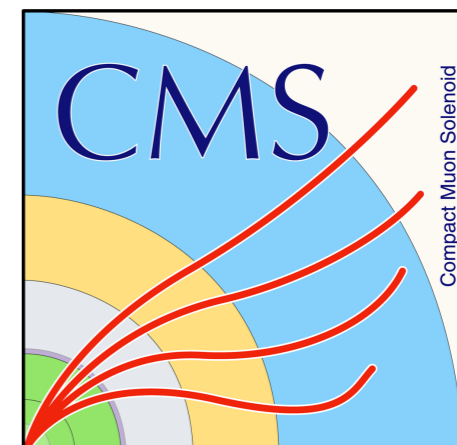


# Searches for supersymmetry in R-parity violating signatures at the LHC

Javier Montejo Berlingen



# Introduction

- We don't know what SUSY looks like → leave no stone unturned
- The most general renormalizable, gauge-invariant superpotential **contains RPV terms**

$$W_{Rp} = \mu_i H_u L_i + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{ijk} L_i L_j E_k^c + \lambda'_{ijk} L_i Q_j D_k^c + \frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c ,$$

lepton-number violating

baryon-number violating

- **RPV is a possible SUSY scenario, we should be looking for it**
- In general combinations of lepton+baryon number violating couplings are highly constrained by proton and neutron decays
  - Limits on only lepton- or only baryon-number violating couplings are much weaker
  - Constrains on third generation couplings are generally much weaker
- **RPV couplings make the LSP decay to SM, trade MET for more visible particles**
- For small enough couplings and/or heavy mediating sparticles the LSP can become long-lived
  - This talk focuses only on prompt decay
  - Dedicated talks for long-lived scenarios:
    - Hidden Sectors and Long-Lived Particle Signatures
    - Searches for long-lived particles with the CMS detector
    - Search for long-lived SUSY decays - CMS Experiment
    - Detecting hidden sector dark matter via long-lived stau decays

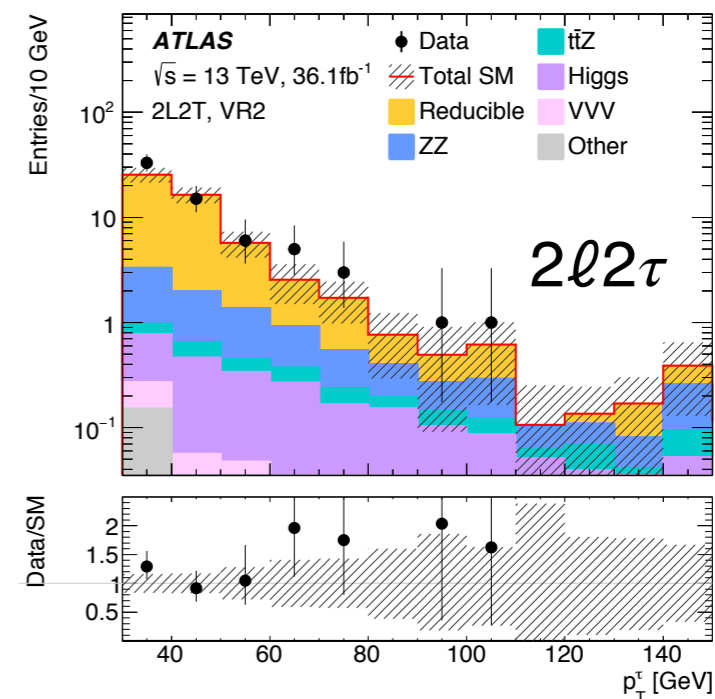
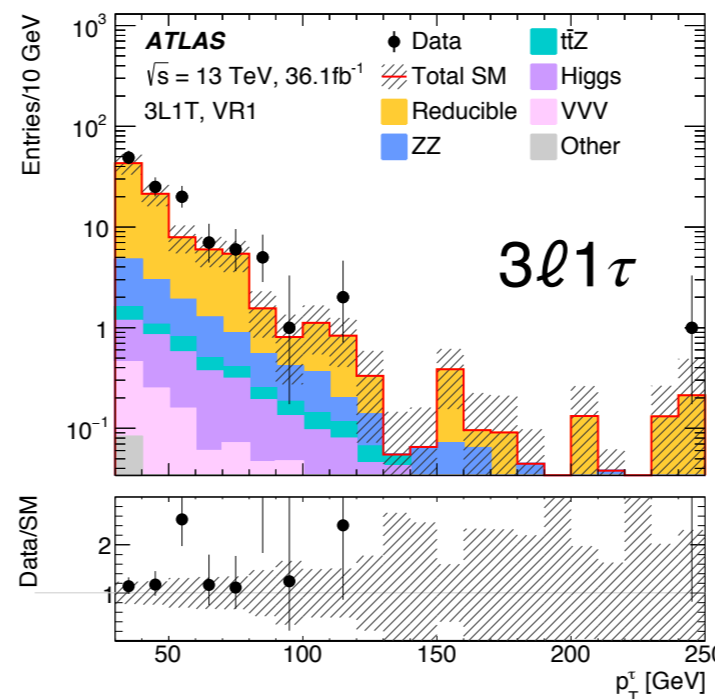
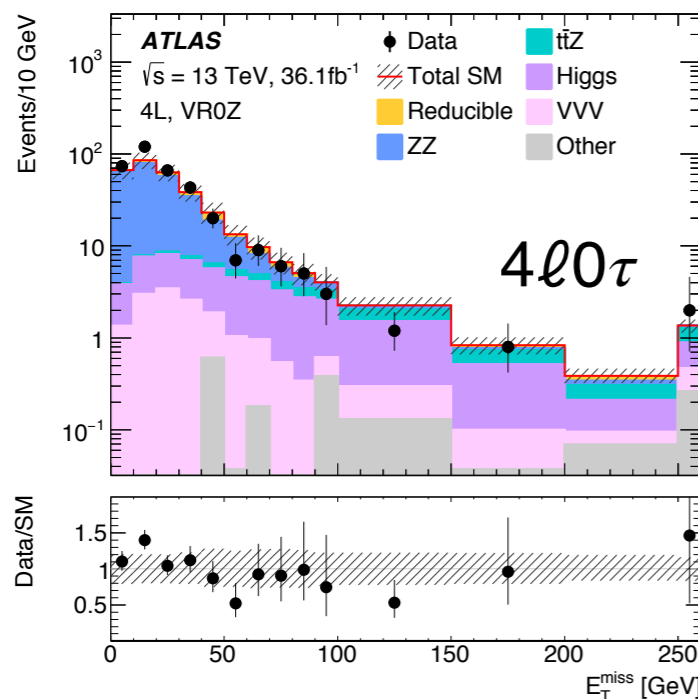
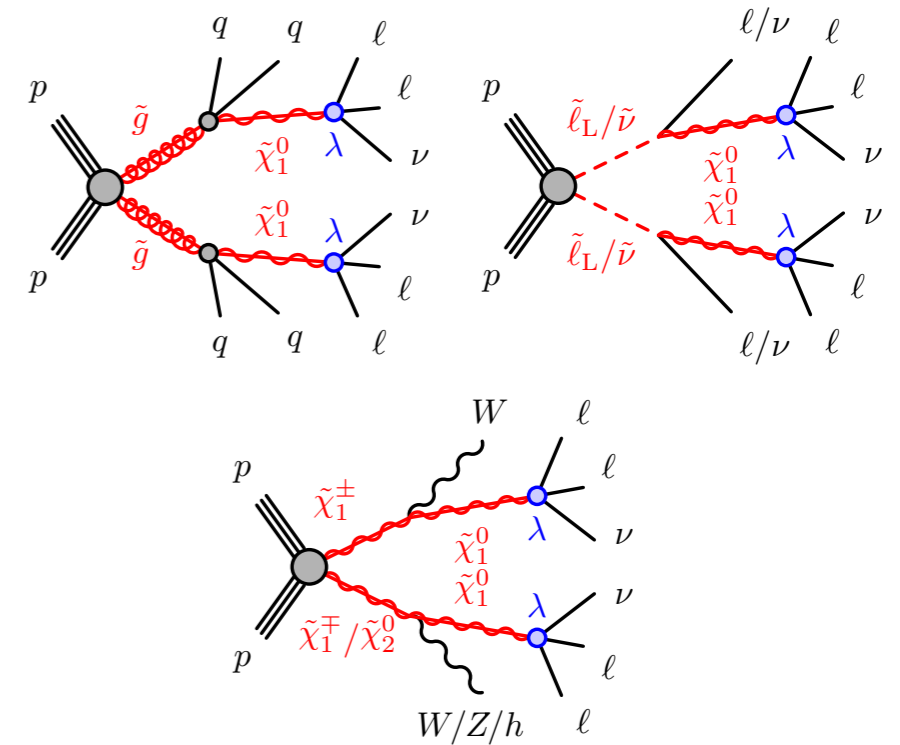
# RPV searches at the LHC

- Extensive search program for RPV SUSY in both ATLAS and CMS, also inclusive searches with RPV interpretations
- Will discuss only a subset, covering the three trilinear couplings: LLE, LQD, UDD
- **ATLAS**
  - Same-sign or three leptons (139 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [ATLAS-CONF-2019-015](#) (see [Giordon's talk](#))
  - Displaced vertex + muon (136 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [ATLAS-CONF-2019-006](#) (see [Hidetoshi's talk](#))
  - **RPC to RPV reinterpretation (36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [ATLAS-CONF-2018-003](#)**
  - **RPV all-hadronic (36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [Phys. Lett. B 785 \(2018\) 136](#)**
  - **RPV four leptons (36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [Phys. Rev. D 98 \(2018\) 032009](#)**
  - Dijet pairs (36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [Eur. Phys. J. C 78 \(2018\) 250](#)
  - Stop B-L (36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [Phys. Rev. D 97 \(2018\) 032003](#)
  - RPV lepton + many jets (36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [JHEP 09 \(2017\) 88](#)
- **CMS**
  - Same-sign or three leptons (137 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [CMS-PAS-SUS-19-008](#) (see [Andrew's talk](#))
  - **Resonant slepton (35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [Eur. Phys. J. C 79 \(2019\) 305](#)**
  - Displaced jets (35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [Phys. Rev. D 99 \(2019\) 032011](#)
  - **Tri-jet pairs (35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [Phys. Rev. D 99 \(2019\) 012010](#)**
  - Displaced vertex + jets (35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [Phys. Rev. D 98 \(2018\) 092011](#)
  - RPV lepton + many jets (35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [Phys. Lett. B 783 \(2018\) 114](#)
  - Dijet pairs (35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [Phys. Rev. D 98 \(2018\) 112014](#)
  - RPV all-hadronic (38.2 fb<sup>-1</sup>) [Phys. Rev. Lett. 121 \(2018\) 141802](#)

# RPV four leptons, ATLAS

$$\frac{1}{2} \lambda_{ijk} L_i L_j E_k^c$$

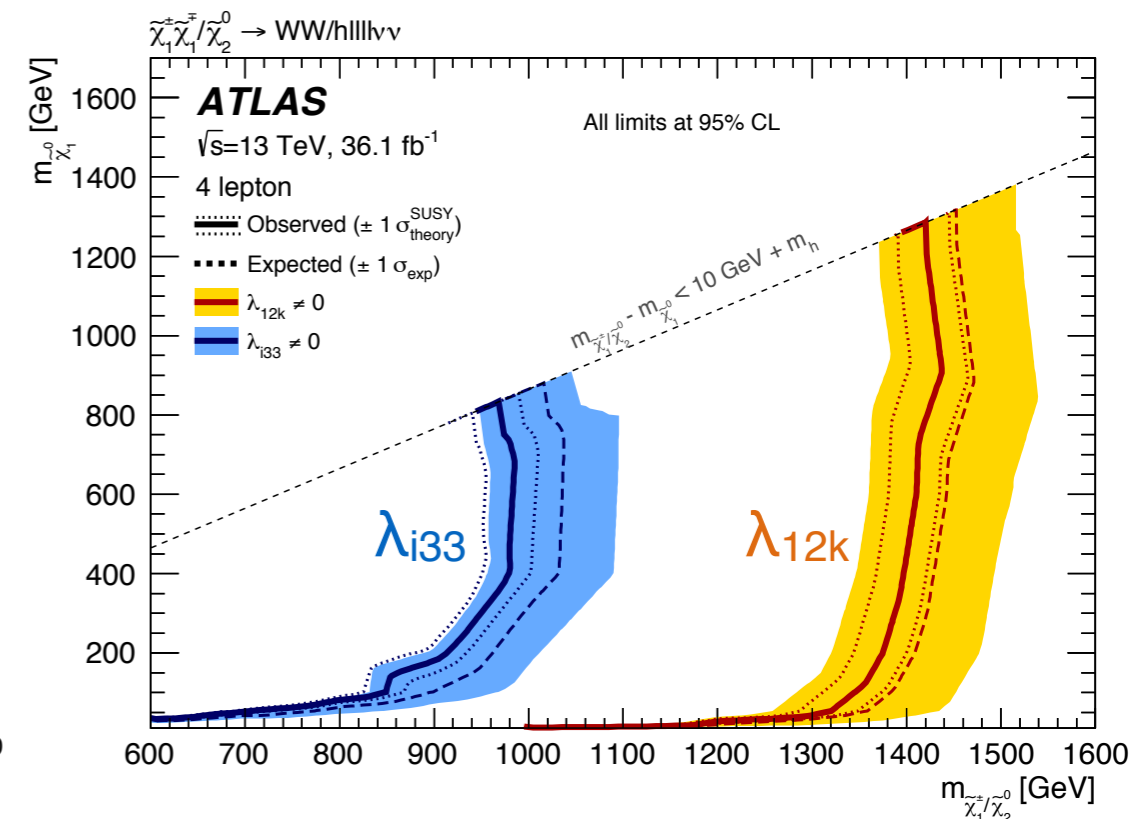
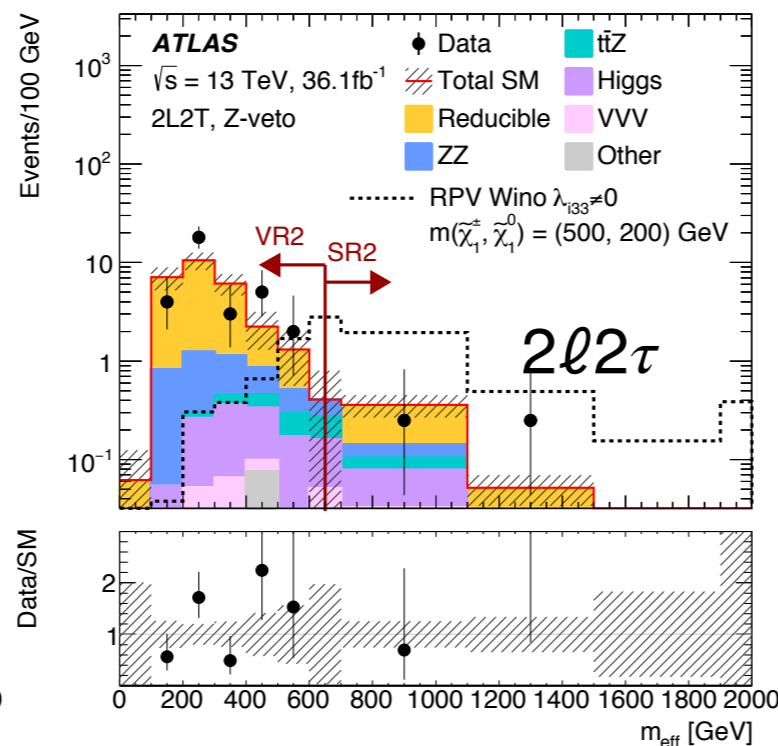
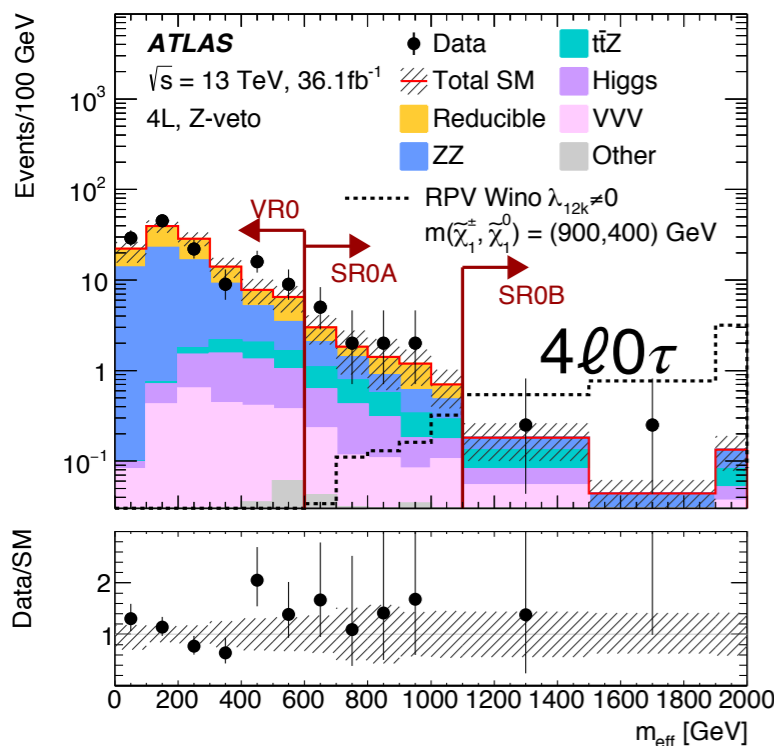
- Search for wino, slepton or gluino production with LSP decay via LLE coupling, to **at least four leptons**
- Three search channels with **0, 1 or 2 hadronic taus**
- Sensitivity to all LLE couplings, interpret in the two extremes with most/least taus:  $\lambda_{i33} / \lambda_{12k}$ , ( $i, k \in 1, 2$ )
- Background in 0-tau regions estimated from MC, dominated by prompt leptons (ZZ, ttZ, triboson)
- Background in 1- and 2-tau regions dominated by fake taus, estimated with data-driven method



