

### Harvester

# An edge service harvesting heterogeneous resources for ATLAS

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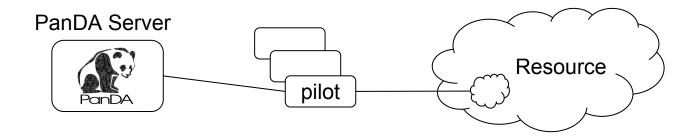
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CHEP2018, 9-13 July 2018, Sofia, Bulgaria

# Introduction



 PanDA used to rely on server-pilot paradigm
 Worked well for the grid with 250k cores 24x7 as underlying resources are not very heterogeneous



- Not very well for opportunistic resources, especially for HPCs
  - A different edge service and operational policy at each HPC center, leading to over-stretched pilot architecture and incoherence in implementation at different HPCs
  - Too many manual interventions to effectively fill available CPU resources at all HPC centers
- > New project launched in Dec 2016 to address the issue

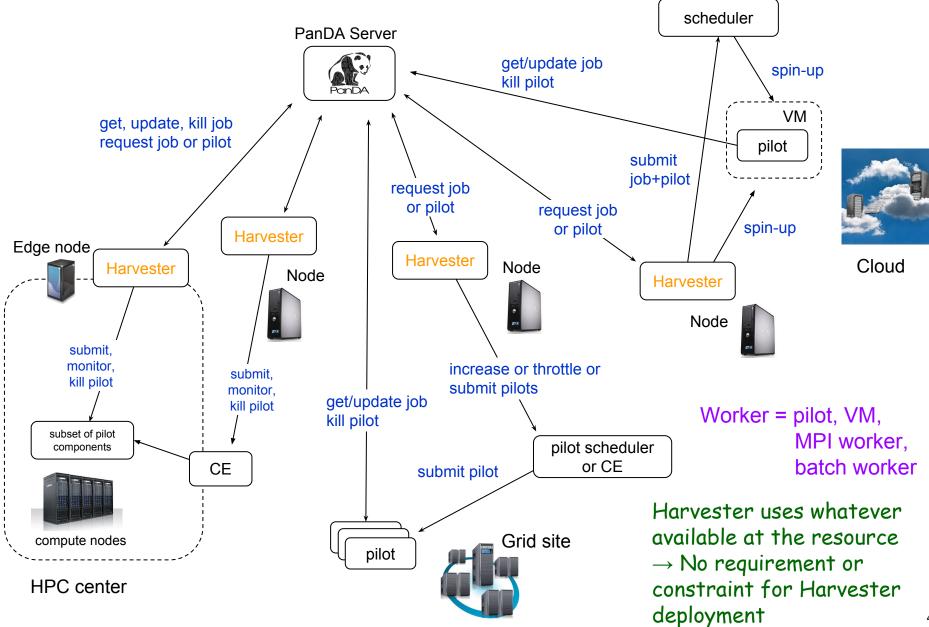
### Introduction (cont'd)



#### > New model : server-harvester-pilot

- Harvester is a resource-facing service between PanDA server and collection of pilots (workers)
- Stateless service plus database (sqlite or MariaDB) for local bookkeeping
- Modular design for different resource types and workflows
- Many harvester instances running in parallel
- > Objectives
  - À common machinery for pilot provisioning on all computing resources
  - Coherent implementations for HPCs
  - Timely optimization of CPU allocation among various resource types and removal of batch-level partitioning
  - Better resource monitoring
  - Tight integration between PanDA system and resources for new workflows

# Schematic View



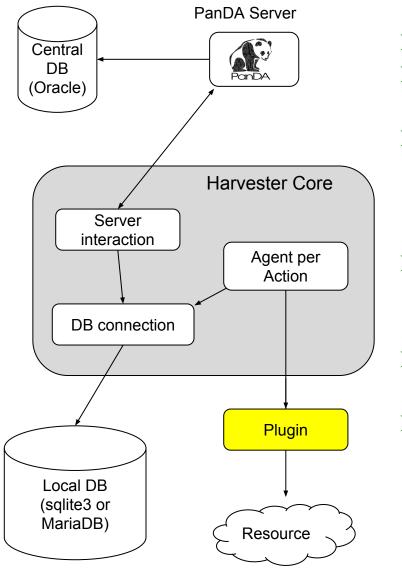
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#### Main Functions of Harvester BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATOR

- > Submission and monitoring of workers
  - With batch systems, computing elements, submission services, orchestration services, ...
  - Utilization of real-time information on resources
- > Communication with PanDA
  - Getting jobs and reporting their status
  - Sending requests and receiving commands
- > Bridge service between PanDA and workers
  - Propagating heartbeats and commands
  - Dynamic optimization of payload size
- > Data management
  - Asynchronous pre-staging and shipping-out of data
- > Cleanup
  - Disk cleanup, database cleanup, deletion or killing of (orphaned) workers

## Harvester Architecture





- > Central + local DBs for scalability
- Multiprocessing, multithreading, multi-nodes
- One core component (agent) per action
  - Action : job fetching, pre-staging, worker submission, ...
- Taking actions based on transition of job/worker status in local DB
- No direct communication (messaging) between agents
- Plugins developed by each resource experts



# **Current Status**

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# The Grid

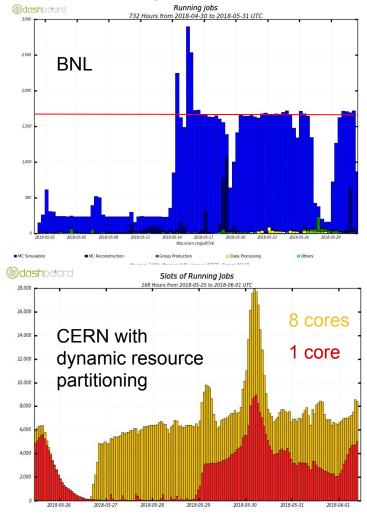
#### > Status

- Ongoing migration for large scale production at CERN, BNL and Taiwan
- Evaluating two submission engines, condor-C and aCT
- Migration of runtime tests for ATLAS offline software to harvester due to intermittent workload submission

#### > Goals

- Full migration to Harvester as a single mechanism for pilot provisioning on all ATLAS grid resources
- Dynamic resource partitioning based on current physics needs while getting rid of static batch-level partitioning
  - Details in CHEP poster : F H Barreiro Megino, <u>ATLAS Global Shares Implementation in the PanDA</u> <u>Workload Management</u> <u>System</u>
- Better site description for more optimal resource usage

### Running jobs at BNL and CERN harvester queues

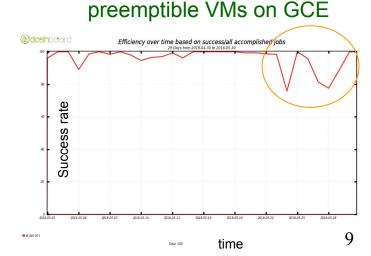


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# Cloud

### > Production status

- Condor-based cloud resources at CERN + Leibniz + Edinburgh with 1.2k CPU cores in production
- > Two major developments
  - Condor-based for ATLAS High Level Trigger (HLT) CPU farm with 50k cores, aka Sim@P1
    - Resource availability depending on needs for the original usage
    - Proactive assignment of workload to the resource for quick ramp up before the resource becomes available
    - Details in CHEP Talk : F Berghaus, <u>Sim@P1: Using Cloudscheduler for</u> offline processing on the ATLAS HLT farm Effect of switching from
  - Using native cloud API for GCE and EC2
    - Use-cases
      - In context of the data ocean project with GCE + GCE API + Google Storage + preemptible VMs
      - Openstack instance with EC2 API at Taiwan for non-ATLAS
    - New plugins with Kubernetes to be developed



