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Searches for exotic physics with unconventional signatures at ATLAS and CMS

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## Exotic among exotics?

Search for new BSM physics at LHC with exotic signatures:

- Standard decays
- Unconventional signatures: long time-of-flight, anomalous energy deposits, displaced secondary vertices...
- Detector-stable particles

## <u>Unusual and unique signatures are extremely challenging to probe:</u>

### TRIGGER

Anomalous signatures not associated with standard activity in the detector require the development of dedicated triggers!

### RECONSTRUCTION

**Object identification and** reconstruction algorithms are to be updated to include nonstandard tracks and energy deposits



### **NON-COLLISION** BACKGROUND

Unconventional signatures have unconventional backgrounds, from detector noise to noncollision physics events







# **Unconventional signatures**

**New particles can be long-lived:** observed lifetime is governed by an exponential defined by the proper lifetime ct  $c\tau = 5 \ cm, \ \beta\gamma \sim 40$ robat calorimeter 13% decay 5% distance





**CMS-PAS-EXO-19-021** 



Inclusive search for long-lived particles decaying into jets (covering lifetime between ~1 mm to ~1 m)

- Dedicated di-jet trigger to lower HT threshold from ~1 TeV to 0.4 TeV
- Select 1 displaced secondary vertex (SV) within tracker and 2 displaced jets
- MVA selection to discriminate signal from huge QCD background:
- Minor backgrounds from nuclear interactions, heavy flavour decays, randomly crossing tracks

HT: scalar sum of jet pT for jets with pT > 40 GeV and  $|\eta| < 2.5$ 











Data-driven background estimate based on 3 dimensional ABCD method:

> selection 1: # prompt tracks of first jet <= 2 selection 2: # prompt tracks of second jet <= 2 selection 3: Gradient BDT score



Background uncorrelated in sel 3 vs sel 1/2 Signal highly correlated in sel 3 vs sel 1/2





**GBDT** score



Exclusion limits at 95% CL: for a Higgs portal model with two long-lived scalars, each decaying to a quark-antiquark pair, Higgs branching fractions larger than 1% can be excluded for mean proper decay lengths between 1mm and 1m











Search for exotic decays of the Higgs boson to pairs of longlived neutral particles, each decaying to a bottom quark pair:

- Trigger on ZH production: target lower masses and be sensitive in this unprobed phase space
- Dedicated LLP reconstruction in tracker region with custom Large Radius Tracking algorithm

$$\kappa H^2 S^2 + \mu H^2 S$$
  
Higgs portal and mixing  
with 'dark' scalars
 $p$ 
 $p$ 
 $p$ 
 $p$ 
 $p$ 
 $p$ 
 $p$ 

For scalar masses above 10 GeV  $\rightarrow$  bb decay mode favoured

## Displaced Vh 4b



### **Dedicated searches:**

in calorimeter:  $0.1 \le c\tau \le 10 m$ in muon system:  $c\tau \le 100 \ m$ EPJC 79 (2019) 481







### Zero events observed in signal region and consistent with background estimate



Most stringent 95% CL upper limits on BR(H->ss) for masses below 40 GeV

Displaced Vh 4b



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**CMS-PAS-EXO-19-013** 



Search for long-lived particles decaying into jets (covering lifetime between ~0.1 mm to ~100 mm)

- Jet trigger with HT 1050 GeV
- Select 2 displaced vertices events with more than 4 jets
- Customised track and vertex reconstruction for LLPs decaying inside the beam pipe (no association with jets)
- Target pairs of LLP: distance between the two DV as main discriminating variable
- Target tiny lifetimes: displacement of the vertex within the beam pipe (<~21 mm)

## **Displaced vertices**





HT: scalar sum of jet pT for jets with pT > 40 GeV and  $|\eta| < 2.5$ 

![](_page_8_Picture_21.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Picture_6.jpeg)

3.5

3.5

 $d_{VV}$  (mm)

d<sub>BV</sub> (mm)

### **CMS-PAS-EXO-19-013**

![](_page_10_Picture_1.jpeg)

The search is sensitive to various models with pair produced LLP decays into two or more jets in the final state. Zero events observes, results are interpreted in RPV SUSY models.

![](_page_10_Figure_3.jpeg)

Exclusion limits complementary to the displaced-jets and delayed-jet (j.physletb.2019.134876) searches

![](_page_10_Figure_7.jpeg)

# ATLAS-CONF-2021-015 Disappearing tracks

### Search for long-lived particle decaying within the inner tracker

- MET trigger to select events with jets and 'disappearing tracks' (due to suppressed interaction or low-pT)
- 'Disappearing track': 4-hit pixel tracks with no hits in the silicon traker (SCT) and < 5 GeV of energy deposits in calo dR < 0.2
- Rare SM backgrounds from charged lepton scattering and combinatorial fakes

![](_page_11_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_8.jpeg)

Targets very compressed SUSY scenarios (...and various DM models)

![](_page_11_Picture_10.jpeg)