# RPV four leptons, ATLAS

$$\frac{1}{2} \lambda_{ijk} L_i L_j E_k^c$$

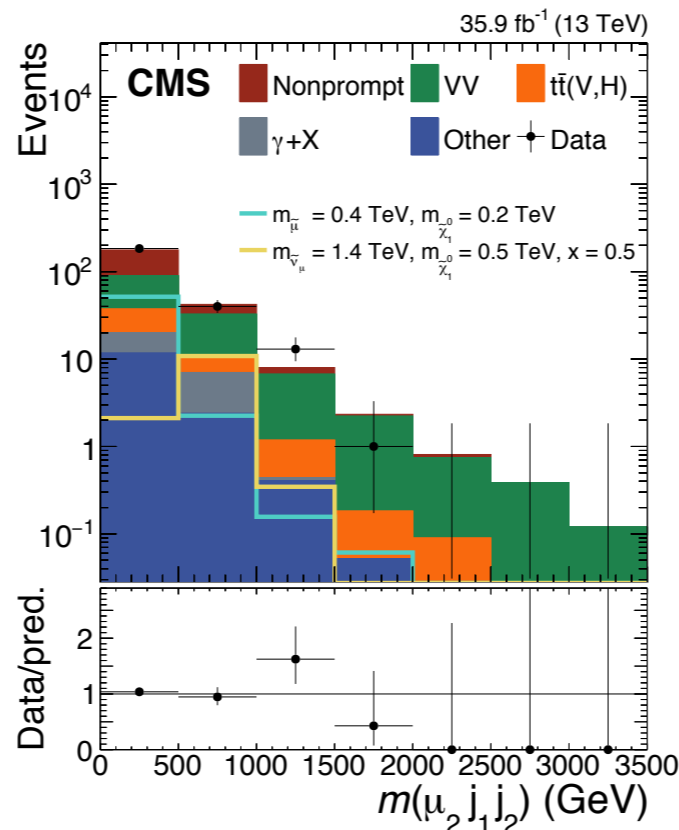
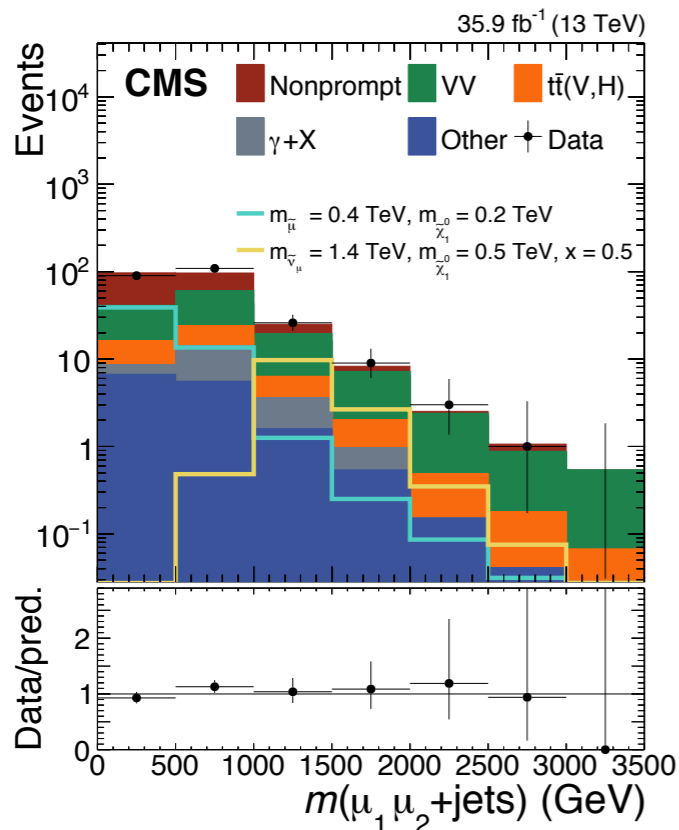
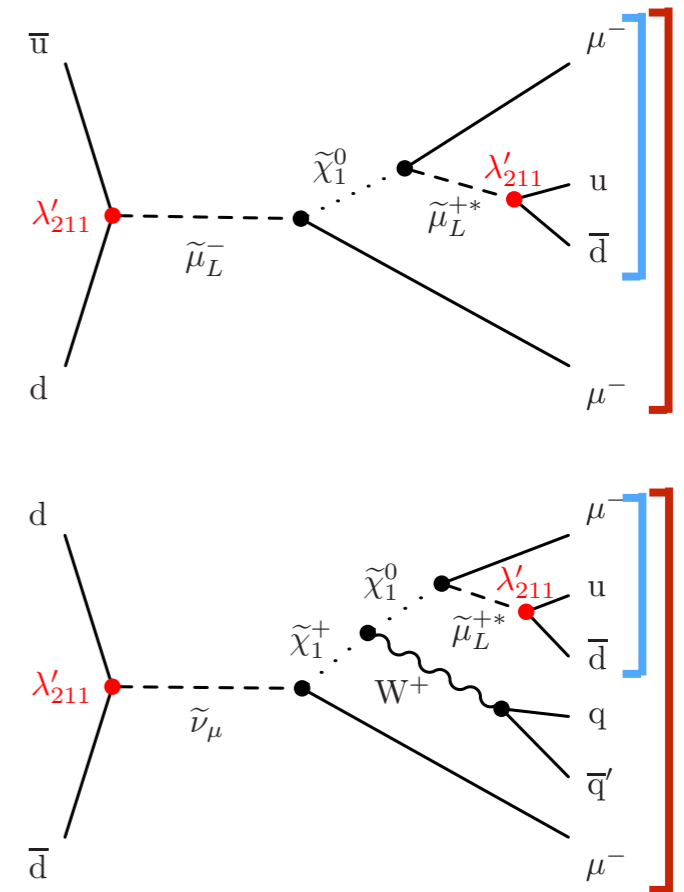
- Reducible background estimated via fake-factor method
- Fake-factor extracted from simulation and corrected to data where possible
- FF split per lepton type (light/heavy flavour, gluon-jet, photon conversion), process (ttbar, Z+jets, ...) and binned in  $p_T$ , eta, and number of prongs for taus
- FF applied to data as a weighted average of lepton type and process fraction
- No significant excess observed, limits are set for each production mode for two couplings:  $\lambda_{i33} / \lambda_{12k}$ , ( $i, k \in 1, 2$ )



# Resonant slepton, CMS

$$\lambda'_{ijk} L_i Q_j D_k^c$$

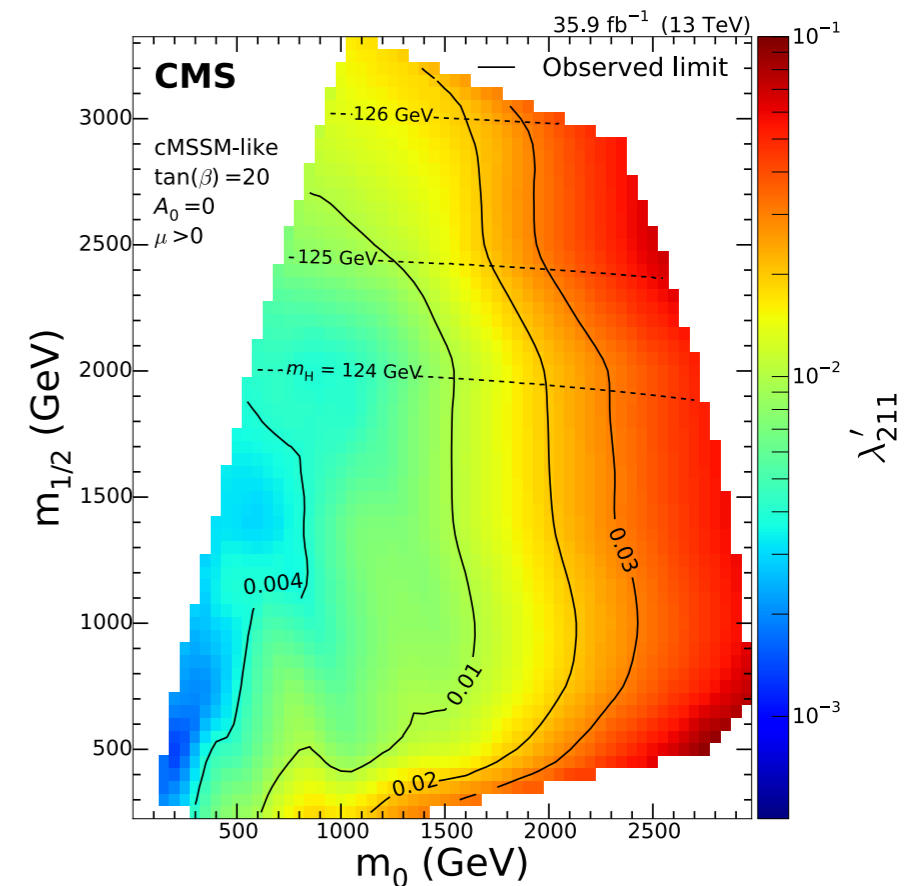
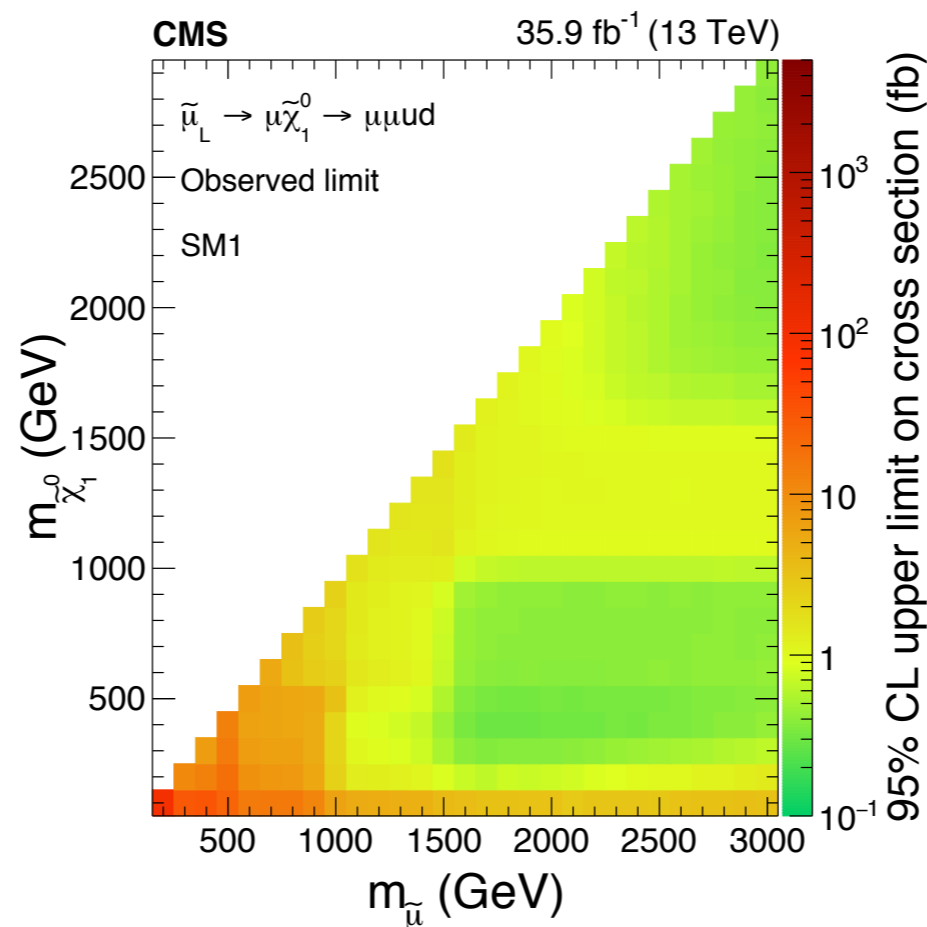
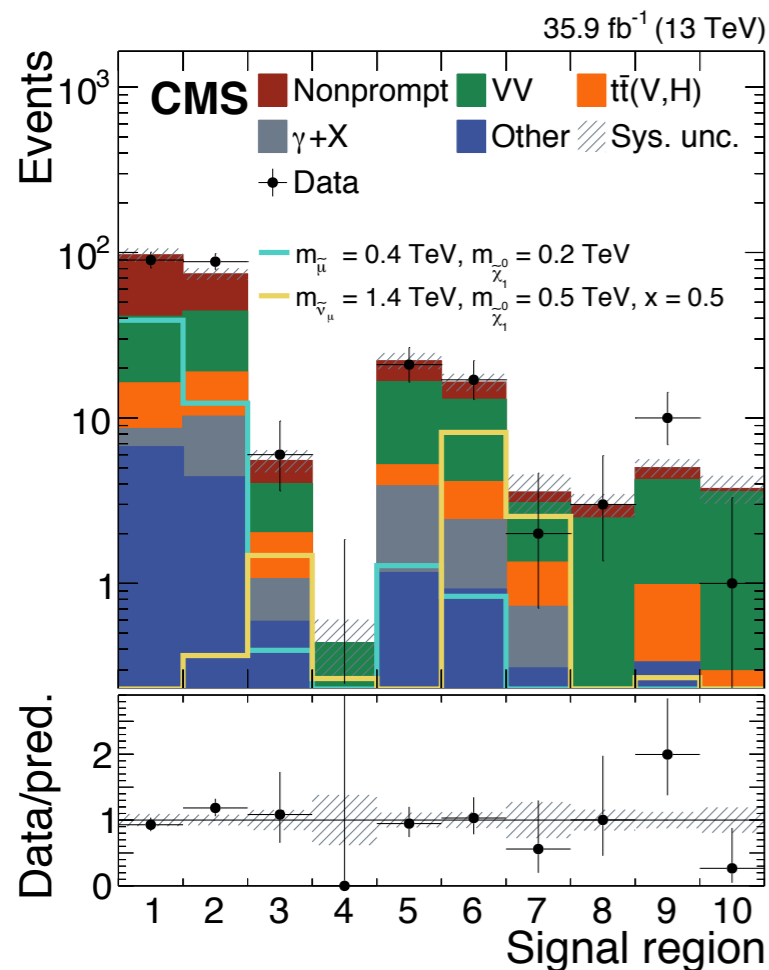
- Search for resonant slepton production decaying to **same-sign muons** via  $\lambda'_{211}$  (both production and decay)
- SR is binned in the 2D plane of  $m(\mu_1\mu_2+jets) \approx m_{\tilde{\mu}_L^-/\tilde{\nu}_\mu}$  and  $m(\mu_2 j_1 j_2) \approx m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$
- Background dominated by diboson ( $W^\pm W^\pm$ ,  $WZ$ ,  $ZZ$ ) and fake leptons in the low mass bins (mainly  $t\bar{t}$  with a muon from b-hadron decay)



# Resonant slepton, CMS

$$\lambda'_{ijk} L_i Q_j D_k^c$$

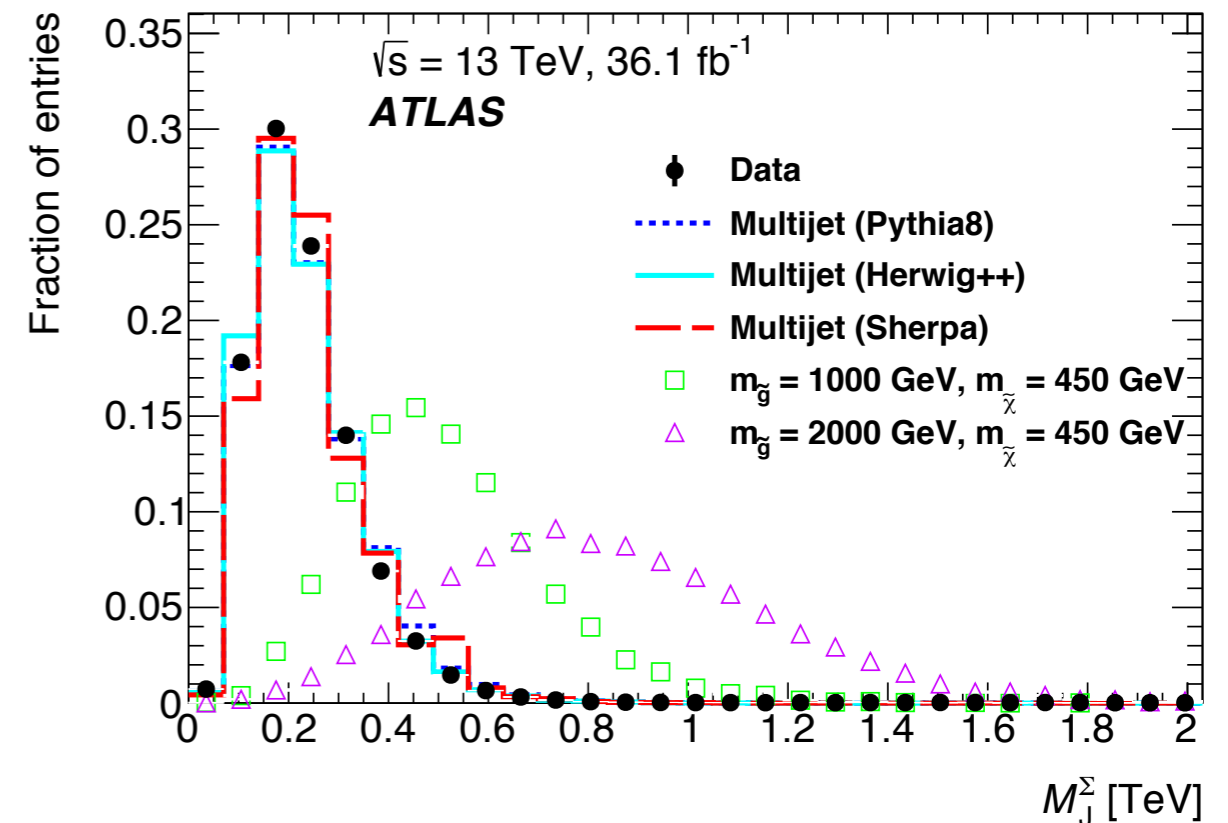
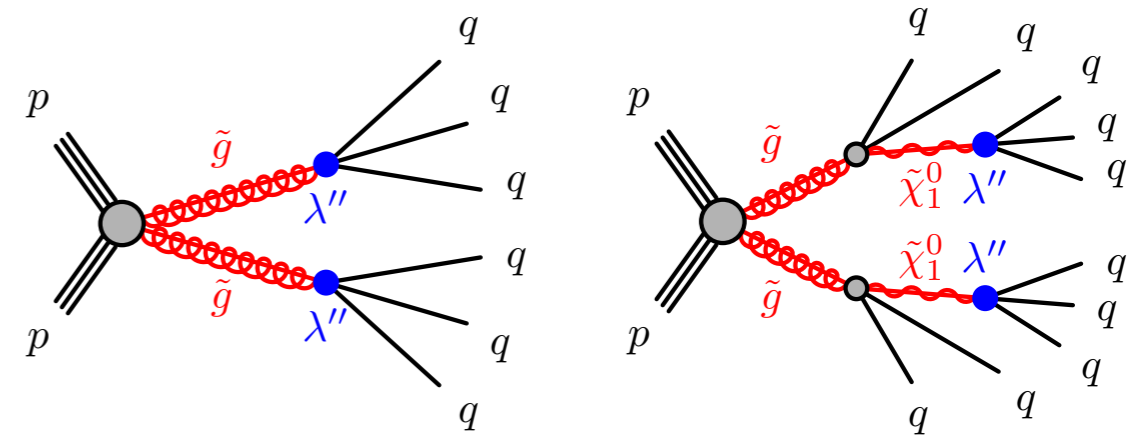
- WZ and ttZ normalised via a fit to the b-tag distribution in a 3-muon CR with  $|m_{\mu\mu} - m_z| < 15$  GeV
- Fake muon contribution estimated with tight-to-loose ratio method
- Contribution from photon conversion taken from MC and validated in 3-muon CR with  $|m_{\mu\mu\mu} - m_z| < 15$  GeV
- No significant excess is observed, limits are set on the cross section and on a modified cMSSM model with an additional  $\lambda'_{211}$  coupling



# RPV all-hadronic, ATLAS

$$\frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$$

- Search for gluino production decaying to 3 or 5 jets via UDD coupling
  - gluino  $\rightarrow$  3 jets
  - gluino  $\rightarrow$  2 jets + LSP  $\rightarrow$  5 jets
- Discriminant variable is sum of large-R jet masses:  $M_J^\Sigma$
- Individual jet masses predicted by sampling a PDF
  - Build PDF in a control region ( $N_{\text{jet}} = 3$ ) as a function of jet  $p_T/\eta/b$ -tagged
  - **Sample PDF in signal region** ( $N_{\text{jet}} \geq 4$ ,  $N_{\text{jet}} \geq 5$ )
- Uncorrelated discriminating variable  $|\Delta\eta_{12}|$  used to enhance SR sensitivity and define validation regions

