

Amplitude analysis of charmless B decays at LHCb

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Charmless B decays

- Mediated by $b \rightarrow u$ (tree) or $b \rightarrow d, s$ (penguin) transitions
- Several **comparable** amplitudes \Rightarrow **large** CP asymmetries
- New physics search: New particles adding extra amplitudes could modify observables (\mathcal{B} , CP -asymmetries...)
- Benchmark to explore flavour symmetries used to deal with QCD contributions
- Rich zoo of charmless final states: Amplitude analysis usually needed to disentangle different decays



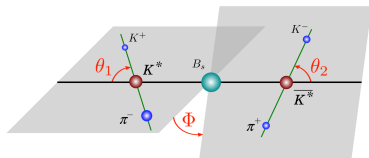
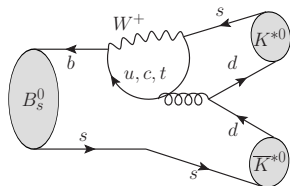
Amplitude analysis of $B_s^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}$

JHEP 07 (2015) 166

$\int \mathcal{L} = 1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of 2011 data

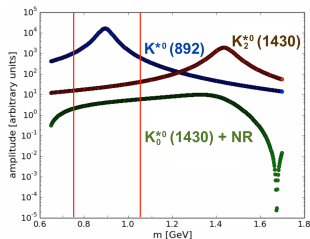
$$B_s^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}$$

- FCNC, **pure penguin** transition in the SM
- Final state is a CP -eigenstate (3x):
Sensitive to CP violation in the interference between B_s^0 mixing and decay
- Possibility to use $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}$ to control theoretical uncertainty
- $P \rightarrow VV$: Angular analysis needed to disentangle CP -even ($L = 0, 2$) and CP -odd ($L = 1$) final states
- **Untagged and time-integrated analysis** allows for CP -violating Triple Product asymmetries measurement



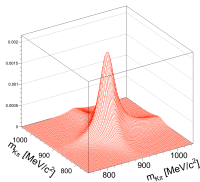
$$B_s^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}$$

- Reconstructing $B_s^0 \rightarrow (K^+ \pi^-)_{J_1} (K^- \pi^+)_{J_2}$ in ± 150 MeV $m_{K\pi}$ window around $K^{*0}(892)$
 - P-wave ($J=1$): $K^{*0}(892)$
 - S-wave ($J=0$): NR + $K_0^*(1430)$
- D-wave contribution ($J=2$) is neglected



$$A_{0,\parallel,\perp}$$

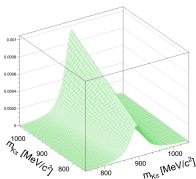
$$\eta_{0,\parallel} = +1, \eta_{\perp} = -1$$



$$B \rightarrow VV$$

$$A_s^+, A_s^-$$

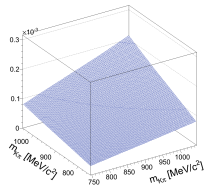
$$\eta_s^+ = -1, \eta_s^- = +1$$



$$B \rightarrow SV$$

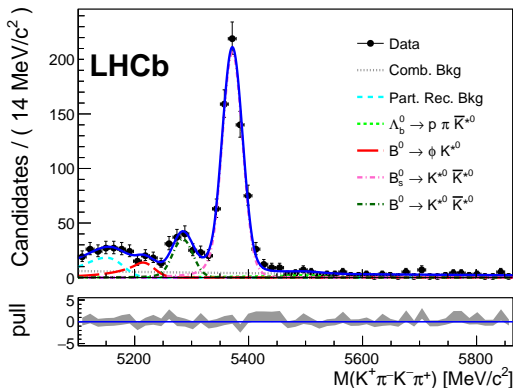
$$A_{SS}$$

$$\eta_{SS} = +1$$



$$B \rightarrow SS$$

Analysis performed on 1 fb^{-1} of 2011 data ($\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$)



$$N(B_s^0 \rightarrow K \pi K \pi) = 697 \pm 31(\text{stat.}) \pm 11(\text{syst.})$$

$$B_s^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}$$

Time-integrated and untagged analysis: No direct access to the weak phase $\phi_s^{b \rightarrow s d \bar{d}}$ but still sensitivity to CP -violating observables...