ATLAS-CONF-2021-015 Disappearing tracks

![](_page_12_Figure_1.jpeg)

Exclusion for 660 GeV wino, best limit for wino-like neutralino (460 GeV in early Run2)

![](_page_12_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Picture_4.jpeg)

### Exclusion limits at 95% CL for the EWK channel fo the AMSB model, neutralino mass vs lifetime

![](_page_12_Figure_6.jpeg)

Exclusion for 210 GeV Higgsino, best limit for higgsino-like neutralino (155 GeV in early Run2)

![](_page_12_Figure_9.jpeg)

**CERN-EP-2021-041** 

![](_page_13_Picture_1.jpeg)

- dedicated jet+MET trigger, recorded in <u>empty bunches</u> to reduce background
- Non collision background that can produce energetic jets in out-of-time bunch crossings: cosmic-ray muons, beam induced background (BIB), cavern background and calorimeter noise

![](_page_13_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_13_Picture_7.jpeg)

**CERN-EP-2021-041** 

![](_page_14_Picture_1.jpeg)

Search for late decays to hadronic jets from long-lived particles

- dedicated jet+MET trigger, recorded in <u>empty bunches</u> to SUSY gluino R-hadrons as reduce background benchmark (gluino as LLP) g Non collision background that can produce energetic jets in out-of-time bunch crossings: cosmic-ray muons, beam induced background (BIB), cavern background and calorimeter noise if LLP long-lived enough, some will stop inside the detector before decaying D decay time Paired **Empty**

![](_page_14_Figure_5.jpeg)

## Stopped particles

![](_page_14_Picture_7.jpeg)

p

LLP decays here

calo

**CERN-EP-2021-041** 

![](_page_15_Picture_1.jpeg)

Fully data-driven background estimate with inputs from the background enriched control regions for cosmic-ray muons and BIB background. No excess found and 95%CL limits are presented.

![](_page_15_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_15_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Picture_0.jpeg)

- calorimeters
- can be very challenging and require new ideas and techniques
- research programs... but there is still much to be done
- long-lived particles pushing the detectors beyond their limits
- unconventional searches yet to be explored

## Conclusions

•New searches for long-lived particles in events with jets at ATLAS and CMS using full Run-2 dataset have been presented, mainly focusing on decays inside the inner tracking system and

• Several New Physics models imply the presence of unconventional signatures at colliders, which

• Experiments increasingly focus on unconventional signals and long-lived particles with ambitious

• Great effort in developing new tools and strategies to improve identification and reconstruction of

• Run-3 and HL-LHC programmes offer a unique opportunity to plan, innovate and create new

![](_page_17_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Picture_0.jpeg)

## ATLAS-CONF-2021-015 Disappearing tracks

![](_page_19_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_4.jpeg)

### Exclusion limits at 95% CL for the strong channel fo the AMSB model, neutralino mass vs lifetime

![](_page_19_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Figure_8.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_0.jpeg)

Search for two leptons with high impact parameter

![](_page_20_Figure_2.jpeg)

## **Displaced leptons**

![](_page_20_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Figure_5.jpeg)

Exclusion up to 830 GeV for 0.1 ns, up to 200 GeV for 10 ns lifetime (previous limits at 90 GeV)

![](_page_20_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_1.jpeg)

Search for delayed decays to hadronic jets of long-lived particles and missing transverse momentum

- exploits ECAL energy deposits timestamp to define t<sub>iet</sub>
- Main QCD background highly suppressed by outof-time (within same bunch crossing) jet cuts
- ~0 expected background in SR; high signal efficiency of out-of-time decays events

![](_page_21_Figure_6.jpeg)

## Delayed jet + MET

![](_page_21_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Figure_9.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_11.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Picture_7.jpeg)

Displaced jet recast

Reinterpretation of the search low electromagnetic fraction jet analysis preserved with RECAST to exclude new models not included in the paper: Stealth SUSY, Baryogenesis, dark photon

![](_page_23_Figure_3.jpeg)

The analysis allows to extend displaced jet exclusion from dark sector scenarios to lower lifetimes

![](_page_23_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Figure_8.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Picture_1.jpeg)

Event selection and LLP reconstruction:

- Select displaced jets events with small charged fraction and few tracks associated to the primary vertex
- Reconstruct large  $d_0$  tracks with Large Radius Tracking (LRT) algorithm
- Build displaced vertices (DV) with LRT tracks
- Match DV with displaced jet

### <u>Control region < 2 DV:</u>

Derive per-jet efficiency map pT (jet) vs b-tag score in 0 DV and 1 DV events

<u>Signal region >= 2 DV:</u> Predict background from DV probability efficiency map

# Displaced Vh 4b

![](_page_24_Picture_12.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_15.jpeg)

# ATLAS-CONF-2021-015 Disappearing tracks

- functions to CR events

![](_page_25_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Picture_5.jpeg)

(strong production results in backup)

![](_page_25_Figure_8.jpeg)