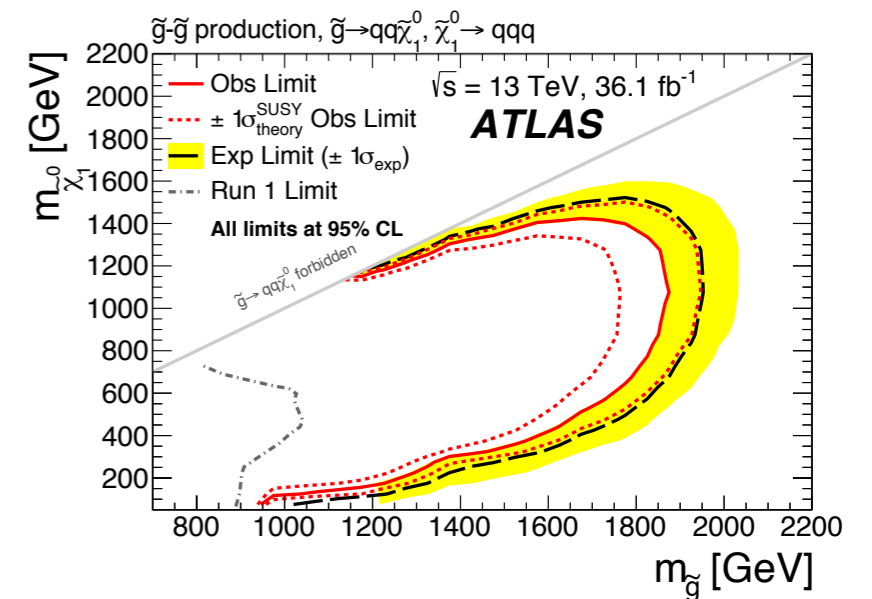
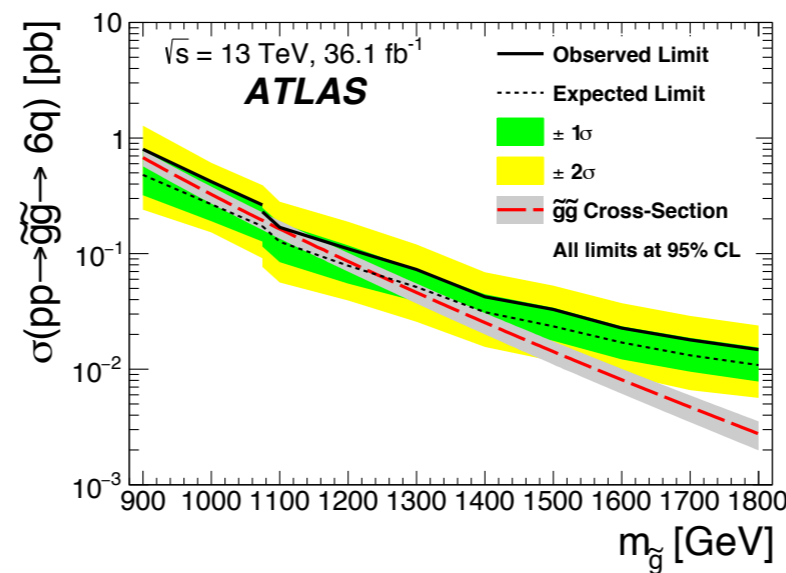
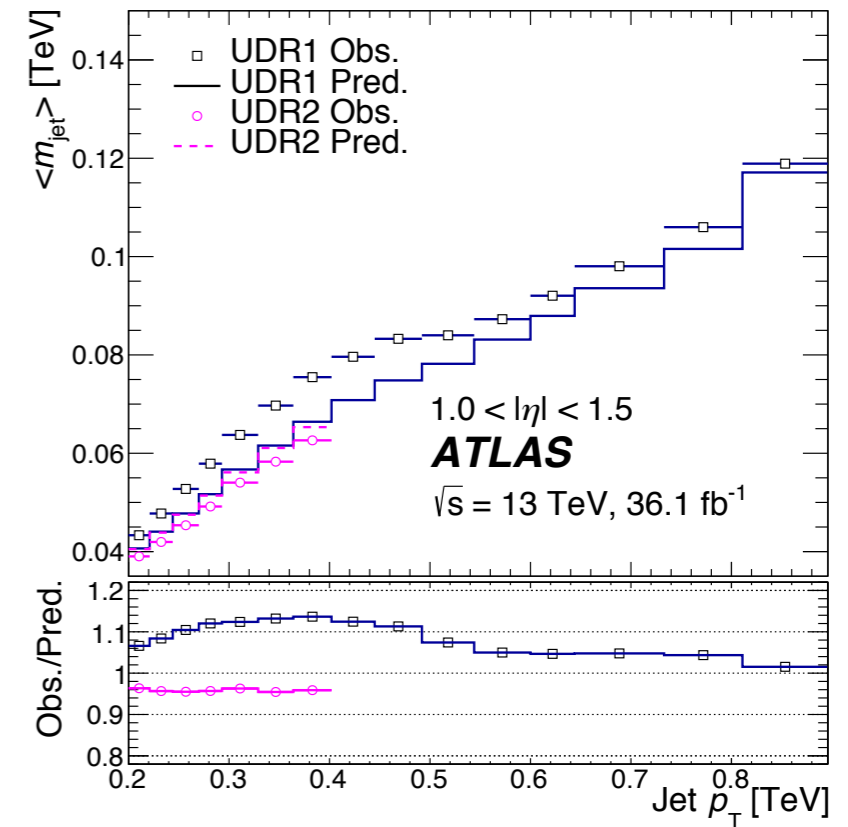
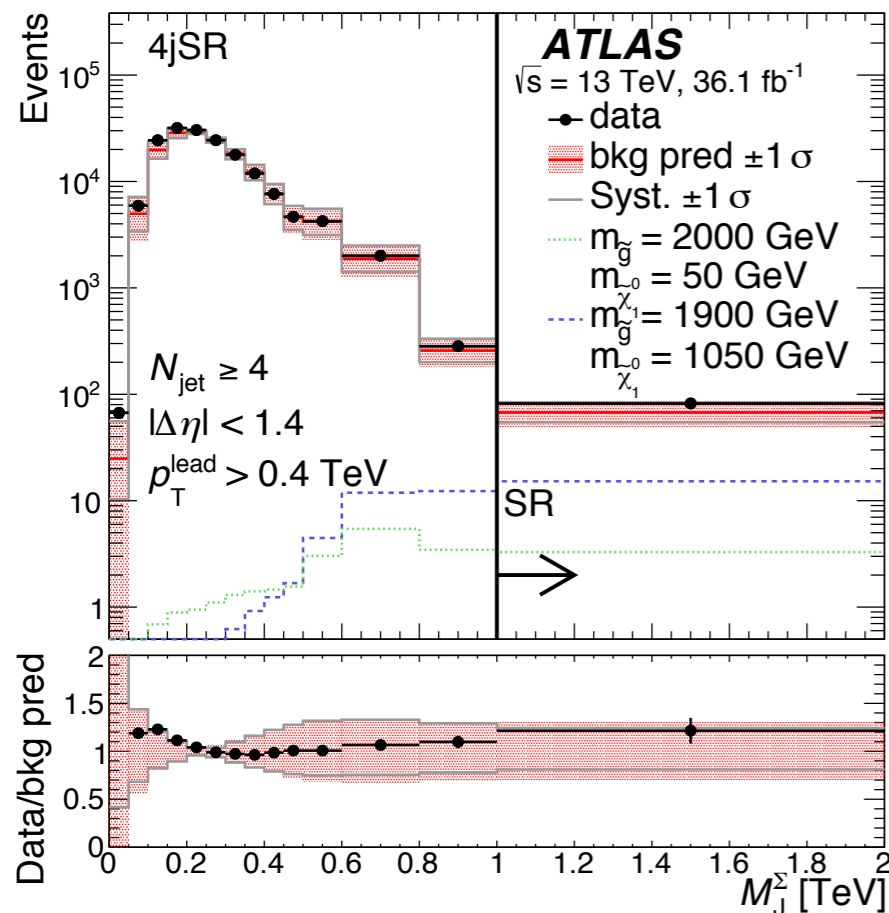




# RPV all-hadronic, ATLAS

$$\frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$$

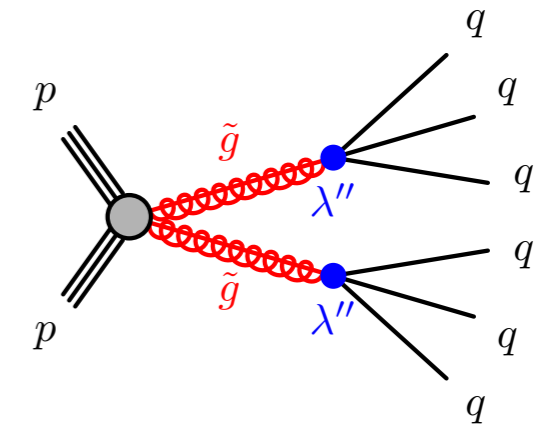
- A systematic uncertainty on the method is derived by looking at the closure in extreme regions of phase space
- No significant excess is observed, and limits are set on the two simplified models



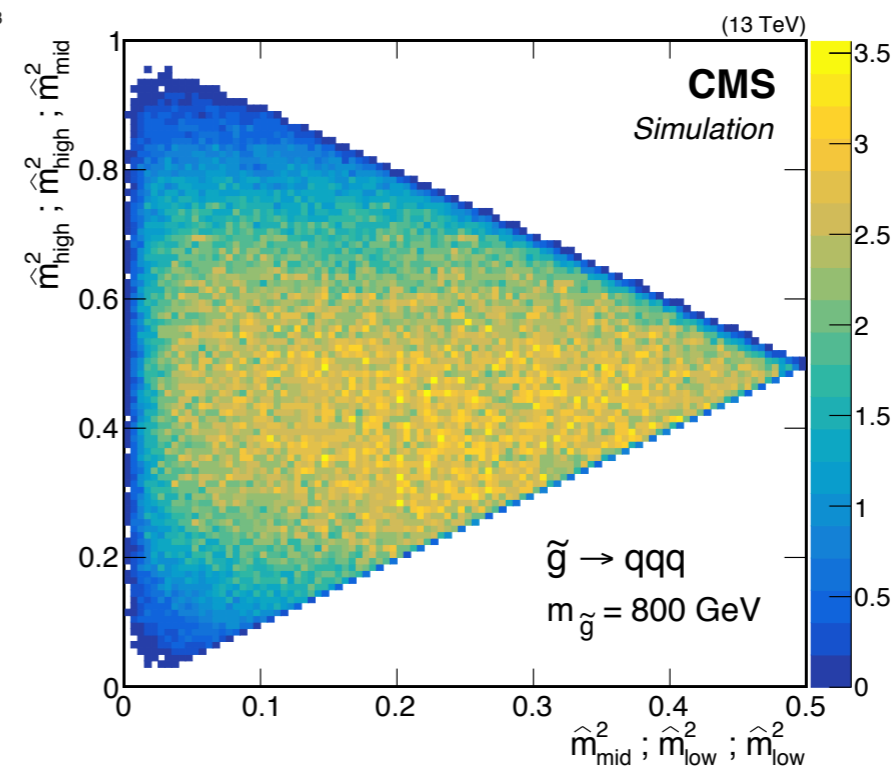
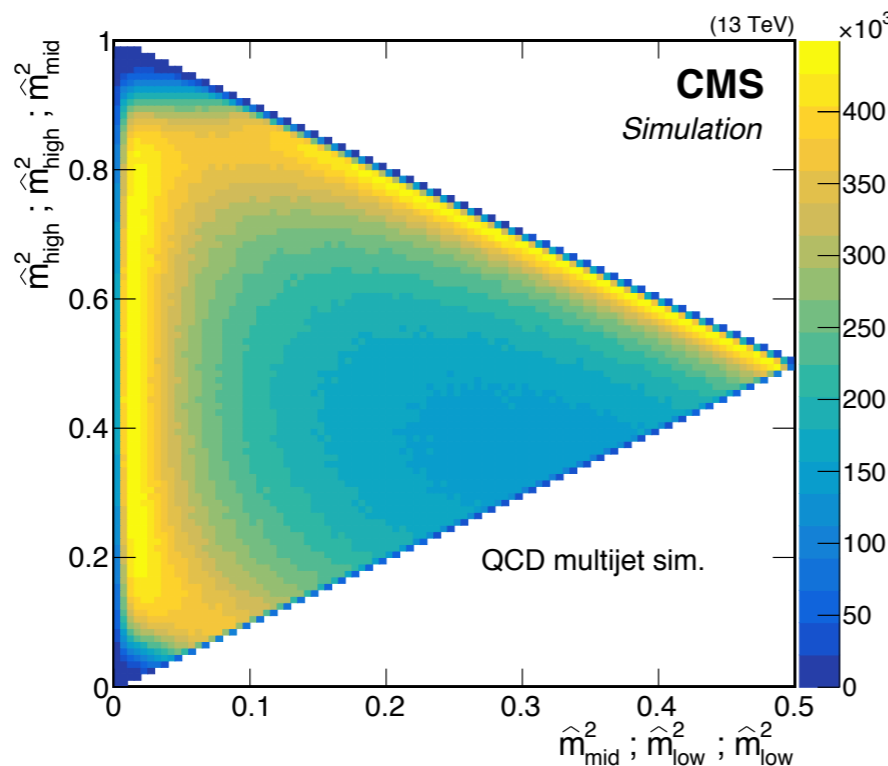
# Tri-jet pairs, CMS

$$\frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$$

- Search for pair-produced three-jet resonances. Interpreted as gluino production decaying to 3 jets via UDD coupling
- At high gluino masses (>700 GeV), trigger on  $H_T$  and  $H_T$ +jets
- Hard to trigger at low gluino masses, uses **data-scouting technique**: store only HLT-reconstructed objects. Allows much higher trigger rate by recording smaller event size
- Strategy: fit jet-triplet mass distribution, using all jet triplet combinations out of the 6 leading jets (20 triplets)
- Sensitivity improved by using **Dalitz variables**



$$\hat{m}(3, 2)_{ij}^2 = \frac{m_{ij}^2}{m_{ijk}^2 + m_i^2 + m_j^2 + m_k^2}$$



# Tri-jet pairs, CMS

$$\frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$$

- Sensitivity enhanced building new Dalitz variables:

- 3 per dijet permutation in a triplet

$$\hat{m}(3,2)_{ij}^2 = \frac{m_{ij}^2}{m_{ijk}^2 + m_i^2 + m_j^2 + m_k^2}$$

- 1 per triplet

$$D_{[3,2]}^2 = \sum_{i>j} \left( \hat{m}(3,2)_{ij} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right)^2$$

- 20 per triplet permutation in the event

$$\hat{m}(6,3)_{ijk}^2 = \frac{m_{ijk}^2}{4 m_{ijklmn}^2 + 6 \sum_i m_i^2}$$

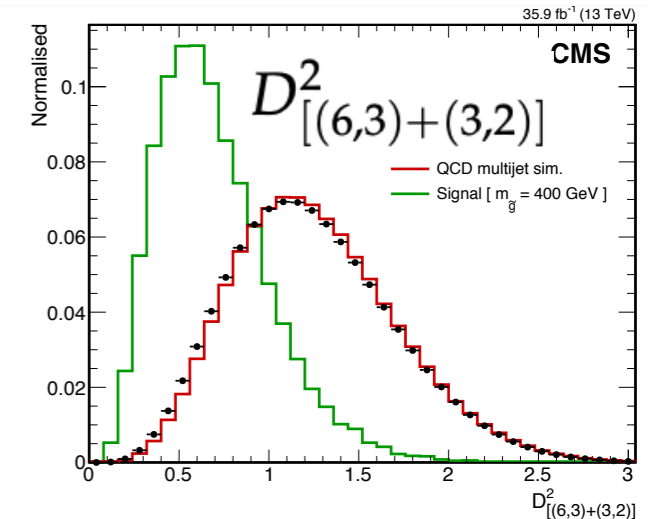
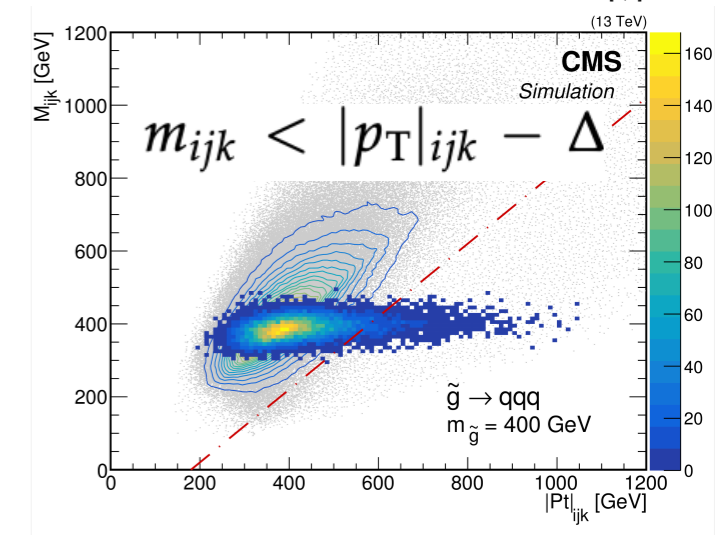
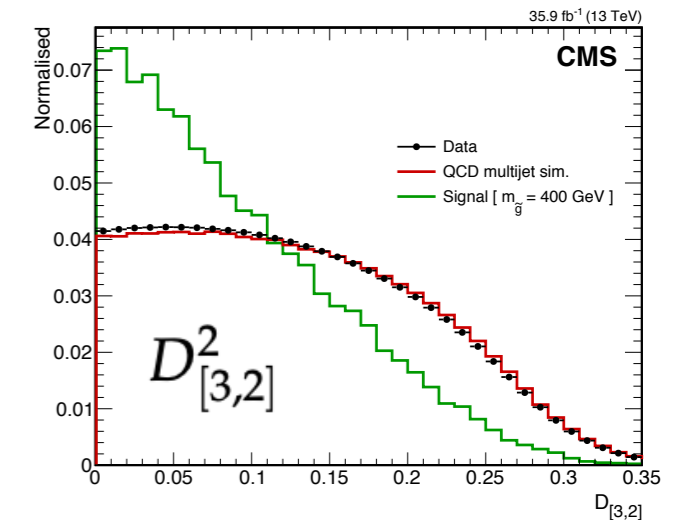
$$m_{ijk} < |p_T|_{ijk} - \Delta$$

