴⁹, P. Van Gemmeren [ID](#)⁶, M. Van Rijnbach [ID](#)^{125,36}, S. Van Stroud [ID](#)⁹⁶, I. Van Vulpen [ID](#)¹¹⁴, M. Vanadia [ID](#)^{76a,76b}, W. Vandelli [ID](#)³⁶, M. Vandenbroucke [ID](#)¹³⁵, E.R. Vandewall [ID](#)¹²¹, D. Vannicola [ID](#)¹⁵¹, L. Vannoli [ID](#)^{57b,57a}, R. Vari [ID](#)^{75a}, E.W. Varnes [ID](#)⁷, C. Varni [ID](#)^{17b}, T. Varol [ID](#)¹⁴⁸, D. Varouchas [ID](#)⁶⁶, L. Varriale [ID](#)¹⁶³, K.E. Varvell [ID](#)¹⁴⁷, M.E. Vasile [ID](#)^{27b}, L. Vaslin⁴⁰, G.A. Vasquez [ID](#)¹⁶⁵, A. Vasyukov [ID](#)³⁸, F. Vazeille [ID](#)⁴⁰, T. Vazquez Schroeder [ID](#)³⁶, J. Veatch [ID](#)³¹, V. Vecchio [ID](#)¹⁰¹, M.J. Veen [ID](#)¹⁰³, I. Velisek [ID](#)¹²⁶, L.M. Veloce [ID](#)¹⁵⁵, F. Veloso [ID](#)^{130a,130c}, S. Veneziano [ID](#)^{75a}, A. Ventura [ID](#)^{70a,70b}, S. Ventura Gonzalez [ID](#)¹³⁵, A. Verbytskyi [ID](#)¹¹⁰, M. Verducci [ID](#)^{74a,74b}, C. Vergis [ID](#)²⁴, M. Verissimo De Araujo [ID](#)^{83b}, W. Verkerke [ID](#)¹¹⁴, J.C. Vermeulen [ID](#)¹¹⁴, C. Vernieri [ID](#)¹⁴³, M. Vessella [ID](#)¹⁰³, M.C. Vetterli [ID](#)^{142,au}, A. Vgenopoulos [ID](#)^{152,f}, N. Viaux Maira [ID](#)^{137f}, T. Vickey [ID](#)¹³⁹, O.E. Vickey Boeriu [ID](#)¹³⁹, G.H.A. Viehhauser [ID](#)¹²⁶, L. Viganì [ID](#)^{63b}, M. Villa [ID](#)^{23b,23a}, M. Villaplana Perez [ID](#)¹⁶³, E.M. Villhauer⁵², E. Vilucchi [ID](#)⁵³, M.G. Vincter [ID](#)³⁴, G.S. Virdee [ID](#)²⁰, A. Vishwakarma [ID](#)⁵², A. Visibile¹¹⁴, C. Vittori [ID](#)³⁶, I. Vivarelli [ID](#)¹⁴⁶, V. Vladimirov¹⁶⁷, E. Voevodina [ID](#)¹¹⁰, F. Vogel [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, P. Vokac [ID](#)¹³², Yu. Volkotrub [ID](#)^{86a}, J. Von Ahnen [ID](#)⁴⁸, E. Von Toerne [ID](#)²⁴, B. Vormwald [ID](#)³⁶, V. Vorobel [ID](#)¹³³, K. Vorobev [ID](#)³⁷, M. Vos [ID](#)¹⁶³, K. Voss [ID](#)¹⁴¹, J.H. Vosseveld [ID](#)⁹², M. Vozak [ID](#)¹¹⁴, L. Vozdecky [ID](#)⁹⁴, N. Vranjes [ID](#)¹⁵, M. Vranjes Milosavljevic [ID](#)¹⁵, M. Vreeswijk [ID](#)¹¹⁴, R. Vuillermet [ID](#)³⁶, O. Vujanovic [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, I. Vukotic [ID](#)³⁹, S. Wada [ID](#)¹⁵⁷, C. Wagner¹⁰³, J.M. Wagner [ID](#)^{17a}, W. Wagner [ID](#)¹⁷¹, S. Wahdan [ID](#)¹⁷¹, H. Wahlberg [ID](#)⁹⁰, M. Wakida [ID](#)¹¹¹, J. Walder [ID](#)¹³⁴, R. Walker [ID](#)¹⁰⁹, W. Walkowiak [ID](#)¹⁴¹, A. Wall [ID](#)¹²⁸, T. Wamorkar [ID](#)⁶, A.Z. Wang [ID](#)¹⁷⁰, C. Wang [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, C. Wang [ID](#)^{62c}, H. Wang [ID](#)^{17a}, J. Wang [ID](#)^{64a}, R.-J. Wang [ID](#)¹⁰⁰, R. Wang [ID](#)⁶¹, R. Wang [ID](#)⁶, S.M. Wang [ID](#)¹⁴⁸, S. Wang [ID](#)^{62b}, T. Wang [ID](#)^{62a}, W.T. Wang [ID](#)⁸⁰, W. Wang [ID](#)^{14a}, X. Wang [ID](#)^{14c}, X. Wang [ID](#)¹⁶², X. Wang [ID](#)^{62c}, Y. Wang [ID](#)^{62d}, Y. Wang [ID](#)^{14c}, Z. Wang [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, Z. Wang [ID](#)^{62d,51,62c}, Z. Wang [ID](#)¹⁰⁶, A. Warburton [ID](#)¹⁰⁴, R.J. Ward²⁰, N. Warrack [ID](#)⁵⁹, A.T. Watson [ID](#)²⁰, H. Watson [ID](#)⁵⁹, M.F. Watson [ID](#)²⁰, E. Watton [ID](#)^{59,134}, G. Watts [ID](#)¹³⁸, B.M. Waugh [ID](#)⁹⁶, C. Weber [ID](#)²⁹, H.A. Weber [ID](#)¹⁸, M.S. Weber [ID](#)¹⁹, S.M. Weber [ID](#)^{63a}, C. Wei [ID](#)^{62a}, Y. Wei [ID](#)¹²⁶,

