

Prospects for γ measurements at LHCb

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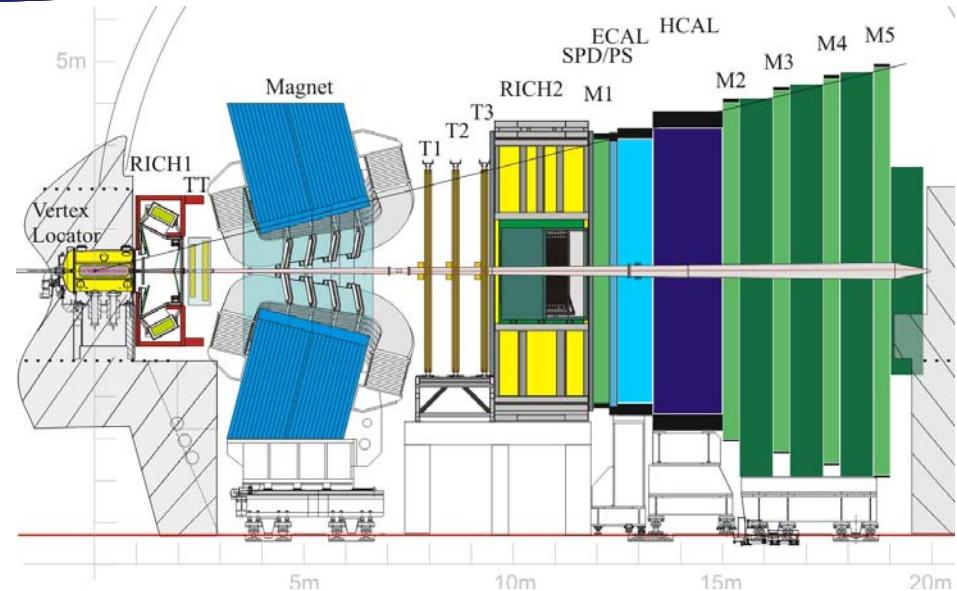
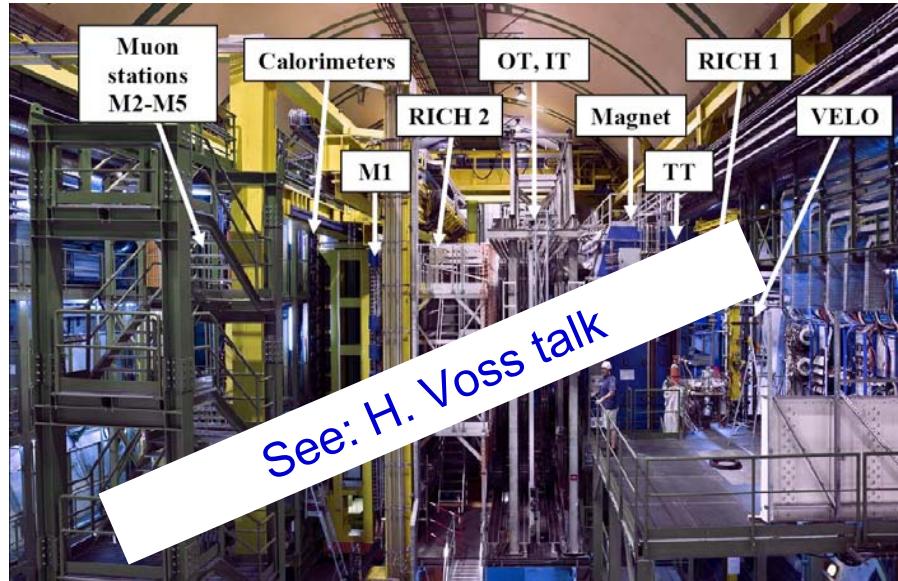
(on behalf of the LHCb collaboration)



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LHCb detector

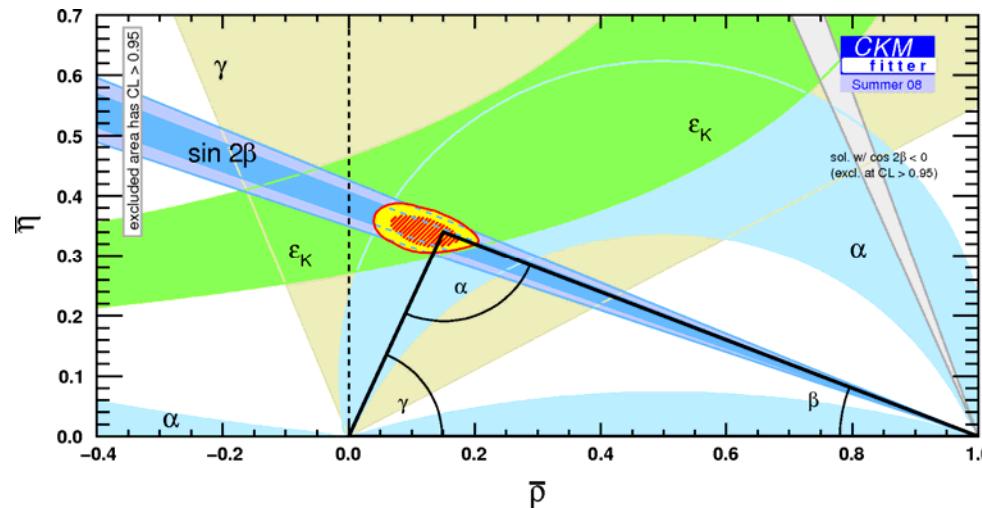
- LHC: 14 TeV $\rightarrow \sigma_{bb} = 500\mu b$
- $10^{12} b\bar{b}$ per year ($2 fb^{-1}$)
- Special purpose detector to search for:
 - **New physics** - rare b quark decays See: E. Lopez talk
 - **CP violation**
- $B^\pm, B^0, B_s, B_c, \Lambda_b \dots$



- Excellent tracking system (**VELO** retractable sensors: 5-35mm from beam)
 - t-resolution: $\sim 40 fs$
 - B_s t-dependent studies
- RICH system – hadronic ID
 - $K - \pi$ separation: **96%** (3σ)
 - 2-100GeV
- Trigger system: many B decay topologies

CKM angle γ

- CKM matrix in SM
 - Parameterisation of physical observables
 - Appears in SM Lagrangian
- LHCb: measure all angles and one-side+height independently
- γ – least well determined angle $\gamma = (70^{+27}_{-29})^\circ, [2\sigma] = (29^\circ, 113^\circ)$
- To disentangle ‘new physics’ in γ loop measurements
 - Need σ_γ a few degrees – from trees