- 10 per triplet-pair permutation in the event

$$A_m = \frac{|m_{ijk} - m_{lmn}|}{m_{ijk} + m_{lmn}}$$

- 1 per event

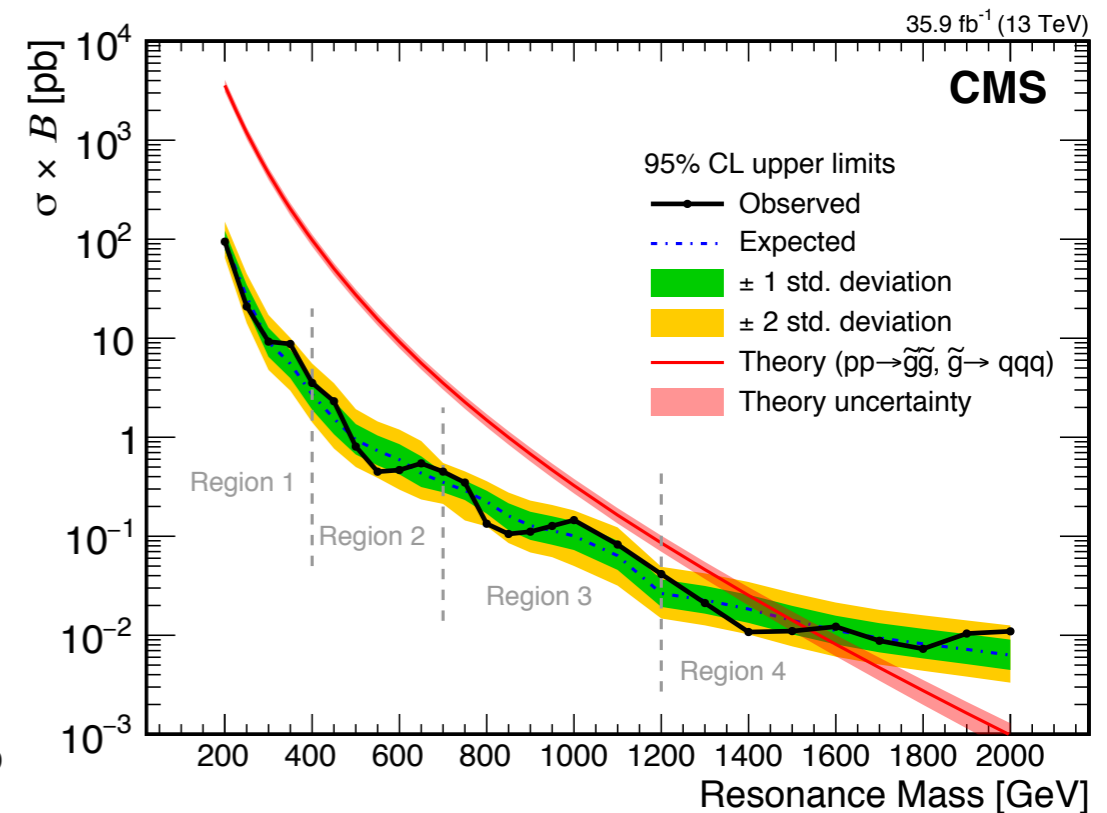
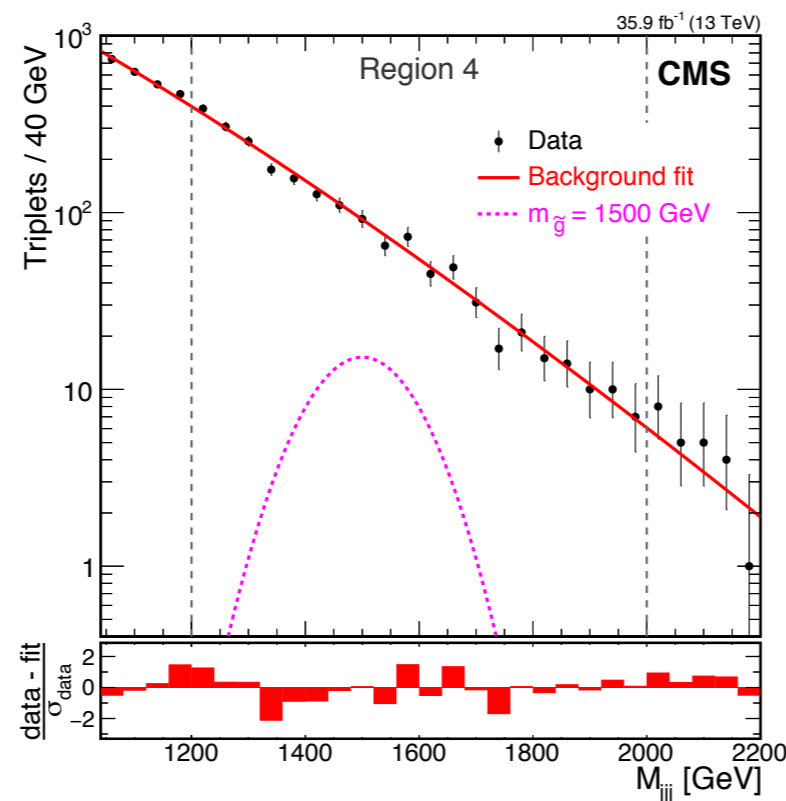
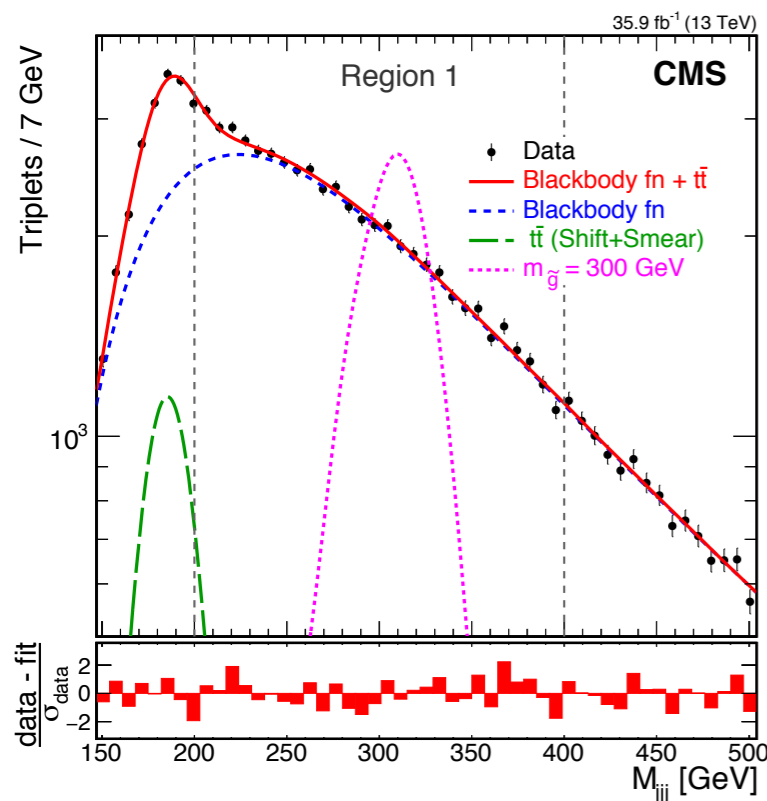
$$D_{[(6,3)+(3,2)]}^2 = \sum_{i<j<k} \left( \sqrt{\hat{m}(6,3)_{ijk}^2 + D_{[3,2],ijk}^2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{20}} \right)^2$$



# Tri-jet pairs, CMS

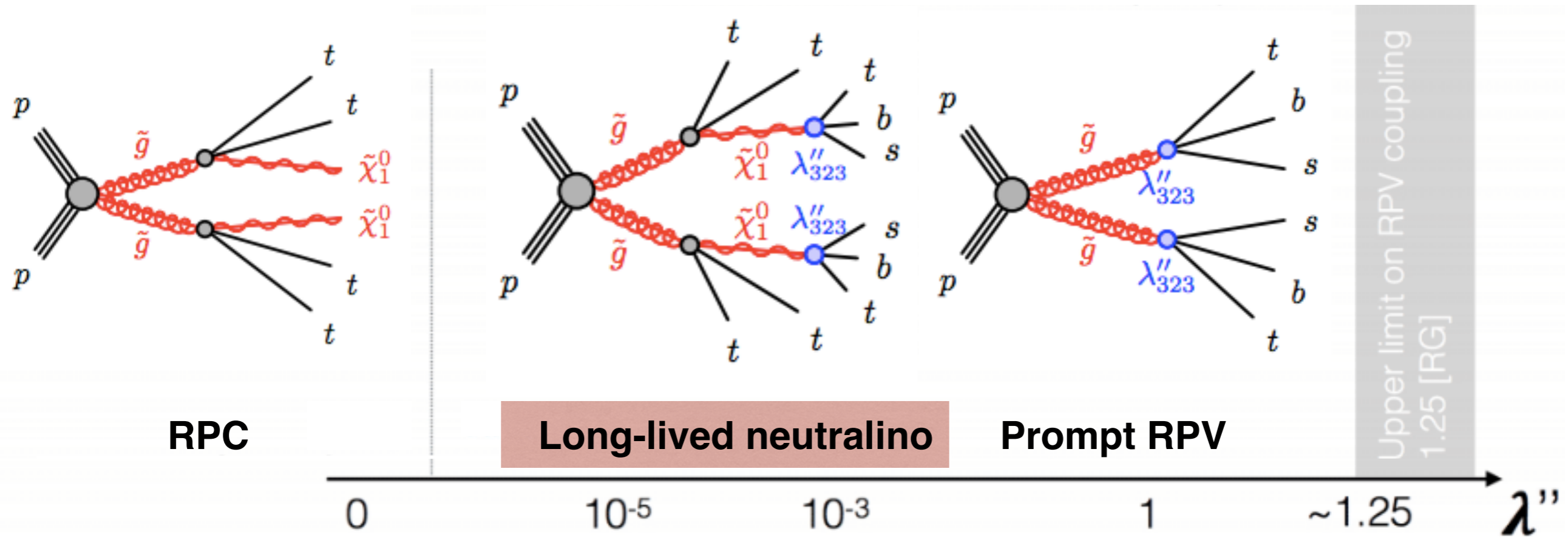
$$\frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$$

- Fit jet-triplet mass distribution with analytic function, using all jet triplet combinations that pass the triplet and event selections
- Correction and uncertainties in the regions using data-scouting are derived by **fitting the hadronic top mass**
  - $t\bar{t}$  simulation needs to be smeared and shifted to match data, same correction applied to signal.
- No significant excess observed, set limits on the production of three-jet resonances



# RPV-RPC reinterpretation, ATLAS $\frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$

- Reinterpret RPC and RPV analyses in models with variable RPV coupling, rich phenomenology:  
 RPC  $\rightarrow$  long-lived  $\rightarrow$  prompt with cascade to LSP  $\rightarrow$  prompt with direct decay

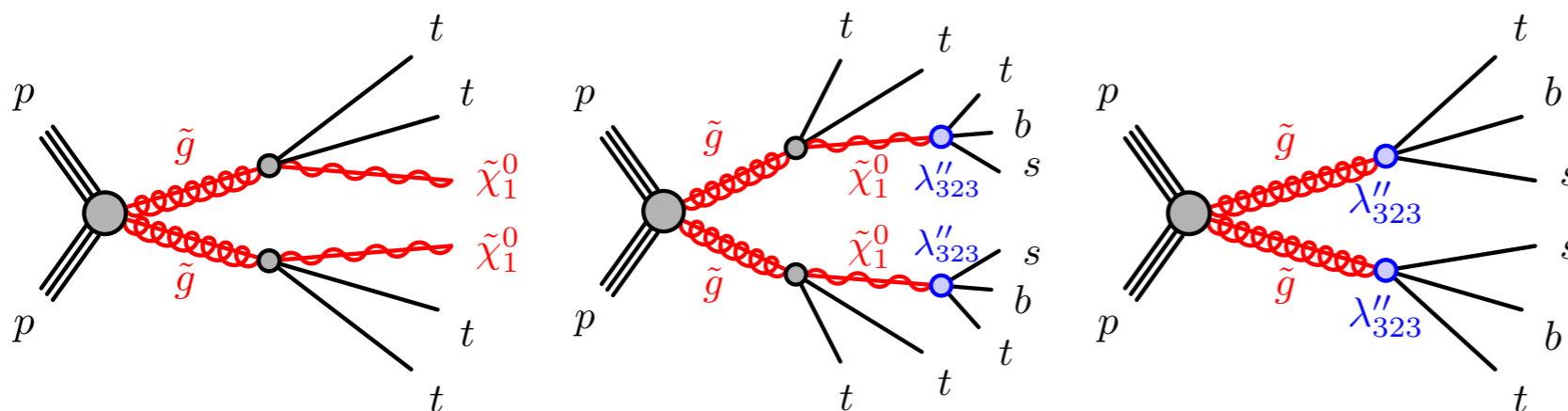
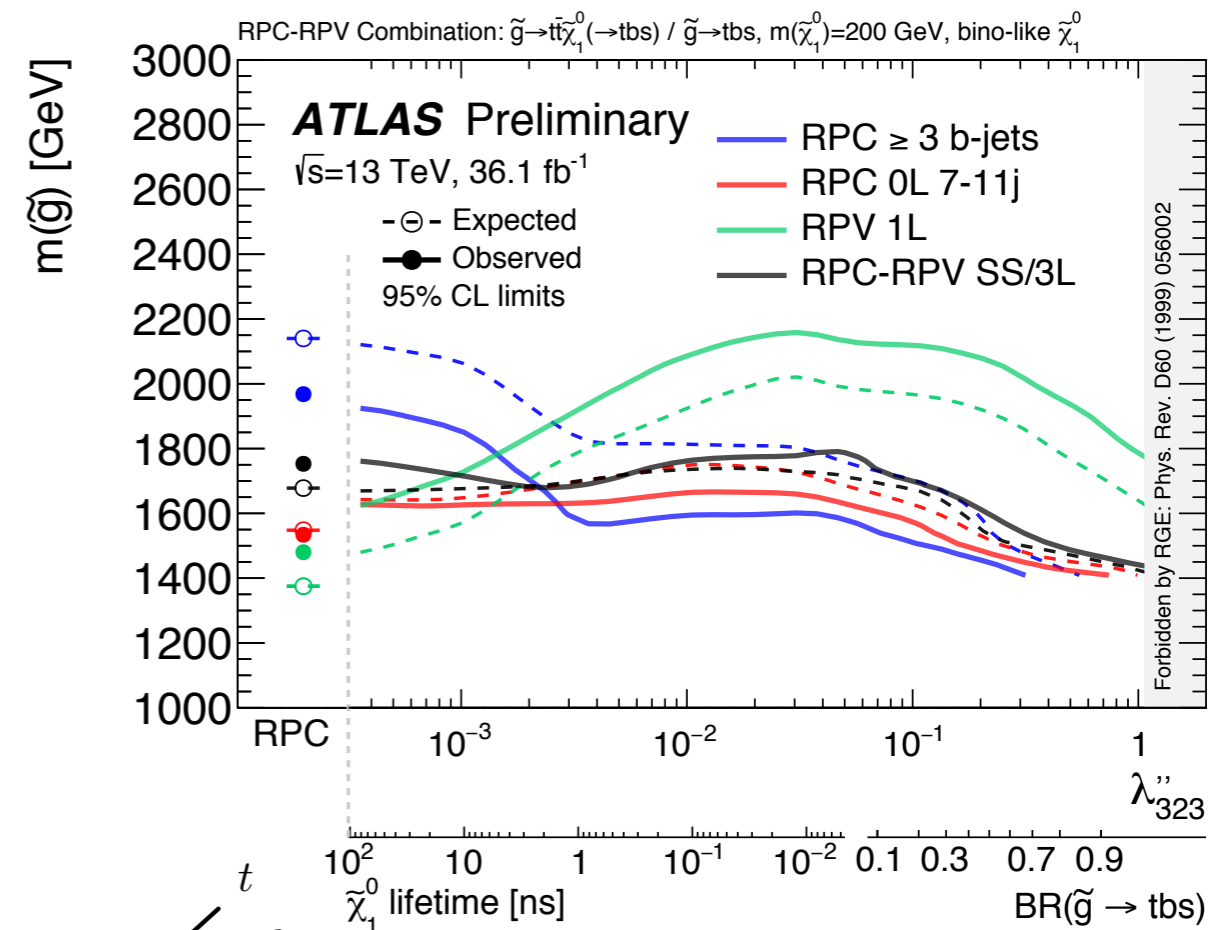


- Searches that don't exploit displaced objects can retain good sensitivity to moderate lifetimes (especially without leptons)

# RPV-RPC reinterpretation, ATLAS $\frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$

- Nice coverage and complementarity between RPC and RPV searches
- In some cases dedicated long-lived searches are needed to bridge the gaps

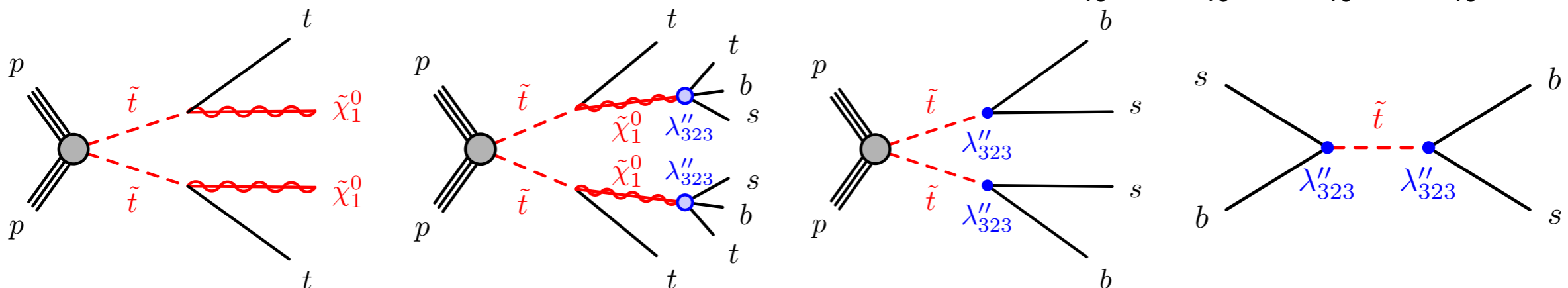
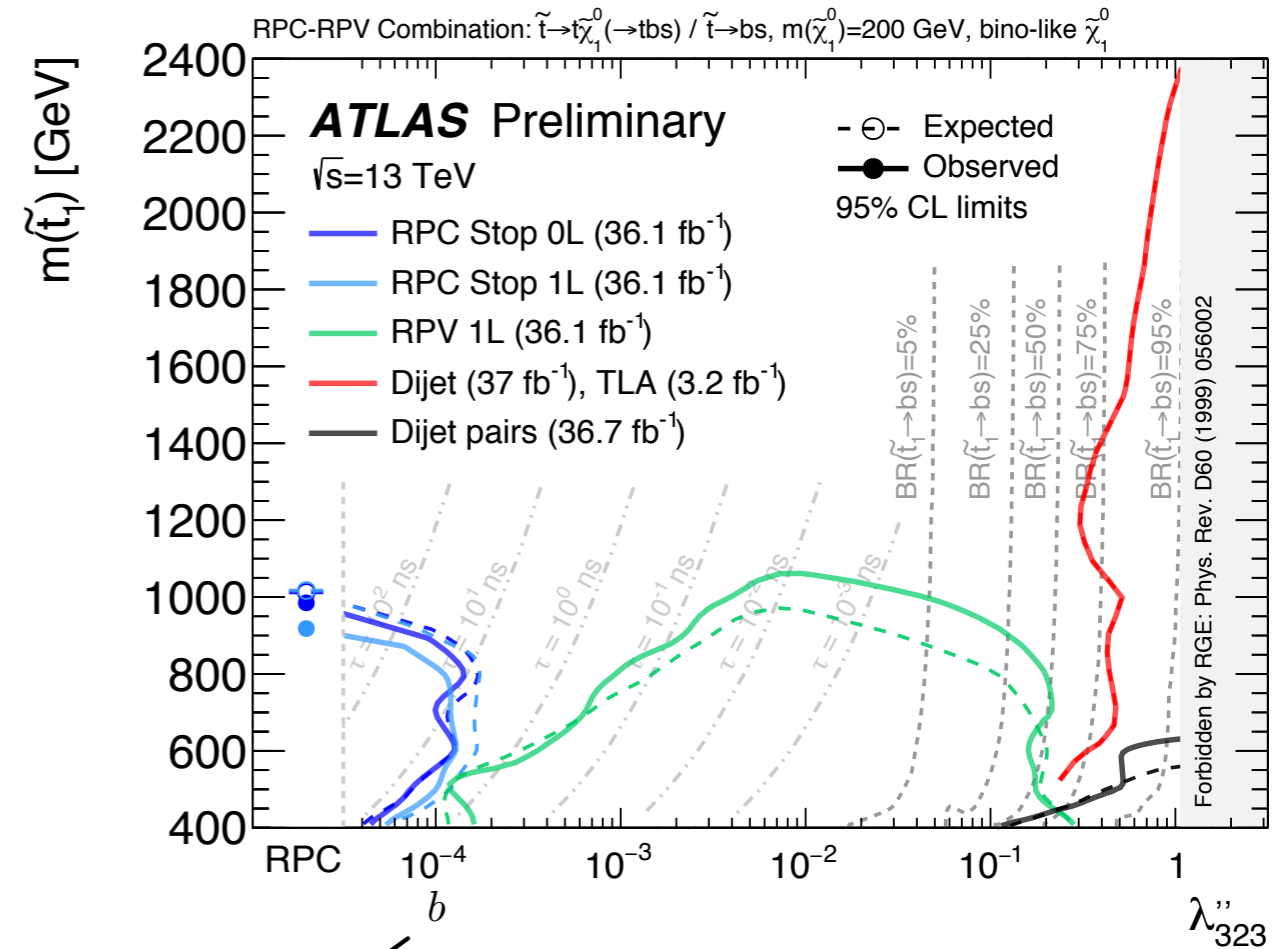
- Model with **gluino**  $\rightarrow tt\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  ( $\rightarrow tbs$  via  $\lambda''_{323}$ ) is covered over the full RPV coupling range
- Exclusion limit drops by  $\sim 400$  GeV in the  $\tau_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} \approx 1-10$  ns lifetime regime