A.R. Weidberg ¹²⁶, E.J. Weik ¹¹⁷, J. Weingarten ⁴⁹, M. Weirich ¹⁰⁰, C. Weiser ⁵⁴,
C.J. Wells ⁴⁸, T. Wenaus ²⁹, B. Wendland ⁴⁹, T. Wengler ³⁶, N.S. Wenke¹¹⁰,
N. Wermes ²⁴, M. Wessels ^{63a}, A.M. Wharton ⁹¹, A.S. White ⁶¹, A. White ⁸,
M.J. White ¹, D. Whiteson ¹⁶⁰, L. Wickremasinghe ¹²⁴, W. Wiedenmann ¹⁷⁰, C. Wiel ⁵⁰,
M. Wielers ¹³⁴, C. Wiglesworth ⁴², D.J. Wilbern¹²⁰, H.G. Wilkens ³⁶, D.M. Williams ⁴¹,
H.H. Williams¹²⁸, S. Williams ³², S. Willocq ¹⁰³, B.J. Wilson ¹⁰¹, P.J. Windischhofer ³⁹,
F.I. Winkel ³⁰, F. Winklmeier ¹²³, B.T. Winter ⁵⁴, J.K. Winter ¹⁰¹, M. Wittgen¹⁴³,
M. Wobisch ⁹⁷, Z. Wolffs ¹¹⁴, R. Wölker ¹²⁶, J. Wollrath¹⁶⁰, M.W. Wolter ⁸⁷,
H. Wolters ^{130a,130c}, A.F. Wongel ⁴⁸, S.D. Worm ⁴⁸, B.K. Wosiek ⁸⁷, K.W. Woźniak ⁸⁷,
S. Wozniewski ⁵⁵, K. Wraight ⁵⁹, C. Wu ²⁰, J. Wu ^{14a,14e}, M. Wu ^{64a}, M. Wu ¹¹³,
S.L. Wu ¹⁷⁰, X. Wu ⁵⁶, Y. Wu ^{62a}, Z. Wu ¹³⁵, J. Wuerzinger ^{110,as}, T.R. Wyatt ¹⁰¹,
B.M. Wynne ⁵², S. Xella ⁴², L. Xia ^{14c}, M. Xia ^{14b}, J. Xiang ^{64c}, M. Xie ^{62a}, X. Xie ^{62a},
S. Xin ^{14a,14e}, J. Xiong ^{17a}, D. Xu ^{14a}, H. Xu ^{62a}, L. Xu ^{62a}, R. Xu ¹²⁸, T. Xu ¹⁰⁶,
Y. Xu ^{14b}, Z. Xu ⁵², Z. Xu ^{14a}, B. Yabsley ¹⁴⁷, S. Yacoob ^{33a}, Y. Yamaguchi ¹⁵⁴,
E. Yamashita ¹⁵³, H. Yamauchi ¹⁵⁷, T. Yamazaki ^{17a}, Y. Yamazaki ⁸⁵, J. Yan ^{62c},
S. Yan ¹²⁶, Z. Yan ²⁵, H.J. Yang ^{62c,62d}, H.T. Yang ^{62a}, S. Yang ^{62a}, T. Yang ^{64c},