\mathcal{T} -odd Triple Product

correlations, $q \cdot (\varepsilon_1 \times \varepsilon_2)$

$$\mathcal{A}_T^i \propto \text{Im}(A_f^* A_\perp - \bar{A}_f^* \bar{A}_\perp)$$

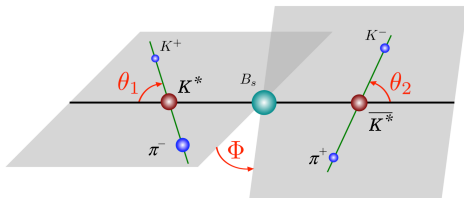
$$\mathcal{A}_{T,D}^i = \frac{N(g_{T,D}^i(\Omega) < 0) - N(g_{T,D}^i(\Omega) > 0)}{N(g_{T,D}^i(\Omega) < 0) + N(g_{T,D}^i(\Omega) > 0)}$$

S-wave induced direct CP asymmetries

$$\mathcal{A}_D^i \propto \text{Re}(A_f^* A_s^+ - \bar{A}_f^* \bar{A}_s^+)$$

CP -even: $f = 0, \parallel, s^-, ss$

CP -odd: \perp, s^+



Time-integrated and untagged analysis: No direct access to the weak phase $\phi_s^{b \rightarrow s \bar{d} \bar{d}}$ but still sensitivity to CP -violating observables...

	Asymmetry	Value \pm stat. \pm syst.
\mathcal{T} -odd Triple Product correlations, $q \cdot (\varepsilon_1 \times \varepsilon_2)$	\mathcal{A}_T^1	$0.003 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.009$
	\mathcal{A}_T^2	$0.009 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.009$
	\mathcal{A}_T^3	$0.019 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.008$
	\mathcal{A}_T^4	$-0.040 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.008$
S-wave induced direct CP asymmetries	\mathcal{A}_D^1	$-0.061 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.012$
	\mathcal{A}_D^2	$0.081 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.008$
	\mathcal{A}_D^3	$-0.079 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.023$
	\mathcal{A}_D^4	$-0.081 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.010$

$$\mathcal{A}_T^i \propto \text{Im}(A_f^* A_\perp - \bar{A}_f^* \bar{A}_\perp)$$

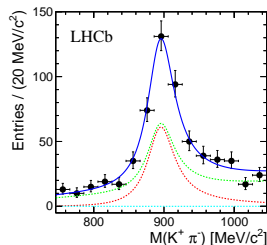
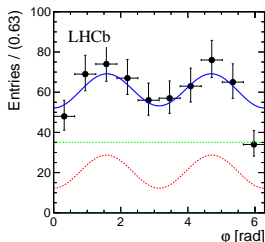
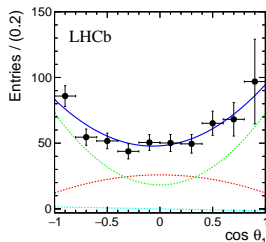
$$\mathcal{A}_D^i \propto \text{Re}(A_f^* A_s^+ - \bar{A}_f^* \bar{A}_s^+)$$

CP -even: $f = 0, \parallel, s^-, ss$

CP -odd: \perp, s^+

Amplitude analysis assuming no CP -violation,

$$\frac{d^5\Gamma}{d\Omega dm_{K^+\pi^-} dm_{K^-\pi^+}} = N \sum_{n=1}^{21} K_n(A_i, \delta_i; m_{K^\pm\pi^\mp}) F_n(\Omega)$$



$P \rightarrow VV$
 $P \rightarrow SV, VS, SS$
 $Re(A_0^* A_s^+)$

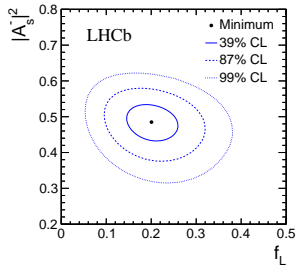
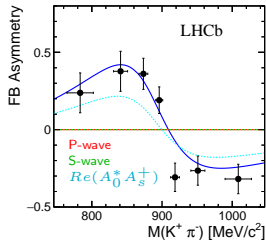
$$B_s^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}$$

Systematic dominated by the angular acceptance & the $m_{K\pi}$ description

Parameter	Value \pm stat. \pm syst.
f_L	$0.201 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.040$
f_{\parallel}	$0.215 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.015$
$ A_s^+ ^2$	$0.114 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.023$
$ A_s^- ^2$	$0.485 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.019$
$ A_{ss} ^2$	$0.066 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.007$
δ_{\parallel}	$5.31 \pm 0.24 \pm 0.14$
$\delta_{\perp} - \delta_s^+$	$1.95 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.04$
δ_s^-	$1.79 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.19$
δ_{ss}	$1.06 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.23$