# RPV-RPC reinterpretation, ATLAS $\frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$

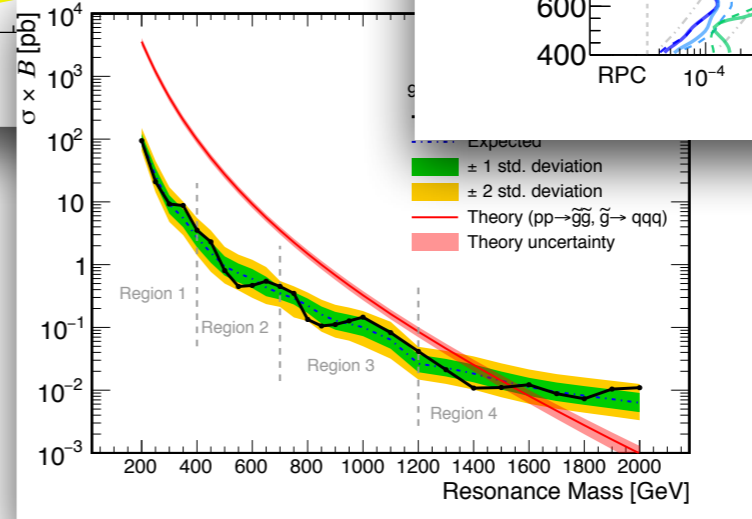
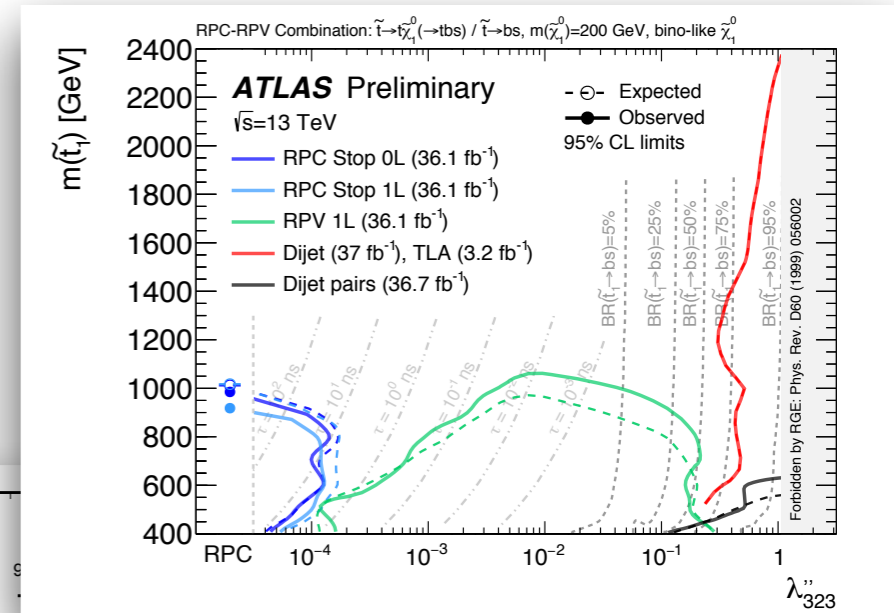
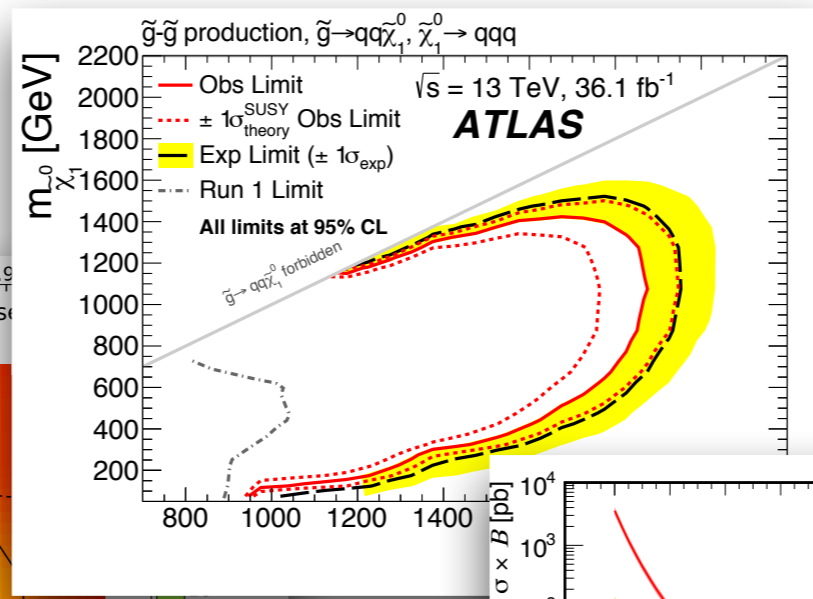
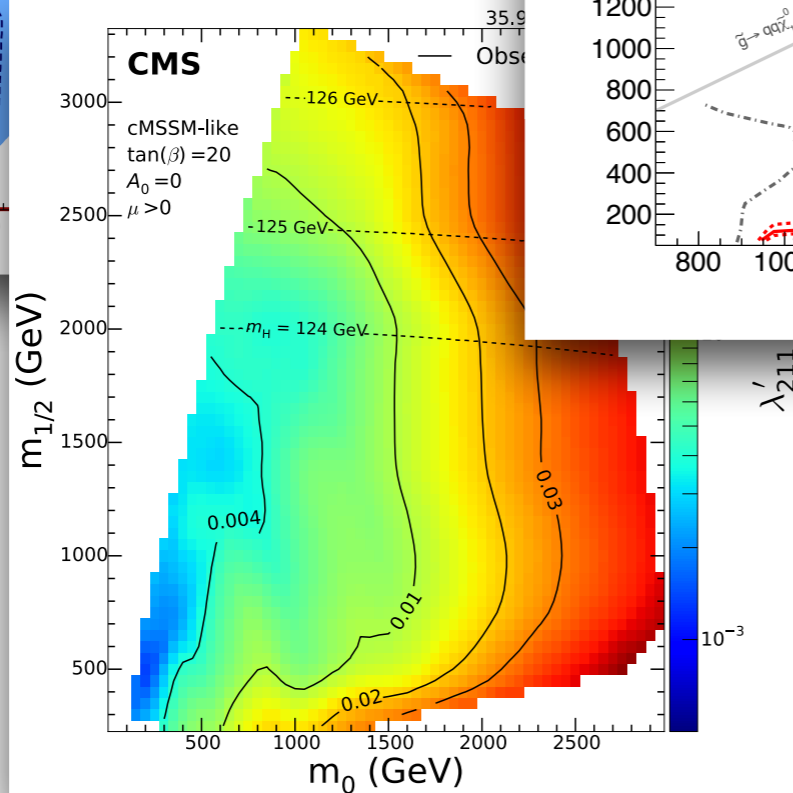
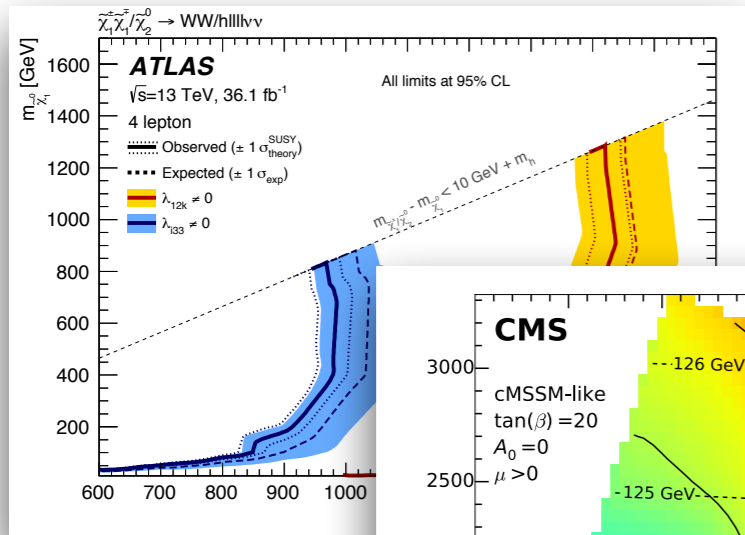
- Nice coverage and complementarity between RPC and RPV searches
- In some cases dedicated long-lived searches are needed to bridge the gaps

- Model with **stop**  $\rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  ( $\rightarrow tbs$  via  $\lambda''_{323}$ ) has sensitivity gaps in the  $\tau_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} \approx 1-10$  ns lifetime regime
- Drop in sensitivity when direct decay  $\text{stop} \rightarrow bs$  dominates over the cascade decay  $\text{stop} \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  ( $\rightarrow tbs$ )
- For large couplings, resonant production becomes relevant and the dijet search can place extremely tight constraints



# Conclusions

- Extensive search program at the LHC in searches for supersymmetry with R-parity violation
- No significant excess observed
- Large increase in sensitivity still possible from full Run 2 dataset

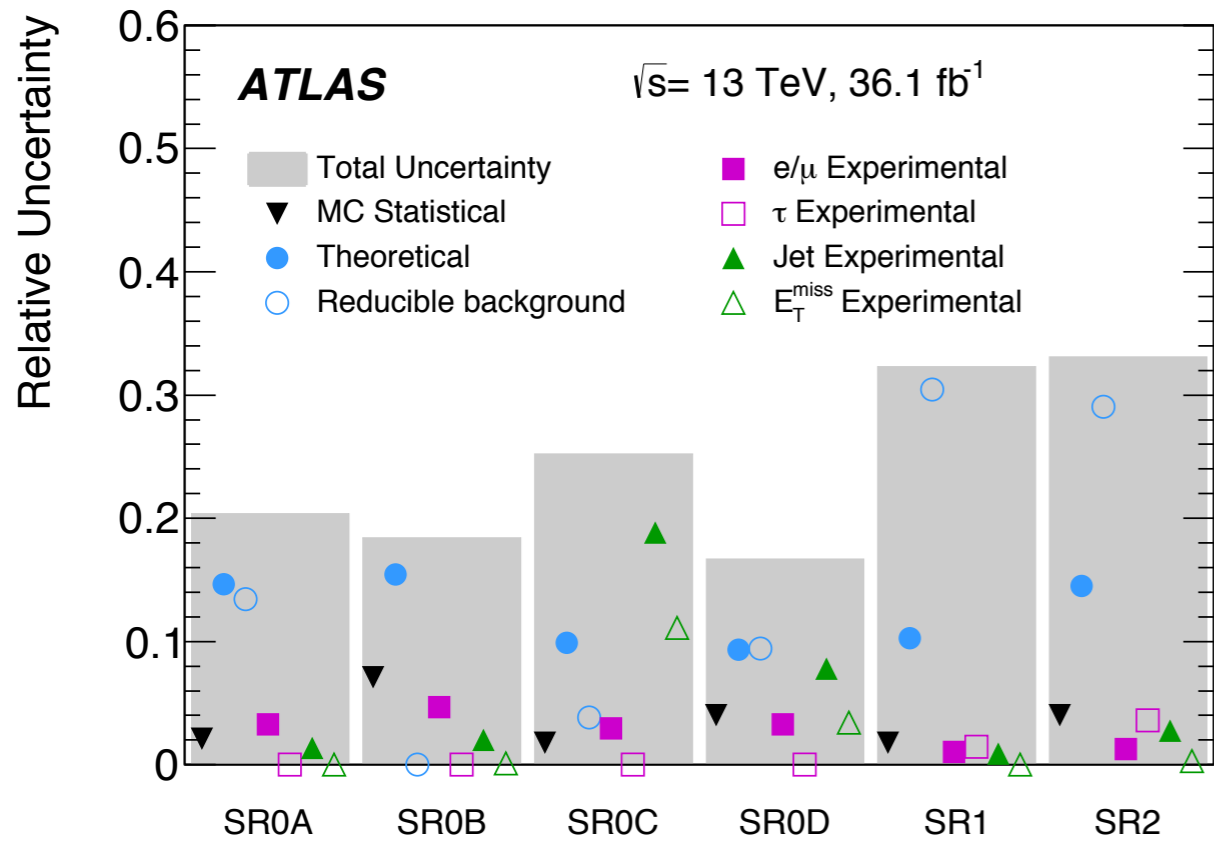




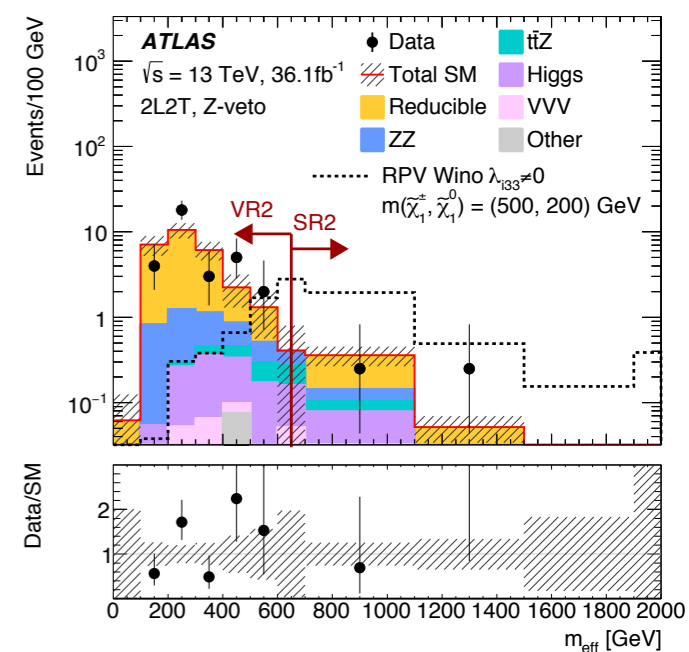
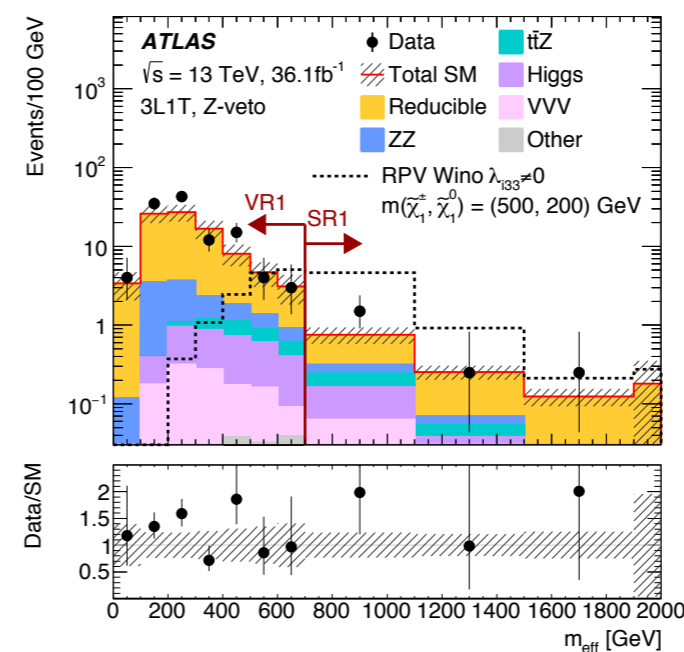
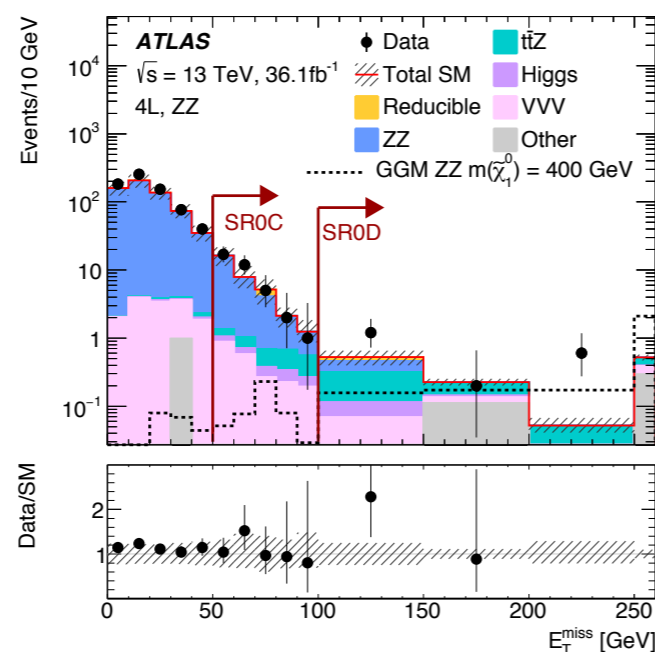
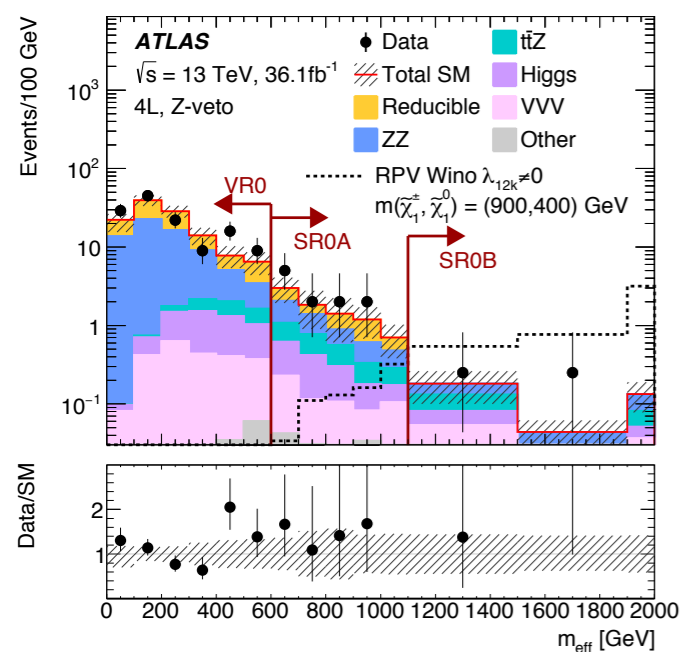
# Backup