X. Yang ^{62a}, X. Yang ^{14a}, Y. Yang ⁴⁴, Y. Yang ^{62a}, Z. Yang ^{62a}, W-M. Yao ^{17a},
Y.C. Yap ⁴⁸, H. Ye ^{14c}, H. Ye ⁵⁵, J. Ye ⁴⁴, S. Ye ²⁹, X. Ye ^{62a}, Y. Yeh ⁹⁶,
I. Yeletsikh ³⁸, B.K. Yeo ^{17b}, M.R. Yexley ⁹⁶, P. Yin ⁴¹, K. Yorita ¹⁶⁸, S. Younas ^{27b},
C.J.S. Young ³⁶, C. Young ¹⁴³, Y. Yu ^{62a}, M. Yuan ¹⁰⁶, R. Yuan ^{62b,m}, L. Yue ⁹⁶,
M. Zaazoua ^{62a}, B. Zabinski ⁸⁷, E. Zaid⁵², T. Zakareishvili ^{149b}, N. Zakharchuk ³⁴,
S. Zambito ⁵⁶, J.A. Zamora Saa ^{137d,137b}, J. Zang ¹⁵³, D. Zanzi ⁵⁴, O. Zaplatilek ¹³²,
C. Zeitnitz ¹⁷¹, H. Zeng ^{14a}, J.C. Zeng ¹⁶², D.T. Zenger Jr ²⁶, O. Zenin ³⁷, T. Ženiš ^{28a},
S. Zenz ⁹⁴, S. Zerradi ^{35a}, D. Zerwas ⁶⁶, M. Zhai ^{14a,14e}, B. Zhang ^{14c}, D.F. Zhang ¹³⁹,
J. Zhang ^{62b}, J. Zhang ⁶, K. Zhang ^{14a,14e}, L. Zhang ^{62a}, L. Zhang ^{14c}, P. Zhang ^{14a,14e},
R. Zhang ¹⁷⁰, S. Zhang ¹⁰⁶, T. Zhang ¹⁵³, X. Zhang ^{62c}, X. Zhang ^{62b}, Y. Zhang ^{62c,5},
Y. Zhang ⁹⁶, Z. Zhang ^{17a}, Z. Zhang ⁶⁶, H. Zhao ¹³⁸, P. Zhao ⁵¹, T. Zhao ^{62b},
Y. Zhao ¹³⁶, Z. Zhao ^{62a}, A. Zhemchugov ³⁸, J. Zheng ^{14c}, K. Zheng ¹⁶², X. Zheng ^{62a},
Z. Zheng ¹⁴³, D. Zhong ¹⁶², B. Zhou¹⁰⁶, H. Zhou ⁷, N. Zhou ^{62c}, Y. Zhou⁷, C.G. Zhu ^{62b},
J. Zhu ¹⁰⁶, Y. Zhu ^{62c}, Y. Zhu ^{62a}, X. Zhuang ^{14a}, K. Zhukov ³⁷, V. Zhulanov ³⁷,
N.I. Zimine ³⁸, J. Zinsser ^{63b}, M. Ziolkowski ¹⁴¹, L. Živković ¹⁵, A. Zoccoli ^{23b,23a},
K. Zoch ⁵⁶, T.G. Zorbos ¹³⁹, O. Zormpa ⁴⁶, W. Zou ⁴¹, L. Zwalinski ³⁶