Normalising to $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi \bar{K}^{*0}$,

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}) = (10.8 \pm 2.1(\text{stat.}) \pm 1.4(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.6(f_d/f_s)) \times 10^{-6}$$



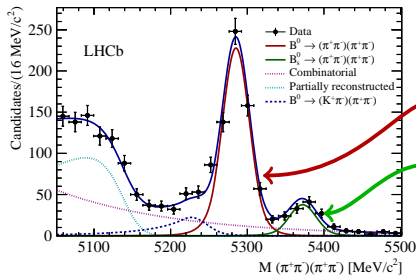
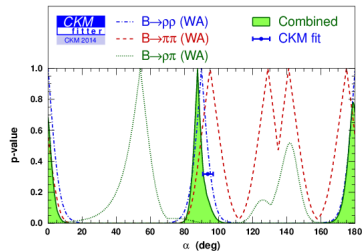
Amplitude analysis of $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$

Phys.Lett. B747 (2015) 468

$\int \mathcal{L} = 3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of 2011+2012 data

$$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$$

- Together with $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^+ \rho^-$ can be used to constrain the CKM angle α
- B-factories found evidence for this decay and reported discrepant f_L measurements $\sim 2\sigma$



$N(B^0) \sim 600$

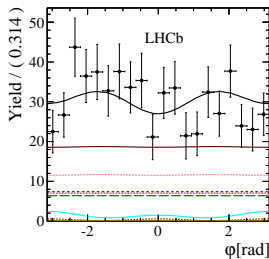
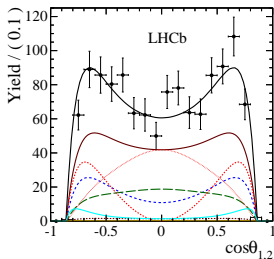
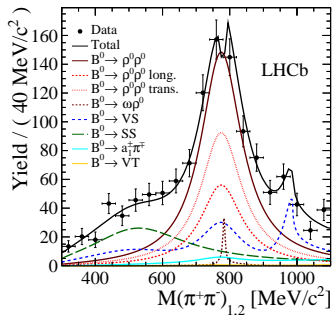
First observation of $B_s^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi\pi$

$$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$$

- We look for $B^0 \rightarrow (\pi^+ \pi^-)(\pi^+ \pi^-)$ with $m_{\pi\pi} < 1100$ MeV
 - P-wave: $\rho(980)$, ω
 - S-wave: $f_0(500)$, $f_0(980)$ and NR
 - D-wave: $f_2(1270)$

11 amplitudes in total!

- Dominant systematics from the mass lineshapes & acceptance correction.



- First observation of $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$ (7.1σ)
- Branching fraction measurement normalised to $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi \bar{K}^{*0}$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0) = (0.94 \pm 0.17(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.09(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.06(\text{BF})) \times 10^{-6}$$

- Longitudinal polarisation fraction of $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$

$$f_L = 0.745_{-0.058}^{+0.048}(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.034(\text{syst.})$$

in agreement with BaBar and at 2.3σ from the Belle measurement

- No evidence for $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 f_0(980)$ decay mode reported by Belle

$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 f_0(980)) \times \mathcal{B}(f_0(980) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) < 0.81 \times 10^{-6} \text{ at } 90\% \text{ CL}$$

Branching ratio of $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi$

LHCb-PAPER-2015-028 in preparation

$\int \mathcal{L} = 3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of 2011+2012 data

- FCNC $b \rightarrow s\bar{s}s$ transition
- CP violation analysis with LHCb Run 1 data (3fb^{-1})
- Tagged, time-dependent amplitude analysis

$$\phi_s^{b \rightarrow s\bar{s}s} = 0.17 \pm 0.15(\text{stat}) \pm 0.03(\text{syst}) \text{ rad}$$