# RPV four leptons, ATLAS

$$\frac{1}{2} \lambda_{ijk} L_i L_j E_k^c$$



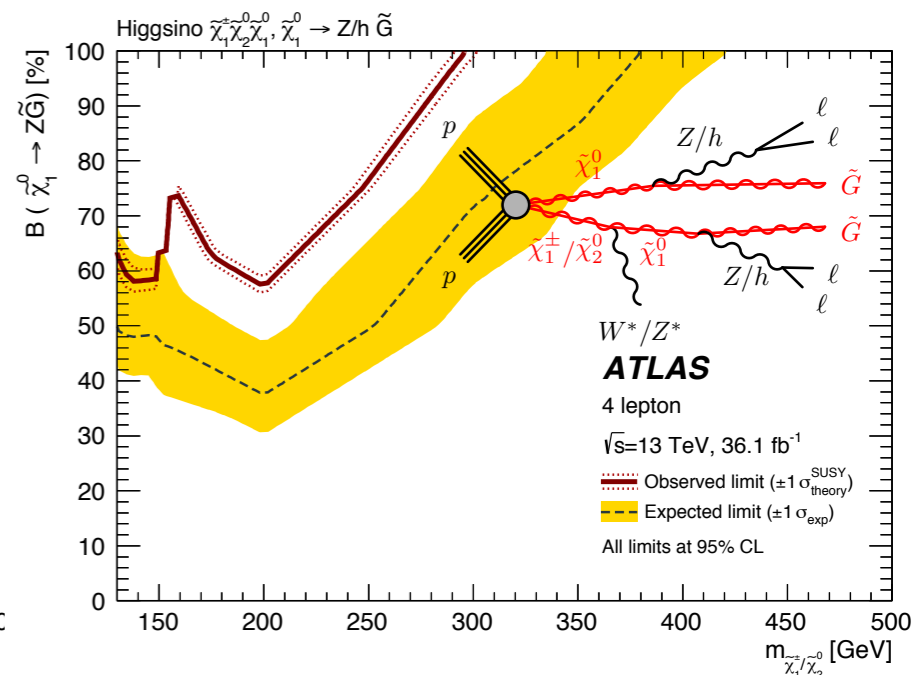
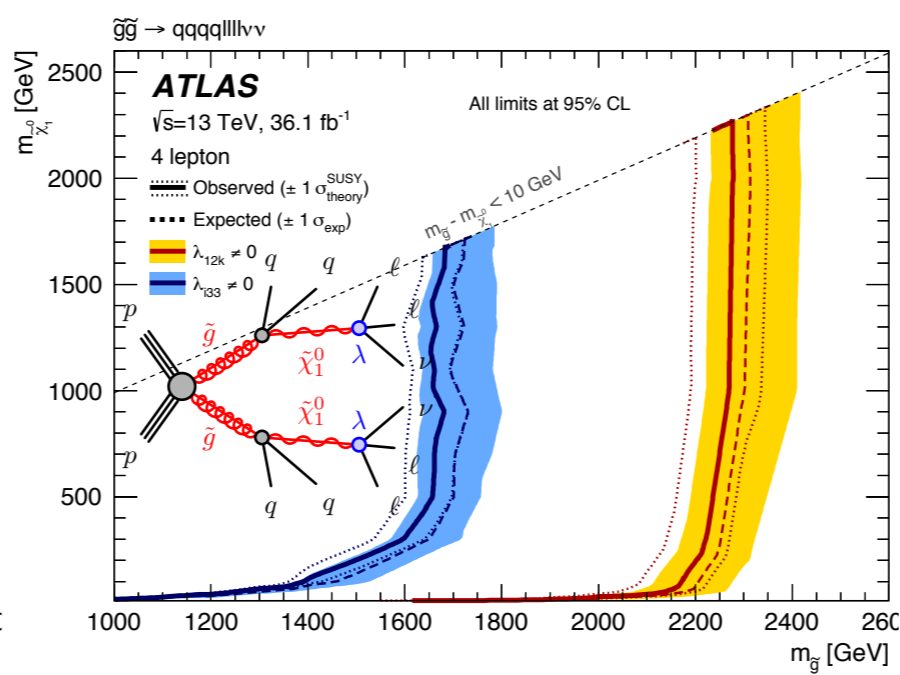
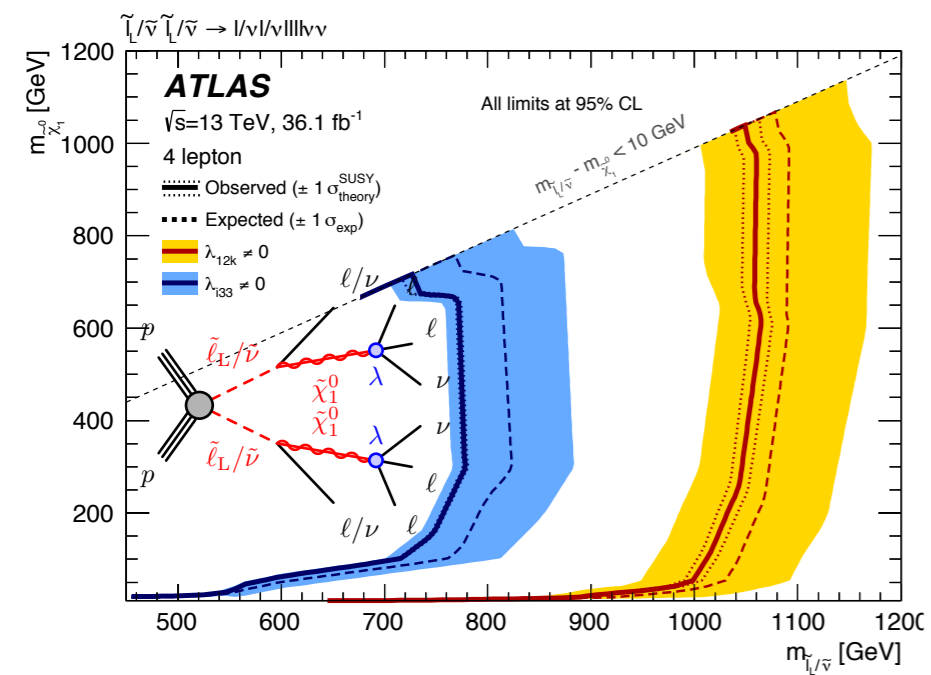
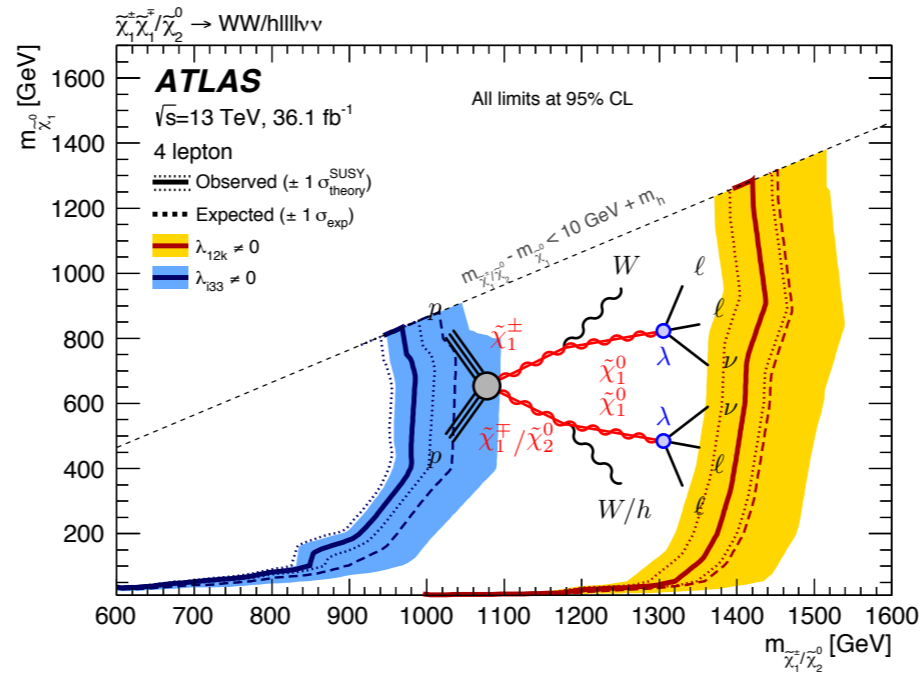
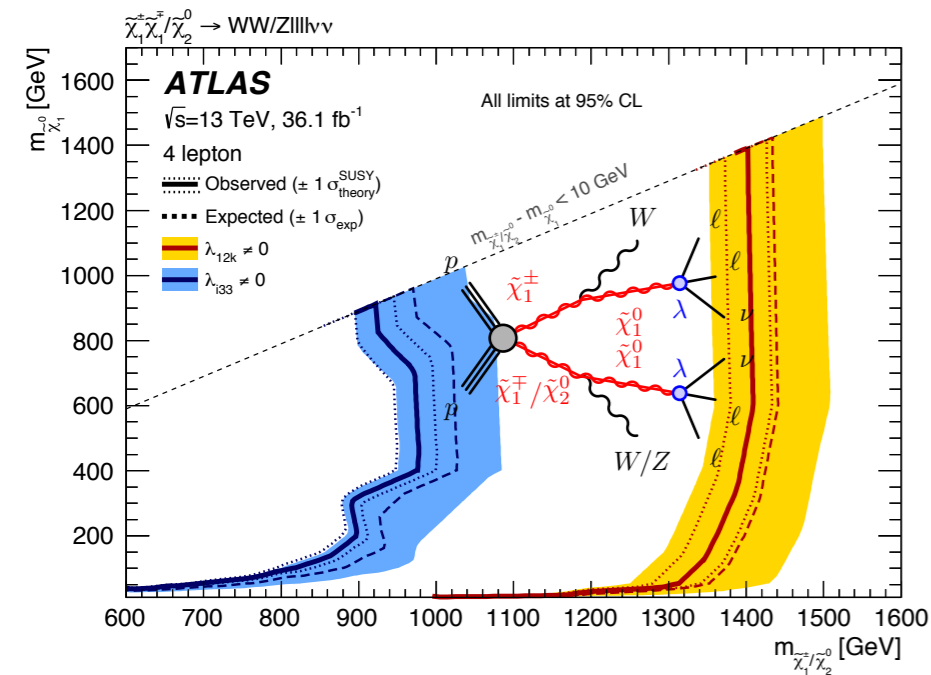
- Breakdown of systematic uncertainties
- SR distributions



# RPV four leptons, ATLAS

$$\frac{1}{2} \lambda_{ijk} L_i L_j E_k^c$$

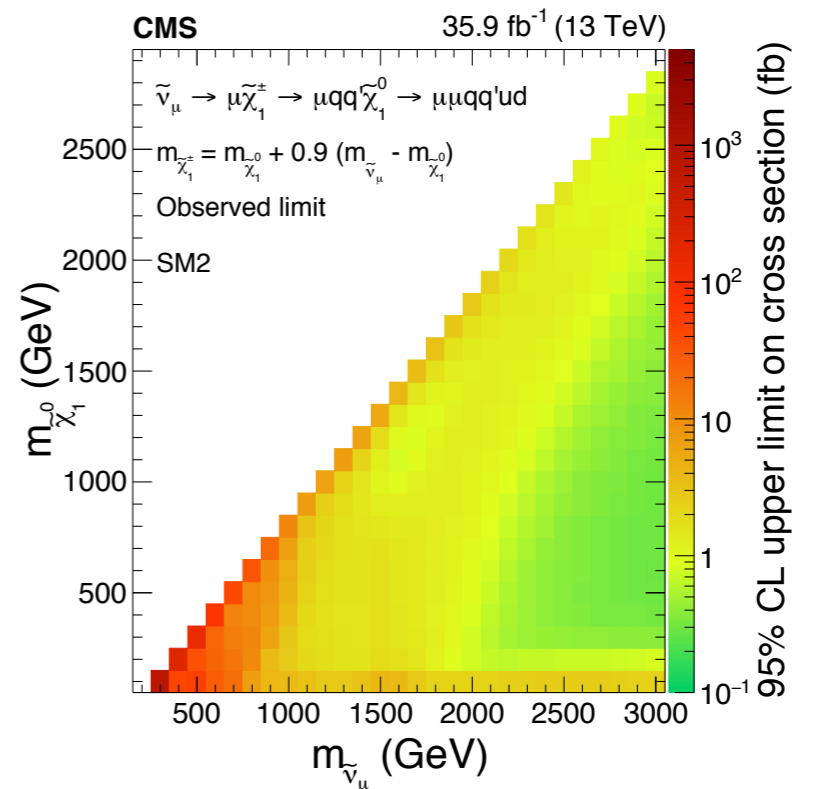
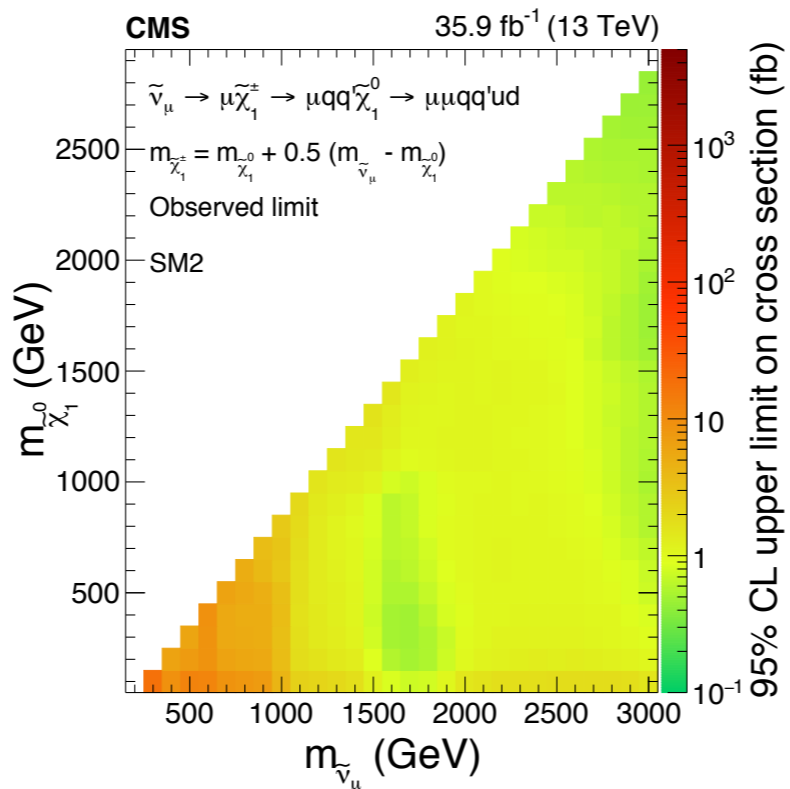
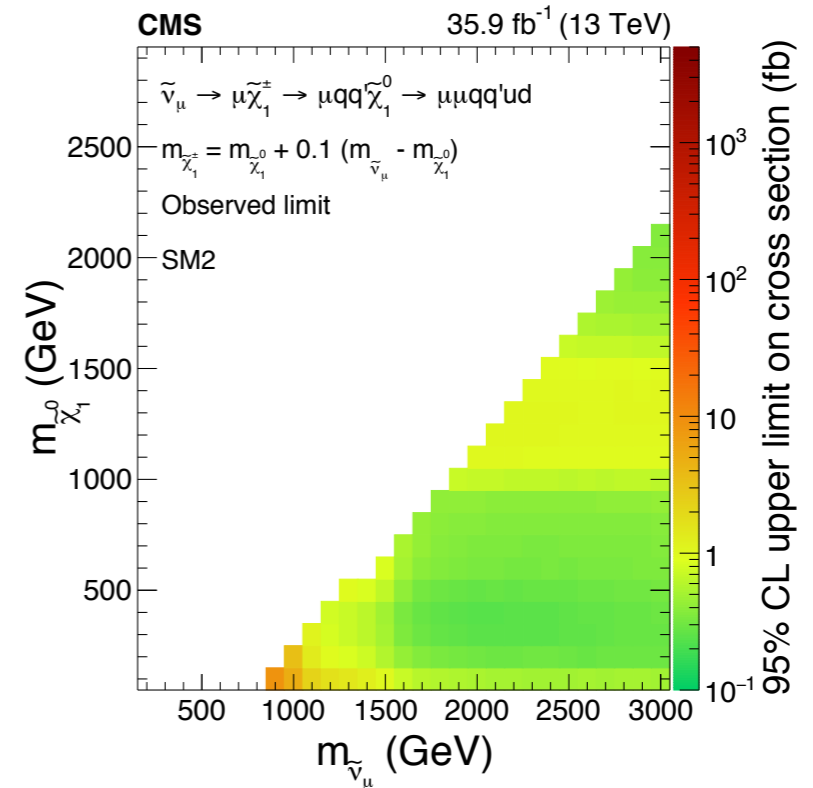
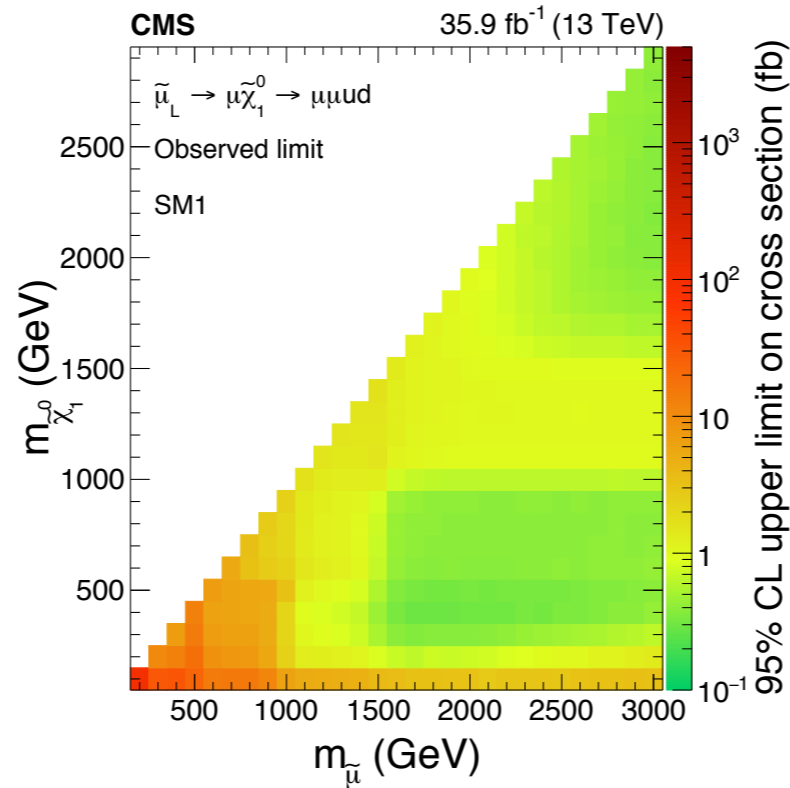
- Exclusion limits per model