¹ Department of Physics, University of Adelaide, Adelaide; Australia

² Department of Physics, University of Alberta, Edmonton AB; Canada

³ ^(a) Department of Physics, Ankara University, Ankara; ^(b) Division of Physics, TOBB University of Economics and Technology, Ankara; Türkiye

⁴ LAPP, Université Savoie Mont Blanc, CNRS/IN2P3, Annecy; France

⁵ APC, Université Paris Cité, CNRS/IN2P3, Paris; France

⁶ High Energy Physics Division, Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne IL; U.S.A.

⁷ Department of Physics, University of Arizona, Tucson AZ; U.S.A.

⁸ Department of Physics, University of Texas at Arlington, Arlington TX; U.S.A.

⁹ Physics Department, National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Athens; Greece

¹⁰ Physics Department, National Technical University of Athens, Zografou; Greece

¹¹ Department of Physics, University of Texas at Austin, Austin TX; U.S.A.

- ¹² *Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku; Azerbaijan*
- ¹³ *Institut de Física d'Altes Energies (IFAE), Barcelona Institute of Science and Technology, Barcelona; Spain*
- ¹⁴ ^(a) *Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing;* ^(b) *Physics Department, Tsinghua University, Beijing;* ^(c) *Department of Physics, Nanjing University, Nanjing;* ^(d) *School of Science, Shenzhen Campus of Sun Yat-sen University;* ^(e) *University of Chinese Academy of Science (UCAS), Beijing; China*
- ¹⁵ *Institute of Physics, University of Belgrade, Belgrade; Serbia*
- ¹⁶ *Department for Physics and Technology, University of Bergen, Bergen; Norway*
- ¹⁷ ^(a) *Physics Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley CA;* ^(b) *University of California, Berkeley CA; U.S.A.*
- ¹⁸ *Institut für Physik, Humboldt Universität zu Berlin, Berlin; Germany*
- ¹⁹ *Albert Einstein Center for Fundamental Physics and Laboratory for High Energy Physics, University of Bern, Bern; Switzerland*
- ²⁰ *School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Birmingham, Birmingham; U.K.*
- ²¹ ^(a) *Department of Physics, Bogazici University, Istanbul;* ^(b) *Department of Physics Engineering, Gaziantep University, Gaziantep;* ^(c) *Department of Physics, Istanbul University, Istanbul; Türkiye*
- ²² ^(a) *Facultad de Ciencias y Centro de Investigaciones, Universidad Antonio Nariño, Bogotá;* ^(b) *Departamento de Física, Universidad Nacional de Colombia, Bogotá;* ^(c) *Pontificia Universidad Javeriana, Bogota; Colombia*
- ²³ ^(a) *Dipartimento di Fisica e Astronomia A. Righi, Università di Bologna, Bologna;* ^(b) *INFN Sezione di Bologna; Italy*
- ²⁴ *Physikalisches Institut, Universität Bonn, Bonn; Germany*
- ²⁵ *Department of Physics, Boston University, Boston MA; U.S.A.*
- ²⁶ *Department of Physics, Brandeis University, Waltham MA; U.S.A.*
- ²⁷ ^(a) *Transilvania University of Brasov, Brasov;* ^(b) *Horia Hulubei National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering, Bucharest;* ^(c) *Department of Physics, Alexandru Ioan Cuza University of Iasi, Iasi;* ^(d) *National Institute for Research and Development of Isotopic and Molecular Technologies, Physics Department, Cluj-Napoca;* ^(e) *University Politehnica Bucharest, Bucharest;* ^(f) *West University in Timisoara, Timisoara;* ^(g) *Faculty of Physics, University of Bucharest, Bucharest; Romania*
- ²⁸ ^(a) *Faculty of Mathematics, Physics and Informatics, Comenius University, Bratislava;* ^(b) *Department of Subnuclear Physics, Institute of Experimental Physics of the Slovak Academy of Sciences, Kosice; Slovak Republic*
- ²⁹ *Physics Department, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton NY; U.S.A.*
- ³⁰ *Universidad de Buenos Aires, Facultad de Ciencias Exactas y Naturales, Departamento de Física, y CONICET, Instituto de Física de Buenos Aires (IFIBA), Buenos Aires; Argentina*
- ³¹ *California State University, CA; U.S.A.*
- ³² *Cavendish Laboratory, University of Cambridge, Cambridge; U.K.*
- ³³ ^(a) *Department of Physics, University of Cape Town, Cape Town;* ^(b) *iThemba Labs, Western Cape;* ^(c) *Department of Mechanical Engineering Science, University of Johannesburg, Johannesburg;* ^(d) *National Institute of Physics, University of the Philippines Diliman (Philippines);* ^(e) *University of South Africa, Department of Physics, Pretoria;* ^(f) *University of Zululand, KwaDlangezwa;* ^(g) *School of Physics, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg; South Africa*
- ³⁴ *Department of Physics, Carleton University, Ottawa ON; Canada*
- ³⁵ ^(a) *Faculté des Sciences Ain Chock, Réseau Universitaire de Physique des Hautes Energies - Université Hassan II, Casablanca;* ^(b) *Faculté des Sciences, Université Ibn-Tofail, Kénitra;* ^(c) *Faculté des Sciences Semlalia, Université Cadi Ayyad, LPHEA-Marrakech;* ^(d) *LPMR, Faculté des Sciences, Université Mohamed Premier, Oujda;* ^(e) *Faculté des sciences, Université Mohammed V, Rabat;* ^(f) *Institute of Applied Physics, Mohammed VI Polytechnic University, Ben Guerir; Morocco*
- ³⁶ *CERN, Geneva; Switzerland*
- ³⁷ *Affiliated with an institute covered by a cooperation agreement with CERN*
- ³⁸ *Affiliated with an international laboratory covered by a cooperation agreement with CERN*