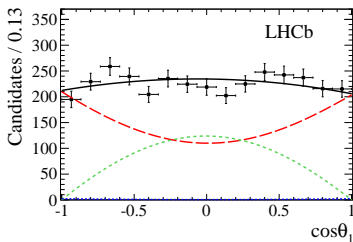
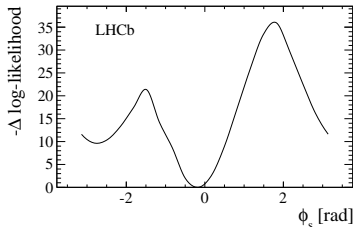
$$|\lambda| = 1.04 \pm 0.07(\text{stat}) \pm 0.03(\text{syst})$$

$$A_U = 0.003 \pm 0.017(\text{stat}) \pm 0.006(\text{syst})$$

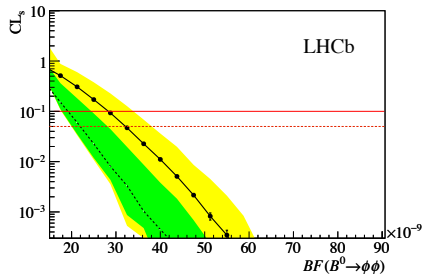
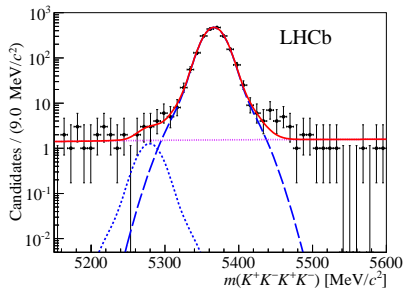
$$A_V = 0.017 \pm 0.017(\text{stat}) \pm 0.006(\text{syst})$$

compatible with CP conservation (SM expectation)

- Polarisation fractions & S-wave contribution also measured



$$B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi$$



- Reoptimisation of the selection
- Using $B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^{*0}$ as normalisation and the result of the amplitude analysis

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi) = (1.84 \pm 0.05(\text{stat}) \pm 0.07(\text{syst}) \pm 0.11(f_s/f_d) \pm 0.12(\text{norm})) \times 10^{-5}$$

- Signal significance for $B^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi < 2\sigma$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi) < 2.8(3.4) \times 10^{-8} \text{ at } 90\% (95\%) \text{ CL}$$

First observation of $B_s^0 \rightarrow K_S \bar{K}^{*0}$

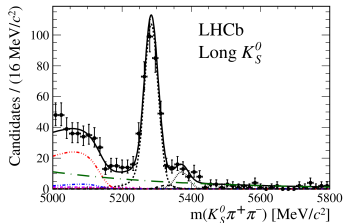
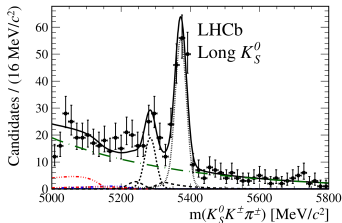
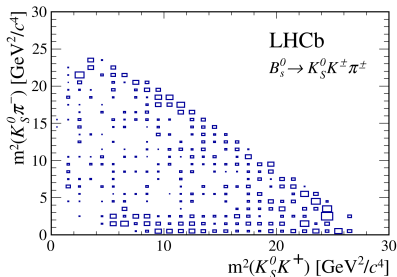
arXiv:1506.08634

(Submitted to JHEP)

$\int \mathcal{L} = 1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of 2011 data

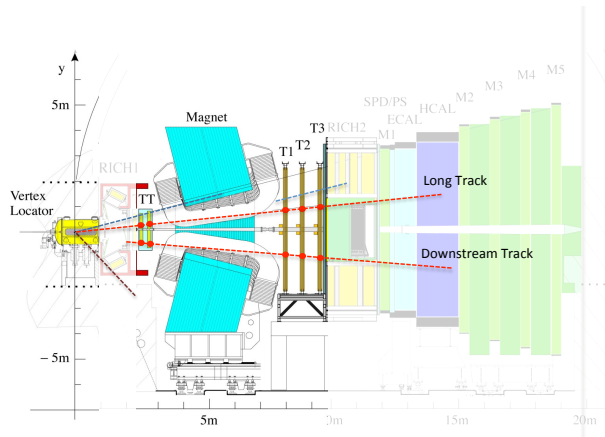
$$B_s^0 \rightarrow K_S \bar{K}^{*0}$$

- $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 h h'$, $h, h' = K, \pi$, interesting for CP -violation measurements
- LHCb analysis with 1 fb^{-1}
 - First observation $B_s^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 K^+ \pi^-$
 - First observation $B_s^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$
 - Confirmation $B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 K^+ \pi^-$
 - Limit for $B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 K^+ K^-$