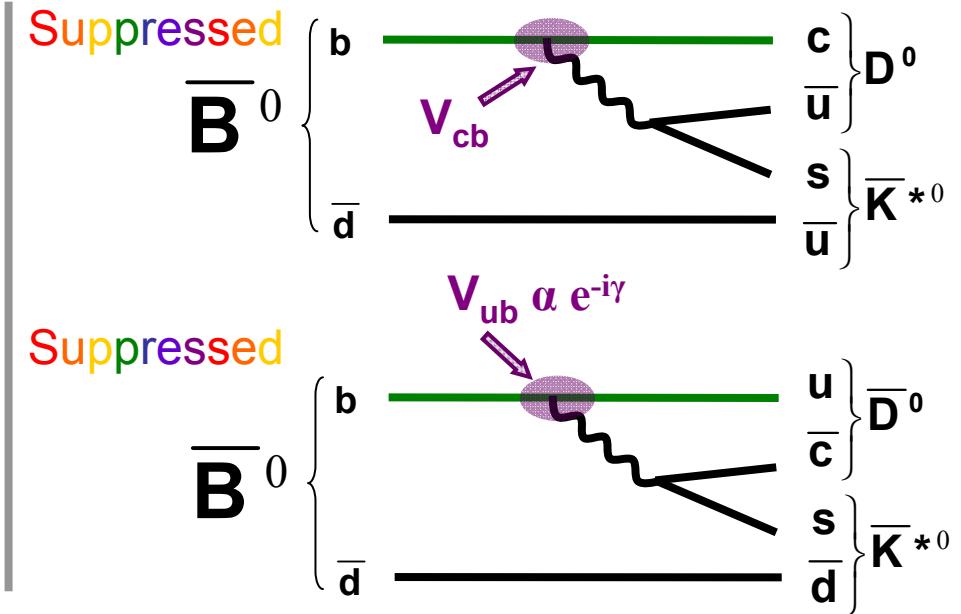
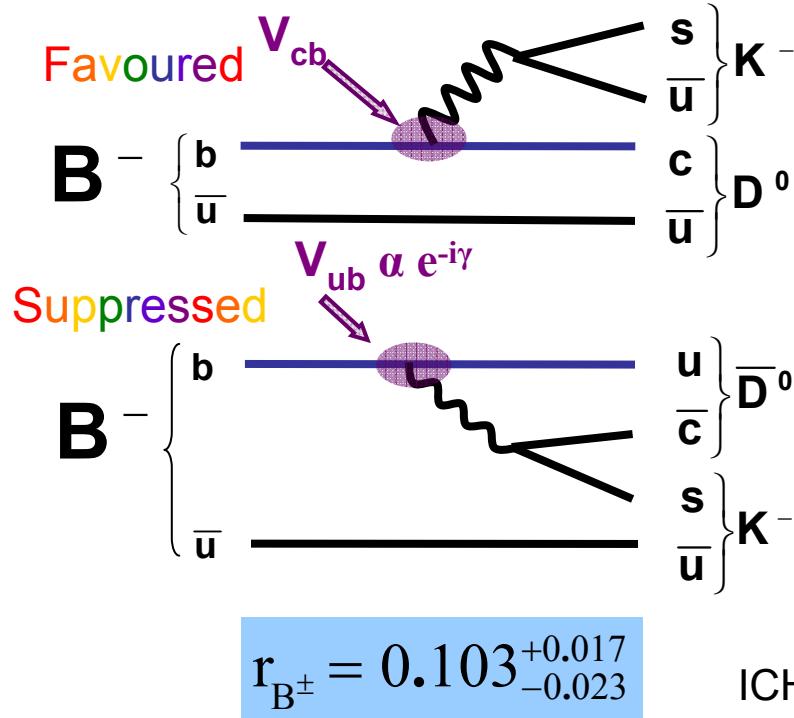
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Trees

Standard Model γ benchmark

B \rightarrow DK strategy

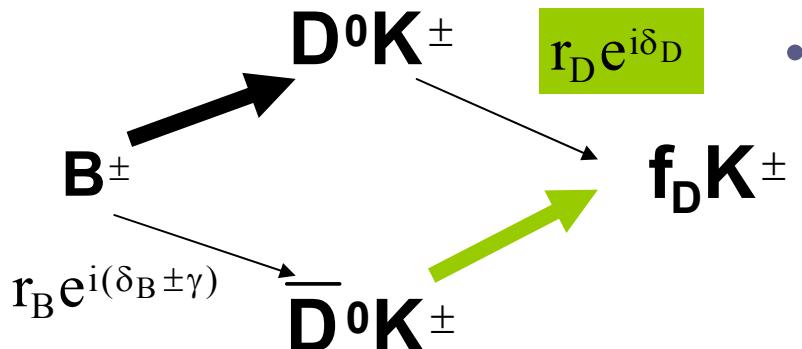


- **No loop** contribution – theoretically clean
 - **Baseline** γ measurement
- **D^0/\bar{D}^0 decay to same final state**
 - γ extracted from **interference**

$$\frac{A(B \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 K^-)}{A(B \rightarrow D^0 \bar{K}^-)} = r_B e^{i\delta} e^{-i\gamma}$$

- **3 common parameters** – global fit
 - + D decay parameters

ADS/GLW



- $B^\pm \rightarrow D^0(hh)K^\pm$
- $B^0 \rightarrow D^0(hh)K^{*0}$
 - self tagged $K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$
- 6 rates, 5 parameters
- Constraint:

$$\delta_{K\pi} = (22^{+11+9}_{-12-11})^\circ$$

from CLEO-c

PRL 100(2008) 221801

- **ADS**: $f_D = D^0$ DCS and CF
(B^\pm : $K\pi$)
 - Low event rate, larger interference
- **GLW**: $f_D = D^0$ eigenstates
(B^\pm : K^+K^- , $\pi^+\pi^-$)
 - High event rate, smaller interference

	B^\pm	B^0
γ	60°	60°
r_B	0.10	0.40
δ_B	130° (PDG)	Scan (0 – π)
$r_{K\pi}$	0.0616 (PDG)	0.0616 (PDG)
$\delta_{K\pi}$	-158°	-158°

ADS formalism requires -180° phase shift

$B^\pm(0) \rightarrow D^0(hh)K^\pm(*0)$

2 fb⁻¹

- Yields:

B^\pm Mode	Yield	B/S
$B^\pm \rightarrow D_{\text{fav}}(K\pi)K^\pm$	28k	0.6
$B^\pm \rightarrow D_{\text{sup}}(K\pi)K^\pm$	650	1.2
$B^\pm \rightarrow D_{\text{CP}}(KK)K^\pm$	3k	1.2
$B^\pm \rightarrow D_{\text{CP}}(\pi\pi)K^\pm$	1k	3.6

LHCb-2008-011

B^0 Mode	Yield	B/S (90% c.l.)
$B^0 \rightarrow D_{\text{fav}}(K\pi)K^{*0}$	3.4k	[0.4,2.0]
$B^0 \rightarrow D_{\text{sup}}(K\pi)K^{*0}$	540	[2.0,13.0]
$B^0 \rightarrow D_{\text{CP}}(KK)K^{*0}$	470	[0,0.4]
$B^0 \rightarrow D_{\text{CP}}(\pi\pi)K^{*0}$	130	[0,14.0]

LHCb-2007-050

- Sensitivity:

$B^\pm \rightarrow D^0(hh)K^\pm$

LHCb-2008-031

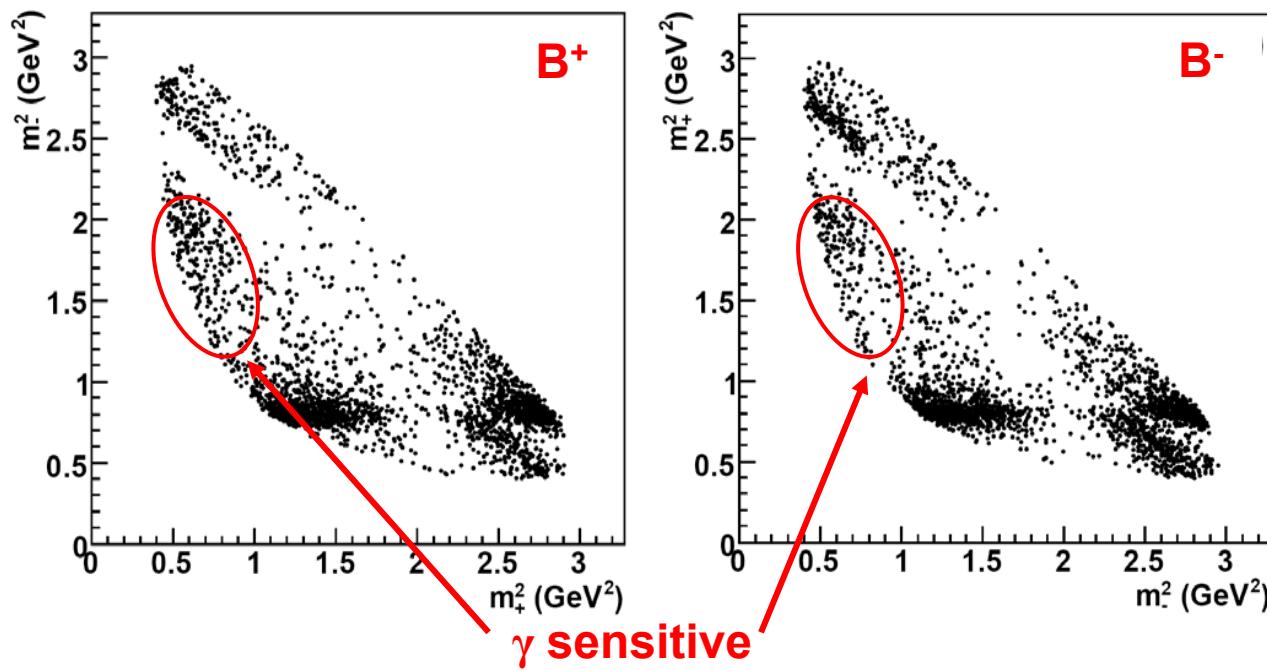
$B^0 \rightarrow D^0(hh)K^{*0}$

$\delta_{K\pi}(^o)$	-190	-174	-158	-144	-130
$\sigma_\gamma(^o)$	12.7	10.8	13.8	12.6	10.8

$\delta_{B^0}(^o)$	0	45	90	135	180
$\sigma_\gamma(^o)$	6.2	10.8	12.7	9.5	5.2

Dalitz

- $B^\pm \rightarrow D^0(K_s\pi^+\pi^-)K^\pm$



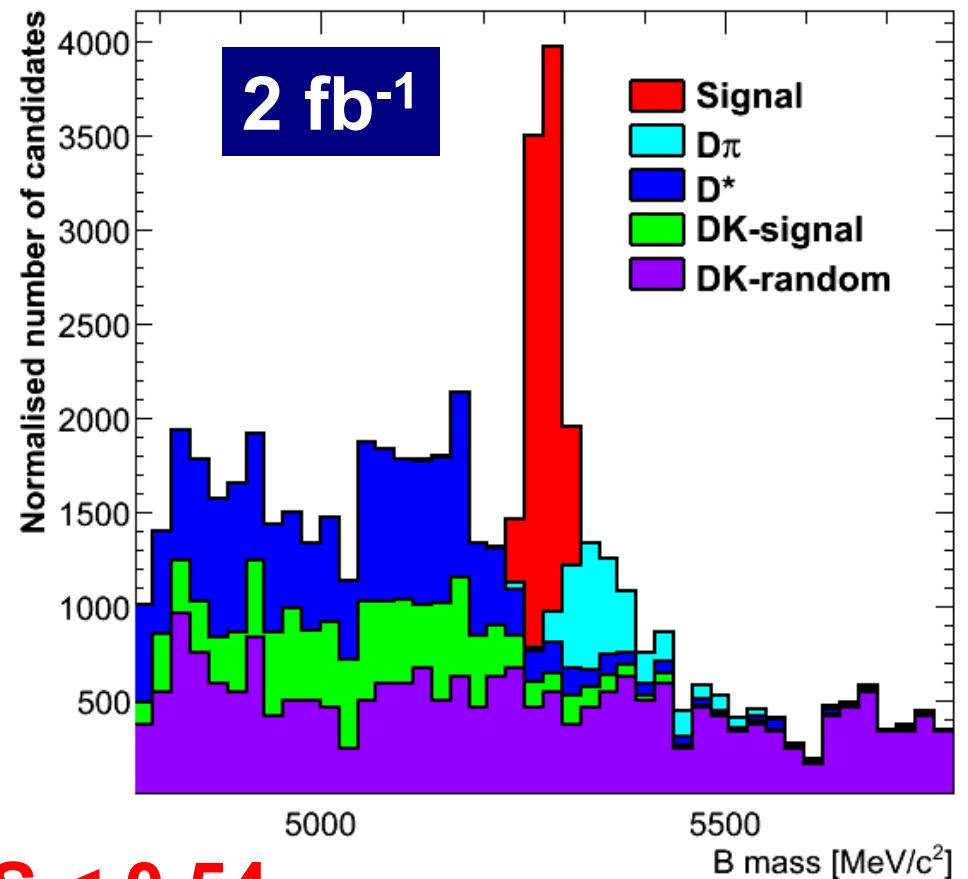
- Sensitivity to γ arises from interference between B^+ and B^-
- Two approaches to γ extraction
 - **Unbinned Isobar model** dependent method – Belle + BaBar
 - **Binned model independent** method – bins of δ_D

(Dalitz) $B^\pm \rightarrow D^0(K_s\pi\pi)K^\pm$

- Signal yield:
 $\sim 5k$ per year

Bkg type	B/S (*@ 90% c.l.)
DK-random	0.35 ± 0.03
$B^\pm \rightarrow D^0\pi^\pm$	$< 0.095^*$
DK-signal	$< 0.09^*$
$B \rightarrow D^*X + K$	$< 0.05^*$