- ³⁹ Enrico Fermi Institute, University of Chicago, Chicago IL; U.S.A.
- ⁴⁰ LPC, Université Clermont Auvergne, CNRS/IN2P3, Clermont-Ferrand; France
- ⁴¹ Nevis Laboratory, Columbia University, Irvington NY; U.S.A.
- ⁴² Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen; Denmark
- ⁴³ ^(a) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università della Calabria, Rende; ^(b) INFN Gruppo Collegato di Cosenza, Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati; Italy
- ⁴⁴ Physics Department, Southern Methodist University, Dallas TX; U.S.A.
- ⁴⁵ Physics Department, University of Texas at Dallas, Richardson TX; U.S.A.
- ⁴⁶ National Centre for Scientific Research "Demokritos", Agia Paraskevi; Greece
- ⁴⁷ ^(a) Department of Physics, Stockholm University; ^(b) Oskar Klein Centre, Stockholm; Sweden
- ⁴⁸ Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron DESY, Hamburg and Zeuthen; Germany
- ⁴⁹ Fakultät Physik, Technische Universität Dortmund, Dortmund; Germany
- ⁵⁰ Institut für Kern- und Teilchenphysik, Technische Universität Dresden, Dresden; Germany
- ⁵¹ Department of Physics, Duke University, Durham NC; U.S.A.
- ⁵² SUPA - School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh; U.K.
- ⁵³ INFN e Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati; Italy
- ⁵⁴ Physikalisches Institut, Albert-Ludwigs-Universität Freiburg, Freiburg; Germany
- ⁵⁵ II. Physikalisches Institut, Georg-August-Universität Göttingen, Göttingen; Germany
- ⁵⁶ Département de Physique Nucléaire et Corpusculaire, Université de Genève, Genève; Switzerland
- ⁵⁷ ^(a) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Genova, Genova; ^(b) INFN Sezione di Genova; Italy
- ⁵⁸ II. Physikalisches Institut, Justus-Liebig-Universität Giessen, Giessen; Germany
- ⁵⁹ SUPA - School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Glasgow, Glasgow; U.K.
- ⁶⁰ LPSC, Université Grenoble Alpes, CNRS/IN2P3, Grenoble INP, Grenoble; France
- ⁶¹ Laboratory for Particle Physics and Cosmology, Harvard University, Cambridge MA; U.S.A.
- ⁶² ^(a) Department of Modern Physics and State Key Laboratory of Particle Detection and Electronics, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei; ^(b) Institute of Frontier and Interdisciplinary Science and Key Laboratory of Particle Physics and Particle Irradiation (MOE), Shandong University, Qingdao; ^(c) School of Physics and Astronomy, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Key Laboratory for Particle Astrophysics and Cosmology (MOE), SKLPPC, Shanghai; ^(d) Tsung-Dao Lee Institute, Shanghai; China
- ⁶³ ^(a) Kirchhoff-Institut für Physik, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg; ^(b) Physikalisches Institut, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg; Germany
- ⁶⁴ ^(a) Department of Physics, Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong; ^(b) Department of Physics, University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong; ^(c) Department of Physics and Institute for Advanced Study, Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, Clear Water Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong; China
- ⁶⁵ Department of Physics, National Tsing Hua University, Hsinchu; Taiwan
- ⁶⁶ IJCLab, Université Paris-Saclay, CNRS/IN2P3, 91405, Orsay; France
- ⁶⁷ Centro Nacional de Microelectrónica (IMB-CNM-CSIC), Barcelona; Spain
- ⁶⁸ Department of Physics, Indiana University, Bloomington IN; U.S.A.
- ⁶⁹ ^(a) INFN Gruppo Collegato di Udine, Sezione di Trieste, Udine; ^(b) ICTP, Trieste; ^(c) Dipartimento Politecnico di Ingegneria e Architettura, Università di Udine, Udine; Italy
- ⁷⁰ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Lecce; ^(b) Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università del Salento, Lecce; Italy
- ⁷¹ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Milano; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Milano, Milano; Italy
- ⁷² ^(a) INFN Sezione di Napoli; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Napoli, Napoli; Italy
- ⁷³ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Pavia; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Pavia, Pavia; Italy
- ⁷⁴ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Pisa; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica E. Fermi, Università di Pisa, Pisa; Italy
- ⁷⁵ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Roma; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Sapienza Università di Roma, Roma; Italy
- ⁷⁶ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Roma Tor Vergata; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Roma Tor Vergata, Roma; Italy
- ⁷⁷ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Roma Tre; ^(b) Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università Roma Tre, Roma; Italy