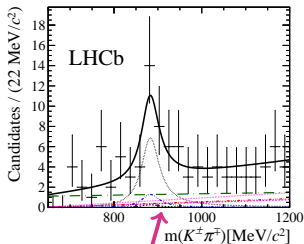
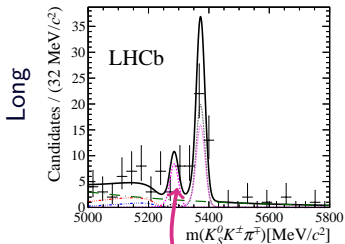
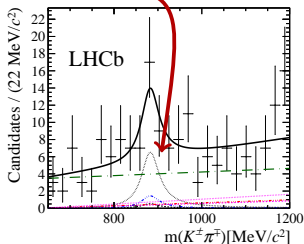
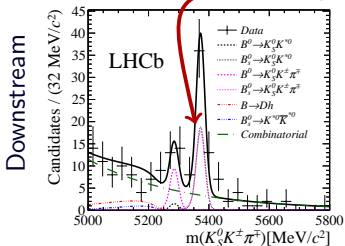


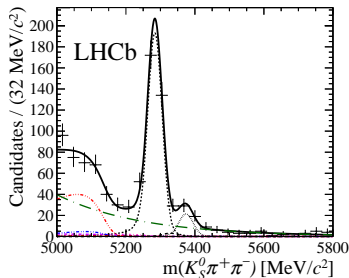
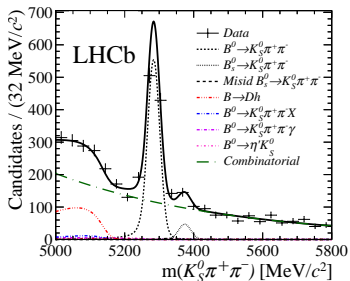
$$B_s^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \bar{K}^{*0}$$

- Two $K_S^0 (\rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)$ categories, **long** and **downstream**
- Simultaneous fit to the $M(K_S^0 K^\mp \pi^\pm) \times M(K^\mp \pi^\pm)$ to extract the $B_{(s)} \rightarrow K_S^0 \bar{K}^{*0}$ resonant component



First observation of

 $B_s^0 \rightarrow K_S \bar{K}^{*0}$ No $B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \bar{K}^{*0}$



- Using $B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$ as normalisation channel

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow K_S \bar{K}^{*0}) = (10.9 \pm 2.5(\text{stat.}) \pm 1.2(\text{syst.})) \times 10^{-6}$$

- No resonant $B^0 \rightarrow K_S \bar{K}^{*0}$ component is observed

$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K_S \bar{K}^{*0}) < 0.64 (0.69) \times 10^{-6} \text{ at } 90\% (95\%) \text{ CL}$$

Summary

- The latest LHCb amplitude analyses in charmless B decays have been presented.
- **Discovery** of two new decay modes: $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$ and $B_s^0 \rightarrow K_S \bar{K}^{*0}$
- The amplitude analysis of $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$ reveals a **dominant longitudinal polarisation** in agreement with the measurement from BaBar. The $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 f_0(980)$ signal reported by Belle is not confirmed.
- The analysis of $B_s^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}$ confirms the **low polarisation** reported previously by LHCb. The 8 CP asymmetries measured for this mode are found compatible with the SM expectation of **no CP violation**
- **World best measurement** of the $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi$ branching fraction, and no evidence for $B^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi$.

Summary

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Thanks for your attention!

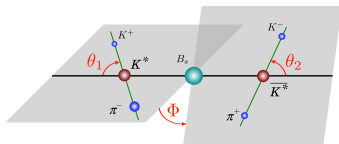
Backup

$B_s^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}$ CP asymmetries

	CP observable	$g_T^i(\theta_1, \theta_2, \varphi)$
$\mathcal{A}_T^{(1)}$	$\Im(A_{\perp} A_0^* - \bar{A}_{\perp} \bar{A}_0^*)$	$\text{sign}(\cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2) \sin \varphi$
$\mathcal{A}_T^{(2)}$	$\Im(A_{\perp} A_{\parallel}^* - \bar{A}_{\perp} \bar{A}_{\parallel}^*)$	$\sin 2\varphi$
$\mathcal{A}_T^{(3)}$	$\Im(A_{\perp}^* A_s^- - \bar{A}_{\perp}^* \bar{A}_s^-)$	$\text{sign}(\cos \theta_1 + \cos \theta_2) \sin \varphi$
$\mathcal{A}_T^{(4)}$	$\Im(A_{\perp}^* A_{ss} - \bar{A}_{\perp}^* \bar{A}_{ss})$	$\text{sign}(\cos \theta_1 + \cos \theta_2) \sin \varphi$