LHCb-2008-028



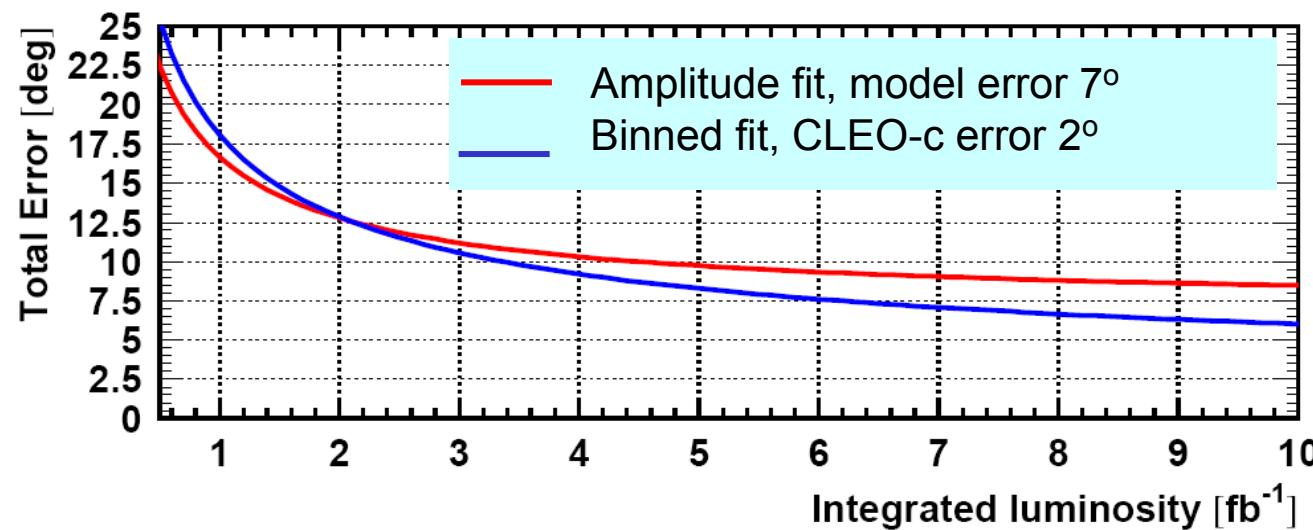
Total B/S < 0.54
@ 90% c.l.

(Dalitz) $B^\pm \rightarrow D^0(K_s\pi\pi)K^\pm$

- Unbinned **isobar model** fit (Belle+BaBar)
 - 17-19 intermediate resonances
 - Carries model error $\sim 7^\circ$

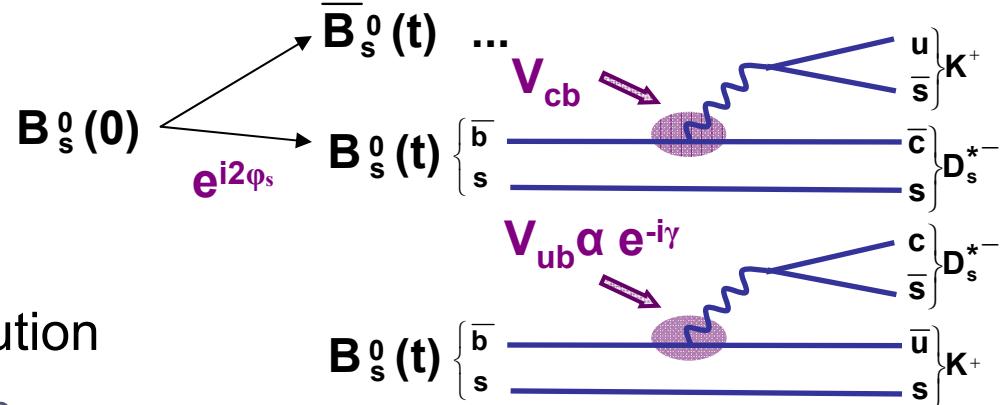
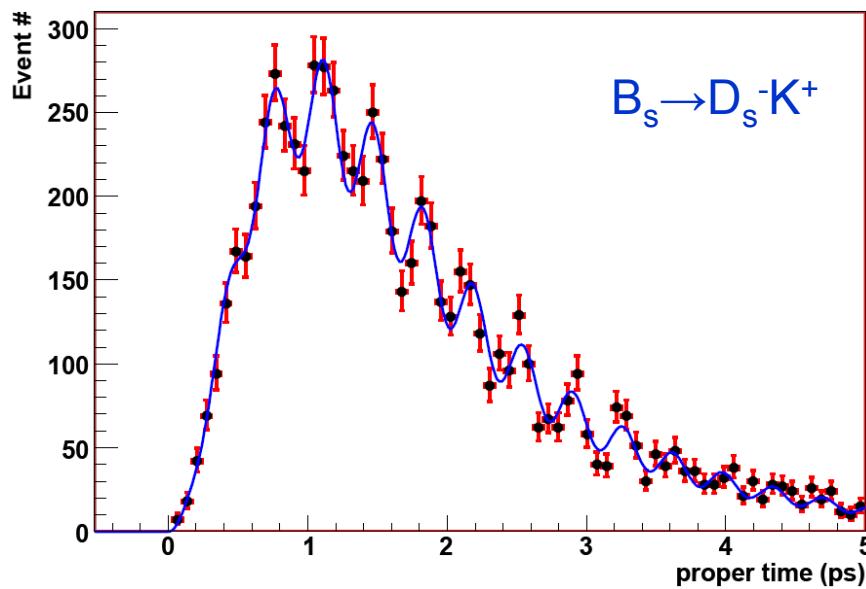
2fb^{-1}	σ_γ ($^\circ$)	σ_{r_B}	σ_{δ_B} ($^\circ$)
Amp. Fit	9.8	0.018	9.3
Binned Fit	12.8	0.020	12.6

- Binned **model independent** method – binned according to δ_D
 - Slight loss on statistical power from binning
 - Input from $\psi(3770)$ on D decays – **CLEO-C**
 - Residue error from CLEO-C statistics $\sim 1-2^\circ$

LHCb-2007-048**LHCb-2007-141**

Time dependent $B_s \rightarrow D_s K$

- Measurement $\gamma + \varphi_s$ from decay amp + mixing
- Flavour tag for \bar{B}_s^0, B_s^0
- Fit to $B_s \rightarrow D_s K$ decay time distribution
 - $\varphi_s \sim 0.03$ input from $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \varphi$
 - $\gamma = 60^\circ$