# Resonant slepton, CMS

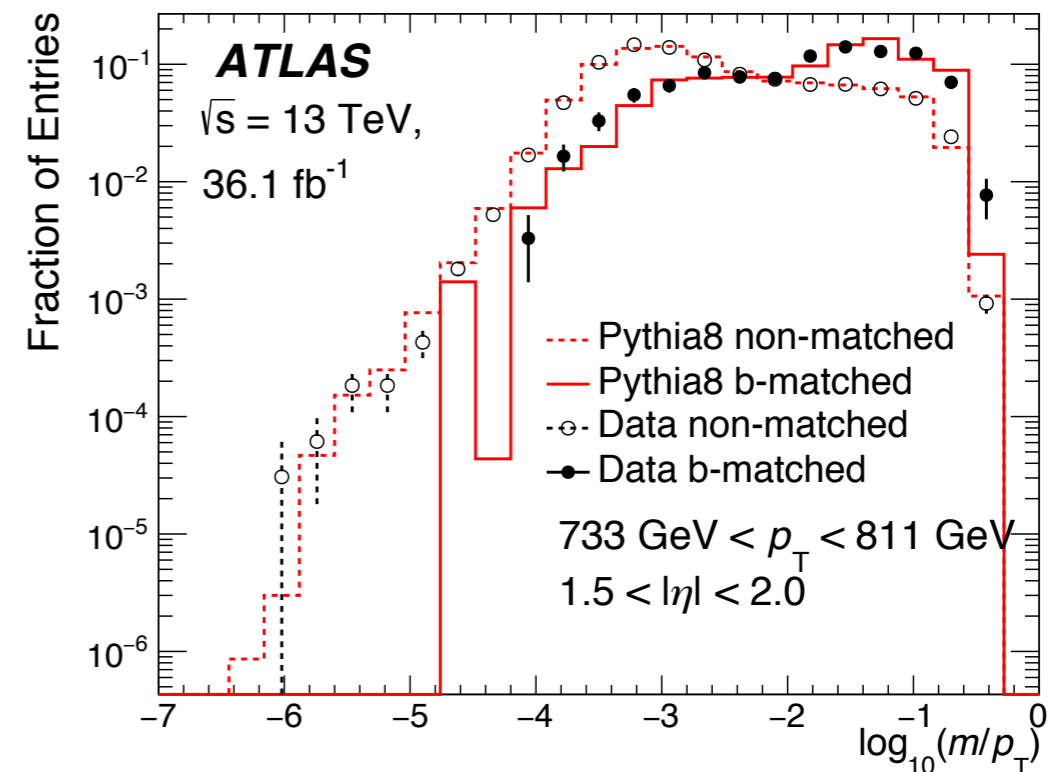
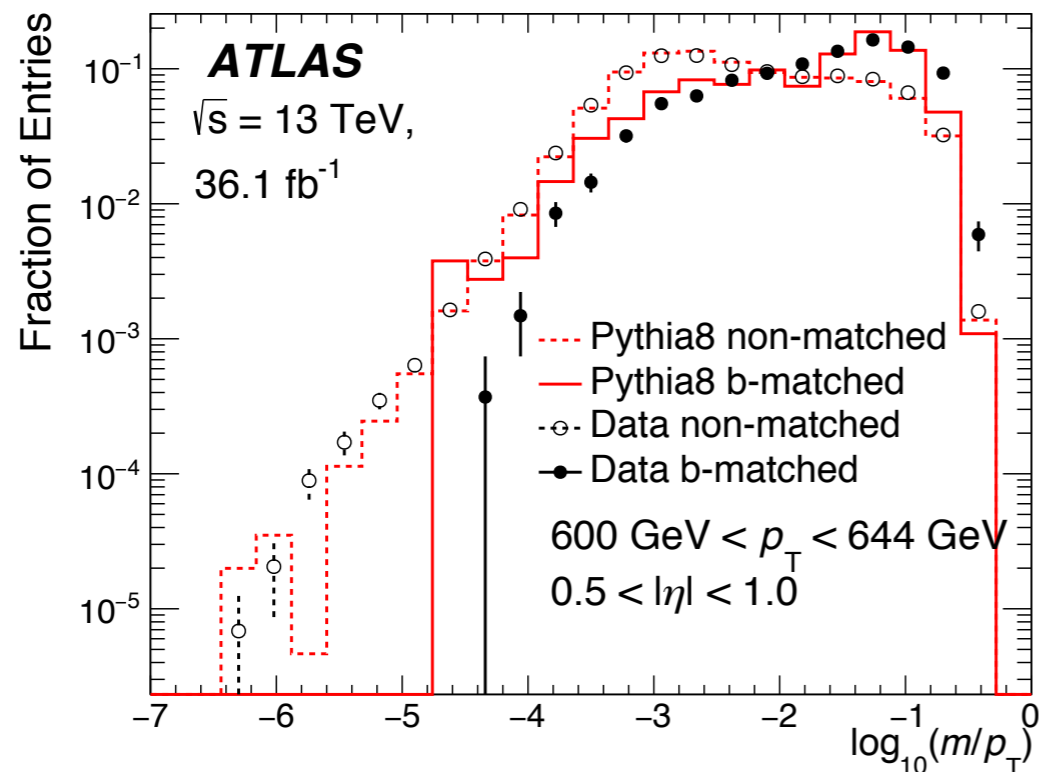
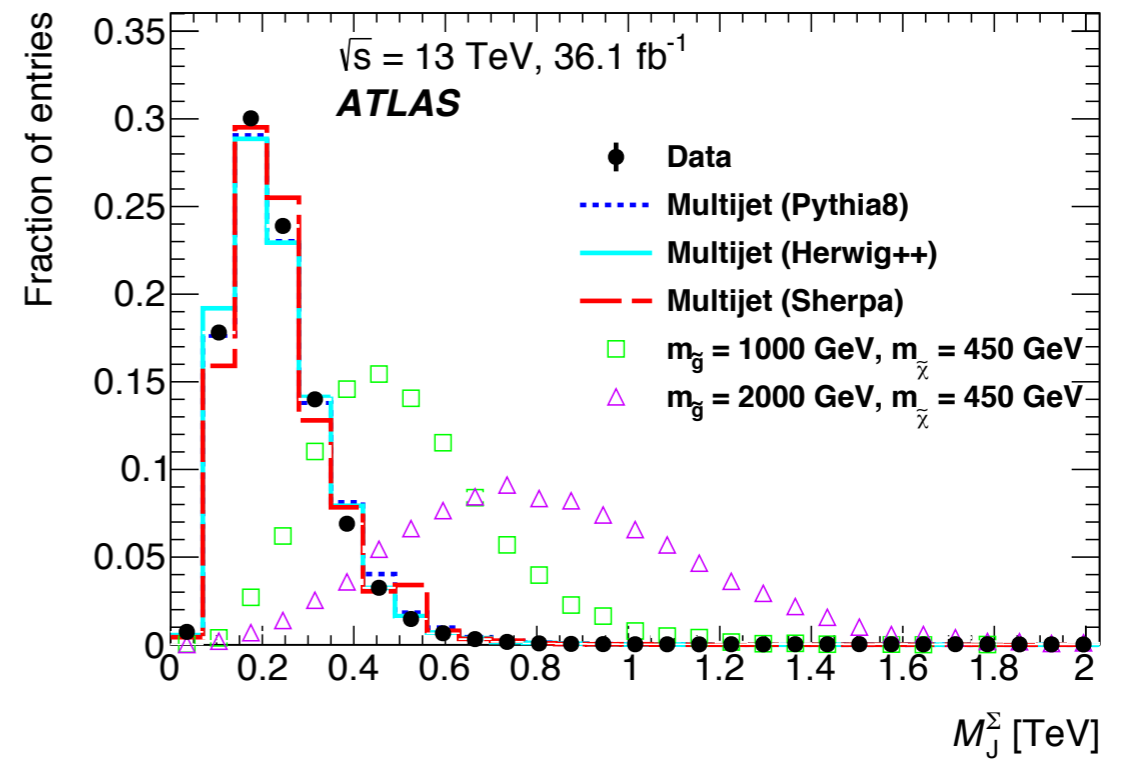
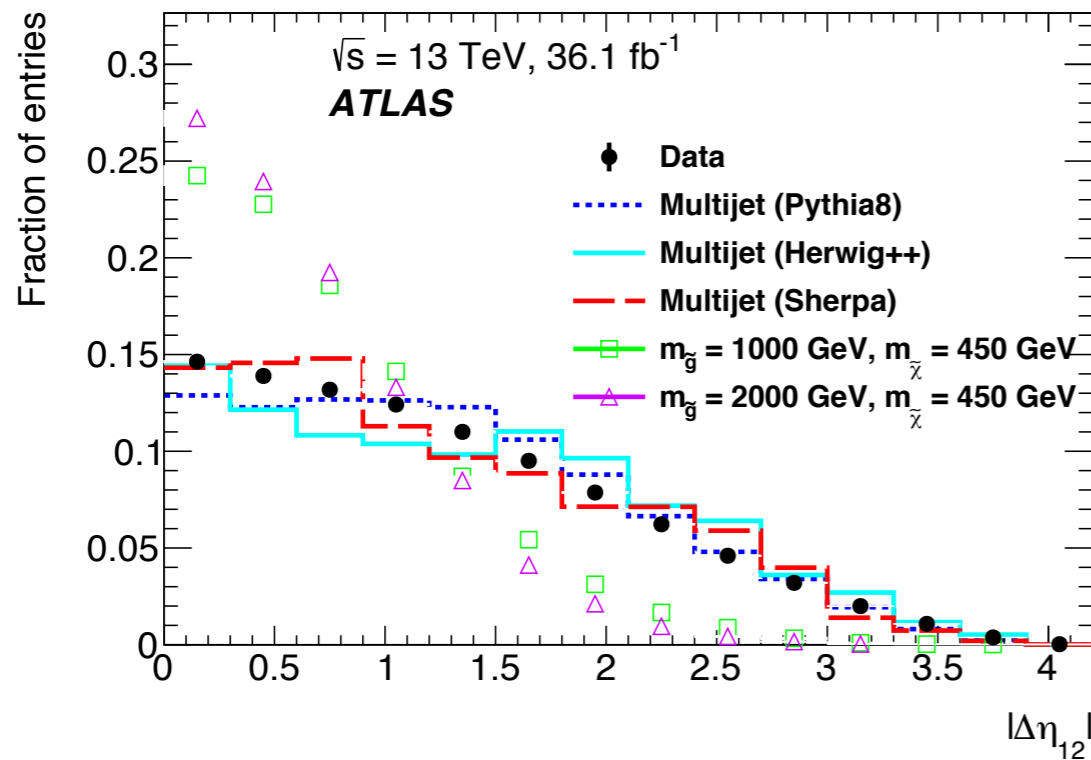
$$\lambda'_{ijk} L_i Q_j D_k^c$$

- Cross section limits



# RPV all-hadronic, ATLAS

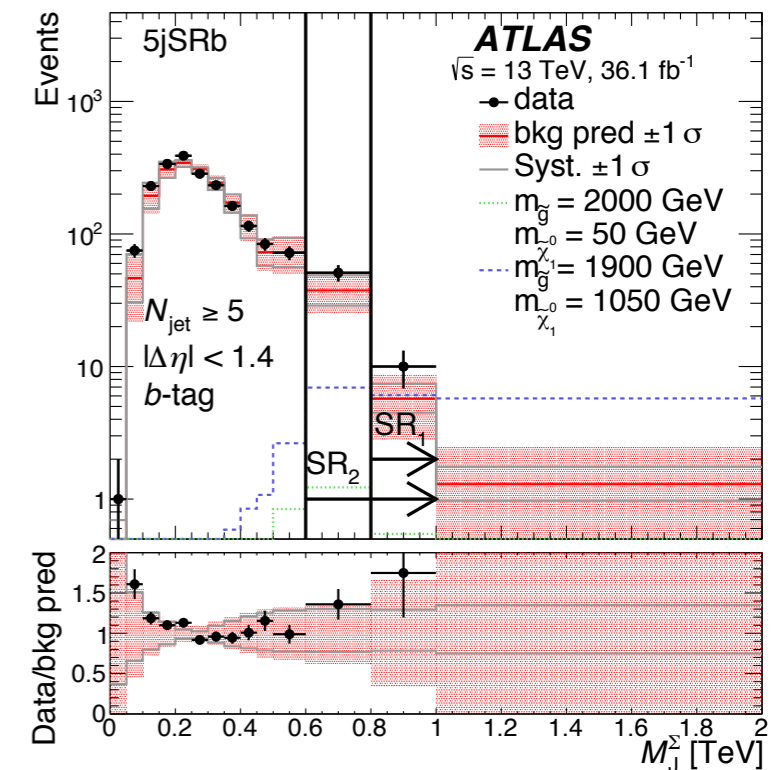
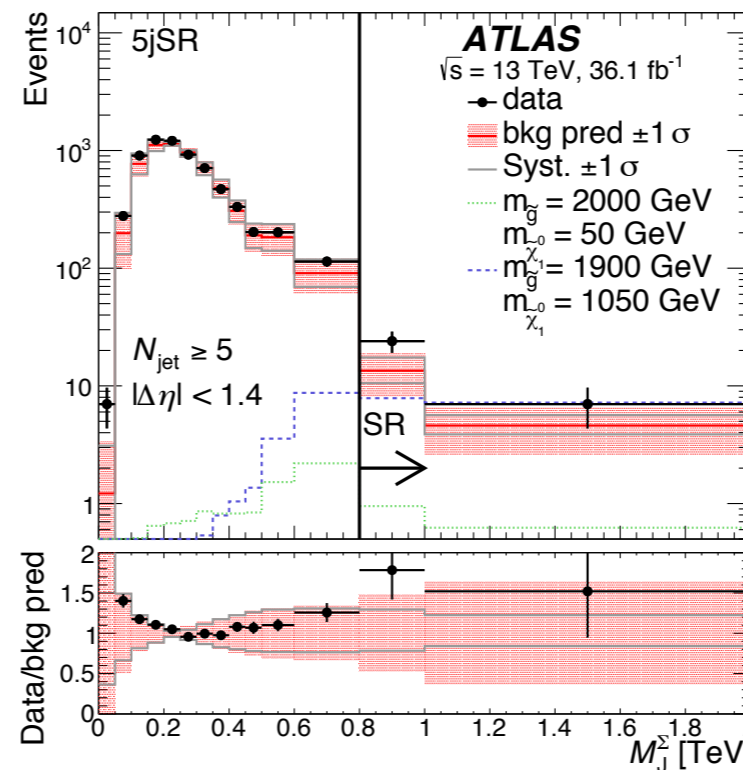
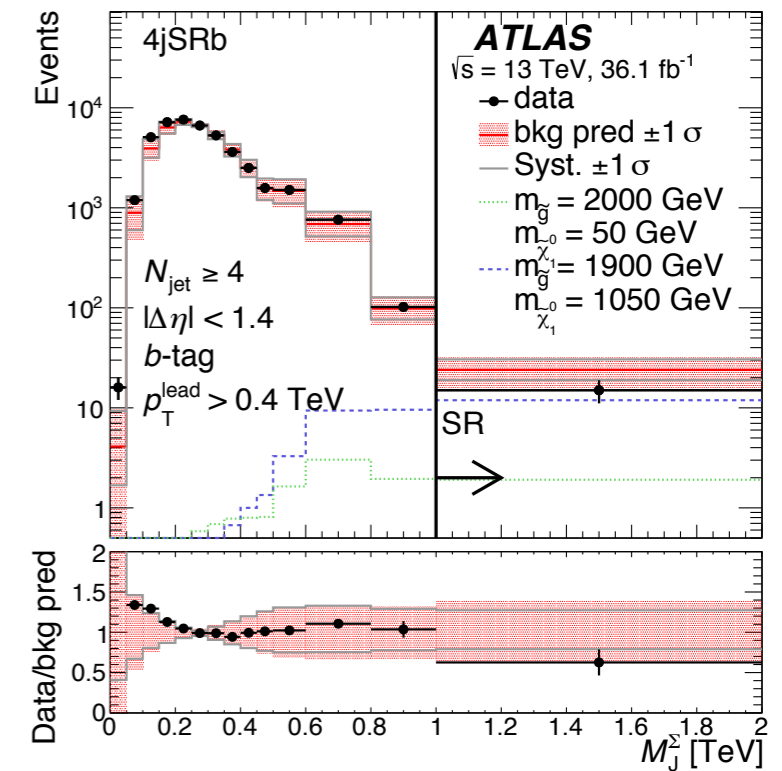
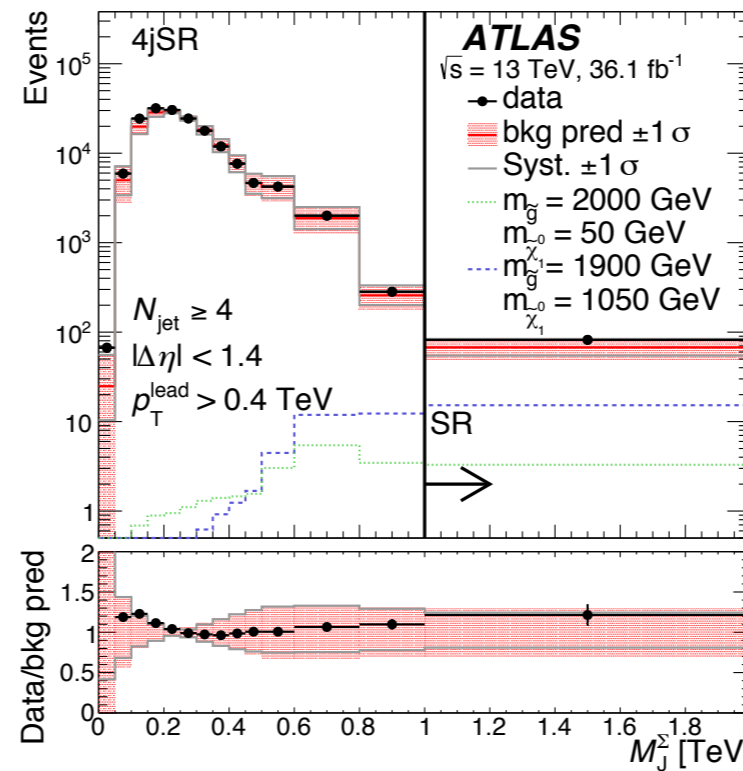
$$\frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$$