	CP observable	$g_D^i(\theta_1, \theta_2, \varphi)$
$\mathcal{A}_D^{(1)}$	$\Re(A_s^+ A_0^* - \bar{A}_s^+ \bar{A}_0^*),$ $\Re(A_s^+ A_{ss}^* - \bar{A}_s^+ \bar{A}_{ss}^*)$	$\cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2 (\cos \theta_1 - \cos \theta_2)$
$\mathcal{A}_D^{(2)}$	$\Re(A_s^+ A_{\parallel}^* - \bar{A}_s^+ \bar{A}_{\parallel}^*)$	$(\cos \theta_1 - \cos \theta_2) \cos \varphi$
$\mathcal{A}_D^{(3)}$	$\Re(A_s^+ A_0^* - \bar{A}_s^+ \bar{A}_0^*),$ $\Re(A_s^+ A_{ss}^* - \bar{A}_s^+ \bar{A}_{ss}^*)$	$(\cos \theta_1 - \cos \theta_2)$
$\mathcal{A}_D^{(4)}$	$\Re(A_s^+ (A_s^-)^* - \bar{A}_s^+ (\bar{A}_s^-)^*)$	$\cos^2 \theta_1 - \cos^2 \theta_2$

$B_s^0 \rightarrow (K^+\pi^-)(K^-\pi^+)$ decay rate



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d^6\Gamma}{dX} \propto & \left| \left(A_0(t) \cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2 + \frac{A_{\parallel}(t)}{\sqrt{2}} \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2 \cos \varphi \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + i \frac{A_{\perp}(t)}{\sqrt{2}} \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2 \sin \varphi \right) \mathcal{M}_1(m_1) \mathcal{M}_1(m_2) \right. \\ & - \frac{A_s^+(t)}{\sqrt{6}} (\cos \theta_1 \mathcal{M}_1(m_1) \mathcal{M}_0(m_2) - \cos \theta_2 \mathcal{M}_0(m_1) \mathcal{M}_1(m_2)) \\ & - \frac{A_s^-(t)}{\sqrt{6}} (\cos \theta_1 \mathcal{M}_1(m_1) \mathcal{M}_0(m_2) + \cos \theta_2 \mathcal{M}_0(m_1) \mathcal{M}_1(m_2)) \\ & \left. - \frac{A_{ss}(t)}{3} \mathcal{M}_0(m_1) \mathcal{M}_0(m_2) \right|^2 \end{aligned}$$

$\mathcal{M}_0 \equiv$ LASS parameterisation

$\mathcal{M}_1 \equiv$ Relativistic spin-1 Breit Wigner

$B_s^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}$ systematic

Parameter	σ_{acc}	σ_{sim}	σ_{rw}	σ_{mass}	σ_{res}	Total
f_L	0.031	0.010	0.010	0.021	0.006	0.040
f_{\parallel}	0.008	0.008	0.004	0.005	0.007	0.015
$ A_s^+ ^2$	0.019	0.005	0.002	0.011	0.003	0.023
$ A_s^- ^2$	0.007	0.007	0.010	0.003	0.012	0.019
$ A_{ss} ^2$	0.003	0.001	0.000	0.005	0.003	0.007
δ_{\parallel}	0.130	0.037	0.042	0.005	0.025	0.144
$\delta_{\perp} - \delta_s^+$	0.016	0.019	0.000	0.017	0.027	0.040
δ_s^-	0.160	0.036	0.075	0.033	0.030	0.186
δ_{ss}	0.096	0.076	0.188	0.018	0.044	0.229