- 78 ^(a) INFN-TIFPA; ^(b) Università degli Studi di Trento, Trento; Italy
- 79 Universität Innsbruck, Department of Astro and Particle Physics, Innsbruck; Austria
- 80 University of Iowa, Iowa City IA; U.S.A.
- 81 Department of Physics and Astronomy, Iowa State University, Ames IA; U.S.A.
- 82 Istinye University, Sariyer, Istanbul; Türkiye
- 83 ^(a) Departamento de Engenharia Elétrica, Universidade Federal de Juiz de Fora (UFJF), Juiz de Fora; ^(b) Universidade Federal do Rio De Janeiro COPPE/EE/IF, Rio de Janeiro; ^(c) Instituto de Física, Universidade de São Paulo, São Paulo; ^(d) Rio de Janeiro State University, Rio de Janeiro; Brazil
- 84 KEK, High Energy Accelerator Research Organization, Tsukuba; Japan
- 85 Graduate School of Science, Kobe University, Kobe; Japan
- 86 ^(a) AGH University of Krakow, Faculty of Physics and Applied Computer Science, Krakow; ^(b) Marian Smoluchowski Institute of Physics, Jagiellonian University, Krakow; Poland
- 87 Institute of Nuclear Physics Polish Academy of Sciences, Krakow; Poland
- 88 Faculty of Science, Kyoto University, Kyoto; Japan
- 89 Research Center for Advanced Particle Physics and Department of Physics, Kyushu University, Fukuoka ; Japan
- 90 Instituto de Física La Plata, Universidad Nacional de La Plata and CONICET, La Plata; Argentina
- 91 Physics Department, Lancaster University, Lancaster; U.K.
- 92 Oliver Lodge Laboratory, University of Liverpool, Liverpool; U.K.
- 93 Department of Experimental Particle Physics, Jožef Stefan Institute and Department of Physics, University of Ljubljana, Ljubljana; Slovenia
- 94 School of Physics and Astronomy, Queen Mary University of London, London; U.K.
- 95 Department of Physics, Royal Holloway University of London, Egham; U.K.
- 96 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University College London, London; U.K.
- 97 Louisiana Tech University, Ruston LA; U.S.A.
- 98 Fysiska institutionen, Lunds universitet, Lund; Sweden
- 99 Departamento de Física Teórica C-15 and CIAFF, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid; Spain
- 100 Institut für Physik, Universität Mainz, Mainz; Germany
- 101 School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Manchester, Manchester; U.K.
- 102 CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université, CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille; France
- 103 Department of Physics, University of Massachusetts, Amherst MA; U.S.A.
- 104 Department of Physics, McGill University, Montreal QC; Canada
- 105 School of Physics, University of Melbourne, Victoria; Australia
- 106 Department of Physics, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor MI; U.S.A.
- 107 Department of Physics and Astronomy, Michigan State University, East Lansing MI; U.S.A.
- 108 Group of Particle Physics, University of Montreal, Montreal QC; Canada
- 109 Fakultät für Physik, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, München; Germany
- 110 Max-Planck-Institut für Physik (Werner-Heisenberg-Institut), München; Germany
- 111 Graduate School of Science and Kobayashi-Maskawa Institute, Nagoya University, Nagoya; Japan
- 112 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque NM; U.S.A.
- 113 Institute for Mathematics, Astrophysics and Particle Physics, Radboud University/Nikhef, Nijmegen; Netherlands
- 114 Nikhef National Institute for Subatomic Physics and University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam; Netherlands
- 115 Department of Physics, Northern Illinois University, DeKalb IL; U.S.A.
- 116 ^(a) New York University Abu Dhabi, Abu Dhabi; ^(b) University of Sharjah, Sharjah; United Arab Emirates
- 117 Department of Physics, New York University, New York NY; U.S.A.
- 118 Ochanomizu University, Otsuka, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo; Japan
- 119 Ohio State University, Columbus OH; U.S.A.
- 120 Homer L. Dodge Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Oklahoma, Norman OK; U.S.A.