# RPV all-hadronic, ATLAS

$$\frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$$

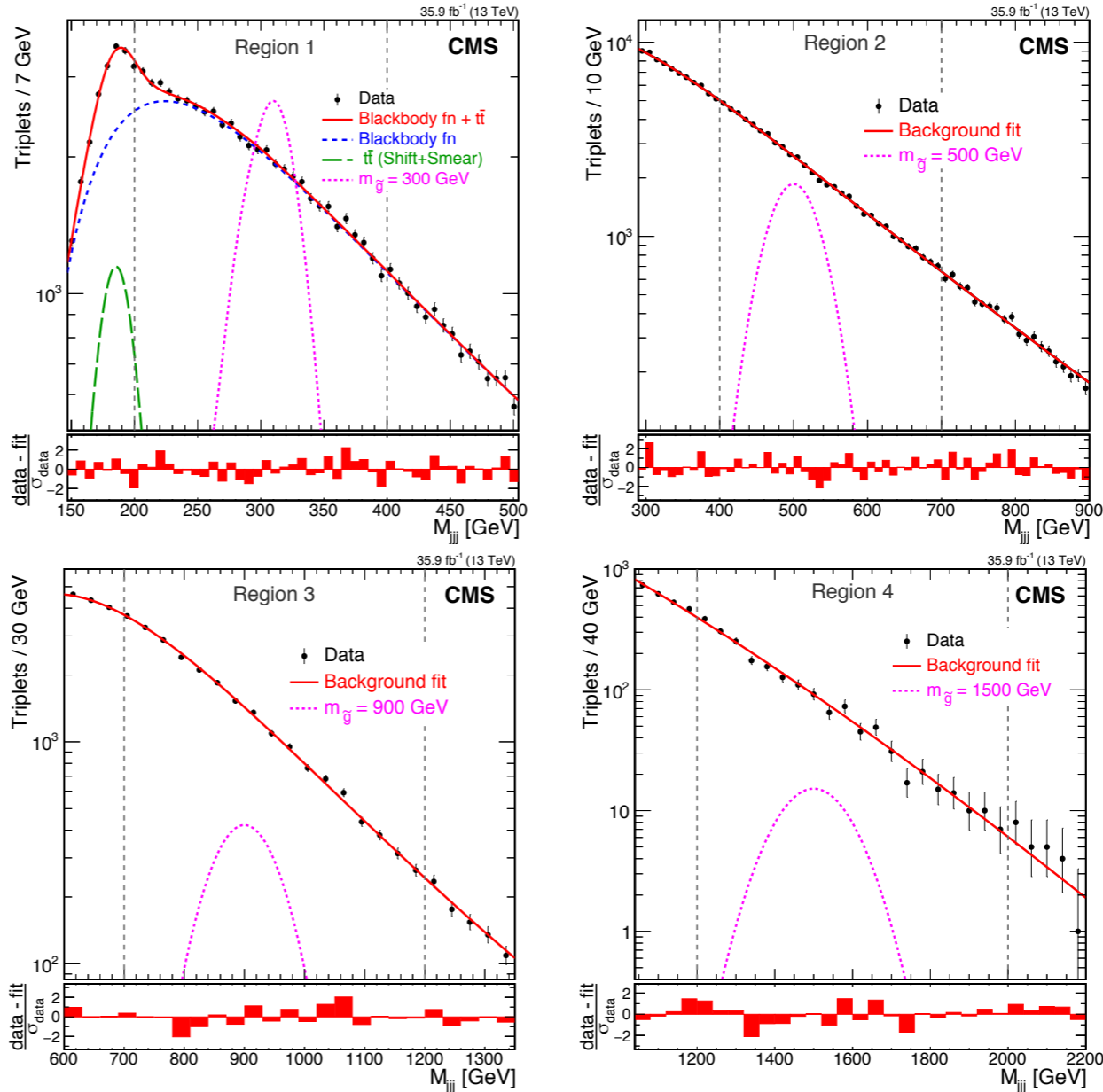
- Signal region distributions



# Tri-jet pairs, CMS

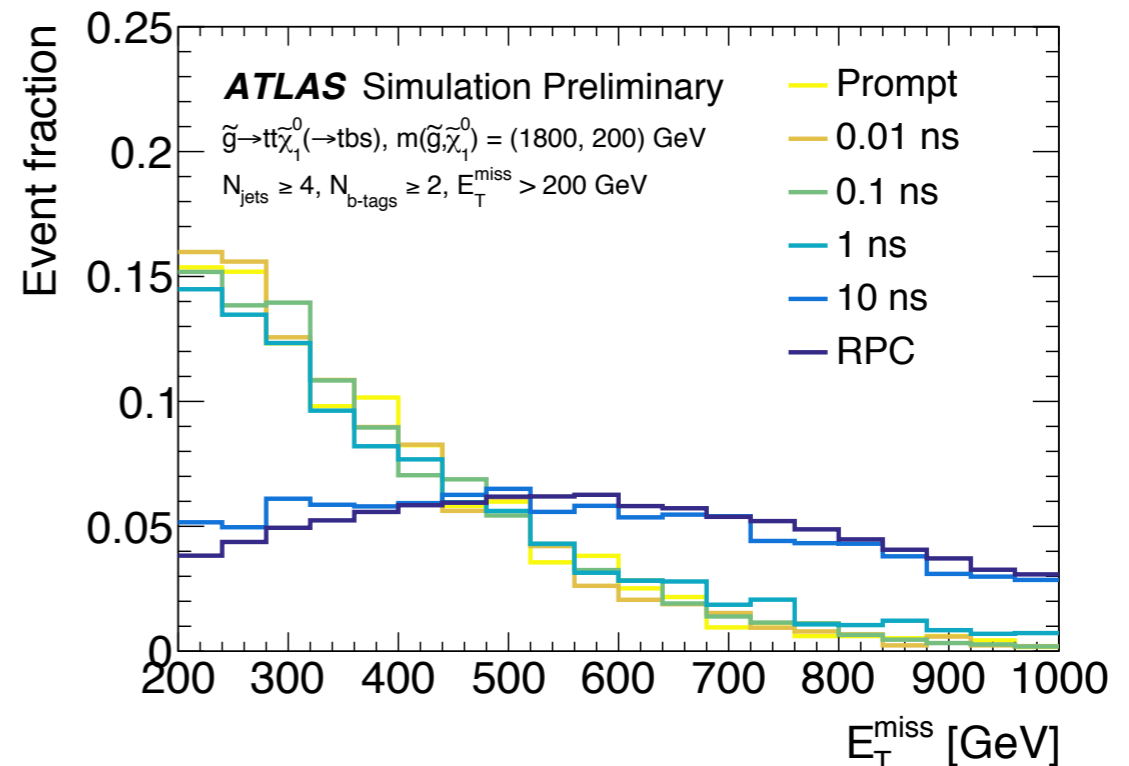
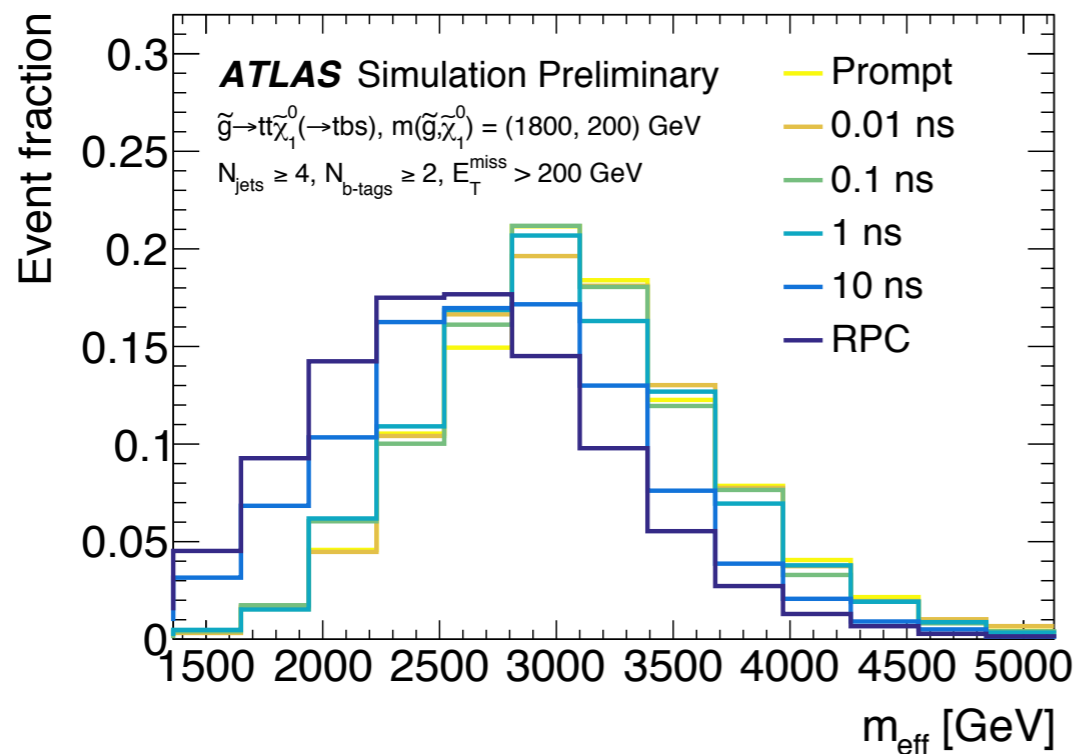
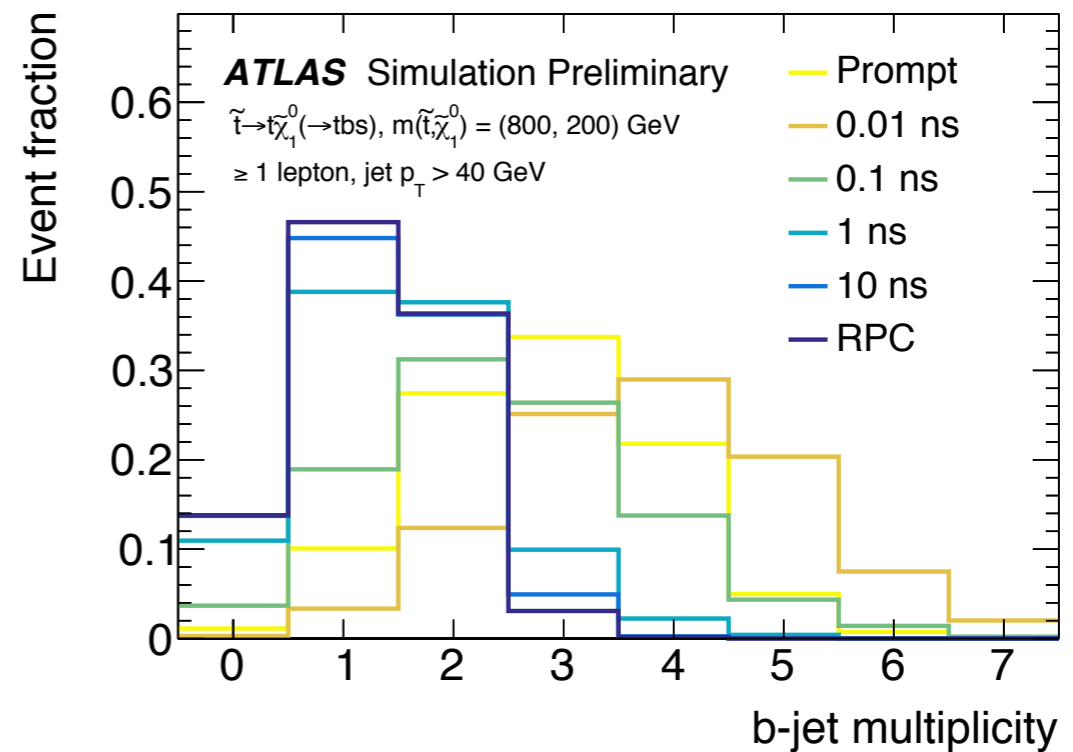
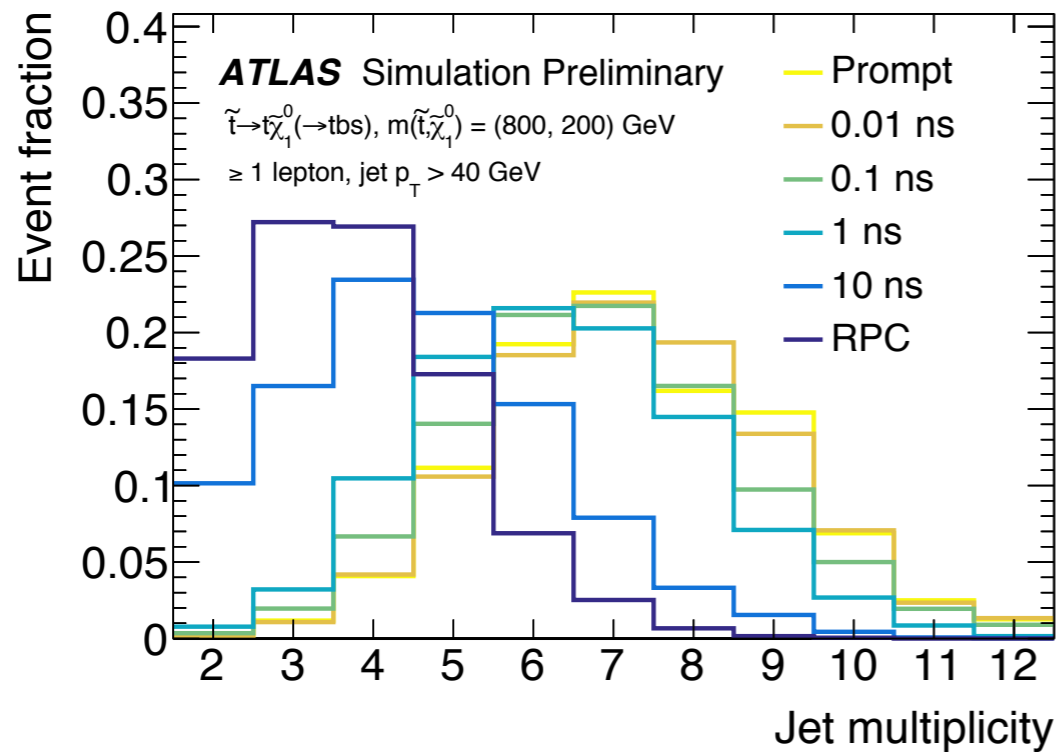
$$\frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$$

- Signal region distributions
- Event selection



Region	Gluino mass range	Jet $p_T$	$H_T$	sixth jet $p_T$	$D^2_{[(6,3)+(3,2)]}$	$A_m$	$\Delta$	$D^2_{[3,2]}$
1	200–400 GeV	$>30$ GeV	$>650$ GeV	$>40$ GeV	$<1.25$	$<0.25$	$>250$ GeV	$<0.05$
2	400–700 GeV	$>30$ GeV	$>650$ GeV	$>50$ GeV	$<1.00$	$<0.175$	$>180$ GeV	$<0.175$
3	700–1200 GeV	$>50$ GeV	$>900$ GeV	$>125$ GeV	$<0.9$	$<0.15$	$>20$ GeV	$<0.2$
4	1200–2000 GeV	$>50$ GeV	$>900$ GeV	$>175$ GeV	$<0.75$	$<0.15$	$>-120$ GeV	$<0.25$

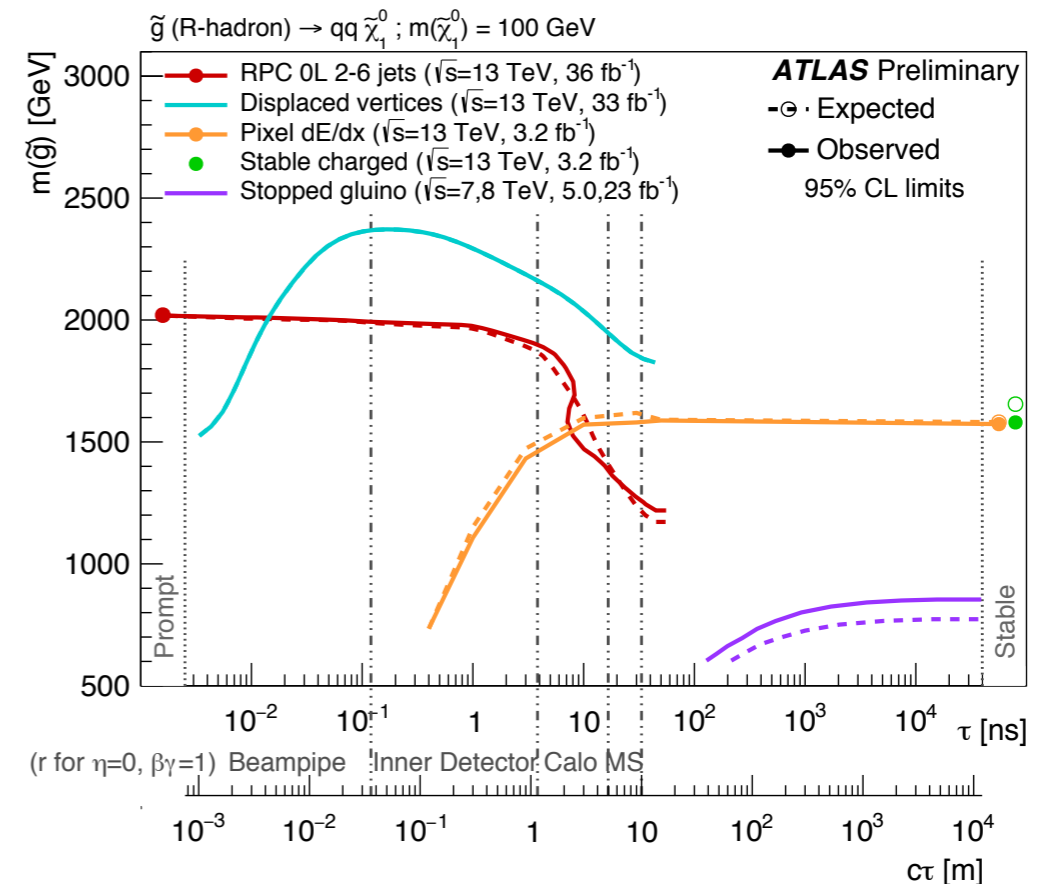
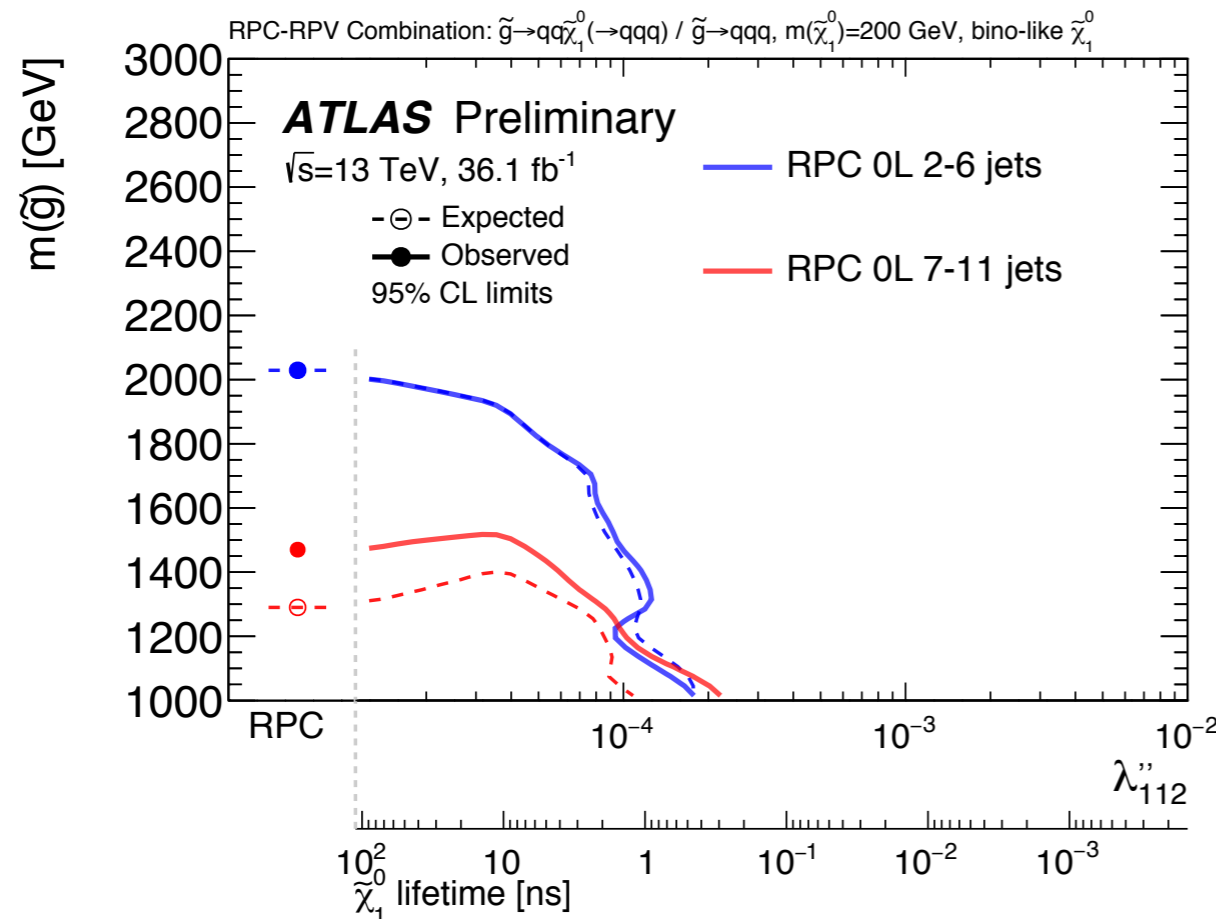
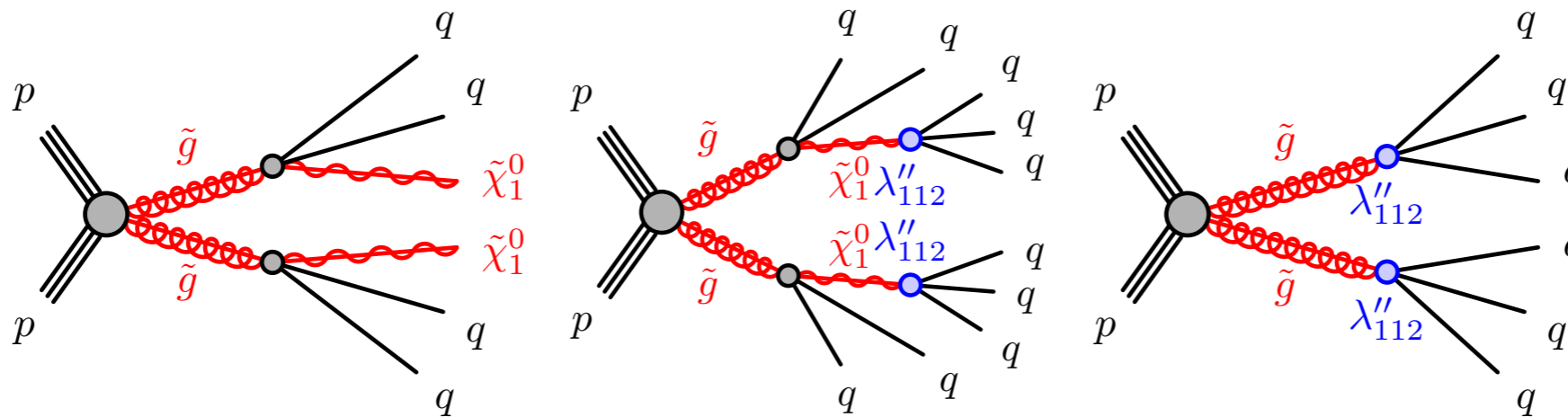
# RPV-RPC reinterpretation, ATLAS $\frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$





# RPV-RPC reinterpretation, ATLAS $\frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$

- Gluino  $\rightarrow$  qq+LSP model



# RPV-RPC reinterpretation, ATLAS $\frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$

- Model summary

Model name	Gqq	Gtt	Stop	<i>R</i> -hadron
Coupling	$\lambda''_{112}$	$\lambda''_{323}$	$\lambda''_{323}$	–
Decay	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}_1^0 (\rightarrow qqq)$ $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qqq$	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow tt\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ $\tilde{g} \rightarrow tt\tilde{\chi}_1^0 (\rightarrow tbs)$ $\tilde{g} \rightarrow tbs$	$\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0 (\rightarrow tbs)$ $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}_1^0$
Other colored sparticle masses	$m(\tilde{q}) = 3 \text{ TeV}$ $m(\tilde{t}, \tilde{b}) = 5 \text{ TeV}$	$m(\tilde{q}) = 5 \text{ TeV}$ $m(\tilde{t}, \tilde{b}) = 2.4 \text{ TeV}$	$m(\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}) = 3 \text{ TeV}$ $m(\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{b}) = 3 \text{ TeV}$	$m(\tilde{q}, \tilde{t}, \tilde{b}) \approx \text{PeV}$
LSP	The LSP is bino-like, $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 200 \text{ GeV}$			$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 100 \text{ GeV}$

# RPV-RPC reinterpretation, ATLAS $\frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$

- Analyses summary

Analysis name	Leptons	Jets / $b$ -tags	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$ requirement	Representative cuts	Model targeted
RPC 0-lepton, 2-6 jets [53]	0	$\geq 4 / -$	$E_T^{\text{miss}} / m_{\text{eff}} > 0.2$	$m_{\text{eff}} > 3000 \text{ GeV}$	Gqq, $R$ -hadron
RPC 0-lepton, 7-11 jets [55]	0	$\geq 7 / -$ $\geq 11 / \geq 2$	$E_T^{\text{miss}} / \sqrt{H_T} > 5 \text{ GeV}^{1/2}$	–	Gqq Gtt
RPC multi- $b$ [56]	0	$\geq 7 / \geq 3$	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 350 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{\text{eff}} > 2600 \text{ GeV}$	Gtt
	1	$\geq 5 / \geq 3$	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 500 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{\text{eff}} > 2200 \text{ GeV}$	
RPV 1-lepton [57]	1	$\geq 10 / \geq 4$	–	–	Gtt, stop
RPC Stop 0-lepton [58]	0	$\geq 4 / \geq 2$	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 400 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{\text{jet}, R=1.2} > 120 \text{ GeV}$	stop
RPC Stop 1-lepton [59]	1	$\geq 4 / \geq 1$	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 250 \text{ GeV}$	$m_T > 160 \text{ GeV}$	stop
RPC and RPV same-sign and three leptons [60]	2 SS or 3	$\geq 6 / \geq 2$	$E_T^{\text{miss}} / m_{\text{eff}} > 0.15$	$m_{\text{eff}} > 1800 \text{ GeV}$	Gtt, stop
		$\geq 6 / \geq 2$	–	$m_{\text{eff}} > 2000 \text{ GeV}$	
RPV stop dijet pairs [61]	–	$\geq 4 / \geq 2$	–	$\mathcal{A} < 0.05$	stop
Dijet and TLA [62,63]	–	$\geq 2 / -$	–	$ y^*  < 0.6$	stop