$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$ parameters

A_i	η_i	f_i
$A_{\rho\rho}^0$	1	$M_\rho(m_1)M_\rho(m_2) \cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2$
$A_{\rho\rho}^{\parallel}$	1	$M_\rho(m_1)M_\rho(m_2) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2 \cos \varphi$
$A_{\rho\rho}^{\perp}$	-1	$M_\rho(m_1)M_\rho(m_2) \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2 \sin \varphi$
$A_{\rho\omega}^0$	1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [M_\rho(m_1)M_\omega(m_2) + M_\omega(m_1)M_\rho(m_2)] \cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2$
$A_{\rho\omega}^{\parallel}$	1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [M_\rho(m_1)M_\omega(m_2) + M_\omega(m_1)M_\rho(m_2)] \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2 \cos \varphi$
$A_{\rho\omega}^{\perp}$	-1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [M_\rho(m_1)M_\omega(m_2) + M_\omega(m_1)M_\rho(m_2)] \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2 \sin \varphi$
$A_{\rho(\pi\pi)_0}$	-1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} [M_\rho(m_1)M_{(\pi\pi)_0}(m_2) \cos \theta_1 + M_{(\pi\pi)_0}(m_1)M_\rho(m_2) \cos \theta_2]$
$A_{\rho f(980)}$	-1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} [M_\rho(m_1)M_{f(980)}(m_2) \cos \theta_1 + M_{f(980)}(m_1)M_\rho(m_2) \cos \theta_2]$
$A_{(\pi\pi)_0(\pi\pi)_0}$	1	$M_{(\pi\pi)_0}(m_1)M_{(\pi\pi)_0}(m_2) \frac{1}{3}$
$A_{\rho f_2}^0$	-1	$\sqrt{\frac{5}{24}} [M_\rho(m_1)M_{f_2}(m_2) \cos \theta_1 (3 \cos^2 \theta_2 - 1) + M_{f_2}(m_1)M_\rho(m_2) \cos \theta_2 (3 \cos^2 \theta_1 - 1)]$
$A_{a_1\pi}^{S+}$	1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \sum_{\{ijkl\}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} M_{a_1}(m_{ijk})M_\rho(m_{ij}) [\cos \alpha_{kl} \cos \beta_{ik} + \sin \alpha_{kl} \sin \beta_{ik} \cos \Phi_{kl}]$