- ¹²¹ *Department of Physics, Oklahoma State University, Stillwater OK; U.S.A.*
- ¹²² *Palacký University, Joint Laboratory of Optics, Olomouc; Czech Republic*
- ¹²³ *Institute for Fundamental Science, University of Oregon, Eugene, OR; U.S.A.*
- ¹²⁴ *Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, Osaka; Japan*
- ¹²⁵ *Department of Physics, University of Oslo, Oslo; Norway*
- ¹²⁶ *Department of Physics, Oxford University, Oxford; U.K.*
- ¹²⁷ *LPNHE, Sorbonne Université, Université Paris Cité, CNRS/IN2P3, Paris; France*
- ¹²⁸ *Department of Physics, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia PA; U.S.A.*
- ¹²⁹ *Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh PA; U.S.A.*
- ¹³⁰ ^(a) *Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas - LIP, Lisboa;* ^(b) *Departamento de Física, Faculdade de Ciências, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa;* ^(c) *Departamento de Física, Universidade de Coimbra, Coimbra;* ^(d) *Centro de Física Nuclear da Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa;* ^(e) *Departamento de Física, Universidade do Minho, Braga;* ^(f) *Departamento de Física Teórica y del Cosmos, Universidad de Granada, Granada (Spain);* ^(g) *Departamento de Física, Instituto Superior Técnico, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa; Portugal*
- ¹³¹ *Institute of Physics of the Czech Academy of Sciences, Prague; Czech Republic*
- ¹³² *Czech Technical University in Prague, Prague; Czech Republic*
- ¹³³ *Charles University, Faculty of Mathematics and Physics, Prague; Czech Republic*
- ¹³⁴ *Particle Physics Department, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot; U.K.*
- ¹³⁵ *IRFU, CEA, Université Paris-Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette; France*
- ¹³⁶ *Santa Cruz Institute for Particle Physics, University of California Santa Cruz, Santa Cruz CA; U.S.A.*
- ¹³⁷ ^(a) *Departamento de Física, Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile, Santiago;* ^(b) *Millennium Institute for Subatomic physics at high energy frontier (SAPHIR), Santiago;* ^(c) *Instituto de Investigación Multidisciplinario en Ciencia y Tecnología, y Departamento de Física, Universidad de La Serena;* ^(d) *Universidad Andres Bello, Department of Physics, Santiago;* ^(e) *Instituto de Alta Investigación, Universidad de Tarapacá, Arica;* ^(f) *Departamento de Física, Universidad Técnica Federico Santa María, Valparaíso; Chile*
- ¹³⁸ *Department of Physics, University of Washington, Seattle WA; U.S.A.*
- ¹³⁹ *Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sheffield, Sheffield; U.K.*
- ¹⁴⁰ *Department of Physics, Shinshu University, Nagano; Japan*
- ¹⁴¹ *Department Physik, Universität Siegen, Siegen; Germany*
- ¹⁴² *Department of Physics, Simon Fraser University, Burnaby BC; Canada*
- ¹⁴³ *SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Stanford CA; U.S.A.*
- ¹⁴⁴ *Department of Physics, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm; Sweden*
- ¹⁴⁵ *Departments of Physics and Astronomy, Stony Brook University, Stony Brook NY; U.S.A.*
- ¹⁴⁶ *Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sussex, Brighton; U.K.*
- ¹⁴⁷ *School of Physics, University of Sydney, Sydney; Australia*
- ¹⁴⁸ *Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei; Taiwan*
- ¹⁴⁹ ^(a) *E. Andronikashvili Institute of Physics, Iv. Javakishvili Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi;* ^(b) *High Energy Physics Institute, Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi;* ^(c) *University of Georgia, Tbilisi; Georgia*
- ¹⁵⁰ *Department of Physics, Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa; Israel*
- ¹⁵¹ *Raymond and Beverly Sackler School of Physics and Astronomy, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv; Israel*
- ¹⁵² *Department of Physics, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki; Greece*
- ¹⁵³ *International Center for Elementary Particle Physics and Department of Physics, University of Tokyo, Tokyo; Japan*
- ¹⁵⁴ *Department of Physics, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Tokyo; Japan*
- ¹⁵⁵ *Department of Physics, University of Toronto, Toronto ON; Canada*
- ¹⁵⁶ ^(a) *TRIUMF, Vancouver BC;* ^(b) *Department of Physics and Astronomy, York University, Toronto ON; Canada*
- ¹⁵⁷ *Division of Physics and Tomonaga Center for the History of the Universe, Faculty of Pure and Applied Sciences, University of Tsukuba, Tsukuba; Japan*

- ¹⁵⁸ *Department of Physics and Astronomy, Tufts University, Medford MA; U.S.A.*
¹⁵⁹ *United Arab Emirates University, Al Ain; United Arab Emirates*
¹⁶⁰ *Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of California Irvine, Irvine CA; U.S.A.*
¹⁶¹ *Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Uppsala, Uppsala; Sweden*
¹⁶² *Department of Physics, University of Illinois, Urbana IL; U.S.A.*
¹⁶³ *Instituto de Física Corpuscular (IFIC), Centro Mixto Universidad de Valencia — CSIC, Valencia; Spain*
¹⁶⁴ *Department of Physics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver BC; Canada*
¹⁶⁵ *Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Victoria, Victoria BC; Canada*
¹⁶⁶ *Fakultät für Physik und Astronomie, Julius-Maximilians-Universität Würzburg, Würzburg; Germany*
¹⁶⁷ *Department of Physics, University of Warwick, Coventry; U.K.*
¹⁶⁸ *Waseda University, Tokyo; Japan*
¹⁶⁹ *Department of Particle Physics and Astrophysics, Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot; Israel*
¹⁷⁰ *Department of Physics, University of Wisconsin, Madison WI; U.S.A.*
¹⁷¹ *Fakultät für Mathematik und Naturwissenschaften, Fachgruppe Physik, Bergische Universität Wuppertal, Wuppertal; Germany*
¹⁷² *Department of Physics, Yale University, New Haven CT; U.S.A.*