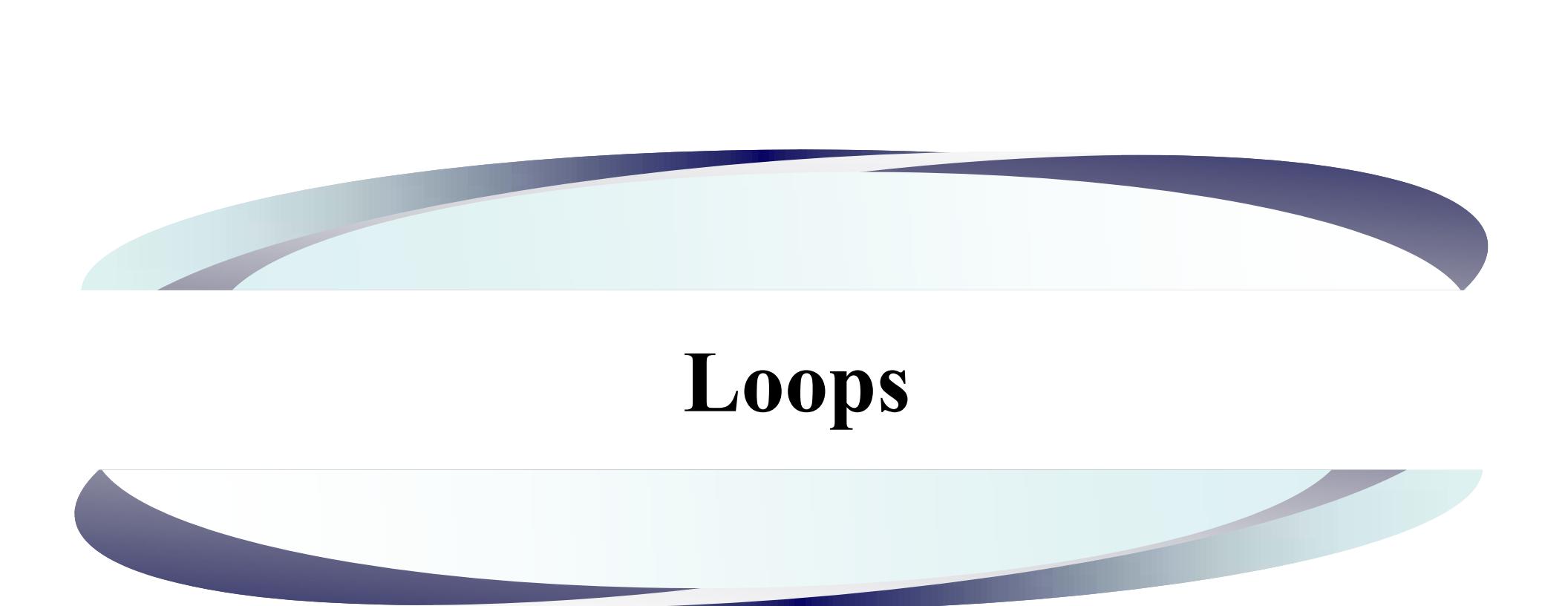
LHCb-2007-017
LHCb-2007-041

2 fb⁻¹

$$r_{DK} \sim \frac{1}{\lambda} \left| \frac{\mathbf{V}_{ub}}{\mathbf{V}_{cb}} \right| \approx 0.4$$

Mode	Sig. yield	B/S
$B_s \rightarrow D_s K$	6.2k	0.7

Sensitivity	2 fb ⁻¹	10 fb ⁻¹
$\sigma_\gamma (\circ)$	10.3	4.6



Loops

Sensitive to new physics

$B^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi$ and $B_s \rightarrow KK$

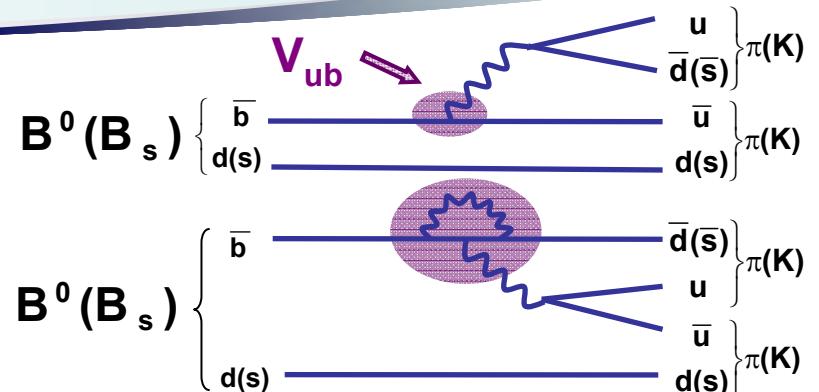
LHCb-2007-059

- γ sensitivity from interference
 - Mixing
 - Tree and penguin diagrams
- Fit t-dependent CP asymmetries

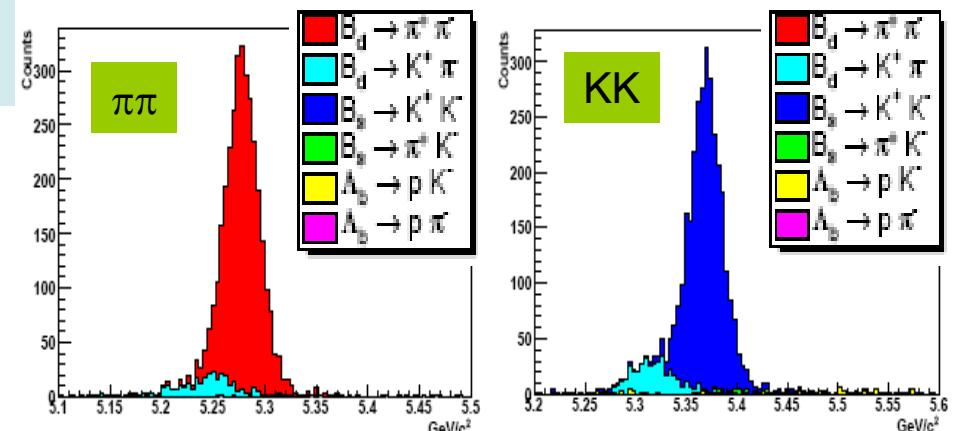
$$A_f^{CP}(\tau) = \frac{A_f^{dir} \cos(\Delta m \cdot \tau) + A_f^{mix} \cdot \sin(\Delta m \cdot \tau)}{\cosh\left(\frac{\Delta\Gamma}{2} \cdot \tau\right) - A_f^{\Delta\Gamma} \cdot \sinh\left(\frac{\Delta\Gamma}{2} \cdot \tau\right)}$$

- 4 U-spin asymmetry observables:

$$A_{\pi\pi}^{\text{dir}}, A_{KK}^{\text{dir}}, A_{\pi\pi}^{\text{mix}}, A_{KK}^{\text{mix}}$$



RICH particle ID:



Mode	Sig. yield (un-tagged)	B/S
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi$	36k	0.5
$B_s \rightarrow KK$	36k	0.15
$B^0 \rightarrow K\pi$	140k	< 0.06
$B_s \rightarrow \pi K$	10k	1.9

2 fb⁻¹

$\gamma (de^{i\theta})_{\pi\pi, KK}$ Input: ϕ_d and ϕ_s
 Weak Uspin constraint:
 $d_{\pi\pi} = d_{KK} \pm 20\%$, $\theta_{\pi\pi}, \theta_{KK}$ indep.