$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$ amplitude fit

Parameter	Definition	Fit result
f_L	$ A_{\rho\rho}^0 ^2 / (A_{\rho\rho}^0 ^2 + A_{\rho\rho}^{\parallel} ^2 + A_{\rho\rho}^{\perp} ^2)$	$0.745^{+0.048}_{-0.058} \pm 0.034$
f_{\parallel}^f	$ A_{\rho\rho}^{\parallel} ^2 / (A_{\rho\rho}^{\parallel} ^2 + A_{\rho\rho}^{\perp} ^2)$	$0.50 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.05$
$\delta_{\parallel} - \delta_0$	$\arg(A_{\rho\rho}^{\parallel} A_{\rho\rho}^{0*})$	$1.84 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.14$
$F_{\rho(\pi\pi)_0}$	$ A_{\rho(\pi\pi)_0} ^2 / (A_{\rho\rho}^0 ^2 + A_{\rho\rho}^{\parallel} ^2 + A_{\rho\rho}^{\perp} ^2)$	$0.30^{+0.11}_{-0.09} \pm 0.08$
$F_{\rho f(980)}$	$ A_{\rho f(980)} ^2 / (A_{\rho\rho}^0 ^2 + A_{\rho\rho}^{\parallel} ^2 + A_{\rho\rho}^{\perp} ^2)$	$0.29^{+0.12}_{-0.09} \pm 0.08$
$F_{(\pi\pi)_0(\pi\pi)_0}$	$ A_{(\pi\pi)_0(\pi\pi)_0} ^2 / (A_{\rho\rho}^0 ^2 + A_{\rho\rho}^{\parallel} ^2 + A_{\rho\rho}^{\perp} ^2)$	$0.21^{+0.06}_{-0.04} \pm 0.08$
$\delta_{\perp} - \delta_{\rho(\pi\pi)_0}$	$\arg(A_{\rho\rho}^{\perp} A_{\rho(\pi\pi)_0}^*)$	$-1.13^{+0.33}_{-0.22} \pm 0.24$
$\delta_{\perp} - \delta_{\rho f(980)}$	$\arg(A_{\rho\rho}^{\perp} A_{\rho f(980)}^*)$	$1.92 \pm 0.24 \pm 0.16$
$\delta_{(\pi\pi)_0(\pi\pi)_0} - \delta_0$	$\arg(A_{(\pi\pi)_0(\pi\pi)_0} A_{\rho\rho}^{0*})$	$3.14^{+0.36}_{-0.38} \pm 0.39$
$F_{\rho\omega}$	$(A_{\rho\omega}^0 ^2 + A_{\rho\omega}^{\parallel} ^2 + A_{\rho\omega}^{\perp} ^2) / (A_{\rho\rho}^0 ^2 + A_{\rho\rho}^{\parallel} ^2 + A_{\rho\rho}^{\perp} ^2)$	$0.025^{+0.048}_{-0.022} \pm 0.020$
$f_L^{\rho\omega}$	$ A_{\rho\omega}^0 ^2 / (A_{\rho\omega}^0 ^2 + A_{\rho\omega}^{\parallel} ^2 + A_{\rho\omega}^{\perp} ^2)$	$0.70^{+0.23}_{-0.60} \pm 0.13$
$f_{\parallel}^{\rho\omega}$	$ A_{\rho\omega}^{\parallel} ^2 / (A_{\rho\omega}^{\parallel} ^2 + A_{\rho\omega}^{\perp} ^2)$	$0.97^{+0.69}_{-0.56} \pm 0.15$
$\delta_0^{\omega} - \delta_0$	$\arg(A_{\rho\omega}^0 A_{\rho\rho}^{0*})$	$-2.56^{+0.76}_{-0.92} \pm 0.22$
$\delta_{\parallel}^{\omega} - \delta_0$	$\arg(A_{\rho\omega}^{\parallel} A_{\rho\rho}^{0*})$	$-0.71^{+0.71}_{-0.67} \pm 0.32$
$\delta_{\perp}^{\omega} - \delta_{\rho(\pi\pi)_0}$	$\arg(A_{\rho\omega}^{\perp} A_{\rho(\pi\pi)_0}^*)$	$-1.72 \pm 2.62 \pm 0.80$
$F_{\rho f_2}^0$	$ A_{\rho f_2}^0 ^2 / (A_{\rho\rho}^0 ^2 + A_{\rho\rho}^{\parallel} ^2 + A_{\rho\rho}^{\perp} ^2)$	$0.01^{+0.04}_{-0.02} \pm 0.03$
$\delta_{\rho f_2}^0 - \delta_{\rho(\pi\pi)_0}$	$\arg(A_{\rho f_2}^0 A_{\rho(\pi\pi)_0}^*)$	$-0.56 \pm 1.48 \pm 0.80$
$F_{a_1\pi}^{S^+}$	$ A_{a_1\pi}^{S^+} ^2 / (A_{\rho\rho}^0 ^2 + A_{\rho\rho}^{\parallel} ^2 + A_{\rho\rho}^{\perp} ^2)$	$1.4^{+1.0+1.2}_{-0.7-0.8}$
$\delta_{a_1\pi}^{S^+} - \delta_{\rho(\pi\pi)_0}$	$\arg(A_{a_1\pi}^{S^+} A_{\rho(\pi\pi)_0}^*)$	$-0.09^{+0.30}_{-0.36} \pm 0.38$

$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$ systematic

Systematic effect	Uncertainty on f_L (%)	Uncertainty on $P(B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0)$ (%)
Fit bias	0.1	0.8
Model	3.6	6.2
$B^0 \rightarrow a_1(1260)^+ \pi^-$	1.2	1.1
S-wave lineshape	3.4	6.1
Lineshapes	<0.1	0.1
Background subtraction	0.1	0.5
Acceptance integrals	2.7	4.5
Angular/Mass resolution	0.8	1.5

$B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi$ systematic

Source of systematic uncertainty	Relative uncertainty (%)
S-wave fraction	3.1
Relative efficiency between P and S-wave	1.1
Simulation sample size	0.8
Fit model	0.6
Tracking efficiency	0.5
Hadronic interactions	0.3
Hardware trigger	1.1
Particle identification efficiency	0.3
$\mathcal{B}(\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-)$	1.0
Quadratic sum of the above	3.8
Fragmentation fraction ratio (f_s/f_d)	5.8

$B_s^0 \rightarrow K_S \bar{K}^{*0}$ systematic

Source	$\frac{\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 K^{*0})}{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-)}$		$\frac{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 K^{*0})}{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-)}$	
	Downstream	Long	Downstream	Long
Fit	0.05	0.03	0.20	0.28
Selection	0.08	0.10	0.08	0.11
PID	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Trigger	0.07	0.07	0.02	0.09
Lifetime	0.05	0.05	-	-
Total	0.13	0.14	0.22	0.31
f_s/f_d	0.06	0.06	-	-