normal VMS to

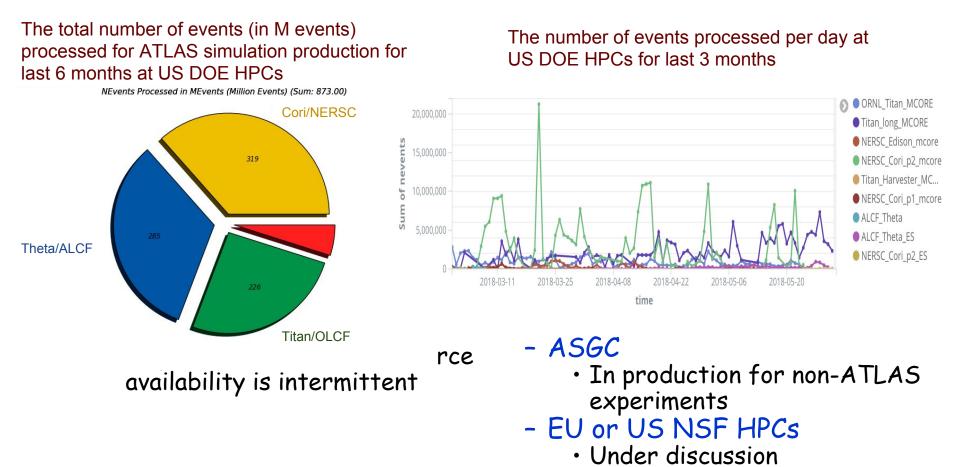
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# HPC 1/2



# Production status - US DOE HPCs

- In production with a mechanism to dynamically combine many PanDA jobs to a single batch submission
- Theta/ALCF, Titan/OLCF, Cori/NERSC

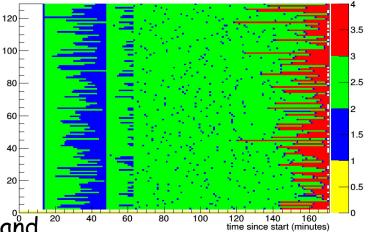


## HPC 2/2

#### > Current developments

- Jumbo payload with event service on HPC, a.k.a Yoda
  - Local site policies drive the need for large payloads
  - Event-level bookkeeping as a protection against early termination due to preemption and/or inaccurate estimation of execution
  - In validation
- HPC + computing element
  - Integration of HPC resources to the grid with HTCondor or ARC CE
- Dynamic payload sizing based on real-time information from HPC batch system
  - Usage of preemptible resources without a capability of event-level bookkeeping
- Caching
  - Streaming service + local cache service to deliver data to compute nodes on demand
  - To be coherent with developments for ATLAS Event Streaming service which is reported in a CHEP talk : N Magini, <u>Towards an</u> <u>Event Streaming Service for ATLAS data processing</u>

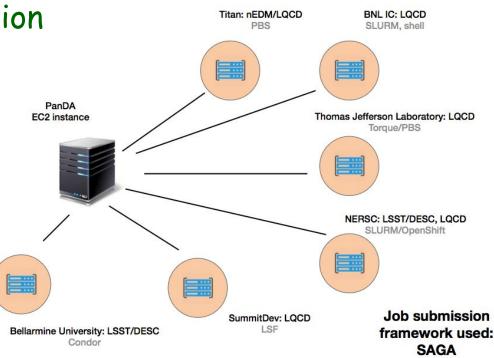




# Beyond ATLAS



- 6 instances of harvester configured and ready to use for non-ATLAS experiment in BigPanDA project
  - One regional instance at Thomas Jefferson Lab maintained by TJLab team
- Tested for nEDM, LQCD, LSST, also with Next Generation Executer (NGE)
- The first LQCD production successful at BNL
- Details in CHEP talk : P Svirin, PanDA and RADICAL-Pilot Integration: Enabling the Pilot Paradigm on HPC Resources





### Plans

- Migration of the entire ATLAS grid to harvester
- Dynamic resource partitioning based on current physics needs in ATLAS
- Seamles's integration of HPCs with other resources without any manual interventions by using jumbo payload + Yoda
- Full integration of ATLAS HLT farm to harvester with proactive workload assignment
- > Expanding harvester usage beyond ATLAS





- Harvester project was launched in Dec 2016
  - Wide collaboration of resource and PanDA experts
- Many development activities in parallel with various resources
  - Coherent implementations to meet different requirements
- > Already in production for various resources
- > Still a lot of challenges to come
  - Further optimization and automation