^a *Also Affiliated with an institute covered by a cooperation agreement with CERN*

^b *Also at An-Najah National University, Nablus; Palestine*

^c *Also at APC, Université Paris Cité, CNRS/IN2P3, Paris; France*

^d *Also at Borough of Manhattan Community College, City University of New York, New York NY; U.S.A.*

^e *Also at Center for High Energy Physics, Peking University; China*

^f *Also at Center for Interdisciplinary Research and Innovation (CIRI-AUTH), Thessaloniki; Greece*

^g *Also at Centro Studi e Ricerche Enrico Fermi; Italy*

^h *Also at CERN Tier-0; Switzerland*

ⁱ *Also at CERN, Geneva; Switzerland*

^j *Also at Département de Physique Nucléaire et Corpusculaire, Université de Genève, Genève; Switzerland*

^k *Also at Departament de Física de la Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, Barcelona; Spain*

^l *Also at Department of Financial and Management Engineering, University of the Aegean, Chios; Greece*

^m *Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, Michigan State University, East Lansing MI; U.S.A.*

ⁿ *Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sheffield, Sheffield; U.K.*

^o *Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Victoria, Victoria BC; Canada*

^p *Also at Department of Physics, Ben Gurion University of the Negev, Beer Sheva; Israel*

^q *Also at Department of Physics, California State University, Sacramento; U.S.A.*

^r *Also at Department of Physics, King's College London, London; U.K.*

^s *Also at Department of Physics, Oxford University, Oxford; U.K.*

^t *Also at Department of Physics, Royal Holloway University of London, Egham; U.K.*

^u *Also at Department of Physics, Stanford University, Stanford CA; U.S.A.*

^v *Also at Department of Physics, University of Fribourg, Fribourg; Switzerland*

^w *Also at Department of Physics, University of Massachusetts, Amherst MA; U.S.A.*

^x *Also at Department of Physics, University of Thessaly; Greece*

^y *Also at Department of Physics, Westmont College, Santa Barbara; U.S.A.*

^z *Also at Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron DESY, Hamburg and Zeuthen; Germany*

^{aa} *Also at Fakultät für Mathematik und Naturwissenschaften, Fachgruppe Physik, Bergische Universität Wuppertal, Wuppertal; Germany*

^{ab} *Also at Hellenic Open University, Patras; Greece*

^{ac} *Also at Institutio Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avancats, ICREA, Barcelona; Spain*

^{ad} *Also at Institut für Experimentalphysik, Universität Hamburg, Hamburg; Germany*

- ^{ae} Also at Institute for Nuclear Research and Nuclear Energy (INRNE) of the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Sofia; Bulgaria
- ^{af} Also at Institute of Applied Physics, Mohammed VI Polytechnic University, Ben Guerir; Morocco
- ^{ag} Also at Institute of Particle Physics (IPP); Canada
- ^{ah} Also at Institute of Physics and Technology, Ulaanbaatar; Mongolia
- ^{ai} Also at Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku; Azerbaijan
- ^{aj} Also at Institute of Theoretical Physics, Ilia State University, Tbilisi; Georgia
- ^{ak} Also at IRFU, CEA, Université Paris-Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette; France
- ^{al} Also at L2IT, Université de Toulouse, CNRS/IN2P3, UPS, Toulouse; France
- ^{am} Also at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore; U.S.A.
- ^{an} Also at National Institute of Physics, University of the Philippines Diliman (Philippines); Philippines
- ^{ao} Also at Ochanomizu University, Otsuka, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo; Japan
- ^{ap} Also at School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Birmingham, Birmingham; U.K.
- ^{aq} Also at School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Manchester, Manchester; U.K.
- ^{ar} Also at SUPA — School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Glasgow, Glasgow; U.K.
- ^{as} Also at Technical University of Munich, Munich; Germany
- ^{at} Also at The Collaborative Innovation Center of Quantum Matter (CICQM), Beijing; China
- ^{au} Also at TRIUMF, Vancouver BC; Canada
- ^{av} Also at Università di Napoli Parthenope, Napoli; Italy
- ^{aw} Also at University of Colorado Boulder, Department of Physics, Colorado; U.S.A.
- ^{ax} Also at Washington College, Chestertown, MD; U.S.A.
- ^{ay} Also at Yeditepe University, Physics Department, Istanbul; Türkiye
- * Deceased