Sensitivity	2 fb ⁻¹	10 fb ⁻¹
$\sigma_\gamma (\circ)$	10	5
$\sigma_{d_{\pi\pi}}$	0.18	0.09
$\sigma_{\theta_{\pi\pi}} (\circ)$	9	5

Summary

- LHCb has a rich γ measurement program
 - Measurement from trees and loops with an aim to **combine and disentangle NP**
- **Trees**
 - ‘**Standard candle**’ γ measurement
 - CLEO-c D decay constraints key to LHCb γ sensitivities **See C. Thomas talk**
 - Combined tree γ sensitivity: $\sigma_\gamma \sim \mathbf{4-5} (2-3)^\circ \ 2 (10) \text{ fb}^{-1}$ **LHCb-2008-031**
 - Other channels: $D \rightarrow K\pi\pi^0$, $D \rightarrow K_s KK$, $D \rightarrow K_s K\pi$, $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} K^{(*)}$, $B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} K_1$
...
- **Loops**
 - Sensitive to **NP**
 - $B \rightarrow hh \gamma$ sensitivity: $\sigma_\gamma \sim \mathbf{10} (5)^\circ \ 2 (10) \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 - Promising first studies of $B \rightarrow hhh$ $\sigma_\gamma \sim 5^\circ (2 \text{ fb}^{-1})$ **G.Guerrer CKM 2008**
 - Other channels: $B_d \rightarrow KK$, $B_s \rightarrow \pi\pi$, $B_s \rightarrow K\pi\pi^0 \dots$

1st LHC collisions Oct 2009 + 1st physics data early 2010

Backup Slides

(ADS) $B^\pm \rightarrow D^0(K\pi\pi\pi)K^\pm$

LHCb-2008-031

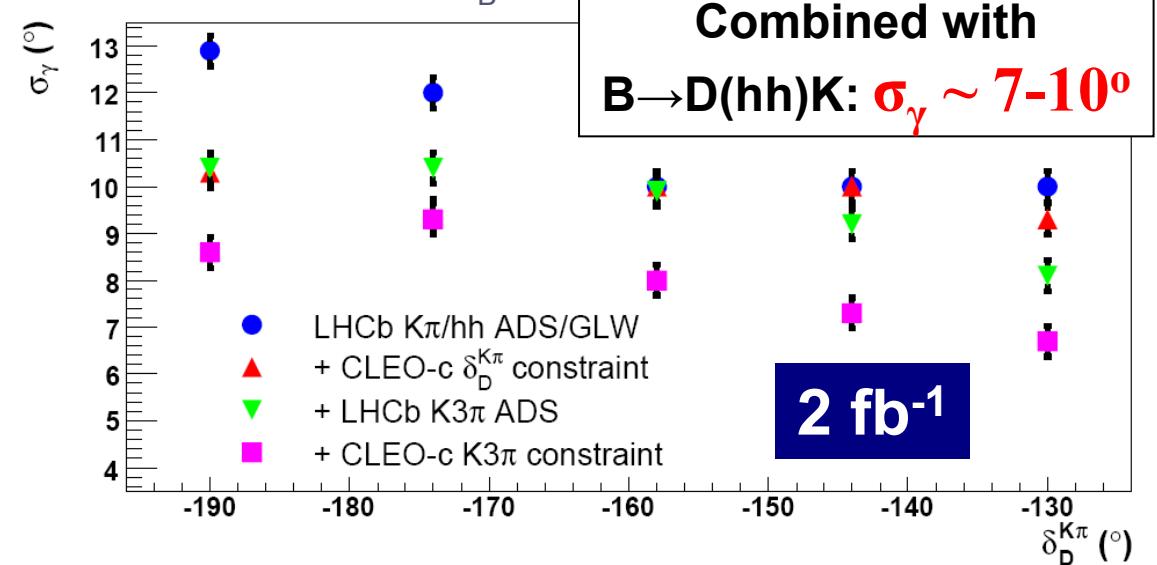
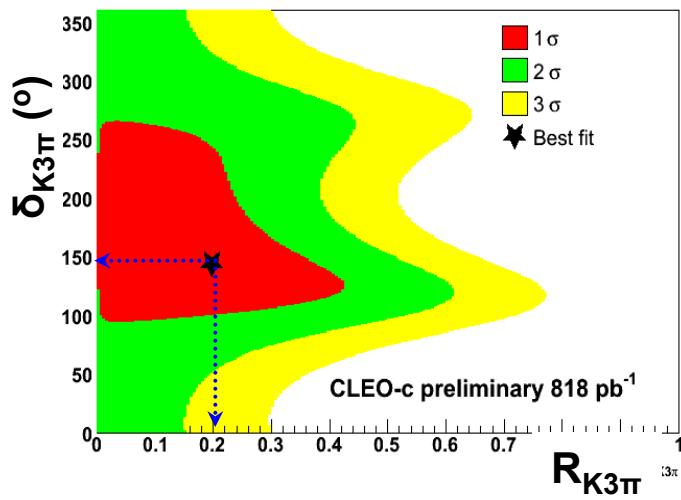
- $B^\pm \rightarrow D^0(K\pi\pi\pi)K^\pm$
 - 4 decay rates
- Integrate over all phase space
 - Coherence factor $R_{K3\pi}$ ($= 0-1$)
 - $\delta_D^{K3\pi}$ – averaged over all amp

$$\Gamma(B^+ \rightarrow D(K^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)K^+) \propto r_B^2 + (r_D^{K3\pi})^2 + 2r_B r_D^{K3\pi} R_{K3\pi} \cos(\delta_B + \delta_D^{K3\pi} + \gamma)$$

CLEO-c
constraints

- $r_{K3\pi} = 0.0568$ (PDG)
- Interference effects JPS – small
 - Global analysis + contribution to determination of r_B

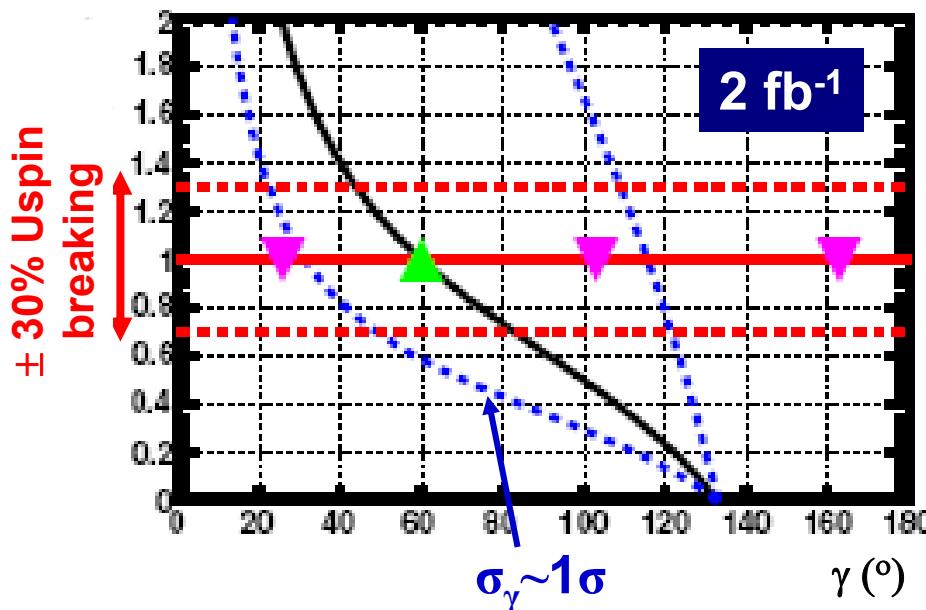
Prelim: arXiv:0805.1722 CLEO-c



Time dependent $B^0 \rightarrow D\pi$

- Analogous to $B_s \rightarrow D_s K$
 - measure $\gamma + \Phi_d (B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_s)$ from decay amplitude ratio and mixing
 - Can ...
 - But...
 - 8 fold ambiguity ($\Delta\Gamma$ small)
 - Small interference
- $r_{D\pi} \sim -\lambda^2 r_{DK} \approx -0.02$

