

PRELIMINARY RESULTS OF PHOTO-PRODUCTION EXPERIMENTS FROM 1-4 GEV

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(presented by R. Fessel)

SUMMARY

Results are presented from data collected with the system described in the previous paper with punched paper tape recording. The energy dependence of elastic π^0 photo-production was measured from 1 to 4 GeV at 90° and 60° in the centre of mass system. There is evidence for all the previously known pion-nucleon resonances. The general behaviour of the cross-sections is a monotonic decrease with increasing energy. There is some evidence for a resonant behaviour of the cross-section at a bombarding energy of 2.9 GeV. In addition, there is better evidence for a resonance at a gamma ray energy of 3.5 GeV. This system seems to show a large branching ratio for decay into a proton and an η^0 .

DISCUSSION

SALVINI: Your result on the η cross-section is very interesting. The ratio of π photo-production to η photo-production at about 1 GeV is of the order of 10. The ratio of π to η reactions initiated by π 's also seems to be of the order of 5. In your case at 3.5 GeV, on the contrary, you have 10 times more η 's than π 's. This is a big increase, much more I believe, than any possible contribution of the phase space. Do you know the ratio $\frac{\sigma(\eta)}{\sigma(\pi)}$ at other energies of the γ beam ?

FESSEL: Yes, I may also add that we have looked at an experiment which has been discussed here around 2.5 GeV for η_0 and in fact found the ratio about a 10th, or less. So this number here is really quite remarkable, and this is a number which applies right at that mass value.

ROBERTS: It isn't clear to me that you have any evidence that these necessarily come from the same channel, couldn't it be more than one channel ?

FESSEL: They go at the same mass.

ROBERTS: You can always pick a mass. Why do you assume that it has to come from a particle at a given mass ?

FESSEL: This occurs at only one gamma bombarding energy.

ROBERTS: Does it always occur at the same invariant mass of the two products ?

FESSEL: Yes, this is an invariant mass of the system.