LHCb-2008-035



Mode	Sig. yield	B/S
$B_s \rightarrow D_s K$	6.2K	0.7
$B \rightarrow D\pi$	1340K	0.22

Input $\gamma = 60^\circ (\pm \text{Stat.} \pm 30\% \text{ Uspin breaking})$

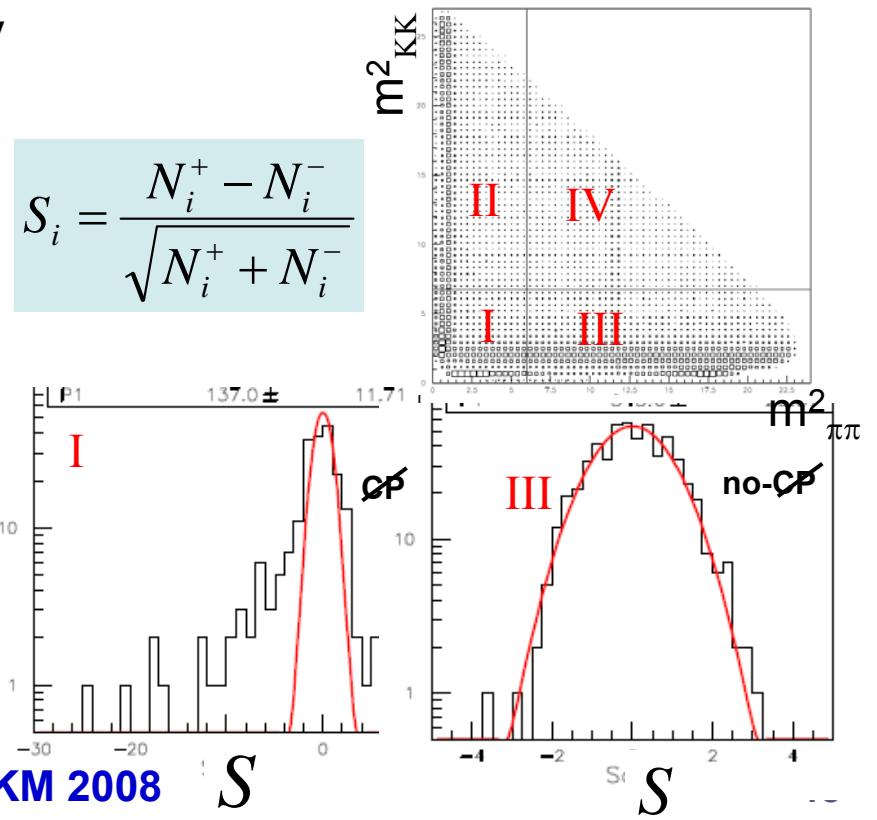
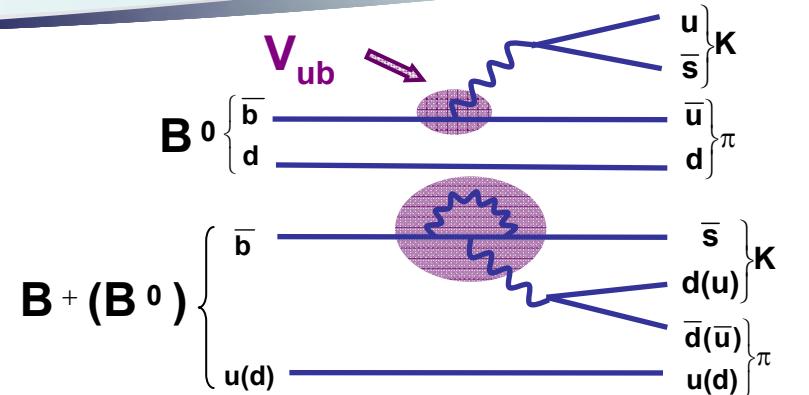
Sensitivity	2 fb^{-1}	10 fb^{-1}
$\sigma_\gamma (\text{ }^\circ) \text{ for } \delta = 60^\circ$	$\pm 9^{+3}_{-4}$	$\pm 5 \pm 3$
$\sigma_\gamma (\text{ }^\circ) \text{ for } \delta = 10^\circ$	$+30 \quad +22$ $-20 \quad -10$	$+12 \quad +4$ $-8 \quad -15$

$B^+ \rightarrow K^+\pi^+\pi^-$ and $B^0 \rightarrow K_s\pi^+\pi^-$

- Dalitz analysis to extract γ
 - Dominant K^* resonance
- 2 step process
 - $B^+ \rightarrow K^+\pi^+\pi^-$ - penguin contribution
 - Dalitz anisotropy - CP asymmetry including phase differences
 - $B^0 \rightarrow K_s\pi^+\pi^-$ - Dalitz analysis
 - Input B^\pm penguin contribution
 - Extract untagged B^0 tree contribution $\alpha e^{i\gamma}$

Mode	Sig. Yield	B/S
$B^+ \rightarrow K\pi\pi$	494k	0.3
$B^0 \rightarrow K_s\pi\pi$	90k	t.b.d

$\sigma_\gamma \sim 5^\circ$ with 2fb^{-1}



(Dalitz) Isobar model

- Both isobar models with:

of resonances → $f(m_+^2, m_-^2) = \sum_{j=1}^N a_j e^{i\alpha_j} A_j(m_+^2, m_-^2) + b e^{i\beta}$

amplitude+phase
 extracted from D^{*+} ,
 $D^0\pi^+$ sample

Breit-Wigner + non-resonant

- Decay amplitudes:

$$A^- = f(m_-^2, m_+^2) + r_B e^{i(-\gamma+\delta)} f(m_+^2, m_-^2)$$

$$A^+ = f(m_+^2, m_-^2) + r_B e^{i(\gamma+\delta)} f(m_-^2, m_+^2)$$

- $m_\pm = K_s \pi^\pm$ invariant mass
- $f(m_\pm^2, m_m^2)$ Dalitz amplitudes

$$|A^-|^2 = |f(m_-^2, m_+^2)|^2 + r_B^2 |f(m_+^2, m_-^2)|^2 + 2r_B \Re(f(m_+^2, m_-^2) f^*(m_-^2, m_+^2) e^{i(-\gamma+\delta)})$$

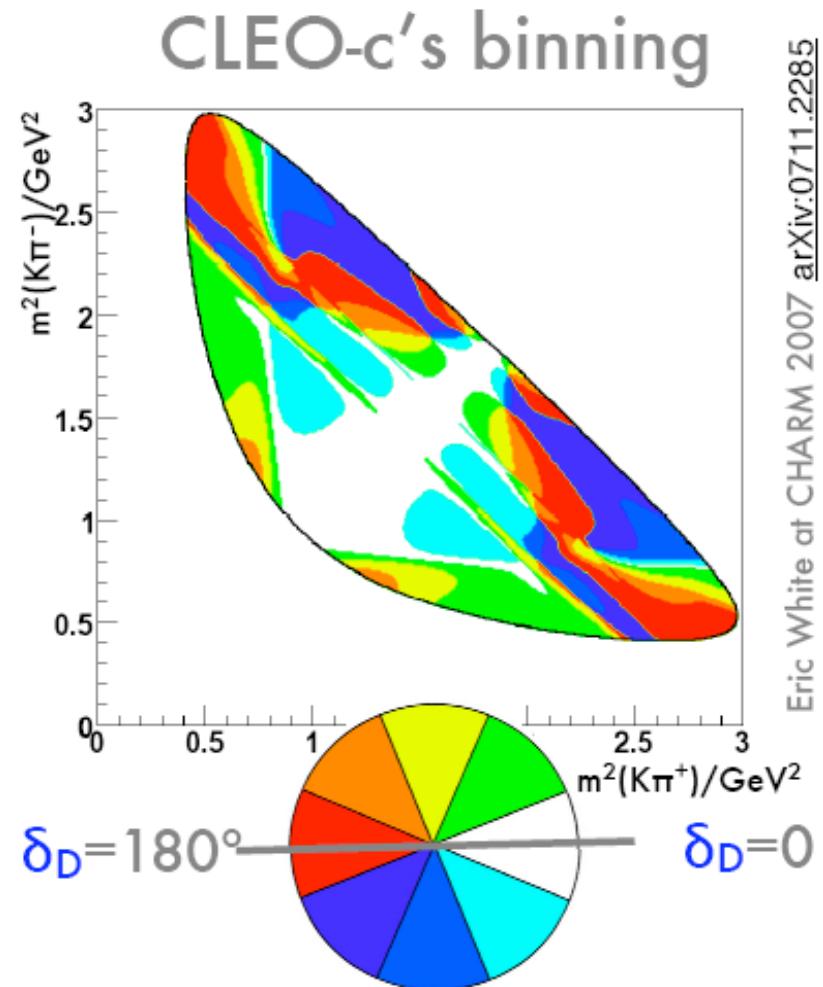
(Dalitz) Isobar model

doubly-Cabbibo suppressed

Resonance	BABAR			BELLE		
	a_r	ϕ_r ($^\circ$)	F_r	a_r	ϕ_r ($^\circ$)	F_r
$K^*(892)^-$	1.781	131.0	0.586	1.621	131.7	0.612
$K_0^*(1430)^-$	2.45	-8.3	0.083	2.15	-11.3	0.074
$K_2^*(1430)^-$	1.05	-54.3	0.027	1.11	-39.5	0.022
$K^*(1410)^-$	0.52	154	0.004	0.22	120	0.001
$K^*(1680)^-$	0.89	-139	0.003	2.34	110	0.004
$K^*(892)^+$	0.180	-44.1	0.006	0.154	-42.3	0.006
$K_0^*(1430)^+$	0.37	18	0.002	0.52	89	0.004
$K_2^*(1430)^+$	0.075	-104	0.000	0.23	-97	0.001
$K_2^*(1410)^+$	-	-	-	0.35	-107	0.001
$K_2^*(1680)^+$	-	-	-	1.3	87	0.001
$\rho(770)$	1 (fixed)	0 (fixed)	0.224	1 (fixed)	0 (fixed)	0.216
$\omega(782)$	0.0391	115.3	0.006	0.0310	113.4	0.004
$f_0(980)$	0.482	-141.8	0.061	0.394	-153	0.049
$f_0(1370)$	2.25	113.2	0.032	1.25	69	0.011
$f_2(1270)$	0.922	-21.3	0.030	1.32	-12	0.015
$\rho(1450)$	0.52	38	0.002	0.89	1	0.004
σ	1.36	-177.9	0.093	1.57	-146	0.098
σ'	0.340	153.0	0.013	0.23	-150	0.006
Non-res.	3.53	128.0	0.073	3.8	157	0.097

(Dalitz) Model independent

- Plot shows 8 bins of Belle
- δ_D phase values measured from CLEO-c



J. Rademacker CKM 2008

Global γ sensitivity from trees

LHCb-2008-031

Decay modes considered:

- $B^\pm \rightarrow D^0 K^\pm$
 - $D^0 \rightarrow K\pi, KK, \pi\pi$
 - $D^0 \rightarrow K\pi\pi\pi$
 - $D^0 \rightarrow K_s\pi\pi$
- $B^0 \rightarrow D^0 K^{*0}$
 - $D^0 \rightarrow K\pi, KK, \pi\pi$
- t-dependent modes
 - $B^0 \rightarrow D\pi$
 - $B_s \rightarrow D_s K$

Input fit parameters:

γ - (60°)
 r_B – magnitude ratio of D^0/\bar{D}^0 diagrams (0.1)
 δ_B – strong CP conserving phase (130°)

Analogues: r_{B^0} – (0.4)
 δ_{B^0} – (Scan)

Standard approach: use $\sigma_\gamma = 20^\circ$ with 2fb⁻¹ in $B^0 \rightarrow D\pi$ to avoid large correlations between the two modes

Parameters for $D^0 \rightarrow K\pi, K\pi\pi\pi$:

$r_{K\pi}, r_{K3\pi}$ – Established (PDG)

$\delta_{K\pi}(-158^\circ), \delta_{K3\pi}(144^\circ)$

$R_{K3\pi}$ – coherence factor

δ_{B^0} (°)	0	45	90	135	180
σ_γ for 0.5 fb ⁻¹ (°)	8.1	10.1	9.3	9.5	7.8
σ_γ for 2 fb ⁻¹ (°)	4.1	5.1	4.8	5.1	3.9
σ_γ for 10 fb ⁻¹ (°)	2.0	2.7	2.4	2.6	1.9

CLEO-C

Global fit decay contributions

**Contribution to γ in % from each mode
with varying δ_{B^0}**

Analysis	$\delta_{B^0} = 0^\circ$	$\delta_{B^0} = 45^\circ$
$B^\pm \rightarrow D^0(hh)K^\pm$, $B^\pm \rightarrow D^0(K3\pi)K^\pm$	25%	38%
$B^\pm \rightarrow D^0(K_s\pi\pi)K^\pm$	12%	25%
$B^0 \rightarrow D^0(hh)K^{*0}$	44%	8%
$B_s \rightarrow D_s K^\pm$	16%	24%
$B^0 \rightarrow D\pi$	3%	5%